ES

mer

ars

ate.

Om,

rest

n-

WO.

5000

50

and

t to

all

nair

m

and

and

ES,

RS,

YS,

H

Fifty-sixth Year

Antigonish, Nova Scotia, Thursday, August 6, 1908.

Ne 32.

THE CASKET.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING.

YEARLY SUBSCRIPTIONS, \$1.00. No Subscriptions discontinued until all arrear ages thereon are paid.
Ages thereon are paid.
Ages thereon are paid.
Acceptation of period paid for.

ADVERTISING RATES.

ONE INCH. first Insection, SIXTY CENTS second " - TWENTY CENTS special Rates for periods of two months or longer.

Advantisements in Local Column inserted at the rate of 10c. per line each insertion (hanges in Contract advertising must be in Monday.

OBITUARY Poetry not inserted.

JOB PRINTING. Nest and Tasty Work done in this Depart ent. Facilities for all Descriptions of Job inting are A-1.

THURSDAY, JULY 30.

We are indebted to the Rev. J. J. McKinnon for a copy of the handome sonvenir book issued by the National Battlefields' Commission. It contains portraits of all the principal persons connected with the tercencenary celebrations, as well as of the historical personages whose deeds were commemorated on that occasion, and pictures of various interest ing scenes in Quebec and its vicinity. The letter-press is a valuable bit of Canadian history.

A few weeks ago we incidentally referred to the gallant defence of Rorke's Drift, on the Tugela, in 1879. At the very time we were writing, the last of the survivors of that heroic affair was dying in an hospital in Rome. Colonel Walter Dunne fought in a dozen campaigns in South Africa, Egypt, and the Soudan. He was only fifty-five years of age. While stationed in York, he was President of the York Catholic Association, and in London he was an active supporter of the Catholic Soldier's Club. May he rest

"The average saloon, ifh un straight and in accordance with the law, wouldn't pay expenses." This is the conclusion to which a writer in Collier's Weekly has come, after an investigation of the saloons of New York. And because a lawfully conducted saloon would not pay expenses, the saloon-keeper harbors thieves and thugs, gamblers and loose women. We do not think this is quite the case with us. A lawfully conducted saloon would pay expenses, and make profits, too, but it would not make the proprietor rich in a hurry.

tion, in session at Detroit last week. says the American people are spending every year. If the children would stop eating candy, he says, the manufacturers might as well go out of business. We do not suppose it ever occurred to him that this growing fondness for candy has a moral aspect. It may be a hasty generalization to say that the candy habit is producing a generation of thievish children, but we have seen some very disquieting signs which point in that direction. Just as there are men who are perfectly honest in every other respect, but who will steal money to get liquor when the craving is on them, so there are children, and their number is increasing rapidly, who, bearing the marks of good rearing in other ways, will pilfer from their parents or from anybody, to procure the candy which they frankly tell you they must

Of the new Papal Decree, by which some notable changes have been made in the working of the Roman Congregations, the Rome correspondent of the London Times writes as follows:

"Plus X- enters at once into the first rank of reforming Popes; he has proved how keen is his vision for the eeds of the Church, how unerring his Judgment in the detection of weakness in its organisation, and how firm his resolution in applying a remedy. In his reforms he has invariably chosen the most direct path with the result that he has succeeded in carrying out to the universal satisfaction a task of vast magnitude, where more timid reformers would only have complicated the numberless issues it involved."

The Times itself has the following ness of style, unwearied industry,

excite deep interest amongst large classes of thoughtful men throughout the world who have little or no sympathy with the doctrine or the discipline of the Roman Church, the days have long passed away when such as pline of the Roman Church, the days have long passed away when such an exercise of the Pope's prerogative could stir the surface of English political lite. Certain ultra-Protestant societies may still assemble their faithful adherents to denounce this fresh instance of 'Papal aggression,' but they will appeal in vain to the fresh instance of 'Papal aggression,' but they will appeal in vain to the masses of their countrymen. The opposition of the nation to Rome is as sturdy as ever, but it no longer kindles the passion which was aroused in 1850 and 1851 by the reconstitution of the Roman Catholic hierarchy in England, under Bishops with English territorial titles, and which was reflected in Lord John Russel's once famous 'Durham Letter,' and in the abortive Ecclesiastical Titles Bill that the House of Commons adopted by an overwhelming majority."

Seeing that Ireland's population is

steadily diminishing, it seems ironical to have a Royal Commission inquiring into the "congestion" of the country. Yet congestion there undoubtedly is, due to the fact that many landlords have leased their best land to graziers, leaving the tenantfarmers to make a living out of the bogs. Such a congested district is Conemara, where one of the witnesses before the Commission said that the land consisted of vast wastes of bog and swamp interspersed with small patches which could with difficulty be made to produce poor crops, chiefly potatoes. Among the wastes are some better tracts, none of which are in the possession of the smaller tenants, whose ancestors originally made those tracts fertile, only to be expelled from them. At present the holders of small farms pay their rents by money sent from America. The tenants live chiefly by fishing and making kelp. School children often have nothing to eat from their arrival in the morning till their dismissal at five o'clock in the evening, There is little milk in the district, and during the greater part of the year they never taste meat. Fish, potatoes, and porridge are the usual food. Not lack of thrift, but of opportunity, keeps the peasantry in its present condition. Saddest of all is the increase of insanity in Galway and Ros* common. In 1890 there were 731 patients in the Ballinasloe asylum; in 1905, there were 1,340; and that in spite of the decrease of population. One hundred million dollars for The primary cause is that the flower candy,- this is what the President of of the population have gone to Amerthe National Confectioners' Associa- ica, leaving the weak in body and entered the Civil Service of Canada in mind behind. Another cause is want of nutritious food as well as the loneliness and monotony of people's lives. The graziers are the real obstacle between the people and the operation of the Wyndham Act. If the grazing were abolished the landlords would

> Says the Dublin Freeman's Journal: "Whatever may be the true ex-planation of Trinity College, for the first time in its history of 316 years, conferring an honorary degree on a Catholic priest and monk, the fact remains that the recipient of the degree is a most distinguished scholar and educationist. Right Rev. Ed-mund Cuthbert Butler, O. S. B., Abbot of Downside College, is an M. A. of London and Cambridge Universities, and he has done exceptionally good work as editor of the "Historia Lausiaca" of Palladius for the Cambridge "Texts and Studies" Series of Biblical and Patristic Literature, Abbot Butler is also a contributor to the American "Catholic Encyclopedia." He is an Irishman (born to Dublin in 1853), and is the son of Edward Butler, M. A., first Professor He is an Irishman (born in of Mathematics in the Catholic University, Dublin."

> The Public Orator presented Abbot Butler's name for the degree in a Latin address, the concluding portion of which ran as follows:

> "The Benedictines have, with the most perfect right, heen always regarded as the most learned among the Orders of the Church of Rome. An heir to this splendid inheritance who will hand it on to his successors with its splendor enhanced I am now pres-enting to you the Right Reverend Dom. Cuthbert Butler of the Order of St. Benedict, Abbot of Downside, a countryman of our own, graced with all the qualities which scholars would most desire, width of learning, clear-

interesting reference to the Decree in a leading article:

"Though the Papal lesislation will excite deep interest amongst large classes of thoughtful men throughout perfect modesty. Evidence of this is not only his erudite examination and investigation of the Rule of St. Benedict, but more especially his golden work, in which, with a scholar's carefulness and algebrase, he has shown fulness and elegance, he has shown that the book which professed to be the Lausiac History, when it is re-duced to its original condition, is not (as was formerly thought) mere fable, but is the genuine work of Palladius; and that, resting, as it does, on firm historical foundations, it must of necessity be esteemed of high value by anyone who wishes to make investigations into the history of early Monachism. Accordingly a man to Monachism. Accordingly a man to be admired for the excellence of his genius, and to be revered for the holiness of his life, now that he is about to receive our highest academical honours, you should greet with your most cordial welcome."

The visit of the Prince of Wales to Quebec led to titles and decorations being conferred on those who took the leading part in arranging the tercentenary celebrations. The Governor-General, Earl Grey, was made a member of the King's Privy Council, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order (G. C. V. O.); Premier Gouin of Quebec, Premier Whitney of Ontario, Mayor Garneau of Quebec, and the Governor-General's Secretary, Colonel Hanbury-Williams, were knighted; President Sir George Drummond, of the Bank of Montreal, President Walker of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Minister of Laws Turgeon, Brigadier-General Otter, and Under Secretary Pope were made Commanders of the Royal Victorian Order, (C. V.O.); Mr. J. B. Chouinard, City Clerk of Quebec, who first suggested the celebration, was made a Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George (C. M. G.); Colonel Percy Sherwood, Commissioner of Police for Canada, and Colonel Alexander Roy were made Members of the Royal Victorian Order (M. V. O.)

Sir Lomer Gouin was born in 1861, educated at the College of Levis. called to the Bar in 1884, and has been Prime Minister and Attorney-General of Quebec since 1905. His wife, who died in 1904, was a daughter of the late Honore Mercier, sometime Premier of Quebec. The Hon. Adelard Turgeon, Minister of Lands and Forests in Premier Gouin's Cabinet. was born in 1863, educated at Levis and Laval, called to the Bar in 1887, and was a member of two Provincial Governments before the present one. Mr. Joseph Pope was born in Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, in 1854, and educated at the Prince of Wales College in that city. He 1878, was Private Secretary to Sir John Macdonald from 1882 to 1891, and has been Under Secretary of State since 1896. Mr. Pope is a convert and a zealous worker in the Catholic Truth Society. His wife is a daughter of Sir Henri Thomas Taschereau, Chief Justice of Quebec. He has written a Life of Sir John Macdonald, and an account of the Royal Tour in Canada in 1901. For his services to the Prince of Wales on that occasion, he was made a C. M. G., and his labors as Secretary to the Behring Sea Commission and other tribunals, brought him an I. S. O. (Member of the Imperial Service Order,) in 1906.

It was fitting that the Sunday which came in the midst of the magnificent festivities at Quebec should be devoted to thanksgiving services of an extraordinary character. The ten thousand people who assisted at the Solemn High Mass celebrated by Archbishop Begin in the open air on the Plains of Abraham will never forget it to the end of their lives. Among the crowd were four hundred French, two hundred English and one hundred American man-of-war sailors. In the royal box, which had been used as a reviewing stand by the Prince of Wales a few days before, were the Duke of Norfolk; Lord Lovat; the Marquis de Levis and his nephew the Marquis de Levis-Mirepoix, descendants of the brave Chevalier de Levis, who beat the English at Ste. Foye, but was unable to retake Quebec; the Comte de Montcalm, and Mr. George Wolfe, descendants of the two great Generals who met death on the very

said; Sir George Garneau and Sir Lomer Gouin, the newly knighted Mayor of the City, and Premier of the Province of Quebec; Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada; Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada; the Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, Postmaster-General; Hon. R. W. Scott, leader of Government in the Senate; Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the Cana dian Pacific Railway; Mr. Joseph Pope, Under-Secretary of State, and several officers of the visiting warships. The Papal Zouaves, the Salaberry Guards, the Champlain Guards, and the Jacques Cartier Guards, formed the guard of honor for the altar. As the Archbishop began the Mass, a choir of two hundred voices, supported by the band of the Royal Canadian Artillery, burst forth into the "Gaudeamus omnes in Domino," "Let us all rejoice in the Lord." The Kyrie, Gloria, Sanctus, and Agnus Dei were rendered in the music of Laurent Rille; the Credo was sung in Plain Chant; and Gounod's Nazareth was given as an Offertory piece. After the Communion, Gounod's "Domine salvum fac Regem" (God Save the King) was sung ; after Mass a Te Deum of thanksgiving, followed hy "Dieu sauve le Prince de Galles," Judge Routhier's translation of "God Bless the Prince of Wales," The historic spectacles of the past week, writes the editor of L'Action Sociale had satisfied our national pride; it now behooved us to show our gratitude to Him who has protected us so visibly that we can say: "Non fecit taliter omni nationi." And a non-Catholic journalist, the special correspondent of the Montreal Star felt moved to say: "It was a picture of color, light and dignity, to which the devoutness of the people gave the undeniable stamp of reality."

Funeral of Father Cameron.

All that was mortal of Rev. John Cameron, late parish priest of New Aberdeen, was laid to rest yesterday in the Catholic cemetery at Dominion No 2. The spot chosen for the grave was directly underneath the magnifi-cent cross erected by Father Cameron about four weeks ago, at the close of the Mission given by Rev. Father Devlin, S. J. This was practically the last work done by the late priest, as it was only a day or so afterwards that he left on his vacation.

The funeral march to day was per-

The funeral march to-day was per-haps the largest ever witnessed in this town. There were over three thous-

and people in attendance, and the cortege was over a mile in length.

Early in the morning special meetings of the C. M. B. A., L. O. C. and A. O. H., societies were held. The car bearing the Knights of Columbus reached here about nine o'clock. In the meantime the Church commenced to fill, and long before the hour of the services, the building was filled to the doors, hundreds standing outside unable to gain admittance.

Sharp at 9.30 Very Rev. Dr. Thompson, V. G., began a Solmn High Requium Mass. Father Chas. McDonald, of Bridgeport, Deacon, Rev. A. Butts, Sub-Deacon, and Rev. D. M. MacAdam, of Sydney was master of ceremonies, Casciolini's Mass for the dead was magnificently rendered by pitched voices from St. Ann's choir, consisting of Joseph and John Pickup, tenors, Rev. Father Viola and John T. Ryan, 2nd tenors, and Rev. A. McKenzie and F. B. Waterall, basso. Master Bernard Mc-Intosh was organist. At the conclusion of the Mass, Rev. Father Devlin, J., preached the funeral oration. Rev. Dr. Thompson pronounced the last absolution, and the sad procession

started on its way to the graveyard, Rev. Father Barry, parish priest of Manadieu led the way carrying the cross and was followed by a large number of visiting priests, the officiating clergymen being last, and directly in front of the hearse. Outside the church were lined up the Knights of Colombus, League of the Cross, C. M. B. A., and A. O. H., societies, and directly in front of the hearse. Outside the church the hearse. Outside the church opened, and the clergy were permitted to pass through. Then the Knights in immediately behind the hearse, followed by the other societies in the order named. After the societies came, about three hundred little girls all dressed in white, and all wearing a band of crepe on the leftarm, After these came the ladies of the Sacred Heart Society, followed by the parishioners and the general public. The route taken was up Fifteenth Row to Wallace's Crossing, and thence to the cemetery. At the grave, Rev. Dr. Thompson performed the last sad rites, and then the body was committed to the dust. The pall ground where Mass was now being bearers were the four wardens of the

parish, and a representative each rarish, and a representative each from the four societies. Besides the officiating clergy, the following clergy were present at the funeral: Rev. Father Barry, of Mandieu; Mullins and McCormick, of North Sydney; Kiley, of Louisburg; R. McDonald, Reserve; McMaster of Mabou; J. J. Walsh, J. A. M. Gillis, C. J. Brady, Port Morien; R. McInnis, of Whitney Pier; McLeod, of New Glasgow; M. Gillis, Sydney: A. McKenzie, and Gillis, Sydney; A. McKenzie, and Viola of Glace Bay; C. F. McKinnon, Sydney Mines, and Kiley, of Mul-

Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky, who commanded the illfated Russian fleet which was annihilated by the Japanese in the Sea of Japan, in May, 1905, is dead.

John Kyte, one of the oldest residents of Richmond County, died at St. Peters on 22nd ult., aged eighty-eight years. He was born at Templemore, Tipperary County, Ireland, and came with his parents to Arichat about eighty years ago. They removed a few years later to St. Peter's, where the deceased continued to reside. He was throughout his life a total abwas throughout his life a total ab-stainer from every species of alcoholic liquors, and was one of the first memliquors, and was one of the first members in this Province of the Father Matthew Temperance League, an organization established by the famous temperance orator, whose name it bears. He reared a large family, the youngest of whom is G. W. Kyte, Clerk of the House of Assembly.

Forty miles of the southern district of British Columbia, through the East Kootenay districts, which is traversed by the Crow's Nest line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, have been swept by fire, which has raged since 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, August 1st, and is still sweeping its way through the forest districts of the country. Throughout this entire section of the country, towns, rail-ways, bridges, forests and buildings have been swept away, and accompanying the enormous destruction is the loss of life, which makes the disaster one of the most appalling in the history of the country. Between one hundred and two hundred people have met death; it is hard to gauge the met death; it is hard to gauge the number just now, and the property damaged is already between four and five million dollars. The town of Fernie has been wiped off the map, and in place of the prosperous district of a few days ago, there is only the charred remains of half a dozen brochar weaden structures the tell tale of ken wooden structures, the tell-tale of one of the country's greatest disas-ters. The town of Sparwood has also been swept away, and altogether between four and five thousand people have been rendered homeless and cut off from available food supply. Railway lines have been damaged, teleway lines have been damaged, telegraph communication has been destroyed, and from outside quarters word has been sent to Uranbrook, Lethbridge, Calgary, Regina, and Winnipeg to take immediate steps to relieve the unfortunate people. The greatest loss of life and preperty has been in Fernie. Devouring flames been in Fernie. Devouring flames were fanned by strong winds, swept down mountain sides on Saturday afternoon, and by 3 o'clock it was apminent destruction.

The tercentenary

Quebec was the chief public event in Canada during the past week. The Prince of Wales and Lord Roberts were the chief persons of interest to the thousands - some of whom, it is said, crowded into Quebec for the ceremonies. The grand review and march past of the Canadian troops was a success, and all were impressed with the fine appearance of our men. It has been of course, a week of ora-tory, reception, balls, athletic games, and public amusements of all kinds. The speech of the Prince was excellent and worthy of the occasion of its delivery, and his kindly consideration for the convenience of all about him has been much remarked. quested that the soldiers be not ordered to line the streets on each occasion of his going forth: and he bade Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who stood bareheaded before him in a blazing sun to read an address, cover his head while he read the document. On Saturday morning, a great naval review took place on the river, when the splendid ships which escotted the Prince, the French squadron and the American battleship 'New Hamp-shire' were reviewed by the Prince of Wales from the deck of the 'Arrogant.' The uproar of the salutes of 21 guns from each ship and from the citadel, produced a most extreme uproar. Vice President Fairbanks represented the United States at the celebrations, and his oratory was much remarked upon. The historical pageant was the feature that attracted perhaps, more attention than any other. The ten thousand sailors from the assembled ships contributed much to the successful fun of the proceedings. The crowds seem to have been orderly, and few annoying occurrences are reported. In spite of the well organized efforts of American, Canadian and English detectives, some picking of pockets occurred, some few people losing large sums in that manier. Lord Roberts is not coming to

seen him to know him. His modesty was proverbial. It was the shyness of a timid, simple, unpretentious gentle-

man. He despised show and ostenta-tion. He hated to he lionized. And still no old - time Negro, no person in

distress, no deserving seeker for his

favor ever found him anything but kindly, interested and sympathetic. All employees on the street railway

line running by his house knew and loved him. In the old days of the horsecar line he would often relieve the driver while the latter went inside

to have his dinner,"
When President and Mrs. Roosevelt visited Atlanta in 1906, the President

specially requested that Mr. Harris should meet his train and ride with himself and Mrs. Roosevelt to the Governor's mansion. So all arrange-

ments were made to have "Uncle Remus" meet the Roosevelts; and they were successful, owing to the fact that a special guard was kept on "Uncle Remus" to see that he did not escape. At the banquet President Roosevelt said:

"I am going to very ill repay the courtesy with which I have been greeted by causing, for a moment or two, acute discomfort to a man of whom I am very fond—'Uncle Remus.

Presidents may come and Presidents may go, but Uncle Remus stays put. Georgia has never done more for the Union than when she gave Joel Chandler Harris to American literature."

When on his death-bed one of his

sons said cheerily, "Father, your time has not come to be no more." With sudden seriousness, Mr. Harris replied: "My son, when a man dies, instead of saying 'he is no more,' say he is forever."

he is forever."

Speaking to Clark Howell, editor of the Constitution, about his father, with whom he had worked for thirty years, he said: "There was never a ripple on the strong stream of our confidence and faith in each other. But one day he slipped gently into the beautitudes, where I hope to find him when my time comes to shuffle off the things that prevent us from speaking

things that prevent us from speaking

our full minds here."

Little the wonder that such a shy den as Mr. Harris kept his faith hidden from the word! -S. H. H. in

can literature.

he is forever.

IS THE END OF HEALTH.

Realth ends when indigestion because nutrition fails Thus you are starved. Then impurities which arise from undigested food get into your system. Thus you are poisoned. Mother Seigel's Syrup makes an end of indigestion by strengthening the digestive organs.

MOTHER SEIGELS SYRUP CURES INDIGESTION.

Price 60 cts. per bottle. Sold everwhere, A. J. WHITE & CO., LTD., MONTREAL.

This is the only college building in Eastern Canada devoted exclusively to business education. We have fifty typewriters, twelve teachers, two chartered accountants as instructors. We guarantee a good training and grant a National Diploma. Rate by the month, \$10.00.

May we send our booklet?

The Maritime Business College HALIFAX, N. S.

************ COOL CLASS ROOMS, COMPETENT INSTRUCTORS, REGULAR FULL SESSIONS, SPECIALLY LOW RATES,

Are some of the advantages to be enjoyed by those who enroll in the Empire Business Colleges at Sydney, Truro, Amherst or Moncton during the Summer

Enter any time for FREE TRIAL MONTH, or write today for full information.

O. L. HORNE, **EMPIRE BUSINESS COLLEGE**

Truro, N S ..

INVERNESS, CAPE BRETON Miners and shippers of the celebrated

Inverness Imperial Coal SCREENED RUN OF MINE

SLACK First-Class for both domestic and steam purposes

COAL! COAL!

Shipping facilities of the most modern type at Port Hastings, C. B., for prompt loading of all classes and sizes of steamers and salling vessels. Apply to

INVERNESS RAILWAY & COAL CO Inverness, C. B.

M. PETRIE, Agent, Port Hastings, C. B. JAMES KENNA, Local Agen

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT 1906 A. No. 3 1. Between George Boudroit Jr., and DANIELS. SOUDROIT, an infant by Stephen Boudroit, his next frie.d. Plat

WILLIAM SAMPSON, Defendant

To be sold at public auction, by the sheriff of the County of Guysborough or his deputy, at the Court House at Guysborough, in the said County

on Friday, the 28th day of Aug. A D. 1908,

at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

All the state right, tit e interest, property, claim and demand of the above named plaintiff, George Boudroit Jnr, at the time of the recording of the judgment herein, or at any time since of, in, to or out of all that lot, plece or parcel of

AND,

eltuate, lying and being at Port Felix, in the County of suysborough, and bounded and described as follows: First, that but beglaning at the South East angle of a lot of land granted Alexr, and Peter Boudroit; from thence North twenty degrees, West one hundred and twenty chains or until it comes to the rear line thereof, thence South, seventy degrees. East one hundred and eighteen chains or until it comes to the waters of Fort reilx, thence by said waters easterly to the place of beginning, containing sixty-nine ac ea more or less secondly, also that lot of wilderness land described as follows: Begianing at the South East angle of a lot of land granted to the said a exander and Peter Boudroit; from thence North twenty degrees, West twelve chains and twenty five links, thence South seventy degrees, West twelve chains and twenty five links, thence North seventy degrees, East twelve chains and twenty five links, thence North seventy degrees beat twelve chains and twenty five links, thence of beginning containing thirty one and one half acres more or less together with the buildings hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging.

The same having been levied upon under an

herediaments she applied upon under an belonging.

The same having been levied upon under an execution on a judgment recovered by the said defendant against the said plaintiff on the 16th day of May, A. D. 19.7, which judgment was duly recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds at Guysborough, N. S., for more than one

Terms-20 per cent deposit at the time of the sale, remainder on delivery of deed.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Guysborough, N S, July

Dated Sheriff & Guysboro, N. S.,

22nd, 1978.

J. A. FULTON, Guysboro, N. S.,
Solicitor for Defendant.

A. J. O. MAGUIRE,
Sheriff of Guysborough County.

Acknowledgments,

See additional acknowledgments on page 5 Caledonia, Sydney, Cooke, McKinnon, id McDonald, Customs, F Cunningham, ael Bates, D M Curry, Joseph Boutiller, Jose h Gillies, C Della Tore C Della Tore
Lynch Bros.
Capt Wm Hayes,
John L McKenna,
Argus McDonald,
Simon P Fraser,
Angus McKenzie,
Frank C Mc Millan,
John P Doyle,
James C McNell,
Malcolm McNeil,
James J Currle,
Wm Blank,
D J McKinnon, Tailor,
A D Gillis,
John Nicholson,
E C Hanrahan,
Alex Mc Mullin, ECHanrahan,
Alex McMullin,
John Morley,
Findiay McDonald,
EJ Murphy,
Alfonso Vassah,
benjamia Bates,
Quirk Bros,
A K McNell, Whitney Pier,
H V Chisnoim,
Alex McNeil,
Capt N Curry,
Henry Tobla;
J A McNell,
A K Chisholm,
Mrs Wm Carlin,
R A Wellwcod,
D J O'connel,
John Kehoe,
Mrs H E Baker,
Michael McPnee,
John Torey, D J McNeli,
Patrick Carroll, McKay's Corner,
Micaael Morrison,
Dan J McKinnon,
J J Mc Niullen,
Alex A Campbell,
John McEacnern,
Michael McIntyre,
Mrs Denis King,
John J McPhee,
Dan A McNeli,
Red McCormack,
Alex Currie,
Alex J Currie,
Dougald McPnee,
Anniew McMullen,
John J McNeli,
J W Brown, J W Brown J W Brown,
James acintyre, Dominion No 4,
Hugh J McNell,
Andrew J Livingstone,
Angus McIntosh,
Harry Kyerson,
Mrs Mark Bates,
Unican Currie Duncan Currie,
Rev R H McDougall,
Alex S McNeil,
James A Morrison,
Rory J McNeil,
F H McInnis, John A Campbell, RJ McDonaid, Michael J McSeil, Dominion, John Bown,
John McNell,
Angus McPherson,
Dr W J Engan,
Thos Kenna,
Malcolm McPhee,
F W Bourque,
Rev R McDonald,
Rev W A McPherson, Johnstown,
W Chisholm, Boston,
Andrew A Gillis, Lewis Bay,
C O'Nell, Hamilton,
Andrew Sars, Bay of Islands,
Rev D J McKinnon, Haykard,
P G Mahoney, Melrose,
Join Condon, Bay of Islands,
Ans Agues O'Brien, Lindonecry,
L J McDonald, Cnarlottetown,
E M Locke, Cambridge,
Dougaid Accillivray, Antigon'sh,
Robi Appelton Company, New York,
John P rower, Audi's Cove,
Joseph W McDonald, Emerald,
Malcolm he Donald, Trenton,
Alex Gillis,
Rodk McNell,
Widow Dunn,
Mrs Jas Dunn,
Geo Bates,
Malcom R McDonald, " John Bown, John McNell

Malcom R McDonald, "
Duncan Chisholm, New Glasgow,
James McArthur,
A D Glins,
D J McDonald,
Hugh McLean."

James A a carthur, "Mrs Angus Kirwio, New Glasgow, Daniel o McDonald, Thorourn, Alian McIntosh, "Thorourn, Alian McIntosh,"

Conversion of "Uncle Remus."

How appropriate was it that the beautiful prayers and services of the

Catholic Church should have accompained the pure soul of Joel Chandler Harris, "Uncle Remus," to enternal happiness. He had lived in a Catholic

atmosphere since that day, in 1873, when he took Miss Essie La Rose, a French Canadian, to be his helpmeet.

She proved the constant inspiration of her husband, and by her energy, vivacity and housewifely qualities helped him to success in this life and

happiness in the next.

Long a Catholic in belief and sympathy, Mr. Harris' failure to make external and public manifestation of his adherence to the faith of his wife and six children was understading the

and six children was undoubtedly due to his extraordinary shyness, the fear of attracting the attention to himself

which would have followed his attend-

ance at Mass.

Rev. Father O. H. Jackson, of St. Anthony's Church, Atlanta, Ga., from which Mr. Harris was buried, when

asked the date of his reception into the true fold, said:

"I had the pleasure of receiving Mr. Harris into the Churchon June 24. I had known Mr. Harris intimately for six years, and in all that time his belief the belief of the six years.

lief and his life was thoroughly Catho-lie. His retiring disposition, to my mind, was the only thing that pre-vented him from taking the step sooner. Mr. Harrishad neverbeen bap-

sooner. Mr. Harris had never been baptized in any church, but his knowledge of the truths of the Catholic faith was far greater than that of many Catholics. His favorite books were Cardinal Newman's work's, and his weekly companion the Ave Maria which he always enjoyed; so that his request for baptism was no surprise to me."

me."
Columns could be filled with stories

of the extraordinary modesty of this

of the extraordinary modesty of this man, who shall always live in English literature. His paper, Atlanta Constitution, said of him in its obituary:

He lived all the years of a simple and shy life in the walled city of modesty. Probably no other man of his day was so widely known and so little known. Hundreds of people in the suburh where he lived had never

Hugh Stewart, Pine Tree, Dan Stewart, Pine Tree, Dan Grant, James Fitzgerald,

Sowing Poison in the Child Mind.

Catholic Standard and Times.

In the same London paper The Academy from which we take the above, is a letter from Mr. Archibald J. Dunn, which calls attention to the continued dechristianization of the schools of France. Mr Dunn cities an article published in the Paris Correspondent by M. de la Guilloniere upon pondent by M. de la Guilloniere upon the class-books used in the French primary schools at present. This article exposed by documentary evidence the false pretense of scientific impartiality put forth by its authors, and shows the steps by which the gradual dechristianization of France is being accomplished by the French lodges. The first attempt of the freethinkers to corrupt the minds of thinkers to corrupt the minds of school-children was in 1880. Previous to this date the school-books set forth the duty of mankind towards God, but in the edition of the Children's Grammar adoped in 1882, M. de la Guilloniere says :-

Instead of the verses upon the "goodness of God" which appeared in pre-vious editions, there was substitued a poem upon "The Donkey's Flower, the Thistle." The Creator was replaced by Jupiter, and Chateaubraind's "Hymn to the Eternal" gave place to "A melodious hymn."

In 1890 further progress was made; the Masonic Lodges had declared open war against Christian doctine and offered a prize for the composition of a lay manual of morals, the use of which should be obligatory in all the school throughout France, in oppo-sition to the Catholic Catechism. This offer, however, did not produce any work which could be publicly avowed and adoped, so another method was tried. A series of classical text-books was introduced into the schools which were quite free from any re-ligious taint. On March 30, 1904, the heads of the Lodges congratulated themselves upon their success in the schools. "It is enough," they said, "to mention the works of Herve, Aulard, and Boyet to show that the school books now used are written in a scientific and rationalist spirit."

Among the works thus praised by Among the works thus praised by the avowed enemies of the Christian religion, the Correspondant refers to the "Manual of Civic Morals" of M. Bayet, of which more than 60,000 copies were used by children from six to thirteen years. M. de laGuilloniere says of this: ays of this :-

We do not think that it would be possible to bring together in the same number of lessons more direct attacks against God and His ministers, calumnies, against Cat rolic inversions of historic truth, and hatred of France, and to display at the same time so much spurious science.

"This," comments Mr. Dunn, "is the scientific and impartial system of education which is provided by the French Government." In one lesson the pupils are taught to distinguish between things which can be known between things which can be known and things which can never be known.



In the second category are classed statements which can not be scientifically proved as: "For instance we know that men die, but we do not know scientifically what becomes of them after death." The same formula is repeated in the question of our is repeated in the question of the question is repeated in the question of our knowing whether after death there is or is not another life. In regard to

have been educated upon principles such as these, have become atheists or the existance of God the manual informs its youthful readers that we do ligion?"—Sacred Heart Review,

sunshine



Where Shaking is Respectable

A Draft off furnace dame, with no other assistance, is powerless to overcome the dust nuisance in shaking time. Only surplus aust rises of itself above the fire. Great bulk descends into ash-pit, and unless legitimate outlet is therein provided, dust will escape through ash-door slits and into operator's fuce

In "Sunshine" Furnace the legitimate dust outlet is provided. It's a great big dustpipe running straight from

ash-pit to dome, thence to chimney. When big pipe damper is opened, all dust in ash-pit ascends to dome; then, when direct drafts are opened, all dust passes up chimney.

Always the clean and quick dust route in "Sunshine" Furnace - via grate. to pan, to dust - pipe, to dome, to chimney, to open air.

Write to us for "Sunshine" testimonials received from your own townspeople.

LONDON TORONTO MONTREAL

M^cClary's

VANCOUVER ST. JOHN, N.B. HAMILTON

D. G. KIRK, Local Agent

The D. G. Kirk Woodworking & Cont. Co.

CONTRACTOR OF THE SURVEY

DOORS, WINDOWS, MOULDINGS and FINISH OF ALL KINDS, BIRCH and SPRUCE FLOORING, SHINGLES, BRICK, LIME, LATHS, PLASTER, BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE. LOGS PURCHASED and MILLED.

Address Correspondence ROD H. McDONALD, Mgr.

Antigonish, Nova Scotia

A cup of good Cocoa is the most nourishing thing to begin the day with.

CONTROLOGUES DO BURGO DO SONO

COWAN'S PERFECTION

is good, morning, noon and night,-any time. THE COWAN CO., Limited, TORONTO

is the best and safest remedy for

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Ltc.

Best because it contains nothing injurious, goes at once at the seat of the trouble and removes it (then the cough stops). It is perfectly safe for the smallest child

T ALWAYS CURES

DR. SCOTT'S WHITE LINIMENT CO.

ST. JOHN, N. B. Proprietors of PENDELTON'S PANACEA.

Thirst Quencher

The delicious Juice of the lime fruit

Sovereign

LIME JUICE

is made from only

the best selected

ripe Lime Fruit

& is the purest &

most healthful of

summer drinks

NATIONAL DRUG E CHEMICAL COLITA HALIFAX

Alumnae Song.

.80

of re-

(By Mary Agnes O'Connor)

Tis a strain from the May-time of girlhood's fond days, swalps softly to laughter, the lightest of lays swalps satted with hoping, all trusted of truth, high hearted with he ping, all trusted of truth, high hearted with he ping. On days of our light heart of the lays of telleving!

Tis a pearl from the chaplets of years that are fied, from youth's resary, long ago said; we shall and we weep, half in joy, half in pain, the years sitp jewels on memory's chain.

The a leaf from the heart of a vesterday's rose, we may gather the fairest bright flower that blows.
But there never will bloom roses snowy or red, like the roses that blossomed in days that are deal.

ris a dream, a fond fancy, but, oh! let it stay, salry hands come to beckon us on and away; and the eyes that look laughter, the sweet lips that mile. that smile, are the same that so fond were in days other while.

when the roses of life were all faded and fled, when our fingers are stilled, life's rosary said, when the song shail be silence, the melody

made, God grant we may meet where youth's dreams never fade.

THE HEROISM OF MR. PEGLOW.

E. J Rath in Everybody's Magazine

Even though the door to the inner ice was closed, the ears of Simeon Hobby could not escape from the maddening peck-peck that came from beyond it. For at least the tenth time that afternoon he straightened up wearily from his desk, sighed, and shock his head slowly. Then he looked in the direction of Mr. Peglow, who was shifting restlessly on the top of his high stool. There was some satisfaction in knowing that Peglow

Mr. Hobby wondered if ever again the firm of Hobby & Hoople would know the joy of quiet, peaceful concentration, safe from the distracting that issued from the peck-peck-peck that issued from be-hind the glass door. For three months now he had been unable to figure an estimate, write a letter, or even read newspaper, except to the accompani-

ment of Miss Pickett's typewriter.
For sixty years Hobby & Hoople had prospered, in spite of the fact that their correspondence was not type-written. The original Hobby and the original Hoople were dead these many years, but the firm, which was now none other than Simeon Hobby, solely and exclusively, had never seen any reason to change its sign. It was not much given to change, in fact. It had the same office, the same furni-ture, the same habits. It was highly respectable, deservedly prosperous, and enjoyed such a fame for conser-vatism that some people said it was old-maidish.

The buying of a typewriter and the employment of a young person to manipulate it had been a matter of long and serious consideration by Mr. Hobby and Mr. Peglow. By birth, instinct, and long training, Mr. Peglow was even more conservative than his employer. Together, he and Mr. Hobby had grown up in the business, one to become the firm, the other its chief clerk and book-keeper. Together they had pursued an even tenor of commercial placidity. Mr. Peglow was little and thin and bald. Mr. Hobby was comfortably fat. They shared a serenity that nothing had ever disturbed — until Miss Pickett

It was Mr. Hobby who was really responsible for her. In a deferentially shy manner Mr. Peglow had let it be known that he considered her advent a dangerous innovation. He might even have have carried the day had he been firm, but Mr. Peglow was far too considerate of his employer's desires to dream of anything like open opposition. So, in a moment of weak-ness, Mr. Hobby had yielded to the insidious advance of that thing called Progress. Henceforth, the letters of Hobby & Hoople would be type-

Miss Pickett was young and brisk and smiling, in sharp relief to the dinginess of the office. Mr. Hobby and Mr. Peglow did not mind that so much-although when two men have passed the fifty-year mark together, without marriage, they are apt to be 'set.' It was the noise that hurt.
That was something to which they had given no consideration. But for three months now they had been able to give consideration to little else.

They had never spoken to each other about it. Secretly, Mr. Hobby pitied Mr. Peglow, whose annoyance he had furtively watched for some time. Secretly, also, Mr. Peglow had observed the ricery of his property of the secret of t observed the misery of his employer, and his grief had an added poignancy because he realized that, at the crucial moment, he had failed to be sufficiently outspoken against the impending evil Miss Pickett, who observed nothing of

their distress, conscientiously pecked away at the typewriter, with what seemed to be a daily increasing ardor. On this particular afternoon Mr. Hobby watched the trim figure of Miss Pickett depart from the office with a feeling of relief. Then he was with a feeling of relief. Then he was seized with sudden resolution.

'Mr. Peglow,' he said quietly. Mr. Peglow slipped from his high stool and approached his employer's

Sit down, Mr. Peglow,' said Mr.

Hobby.

Mr. Peglow sat down, with full understanding that something of import-

'Mr. Peglow,' said Mr. Hobby, folding his hands across his waistcoat, 'Miss Pickett has now been with us for three months.'

Yes, sir, confirmed Mr. Peglow. 'And we are having our correspond-

ence typewritten.'
'Yes, sir.'

'Is our business increasing, Mr. Peglow?'
'It is normally good, sir,' said Mr. Peglow conservatively.
'What I am getting at,' explained Mr. Hobby 'is whether as a result of Mr. Hobby, 'is whether, as a result of having our correspondence typewrit-

ten, we are increasing the volume of our business.

Hum, said Mr. Peglow reflectively.

IIIII, sald all the same, sir.

I I think it's about the same, sir.

The house of Hobby & Hoople rethinking deeply. At last he observed:

'I have been watching you at odd
times, Mr. Peglow, ever since Miss
Pickett came.'

Yes, sir.' 'I think she annoys you.'
'Oh, indeed,' protested Mr. Peglow,
I am sure Miss Pickett is quite lady-

'Certainly, certainly, Mr. Peglow,' said Mr. Hobby hastily. I did not mean that. Miss Pickett is, indeed, a genteel person. What I mean is, I think the noise of the typewriter is distressing to you.
Mr. Peglow shrugged his shoulders.

I think it distracts your mind,

continued Mr. Hobby.
Mr. Peglow waved his hands in a deprecating way.
'In short, I think you no longer

work in comfort, Mr. Peglow.' 'Um-m-well-possibly,' admitted Mr. Peglow.

'And do you know that I have the

same [feeling myself?' said Mr. Hobby, eying his chief clerk.
'Yes, sir, said Mr. Peglow promptly. Mr. Hobby looked surprised. He did not know that Mr. Peglow had been observing him. After contract been observing him. After another pause he cleared his throat and said

very firmly:
'We both owe a certain duty to the
house of Hobby & Hoople, Mr. Peg-

'We do, sir; most assuredly.' 'The duty of always doing our best, added Mr. Hobby.

Mr. Peglow confirmed it with a nod. 'On the other hand, Mr. Peglow, the firm'-Mr. Hobby always spoke impersonally of the firm-'owes to us an opportunity to do our best work. It owes us quiet and freedom from interruption, and a fair chance.
'Yes, sir; I think so, sir.

'But we are not getting that opportunity, Mr. Peglow,' said his em-ployer, wilh sudden and significant Mr. Peglow nodded his head mourn-

fully. 'We are being annoyed,' continued Mr. Hobby.

'Our nerves are being destroyed,' added Mr. Hobby, in further indictment of the firm.

Another shrug from Mr. Peglow. Very good, then,' said Mr. Hobby. 'The duty of the firm is clear. We'I—shall dismiss Miss Pickett.'

Mr. Peglow gazed out of the window and felt uncomfortable. Never in his day had the firm of Hobby & Hoople discharged anybody. Lifetimes were spent in its service, rather. The very idea of a discharge was a shock to Mr. Peglow. To be sure, Mr. Hobby had softened the word, but he could not soften the fact.

'The firm owes it to us, Mr. Peglow,' said Mr. Hobby judicially. 'I shall dismiss Miss Pickett tomorrow. Erhow long do you think it is customary to give notice !

Mr. Peglow shook his head helplessly for this was another innovation. 'A week?' asked Mr. Hobby doubt-

The chief clerk spread his hands in a gesture of doubt.

'Two weeks? Mr. Peglow pursed his lips, but made

no gesture. 'Very well; it shall be two weeks,' decided Mr. Hobby. 'Thank you very much, Mr. Peglow.'

It was quite nine o'clock the follow-'Thank you

ing morning when Miss Pickett arrived. Mr. Peglow had been at his desk for an hour, and Mr. Hobby was already immersed in the morning's As Mr. Peglow nodded a good morning to Miss Pickett, he felt a vague sense of pity for his employer. Presently he saw the young woman come out of the inner office with her notebook and seat herself beside Mr. Hobby's desk. Then he bent over his his books and shut his ears against the

orld. STE
After a little while Miss Pickett went back to her office, and the peckpeck-peck of the typewriter again disturbed the serenity of the firm. Mr. Peglow wondered how she had stood the blow. It seemed to have produced no discernible effect; rather, there appeared to be an added note of cheerfulness in the racking sound that came from behind the glass door. Nor was there any sign the next day, nor the next, in fact, all that week. Each morning, Mr. Peglow would greet Miss Pickett gravely, almost sorrowfully, and each morning she would be smiling

as gaily as the day before. It was in-explicable.

A second week began and Mr. Peglow found it necessary to consult his

employer on a most unusual matter.
'I beg your pardon, sir,' he said hesitatingly, 'but shall I remove Miss Pickett's name from the pay roll after this week?'

Mr. Hobby made no answer for a

minute. Then he said:

'Sit down, Mr. Peglow.'

Mr. Peglow sat down and waited.

'I — er'—began Mr. Hobby, with averted eyes—'I—well, the fact is, Mr. Peglow, I have not yet discharged Miss Pickett.'

'Ah!' said Peglow, in mild astonishment. 'No,' continued his employer. 'You see, Mr. Peglow, there was a difficulty. I could not discharge her without sufficient cause. That would be un-just, and the firm of Hobby & Hoople

cannot afford to work injustice to any 'Certainly not, sir.'
'So I have been looking for a reason.

'I understand,' said Mr. Peglow sympathetically.
'Can you think of a reason?' inquired Mr. Hobby.

Mr. Peglow thought for a moment and then shrugged his shoulders. We must have reason, Mr. Peglow.'

'Yes, sir; of course. I was just thinking-

'Yes?' said Mr. Hobby eagerly.
'Well,' said Mr. Peglow uneasily and with a sense of guilt, 'I was thinking that Miss Pickett is not always very punctual in the morning.

'You have spoken a truth, Mr. Peg-low,' declared his employer, nodding 'Miss Pickett is not punc nis head. 'Miss Pickett is not punctual. Yet punctuality is one of the fundamental laws of business. I am glad you mentioned the matter. I shall dismiss|Miss Pickett for not being

punctual. Yes sir, said Mr. Peglow, returning to his books.

A moment later he heard Mr. Hobby's bell tap gently. Miss Pickett came out of the inner office with her notebook and slipped into her ac-

customed seat.
'I shall not dictate, thank you, Miss Pickett,' said Mr. Hobby.

Miss Pickett lowered her pencil from its poise.
'Miss Pickett,' began Mr. Hobby,

with an effort.
'Yes, sir?' said Miss Pickett en-

couragingly.

'Hem,' coughed Mr. Hobby, gazing at his desk. 'There is something I very much regret to mention, Miss Pickett. It is that—how shall I put that ar—that you are not what I should call quite punctual in the

mornings.'
Miss Pickett nodded her head in confession.

Mr. Hobby coughed again. 'Really, you know,' he added, 'it is unpleasant to be compelled to speak of these things, but-

'You are quite right to speak of it, Mr. Hobby,' said Miss Pickett. 'Thank you, Miss Pickett,' her employer gratefully. 'I felt sure you would agree with me. You see our hour for beginning business is eight o'clock. It is quite necessary that we should get things under way by that time. And it would not be right to make exceptions in favor of anybody.

'Certainly not,' assented Miss Pickett, nodding vigorously.
*Even though you are a young lady,' added Mr. Hobby. 'It would not be

fair to others.' Of course it wouldn't, Mr. Hobby. 'I hate to say it you know,' continued Mr. Hobby hesitatingly, 'but

'You were perfectly right to say it, Mr. Hobby,' broke in Miss Pickett, I am glad you did. I shall do better in the future, sir.'

Wha-what? 'I shall be down promptly at eight hereafter,' said Miss Pickett resolutely.

'But I—that is, you see—' stam-mered Mr. Hobby.
'I can do it very easily, sir,' said Miss Pickett, 'and I am grateful to

you for calling my attention to it.'
Mr. Hobby gazed vacantly at a pile of papers on his desk and seemed bereft of speech. He stirred uneasily in his chair.
'Is that all. sir?' asked Miss Pickett gathering up her notebook.

'You are quite sure you can do it?' asked Mr. Hobby sadly.
'Oh, yes, indeed, sir. It will be no

hardship at all.'
'Very well, Miss Pickett. That is all just now, thank you.

Miss' Pickett retired to the inner office. For many minutes the head of the house of Hobby and Hoople sat immersed in thought. Then the peckpeck-peck of the typewriter aroused

him and he sighed wearily.

Three days later Mr. Peglow approached his employer with the selfeffacing, deferential manner that always cloaked him.

Shall I make the change in the pay

roll, sir?' he inquired.
'Not yet, Mr. Peglow,' said Mr.
Hobby in a subdued tone.
The chief clerk did not permit him-

self to express astonishment.
'You see, Mr. Peglow,' explained the firm, 'the circumstances are somewhat changed. Miss Pickett has promised to be punctual in the future.' 'I see,' said Mr. Peglow, with an understanding nod.

'Which removes the cause for dismissal,' added Mr. Hobby.
'Yes, sir,' said Peglow ruefully.

At that instant the typewriter in the inner office began a new staccato movement, and Mr. Peglow and Mr. Hobby looked at each other sympathetically.
Can't you think of another reason?

asked the head of the firm, squirm-

ing.
Mr. Peglow appeared to think deeply. The task was most unpleasant, but he realized that it was necessary. 'I might suggest, sir,' he said, at length, 'that Miss Pickett does not

always spell accurately. That is, not habitually, he added hastily. 'Thank you, Mr. Peglow,' said his employer. 'Now that I come to think of it, I have noticed the same thing. Miss Pickett, indeed, spells quite badly. Our correspondence should badly. Our corres

'No, sir; of course not.'
'Therefore. I shall dismiss Miss
Pickett for faulty spelling.
Mr. Peglow sighed and returned to
his books, while Mr. Hobby, firm in
his resolution, immediately sent for
Miss Pickett

'Sit down,' if you please, Miss Pickett,' he said, waving her to a seat. He took a letter from his desk. This letter, Miss Pickett, he began,

'is addressed to one of our oldest cus-tomers, the firm of Gammidge & Till-Miss Pickett indicated her compre-

Miss Pickett indicated her comprehension with a nod.

'Gammidge & Tillson,' repeated Mr. Hobby. 'But I find that you have spelled Gammidge without a 'd.'

'Did I?' asked Miss Pickett, in a tone of surprise. 'Why, so I did. But now I think, of it, sir, I have always have realling it that way.'

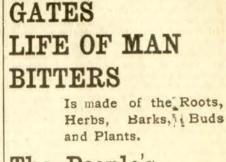
ways been spelling it that way.'
'You have, indeed,' said Mr. Hobby,
his task enlightened by the frank ad-'I never knew there was a 'd' in it,

added Miss Pickett. 'You didn't?' exclaimed Mr. Hobby in amazement. You never told me,' said Miss

Pickett simply.

Mr. Hobby showed traces of embarrassment. (To be continued.

To try to do some good work and to fail through no fault of ours is no loss to us. God is honored by our efforts, not by our success.



The People's Medicine

Expressly to cure disease, and in chronic cases] the Invigorating Syrup is used in connection to regulate the bowels. Everyone should take a few bottles

Spring and Fall

to purify the blood. The cheapest and best on the market, and has been in constant use in Nova Scotia for over 70 years.

Land Sale.

IN THE SUPREME COURT,

Between Kinsman Sweet, Plaintiff, E. SAUNDERS SWEET and ADA O. SWEET, Defendants.

To be sold at public auction, by the Sheriff of the County of Guysborough, or his Deputy, at the Court House in Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, on

Monday, the 17th day of Aug. A D 19 08,

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, pursuant to an order for foreclosure and sale granted herein the 14th day of July, 1968, unless before the day of sale the amount due the said plainting on the mortgage foreclosed herein, together with interest and costs, be paid to him or his solicitor, all the ettate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said mortgagor, E. Saunders Sweet and Ada O. sweet, his wife, and of all persons claiming or entitled by through or under them or either of them, of, in and to all and singular that certain lot, plece or parcel of

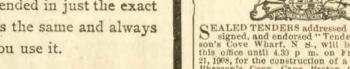
and premises situate lying and being at Cross Roads, Country Harbour, in the County of Guysboreugh, and bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Beginning at the store on the Main Post Road, thence in a Westerly direction until it comes to land owned by John G. Mason; thence in a Northerly and Westerly direction along the line of land of the said John G. Mason until it comes to Country Harbour River; thence in a Northerly direction up stream until it comes to land owned by John Mason (Joe's son; thence in an Easterly direction until it comes to land owned by John A. McCallum; thence South and East until it comes to the main Post Road; thence Southerly until it comes to land of Leander Sweet; thence following the boundaries of said land of Leander Sweet until it comes to the said and land Post Road; thence following the said road until it comes to the said store or place of beginning, containing two hundred acres more or lass, together with the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

TERMS: Ten per cent. deposit at sale; re-mainder on desivery of deed.

A. J. O. MAGUIRE, sheriff of Guysborough County.

R. R. GRIFFIN, Plaintiff's solicitor. Dated Sheriff's office, Guysborough, July 15th

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, July 22, 1908.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the ur dersigned, and endorsed "Tender for McPher son's Cove Wharf, N S., will be received at this office until 4.39 p m. on Friday, August 21, 1908, for the construction of a wharf at McPherson's Cove, Cape Breton Courty, Nova Scotia, according to a plan and specification to be seen at the offices of E G. Millidge, Esq., Resident Engineer. Antigonish, N. S., C. E. W. Dodwell, Esq., Resident Engineer Halifax, N.S. on application to the Postmaster at Middle Cape, C. B., N. S., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

on application to the Postmaster at Middle Cape, C. B, N. S, and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for five hundred dollars (\$500.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the person tendering decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

By order, R. C. DESROCHERS, As-t Secretary.

Beaver Flour

Depend on Beaver Flour for all your baking. BLENDED Your Grocer has it.

Dealers—write for prices on all kinds of Feeds, Coarse Grains and Cereals. T. H. Taylor Co. Limited, Chatham, Ont.

Two Flours in One

Beaver Flour is the best "pastry flour," just as it is the best bread flour. Because it is a blend of the two flours that are best for bread and best for pastry.

Beaver Flour contains Manitoba wheat, which is rich in gluten, and makes bread that is both tasty and nutritious. Beaver Flour also contains Ontario wheat, which is famous for the light, delicious Cake, Pies and Pastry it makes.

Beaver Flour is always blended in just the exact proportions, so that it is always the same and always gives the same results when you use it.

ONTARIO

LASEL CASE

FLOUR

SOCIATION

Lord Lovat's Visit.

That the descendants of the Highlanders in Antigonish County still cherish the traditions of the land of their sires was very conclusively shown by the spectacle presented on Friday last. Antigonish has entertained lords before now, but it is not every day that it can boast of a visit from a real Highland Chief, to say nothing of one who is also a Peer of the Realm and a distinguished sol-dier. There were many historic as-sociations to ensure a hearty welcome for the youthful chief. The name of for the youthful chief. The name of Lovat is closely and tragically connected with the cause of the "King Over the Water," and the name of Fraser is one that has figured prominently in both Church and State in Nova Scotia, It was not surprising, therefore, that despite the fact that it was a rattling fine hay day—a rather rare thing just at that time—the town was crowded with people. Many remarked that, had it not been the hay making season, the town would surely not have held those who would have come.

would have come.

The distinguished guest was accompanied by Sir Keith Fraser, Lt.-Gov. Fraser, Hon. C. P. Chisholm, E. Macdonald M. P., J. A. Chisholm, K. C., and Graham Fraser. Wm. Chisholm, M.P., of Antigonish went up the line to meet the party. On arrival at the station they were met by Mayor A. G. Mcdonald, Rev. H. P. McPherson, Rector of the College, Judge McGillivray, Hon. C. F. McIsaac, and members of the Scottish Societies.

Scldom in the history of Antigonish

Seldom in the history of Antigonish has such a large number of people gathered together, as did on this oc-casion, to extend to the Highland casion, to extend to the Highland Chief a royal and hearty welcome. As his lordship stepped from the train, cheer after cheer was given for the chieftain, by the large concourse of people who crowded around the station. In acknowledgement Lord Lovat bowed gracefully, his action speaking louder than words. With mounted outriders the young Scottish Peer and his party drove to the residence of D. Grant Kirk, which was kindly placed at the disposal of the kindly placed at the disposal of the committee of entertainment, and where luncheon was served.

Clad in Scottish garb and to the sweet music of the bag pipes, Lord Lovat, Governor Fraser and Sir Keith Fraser, proceeded to the athletic grounds where a large crowd of people had gathered, including clergy-men from several Eastern counties, to witness the Highland games which were gotten up for the occasion. Here addresses were presented to his lord-

addresses were presented to his lordship, which are given below in full.

The Right Honorable Simon Joseph
Fraser, Lord Lovat, Sixteenth
Baron, C. V. O., C. B., D. S. O.

My LORD,—It is, indeed, with feelings of pleasure and sincerity that I have the honor, on behalf of the citizens of the Town, to welcome your Lordship amongst us. While we cannot presume to vie, even remotely. not presume to vie, even remotely, with the splendor and pomp with which you and the other distinguished personages from every part of the Empire, were recently received in the historic City of Quebec, I take the liberty of assuring your Lordship that, in no place, nor by any people, could you be received with greater cordiality, and with more genuine friendship than by the Scottish descendants of the Town and County of scendants of the Town and County of Antigonish. And our appreciation of the honor you confer on us is, to say the least, not lessoned by the know ledge that while you were overwhelmed with invitations to visit the larger centres of population, and the metropolitan cities on this side of the water, during your brief American trip, yet guided by the sensitive magnet of Scottish loyalty, you deemed us, however inconspicuous a position we may occupy, not unworthy of being given

a foremost place in your itinerary.
We are not ignorant of the fact that
yours is a long and illustrious lineage. The Charter of your lands was com-paratively old before Columbus ever sighted the shores of America; and history tells us not only of the valor of your people in asserting national rights, whether fighting in the van. under the Lion of Scotland, or the Union Jack; but it also tells us that among your predecessors in the Uhief-tainship of the great Clan Fraser were men deemed worthy to occupy posi-tions in the State, second only to that of the regal one itself. The large con-course of people that you see around you here to day have come from far and near to celebrate your Lordship's visit. There are among them clansmen and kinsmen from the beautiful shore districts of Morar, Arisaig, Moidart, Knoydart and Lismore. The feitile meadows and valleys of Beauly, Loch Katrine, Clydesdale. Stratmore, Lanark Dunmaglass and Ardness send their quota. Salwart sons of Keppoch, Morven and Eigg Mountain are also here to welcome you, and classic Saint Andrews is largely represented by her loyal sons. And when I add that there is scarcely visit. There are among them clanslargely represented by her loyal sons. And when I add that there is scarcely a clan name in the Scottish Highlands that may not be tound in the Town of Antigonish to-day, may it not be truthfully said that you have here, in this part of America, in miniature, an excellent reproduction of your native Highlands. And I do trust that your Lordship will not infer that the old stock has, in anywise degenerated on this side of the Atlantic in courage, enterprise or physique, when I say on this side of the Atlantic in courage, enterprise or physique, when I say that here these clansmen dwell in unity and peace and brotherly love, with scrupulous regard for the rights of neighbors and of one another. Very few of them indeed can claim old Scotland as their place of bitth. But cradled and aursed and reared by devoted parents, now no more in the But cradled and aursed and reared by devoted parents, now no more, in the speech and customs, in the story and song and tradition of their loved Highland homes, it is doubtful that, in any part of the world, can there be found hearts that pulsate in truer and

of their kinsmen across the water, than can be found here. We believe that our forbears from the Scottish Highlands were the bravest and best colonizers that ever came from Europe to America. Living for generations in their native land, under the stern laws and hard conditions of the age, but with abiding faith in the precepts of the Gospel, they were uncon. clously, even in their oppression, being prepared for their great work on this continent. They have left the impress of their intelligence, endurance, industry, resourcefulness, fidelity to duty, and scrupulous honor, in their dealings, on every part of this North American continent, from Darien south to Hudson Bay north, and from the wilds of Labrador east to distant but with abiding faith in the precepts the wilds of Labrador east to distant Vancouver west. Whether exploring the unknown regions of the Fraser River, on its way to the Pacific, or the great MacKenzie in its perilous course to the Arctic Ocean, their in-domitable courage and their intelli-gent resourceful became the ad-miration of the world miration of the world.
In this great Dominion of Canada,

and under the glorious British flug, it is our happy lot to enact our part in a manner not unworthy of such sires. And, though we cannot hope to play And, though we cannot hope to play as prominent a part in shaping the destiny of the great Empire to which we have the privilege to belong, as your Lordship has recently done on the African veldt, yet all our aspirations and efforts shal be for its greater glory and stability.

In conclusion, my Lord, I beg again to welcome you to our Town with a

to welcome you to our Town with a hearty Scottish "caed mille failthe."

A. G. MACDONALD,

Mayor of Antigonish.

To the Honorable Simon Fraser, Lord Lovat, Sixteenth Baron, C. B., C. V. O., D. S. O.

The Highland Society of Antigonish is proud of this opportunity of extending to your Lordship a most hearty welcome.

When your visit among us was spoken of as a possibility, it was felt that the Highland County of Antigonish would have an opportunity to strengthen those kindred ties that have always existed between Scotch-men of the old world and of the new. Your Lordship would be surprised if you could realize the depth of feeling and the actachment which exists for the old land, in the hearts of our people. The Highland Society for the last forty years, has endeavored to foster and strengthen those sentiments foster and strengthen those sentiments and it is therefore, indeed, a proud privilege to have in our midst a Scotchman so representative and one for whom we have so much reason to be proud. "We well remember what a thrill of pride was felt in Scottish hearts, when it was learned that your Lordship would equip and command a troop of cavalry for South Africa from your own estates. Our pride from your own estates. Our pride was intensified at the well merited honors your Lordship received for such distinguished services.

such distinguished services.

Let me assure you again, my Lord, of the pride we feel in your visit among us. We shall not forget it soon. We trust that you will bear a message for us to the land of our fathers. That message is one of affection and loyalty. Our heartfelt wish is that the ties that have hitherto bound us, will become stronger, and that the best traditions of the old land will long be perpetuated in the land will long be perpetuated in the new.

W. F. MacKinnon,

President Highland Society.

Antigonish, N. S., July 31, 1908.

To the Honourable Simon Fraser,
Lord Lovat, Sixteenth Baron, C.
B., C. V. O., D. S. O.
May it please Your Lordship:—
The officers and members of Clan
Chisholm, No. 179 of the Order of
Scottish Claus, desire to extend to your Lordship a cordial and Highland welcome to the Town and County of Antigonish, on this, the occasion of your first visit to the land of adoption of so many of Scotland's sons and

When it was announced some time ago that you were to be present at the celebration at Quebec, the members of Clan Chisholm, in common with Highlandmen throughout the County, scarcely hoped, owing to the many calls on your time, that you would be able to visit our Cnunty. Hence it is that the pleasure we experience today is intensified when we consider the fact that you have doubt. consider the fact that you have doubt less been obliged to decline invitations to places of greater pretensions than Antigonish. We regret indeed that your visit must necessarily now be a short one and we are thus deprived of the opportunity of extending to your Lordship a more fitting Highland

Your record as a true and chival-rous Scotsman and loyal British subject is well known to all of us and subject is well known to all of us and we have watched your career with feelings of national pride. Your patriotic action in raising and commanding the famous "Lovat Scouts" when Britain's prestige was threatened by the Boers, was sufficient of itself to make you famous. But to those of us who are conversant with the history of the Frances your military tory of the Frasers, your military career is only such as would naturally be expected of the Chief of such a brave and illustrious Clan. Recollections of the gallant deeds of our ancestors at Louisburg and again on the historic Plains of Abraham, are

especially treasured in the hearts of all true and loyal Canadians.

It is, therefore, with a great deal of pardonable pride and pleasure that we, the members of this branch of the Order of Scottish Clans, whose aim and purpose is to preserve and foster the traditions of our noble Highland forefathers, today welcome as Chief of

you to the land of the "heath and the heather" many pleasant memories of this, your first visit to Nova Scotia. D. C. Chisholm,

Chief of Clan Chisholm, No. 179. Lord Lovat, in reply, expressed his great pleasure in visiting Antigonish, the home of so many descendants of clansmen and kinsmen. He thanked the societies for their greetings and in reference to his services in South Africa, he gave the chief credit to the Highlanders who enlisted on that

Perhaps the most important event connected with Lord Lovat's visit here was the conferring on him of the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by the University of St. Francis Xavier's College. The President of St. F. X. had previously ascertained that his Lordship would be glad to accept such a degree. Accordingly at 4.30 p. m. on Friday last, Lord Lovat and party, after having called on Bishop Cameron, accompanied the latter to the University buildings. They were met at the accompanied the latter to the University buildings. They were met at the gateway by the President, Dr. H. P. MacPherson, the Vice-Presesident, Rev. James J. Tompkins, and other members of the Faculty. Thence all proceeded to the Library where Lord Lovat and Sir Kieth Fraser were introduced to all of the professors who were able to attend. Thence all proceeded to the Convocation Hall, a portion of which had been partitioned off and decorated. Among the decoroff and decorated. Among the decorations, the coat of arms of the Lovat family, encircled with an elegant specimen of the Fraser tartan, occuied a conspicuous place

Our venerable Bishop, as the Chancellor of the University, conferred on the distinguished visitor the degree of Doctor of Laws ("honoris causa") of Doctor of Laws ("honoris causa") prefacing it with a preliminary address. Notwithstanding his advancing years, Bishop Cameron's voice was clear and strong. He made appropriate allision to the historic house of Lovat, which has for about four centuries been the recognized head of the ancient Fraser clan. He also made fitting reference to the high personal character of the present Lord who is the 16th Baron of the House of Lovat, and to his career as a House of Lovat, and to his career as a student in the sequestered retreat of the Benedictines at Fort Augustus, and in the classic halls of Magdalen College in old Oxford, as well as to his military life as an officer of three different regiments and as the com-mander of the Lovat Scouts in South Africa — an admirable body of mounted infantry raised by Lord Lovat himself on his own estates to Lovat himself on his own estates to help in maintaining the rights and prestige of our Empire on the "Dark Continent." Finally the Right Rev. Chancellor told of the pleasure it afforded him to declare Simon Joseph Fraser, (Lord Lovat) a Doctor of Laws of this University, and in perpetuum an honorary member of its Faculty. The new Doctor of Laws in a few brief but graceful remarks acknowledged but graceful remarks acknowledged the honor conferred on him by the University, and received the congratulations of Lieut. Governor Fraser and other friends. He then signed the Registrar of the University as a graduate and as an honorary member of its Faculty. At his request his Lordship was escorted through the principal classrooms and other apart-ments of the university by the Rev.

Dr. MacPherson.

It may be said with simple truth that his Lordship charmed all who came in contact with him here. He gave the impression of a man who needs not broad estates nor a long line of distinguished ancestors to raise him above the commonplace. Simple, affable and unaffected, genial and considerate, and of evident force of character, the young man who is the Sixteenth Baron Lovat would doubtless have been heard of even had he begun life in the ranks. He has yet, in the ordinary course of events, a in the ordinary course of events, a long life before him, and it is a safe prediction that if he is spared to live it, he will leave behind a name that will not be the least distinguished in the long line of chiefs of the historic house of Fraser. He bears with him the best wishes of the people of Antigonish, who cherish the hope that, as he has made himself an advocate of more intimate relations between Canada and the Mother Country, he may yet be seen many times in our midst.

Completely exhausted, having been without food or water for two days, two Gloucester fishermen who had two Gloucester fishermen who had strayed away from their vessel, were picked up ty the Spanish training ship Nautilius and brought to Halifax Friday. The rescued men are: Neil Hawley, who belongs to Cape Breton; Alfonso Nansen Hawick, hailing from Gloucester. Both the men belong to the Gloucester fishing schooner Senator, and became lost from their ship in a dense for early last week. ship in a dense fog early last week.

The Board of Conciliation between the N. S. Steel & Coal Co., and its workers at Sydney Mines has reported, and the report is adopted by the men and by the Company. The change made in wages consists in a readjustment, wages being reduced in one section and increased in another. There is a slight increase in some There is a slight increase in some ranks independently of the amount saved by the decrease, which latter amount goes to swell the fund from which the increase will be paid.

The language clauses in the new educational bill in Cape Colony, give the fullest scope for a revival of racial strife. Many English people will be compelled to send their children to schools where Dutch is the sole medium of teaching and there is little doubt that teaching, and there is little doubt that

COAL DRUMMOND

INTERCOLONIAL COAL MINING COMPANY, Limited Westville, - Nova Scotia

For Sale at ANTIGONISH by JAMES KENNA and A. G. JOCELYN HUGH D. McKENZIE, Agent, ST. PAUL BUILDING

ACCUMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF TH

JULY and AUGUST 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE of SEASONABLE GOODS

20 per cent. off Ladies' Summer Coats, Rain Coats, Skirts and Waists.

Dress Goods, Dress Muslins. Ladies' Collars and Belts Curtain Muslins, Lace Curtains, Carpets and Rugs. Oil Cloth and Linoleum.

300 Pairs of Boots and Shoes at less than cost.

The Annex

A large assortment of Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Pants, Raincoats, Shirts, Underwear, Hats and Caps, all at

20 per cent. off.

KIRK

Main Street

General News.

Glace Bay C. B., will look for a city

The Provincial elections in Sask-atchewan will take place on August

Clifford Brewer was drowned at Ingonish C. B. on Thursday last by the capsizing of his boat.

Eighteen persons died of heat in Chicago on the 30th ult., and a number were prostrated.

Commander Robert Peary, now en route to the Arctic ice fields in quest of the North Pole, arrived at Belle Harbor, Labrador, on the steamer Roosevelt on the 20th ult.

Relics of two collisions in the shape of derelict schooners, were passed just outside of Long Island Sound last Saturday by the American schooner Isaiah K. Stetson.

Miss Gertrude Gilbert, aged 12 years, daughter of Wilham Gilbert, proprietor of West Outlet Camps, was struck and instantly killed by lightning during a storm which passed over the camps on 30th ult.

One hundred and twenty-tour hogs, of all sizes, were killed on the farm of Mr. Joe. W. Boyle, near Woodstock Ont., order of a Dominion Government inspector. A number of the animals had contracted hog cholera.

The Labrador coast on Friday last was swept by a hurricane wind from the northeast which wrecked seven-teen vessels in one harbor. Other parts of the coast are as yet unheard from. Forty fishing vessels in all were wrecked.

The series of public sessions of the Fisheries Commission commenced on 30th ult, in Digby, Prof. Prince in his opening remarks announces that in addition to the shad, the Hon. Mr. Brodeur desired the gaspereau and salmon fisheries of the Bay of Fundy to be inclined in the Commission's in-

Hon, A. B. Aylesworth who is going to Vienna to consult the best ear specialist will sail from Montreal on specialist will sail from Montreal on August 7. Mr. Aylesworth is advised by his local physicians that with the special treatment available in Vienna his hearing may be completely restored. The Minister will be absent from the capital six weeks.

ALTANTEGERS ALTERACTED ALTANTACE OF THE STREET STREETS ALTERACTED ALTERACTED

0

London, July 28-In the House of Commons an amendment rejecting the Irish Universities' Bill was de-feated by a vote of 217 to 29. The Bill was taken directly to the House of Lords, where it was passed to third reading. William Redmond, the Irish leader, said, speaking for himself and his colleagues: "I have this to say: We'll never forget the services of Mr. Birrell, the Secretary for Ireland, for our country.

Personals.

Mr. Anthony McMillan, of Sydney, was in Town on Tuesday.

Mrs. Thos. Murphy and little son of Sydney, are visiting in Antigonish.

Rev. D. J. McDonald, P. P. Brook Village, visited his home in Glassburn this week.

Rev. Alex. McD. Thompson, D. D., V. G., Glace Bay, was at the college

Mrs. J. A. Wall, of Antigonish, is visiting her brother, Wm. T. Condon, Sydney, C. B.

Mr. and Mrs. Fraser and daughter, of Sydney, were in Town for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rod. McDougall of Port Hood, were visiting friends in Town this week.

The Misses Rose and Stella McDonald, of Hawthorne St., are visiting friends in Port Hood.

Rev. H. D. Barry. P. P. Mainadieu, C. B., spent a few days at his home in Glassburn this week,

Miss Catherine McGillivray, New Glasgow, is visiting relatives and friends in Antigonish County.

Miss Ella Burroughs, milliner with A. Kirk & Co. for last season, left for her home in Truro on Saturday last.

Mrs. R. McKenzie left on Saturday for Sydney, to spend a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Brookman. Miss Sadie McDonald of Antigonish.

s spending a two weeks vacation in Port Hood, visiting relatives and

Messrs. Wm. Carroll, barrister. Glace Bay, and R. E. McEwen, Pictou, spent a few days at the College last The Misses McIntosh, daughters of

the late Dr. McIntosh, and Miss Mary O'Brien, Antigonish, are the guests of Dr. Barnaby, Halifax.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Chisholm, of Glassburn, who have been visiting friends in Boston, Mass., returned home on Saturday.

Miss Jennie McNeil of Giant's Lake, Guyshoro Co., who has been visiting friends in Boston and Providence, arrived home this week.

Misses Margaret Chisholm, M. J. McDonald, and Jennie E. Chisholm, of Glassburn, have returned from a two weeks holiday in Cape Breton.

Miss Minnie Forrest, who taught music last term at St. Bernard's Convent, is at present teaching music at the Convent of Beaufort, Que. She leaves next week for Montreal where she will continue her musical work in the Convent in that city.

The Rev. Fr. McAdam, who has been in Montreal for the past two weeks, has been advised by his physician to take absolute rest. He is expected home this evening and it is to be hoped that a few months rest, together with careful treatment, will restore him to complete health. restore him to complete health. \$\L_{\text{\tin}\text{\tetx{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\tet{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\te

Among the Advertisers.

P. E. I. salt pork at Bonner's. Best ham and bacon at Bonner's. Bring your new potatoes to Haley's

For Sale, an organ. Apply at Cas-

Fat sheep wanted at Bonner's-taken every day, also lambs.

Come and get an ice cold soda or an ice cream soda at Mrs. John McNeil's Found, in D. G. Kirk's store, town a sum of money. Apply at Casket Office,

Lambs and fat sheep taken every day, except Saturday, at Haley's market,

Dr. C. S. Agnew's office will be closed from Tuesday noon, till tollowing Monday morning.

A full line of preserving jars, pts. qts. and ½ gallon at lowest prices. Haley's market.

Mrs. J. McNeil is always ready to serve ice cream. Parlors open from

9 a. m. to 11 p. m. The price of hides is going up. Are you getting the advanced price, as it is paid by Ed. Haley, agent for S. Arscott & Co.

Lost, August 4th, an eye-glass case, containing a gold chain, between Antigonish and Cape George. Finder please leave at Casket office.

Lost, between Antigonish and Malig-nant Cove, on North Grant road, a dark grey overcoat. Finder will please return same t Casket office.

Lost, on Saturday, either in Town or on Harbor Road, a gold bar brooch, with three diamonds. Finder will be rewarded. Mrs. C. Edgar Whidden.

Lost, on Monday last, between Main St. and the Railway Crossing north of the town, a lady's gold locket and chain. Finder will confer a favour by leaving same at Casket Office.

Schooner "Carl E. Richard" will load for St. John's, Nfld., at Bayfield, Friday forenoon, (Ang. 7th.) and at Port Mulgrave the following forenoon, Freight goes by Friday's freight. Plenty of room for cattle and sheep.

Acknowledgments.

e				
i	(See additional acknowledge)	wlodemonts on	marea	
90				
*	John A McLellan,	horburn,	2	5
t	Allan McPherson,		1	1
	Lauchlin McNell,		1	
	Petrick Maguire,	11	1	
f	Angus McNeil,	11	1	
	Kenneth Cameron,	ii .	1	
4	Archy McIsaac,	**	1	
9	Simon Pettipas,	43	1	
1	John H McDonnld,	11	1	
ė.	Mrs Hngh McDonald,			0
	Allan B McDonald	11.	1	
1	Allan B McDonald, Rev J W McIsaac,	11		0
1	John A McLean,	11	î	
i	John D McEachern.	Trenton,	1	č
5/HI	Ronald McDougall,	arenton,		0
:	Wm Donohoe,	- 44	1	
	Mrs John McGrath, Mc	Grath's Mt	1	
	Dan McNeil, Trenton,	CONTROLL IS IN D.		ñ
	Wm McDougall, New C	Hasrow.	ĩ	
И	Daniel Walsh, Trenton,	ten Bo m.t.	î	
Н	Angus R McDonald, Tr	enton.	i	
	John McIsaac.	Westville,	î	
9	Mrs Allan McIsaac,	40	1	
П	Alex McLellan,	11.		č
	Angus D McLougall,	11	î	
9	John Ryan.	41	1	
Н	Cassie McDonald.	11	1	
	W B Woods,	**	1	
	Patrick Mahoney,	0	1	ë
-1	Mrs Jas Duggan,	69	1	
	Frank Kacutr,	- 11	- 1	Ô
	Angus McDougall,	**	2	U
1	Rev R McConald,	16	1	Ö
	John Mc Mi lan,	- 0	1	
П	August Shabassol,		1	
ş	Alex Chisholm,		1 (
1	Mrs Alex Lays,	"	2 (
	Andrew McKlinnon,	"	1	
sl	Mrs Simon Baker,		1 (
	James W McLauchlin,	ii ii	1	
1	Thos Carrigan,		1 (
1	Michael A McConald,	ii .		OK S
1	Chas McAllister,	- 11	1 (
	Peter Sullivan,	11		H
	John W Porter,		1 (
	Hugh E Campbell, Dennis Higgins,		1 (
	John McDonald,		1 (
	John J McGillivray,	New Glasgow,	10	16
1	Luke Savage,	Laundon	1 (
1	Cornelius Connolly,	Lourdes,		00
	Angus McDonald,			10
1	Angue meronitiu,	146	1:0	Ŋ

DIED

At her grandmother's residence, Mrs. D McMulin, St. Joseph's, on the 28th ult., after a short lliness, KATE MAY, daughter of Michael McEachern, Sydney, C. B., aged 61 years. Funeral took place at 8t. Joseph's cemetery.

At Eureka, California, July 21st, 19 8. JOHN A. McKinnon, formerly of East Bay, C. B. Deceased has been a resident of Eureka for the past 29 years and was beloved and respected by all who knew him, Requiem High Mass was celebrated at St. Bernard's Church, Rest in peace.

peace,
At the residence of his brother at Doctor's Brook, on the 29th nit, DAN McIsaac, aged 69 years. His long illness was borne with true Christian fortitude, and his frequent reception of the Sacraments fitted him for the end. He leaves a sorrowing widow, three brothers and one sister to mourn his loss. R. I. P.
At Springfield, Ant, on the 20th uit, Marx, residt of the late John McFarlane, at the accounce lage of 86 years. Tee deceased was of a kind and gentle disposition and her death, as

her life, was edifying. She leaves four children to mourn her loss, three sons and a daught r. On Thursday Requiem Mass was sung by Rev. Dr. McPherson. The remains were interred in South River Cemetery. R. I. P.

At Antigonish, August 5, after an illness of over a year, ARCHIBALD McLellan of this town. Deceased was in the seventy-second year of his age, and bore his illness with truly Christian resignation. Fortified by the last rites of the Church, of which he was ever an exemplary member, he peacefully passed to his reward. He leaves one son and three daughters to mourn the loss of a kind and indugent father. Funeral on Friday at 10 a m. May his soul rest in peace!

Control of the second NOVA - SCOTIA - FIRE Інвигансе Сотрану LOWEST RATES Consistent With Safety AGENTS EVERYWHERE Hoad Office: 166 HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAR ARTHUR G. BAILLIE, Menngue STRONG - LIBERAL - PROMPT

RAZORS!

"CRAGG'S SPECIAL" RAZOR.

Narrow, Medium, and Wide, Round or Square Points,

No better Razor can be bought at any price.

Fully Warranted.

If not entirely satisfactory, can be returned and a new one obtained in its place. TRY ONE.

CRAGG BROS. & CO. The Cutlery Hourse of Halifax. HALIFAX,

mmmm

We Save you the Dealer's Profit and Give you time if wanted.

The tendercy in all business to day is to go to the consumer, and the largest distributors are those those catering to mail order trade.

The extent of territory is so much greater than the local dealer commands, that it reduces in as great proportion the cost of doing business and thus our ability to sell you direct at dealers' prices.

Our Standard Top Buggy, \$15 Cash.

Piano or Carning body, 10'0 mile axie, Roller back Curtain, Toepads, etc. \$15 cash and notes at 4,8 and 12 months for \$17.33 each, or \$64 00, cash with order.

Our Farmers' Handy Democrat, \$15 Cash.

fill trimmed removable seat, 9 lbs canscity. Body, 30x78 inches inside. Most serviceable general express bullt, \$15 cash and your notes at 4, 8 and 12 months, for \$13 66 each, or \$35 00 cash with order. Money back if not as represented. Freight guaranteed not to exceed \$3.00 to any point in Canaua, and copy of adv't must accompany repiles.

The Standard Buggy Co., 170 Brussels St., St, John, N, B,

Chisholm, Sweet @ Co.

Special Values produced by determined effort to impress buyers with the many advantages of trading here.

The fixed purpose to increase from month to month the number of permanent buyers at our store leads to this announcement of August discount prices - values which from every point of view, outclass anything we have presented in

Men's Outing Suits.

Men's two-piece suits-coat and trousers-of light-grey tweeds, stylishly tailored and perfect fitting, trousers are made with cuffs, loops for belt and flap pockets, \$12. values reduced to \$7.95; \$8.00 and \$8.75 values reduced to \$5.95.

Men's Linen Vests.

Men's white and fancy linen wash vests, detachable pearl buttons, light and dark colors, \$1.90 and \$2.25 values reduced to \$1.19; \$1.50 and \$1.75 values now 95c.

Boys' Washable Blouses.

Boys' Duck, galatea and gingham blouses, for ages 3 to 7 years, all marked down to to 38c. each.

See Window Display.

WEST END WAREHOUSE

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

ESTABLISHED 1867

B. E. WALKER, President ALEX. LAIRD, General Manager

Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000 Reserve Fund, - 5,000,000

Branches throughout Canada, and in the United States and England

BANK MONEY ORDERS

ISSUED AT THE FOLLOWING RATES: \$5 and under 3 cents

are negotiable at \$4.90 to the £ sterling in Great Britain and Ireland.

They form an excellent method of remitting small sums of money with safety and at small cost, and may be obtained without delay.

ANTIGONISH BRANCH J. H. McQUAID, Manager.

UNIVERSITY OF ST. F. X. COLLEGE

Antigonish Nova Scotia

COURSES of instruction are provided in Arts. Science, Engineering. A thorough literary and scientific training is here given, supervised by educators of learning and experience. University degrees are conferred on students who fulfil the conditions prescribed

St. Francis Xavier's High School gives the same high school course as the best provincial academies. University and High School classes open September 7th, 1908. University classes close May 5th, 1909. High School classes close June, 1909.

Terms: For university s'udents: Arts, science, engineering, residence, board (including bed, bedding, laundry, \$160.00 and tuithon for the university year.

Tuition only (for students not in residence) for \$45.00 the university year.

For high school students: Residence, board, (including bed, bedding, laundry,) and tultion, per week \$5.00

For further information address. REV. H. P. McPHERSON, D. D., President

Orange Cordial and Roue's Carbonated Waters

right off the ice are cool and refreshing drinks. Call at O. R. Graham's and try them.

Fresh Cookies Plain and fancy, received weekly

Groceries of best quality and right prices

Beaver Flour for Sale

D. R. GRAHAM. Telephone 78.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Post-caster General, will be received at Ottawa until

Friday, the 4th Sept. '08 for the conveyance of his Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years six times per week each way, between

Ballentyne's Cove and Antigonish

from the 1st October next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Antigonish, Ballentyne's Cove and intermediate offices and at the office of the Post Office Inspector at Hallfax,

G. C. ANDERSON,

Superintendent.

Post Office Department, Wall Contract Branch Ottawa, 20th July, 1908.

Our Discount Sale

むしゅうかいかっしゅうとうとうしゅうしゅうしんしゅう

Our great discount sale is still on. We are now tabling the balance of our

WHITEWEAR

and will cut the prices in two rather than carry it over. Our Whitewear stock comprises everything required by ladies and children. As an instance of values we have

White Waists, worth 60c. now 25c. Silk Waists, worth \$2.25 now 1.50.

S. O'Brien

The Benealction.

(From the French of Francois Coppee,) (Having read the translation by W. A. K. which we reprinted a few weeks ago, Mr. Robert McEwen of Pictou sends us a translation of another poem of Coppee's.)

It was in eighteen hundred—ves—and nine
That we took Saragossa. What a day
Of untold horrors! I was sergeant then.
The city carried, we laid selge to houses
All shut up close, and with a treacterous look
Raining down shots upon from the windows.
"This is the pricet's doing!" was the word passed
round:

round;
So that, although alt ce day break under arms—
Our eyes with powder smarting, and our mouths
Bitter with kissing cartridge-ends,—piff) piff!
Rattled the murketry with ready aim,
If shovel hat, and long back coat were seen
Flying in the distance
Under the huddled masses of the dead
Rivulets of the blood ran tricking down the
steps.

steps,
While in the background solemnly the church
Loomed up, its doors wide open. We went in
It was a desert. Lighted tapers starred
The inner gloom with points of gold. The in-

The inner gloom with points of gold. The incense
Gave cut its perfume. At the upper end.
Turned to the altar as though unconcerned
in the fierce battle that had raged, a priest,
White haired and tall of stature, to a close
Was bringing tranquilly the mass. So stamped
Upon my memory is that thrilling scene,
That as I speak it comes before me now—
The convent built in Moorish days of old—
The huge brown corpses of the mouks; the sun
Making the red blood on the pavement stream;
And there, framed in by the low porch, the
priest;
And there the altar, brilliant as a shrine:

And there, framed In by the low porch, the pricet;
And there the altar, brilliant as a shrine;
And there the altar, brilliant as a shrine;
Almost afraid. I, certes, in those days
Was a confirmed biasphemer. 'Tis on record
That once, by way of sacrifegious joke,
A chapel being sacked, I lit my pipe
At a wax candle burning on the altar.
This time however, I was awed,—so calm
Was tsat old man.' 'Shoot him! 'our captain cried.

Not a soul budged. The priest, beyond all doubt

He faced us with the elevated Host,
Having that period of the service reached
When on the faithful, benediction fails.
His lifted arms seemed as the spread of wings;
And, as he raised the pyx, and in the air
With it described the cross, each man of us
Fell back, aware the priest no more was trembling,
Than if before him the devout were ranged.
But when, intoned with clear and mellew voice,
The words come to us.—"Vos Benedicat
Deus connepcious" The captain's order
Hang out again and sharply." "Shoot him
down. He faced us with the elevated Host,

down, Or I shall swear!" Then one of ours, a dastard, Levelled his gun and fired. Upstanding still, The pricet changed color, though with steadfast

The priest changed color, though with steadfast look.

Set upwards, and indomitably stern.

"Puter of Films" Lame the words. What irenzy,
What maddening thirst for blood, sent from our ranks

Another shot, I know not; but 'twas done.
The monk with one hand on the altars ledge, Heid himself up; and streauous to complete His benediction, in the other had raised
The consecrated Host. For the third time
Tracing in the air the symbol of lorgiveness,
With eyes closed, and in tones a xceedingly low,
But in the general hush distinctly heard,

"Et Spiritus Sanctus" He said, and ending
His service, ten down dead. The golden pyx.
Rolled baunding on the floor. Then as we stood, stood, en the old troopers, with our muskets

grounded.
And choking horror in our hearts, at sight Of such a shameless muriler, and at sight Of such - martyr,—w th a cauckling laugh "Amen!" drawled out a drummer boy,

The Work of the Sisters of St Vincent of Paul in China.

Lady & gues De Trafford in Dlustrated Catholic

Having lately returned from a visit to China, I believe it may be of interest to some of your readers to have a short description of the great work done by the Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent of Paul, whose house in Ningpo I had occasion to visic. No one who has not seen it for himself, can tully realize what life in a Chinese city means. The Sisters have two houses in Ningpo, one in the Foreign Concession where the men and boys are cared for, and the other—where most of our time was spent—in the very heart of the city itself, where the women, girls, babies, and outside sick are the objects of the Sisters' care and devotion. We went in carrying chairs, as few Europeans would care to thread their way on foot through the way on foot through the narrow, dirty, crowded streets, where thousands are hurrying to and fro like busy bees, all shouting to clear the way, nearly all carrying a burden of some sort, and most of them huge baskets or boxes slung on the ends of a long bamboo across their shoulders, with which owing to the narrowness of the streets and the speed with which they hustle along, they are continually banging into everyone else. The smiling good humor with which these pumps are received struck me. I must confess, as most exemplary! Some of the side streets are only 4 ft. wide, so narrow that a carrying chair and a man on foot can only pass by the latter flattening himself against the wall. The heat and smell of these streets in the hot summer months must be almost unendurable. After about 20 minutes' journey from the bridge of boats by which you cross from the European Concession into the City proper, you reach a fairly broad and light street, on one side of which is the long high wall of the Convent, and on the opposite side a small doorway in another high wall which leads to the Ca holic Church and the house where the Bishop, Mon-seigneur Reynaud, and the Fathers live. At the time of the Boxer Riots, this street was packed with a seething mob of infuriated Chinese who came to attack the Convent and were only waiting for someone to give the signal for the attack, when the timely inter-vention of a Mandarin saved the Sisters from a death too horrible to imagine. Inside the Convent wall a vista of two or three courtyards filled with bright flowers and green shrubs forms a pleasing contrast to the streets one has lately traversed, and one rejoices to think that these devoted Sisters have at least something peaceful and pretty in their immediate surroundings. On one side of the courtyard, as you enter, is the chapel; facing you are the Sisters' communityroom and dormitories, and the rest of the buildings are devoted each to is own special branch of the Sisters'

Near the entrance are the Dispensary and waiting rooms for men and women, where for about 31 hours

every morning the poor Chinese come have teeth extracted, wounds dressed, and simple remedies for ordinary complaints dealt out to them by the Sisters free of charge. Beyond this is the Nursery, where some twenty or thirty babies, some only two or three days old, who have lately been given to the Holy Childhood, are being minded and fed with bottles by two or three native women, while foster-mothers are being found for them, to whose care they are confided till they reach the age of four. An ingenioue arrangement of baskets, fixed on to bamboos and slung from the ceiling, enables one women from the ceiling, enables one women from her bed to rock twenty sleeping or crying babies at once by the pulling of a string. These little creatures are generally brought to the door by some friend or neighbour of the parents, who knows that the latter do not wish to preserve the life of their new-born to preserve the life of their new-born infant, generally from poverty, and though not having prospects of being able to feed any more mouths. It is always the daughters who are thus disposed of, the sons are more gladly welcomed. It is well-known that the Sisters will take in any baby brought

Above the Nursery is the Women's Hospital, where any poor women not requiring surgical aid are received.

Our next visit was to the Work-rooms, where there were about 200 children engaged in various kinds of work-the small girls were making simpler kinds of torchon and other lace, and the bigger girls, besides lace-making, wer busy at drawn thread work, and embroideries on muslin, silk, grass-cloth, etc., etc. They make charming blouses, dress - trimmings, silk scarves, etc., and their lace-work is really excellent. Some were doing orders for Paris shops, others private orders, and some just working for sale. In another room were about 60 cripples, blind, maimed and paralized, some with no feet at all, their feet having dropped off when frost-bi ten after being bound up to be made small in the Chinese fashion by their mother or mother--in - law, to whom they are often sold at a very early age. When the child is found to be footless, she is brought to the Sisters and handed over. These poor cripples are given some sort of work, when possible, to occupy them. The blind were knitting or spinning cotton for others to weave into stuffs, or making apron strings by means of a card of bamboos with little holes which they pushed up and down. Two paralized children were together, each with one hand, plaiting braid, as one ordinary child with two hands would have done it alone. Some of those possessing both eyes and hands were making very fine lace collarettes, etc. The Sisters told us that on an average they calculated that one child kept for 20 Mexican dollars a year, or about £2 in English money.

Last year, through the unfortunate condition of things in France, the "Allocation" from the funds of the Holy Childhood was greatly diminished, and this year they fear it will be even worse, in which case it will be very hard to make ends meet unless help comes from elsewhere.

On the other side of the chapel are the works connected with the Association for the Propagation of the Faith, and the Technical School for embroidery. There are first the catechumen women and girls, who are being itstructed and prepared for the sacraments; the school children, some of whom live in the house; and the aged women numbering some thirty to forty-some blind or otherwise afflicted, who have no means of support, but who through admissiom to the Home are able to learn the elements of Christianity, and die a good Christian death. It costs about £2 8s od, a year to keep and clothe one of these poor old people, and they pend on chance donations for their support, their being a regular found-ation for two only. The Sisters are therefore very greatful to obtain a little help towards this good work, as money received from the Holy Child-hood cannot be applied to it. The Technical School is famous in many places for the beautiful satin, etc., embroideries produced here, bed-covers, portieres, table-cloths, screens, cushions, table centres, etc., etc., some in very beautiful old Italian, others in real Chinese designs, to suit all tastes. Their prices are very moderate, and orders are greatfully received, and work can be sent to all parts of the world. Beyond the work-room are the boys who draw the designs which the girls and women will signs which the girls and women will embroider, and the boys who weave the satin and silks on which the em-proideries will be worked. The silk is brought in in skeins in its raw state, dyed, spun and woven on the premises. Another departure of the technical school is the room where women, who are incapable of learning to do the fine embroideries, can earn an honest livlihood by weaving a strong striped cloth to be sold in the Chinese shops.

After visiting all the various workrooms and schools, etc., in the house, all of which were most intensely interesting, we were taken through the out-houses, where the rice, brought in in its raw state, is beaten and sifted from the husks, and the kitchen where the rice-the staple food of the 400 Chinese inmates of the house—is cooked. The husks of the rice supply the only fuel burned in the kitchenstove, which is found to be as successful and far more economical than coal or wood.

There are also workers belonging to the technical school who live out in the town, and these have to be visited and supervised, while the babies out to nurse are also visited from time to time. On the first of the moon, all the fostermothers are expected to bring their little charges to be seen, and if they look thin and uncared for, the foster- toga;

mother is changed or reprimanded. It is a sight to see the crowds of babies collected on pay-day, some strapped to a woman's back, others in baskets slung to a pole or carried in various uncomfortable-looking ways. The Sisters also go out to visit the

ck poor in town and villages around Ningpo when ever they can spare time. The country is very thickly populated and all intersected with canals. Two, three, or four Sisters. with as many women, go off early in a boat to a distant village, each armed with a basket of simple remedies. Arrived at the village, they separate, each Sister taking a woman, and they are at once invited to look at all sick babies or people. During the summer the babies die like flies; any especially sickly infant is harrived.

sickly infant is baptized.

We also visited the Sisters' other
Ningpo established for men and boys. There they have aged men, a hospital, an asylum for cripples and blind and infirm, and an orphanage and day school for boys. All are employed according to their aptitudes, some making shoes, or tape, or mats, some even

In the Hospital they often are asked to receive poor prisoners who have been so cruelly tortured, either to be forced to confess a crime of which they are accused, or in punishment for some offence, that it is often impossi-ble to cure them. soldiers will sometimes get 1,000 strokes of the bamboo for bad drill at a review, or for insub-ordination, and are admitted with their bones all disjointed or their flesh peeling away. The goalers make a point of torturing every night all the prisoners who cannot bribe them to leave them alone. With the little means at their disposal, the Sisters can only strive to do the best they can to alleviate their pains, and make those likely to die, learn enough of the truths of religion to desire and receive Baptism.

We heard that in Hangchow on account of the scarcity and dearness of rice, the Sisters had been forced to close their Hospital, as they could barely provide rice for the children under their care, and were already \$800 in debt for rice alone. Donations would be most greatfully received to enable them to buy in a store at harvest-time, when it is cheap, instead of being forced to buy at the high

prices later on.

I am told the houses of the Sisters at Kiukiang, Chusan, Tsofoupan are all much the same as the one at Ningpo. Three practical ways of helping the Sisters at any of these places would be:

1st. To send orders for embroidery

or lase work.

2nd. To adopt a baby or infant child, and send \$20 (£1) a year.

3rd. to adopt an old woman and send \$24 (£1 8s, od.) a year.

At St. Joseph's, Ningpo, or St Vincent's Kiukiang, where they have homes for old and young and infirm of the male sex, the same sum (£1 8s od.) the male sex, the same sum (&1 8s od.) may be offered for an old man or a little boy.

I trust this little account of our personal experiences may interest your readers, and encourage more to help the devoted missionaries and sisters who work among the poor Chinese, who are so sadly handi-capped for want of means,

AGNES DE TRAFEORD. P. S.-I would gladly receive and forward any subscriptions sent to me at my address :

Hothorpe, Theddingworth, Rugby. [Donations will also be thankfully received and acknowledged by Illus-trated Catholic Missions, 19, Henrietta Street, Convent Garden, London, W. C. ED. I. C. M.]

What is Diffting?

The carpenters building a house for me talk about the "diffting." I have not cared to display my ig norance before them, but all the dictionaries I have consulted prove just as knowledgeless as I. Now what is diffting, and whence the E. T. BREWER. word?

Quite right about the dictionaries. neither in that form nor in such other variant spellings as will naturally suggest themselves does it appear to have attracted the attention of the lexicographers. Its meaning is found to be the packing with cement between the wall plate of the house frame and the top foundation course, the stuffing of every chink to keep the cold away. This may prove an acceptable suggestion as to its origin. In England where thatch roofs are set upon houses it is usual to chink the space between the first horizontal timber which holds the rafters and the upper surface of the stone wall. The most convenient thing for this purpose in cotters' architecture is the divot or diffet, a piece of turf. It is quite likely that from divot has come the word diffting and that with improved building it has chaged its place of application and then the material employed- One would like to know more of a word that seems as old as this .- New York Sun.

" My stenographer can write one hundred words a minute."

"So can mine, but she dosen't seem to care what words she writes,'

Could you be happy in a cottage? Why certainly, Harold. Where is the cottage? At Newport or Sara-

For Sale.

The property owned by Archibald McLellan, ituated at the East End, Maia St., Town. The aid property consists of a good house and barn. For further information apply tr.

C. D. MCKENZIE.

Can you afford to lose money daily?

The superiority of the Separator process over the "old style" in the extraction of butter fat from milk, is no longer a matter of discussion. What concerns the up-to-date dairy farmer now-a-days is the superiority of one kind of separator over another. It is by public competition only that this superiority can be decided.

Sharples Tubular wins every time

This is the result of the Scotsburn, Pictou Co, contest in May 1907, under the supervision of Mr. Geo. A. Ransom, the Dominion Government expert and committee of ten of the Scotsburn creamery directors.

SHARPLES TUBULAR skimmed 6 times cleaner than the MELOTTE.
SHARPLES TUBULAR

skimmed 6 times cleaner than the De Laval.
SHARPLES TUBULAR skimmed 9 times cleaner than the Magnet.

SHARPLES TUBULAR skimmed 10 times cleaner than the Empire (new style).
SHARPLES TUBULAR also skimmed 15 times cleaner than

the Massey Harris at Gananoque, Ontario, on Nov. 13th, And what about those separ-

ators that does not enter in open They avoid such contests lest they too he among the defeated.

Durability Test

Attached to a driving apparatus, turning it as a man would, a Sharples Separator has run 50 hours a week for one year, which is equal to the actual work in a ten cow dairy for 52 years, and nearing the end of the test required only 75 cents worth of repairs. This proves beyond a doubt the great dur-ability of the Sharples Separator.

Buy the easiest cleaned, the closest skimmer, and the most durable separator.

Sharples Tubular

Thomas Somers ANT GONISH.

P. S. Another shipment of Favourite Revolving Churns and Washing Machines just received.

me em

Receeeseseseseseseses

ROUE'S CARBONATED WATERS

Come to you with all the excellence that can only come from good materials, pure water a d superior methods of manufacture and bottiling.

Satisfied customers are good customers, and these you can obtain If you handle

ROUE'S CARBONATED WATERS

(Postal brings price list.)

JAMES ROUE

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA

Cash Market

Having bought out the good will and business heretofore conducted and known as the Cash Market by S. Arscott & Co., opposite the Post Office, the undersigned now offer to the public, at lowest prices, all kinds of

Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers And a full line of

Crockeryware, No. 1 July Herring. Highest prices paid IN CASH for Hides,

McGillivray & McDonald

Opposite Post Office. ANTIGONISH, N. S. Professional Cards

DR. J. L. McISAAC

Office next door to Somers & Co.

Main Street, ANTIGONISH Residence: Queen Hotel.

Telephone No. 66.

J. C. GILLIS,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON

SPECIAL COURSES: Obstetrics: G. M. Lutsinger, M. D.

Surgery : Chas. F. Blake, M.D., A. Cotton, M. D. Physical Diagnosis: F. Dyer Sanger, M. D.

OFFICE: Near Mr. Griffin's, Barris-ter, Main St., Antigonish.

R. GILLIS ARCHITECT.

Special attention given to Concrete Structures, Heating and Ventilation. Sydney, C. B.

DR. C. S. AGNEW. DENTIST.

Office, over Cope and's Drug Store, Office Hours, 9 to 12 and 1 to 4.30.

AVIN GIRROIR, LL. B.

BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR

Agent Norwich Union Fire Insurance Ce ANTIGONISH, N. S.

BURCHELL & McINTYRE,

BARRISTERS AND NOTARIES. OFFICE:- The Royal Bank Building, SYDNEY, C. B. CHARLES J. BURCHELL, LL. B. A. A. MCINTYRE, LL. B.

C. CHISHOLM,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Agent for North American Life

Insurance Company. Also for Fire and Accident Companes.

Office. Town Office Building. MAIN STREET. ANTIGONISH. N. 5

Joseph A. Wall, BARRISTER, OLICITOR, ETC.

Agent for Fire, Life and Accident

MONEY TO LOAN ON SATISFACTORY REAL ESTATE SECURITY. Office over Canadian Bank of Commerce

ANTIGONISH, N. S.

CARRIAGES

Just arrived, one carload Tudhope carriages. These carriages are undoubtedly the best finished manufactured in Canada. Guaranteed first-class material and workman-ship. Axles, long distance; recess collars, dust proof, requires oiling but once or twice in a season, also driving har-ness, farming implements, team wagons, cart wheels, cream separators at lowest prices. Call and examine these goods, and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

PETER McDONALD EAST END

wh the

CHE

thm

up.

Wil

up

ern and

Agricultural Warehouse

For this season's haying we are supplied with Deering Mowers (single and double) Rakes and Tedders and a full line of best quantity Scythes, Snaths, Forks, Rakes, Mowing Machine Oil, etc.

F. R. Trotter

LOT FOR SALE.

I am authorized to offer for sale, the lot to the South of and adjoining that of Sheriff Chisholm's, on College Street. Antigonish, with the buildings thereon. I also have several farms for sale. Particulars on application

F. H. MACPHIE, Agent.

Antigonish, N. S., July 7th, 1968.

A Song tor the Child-Workers.

0.

6.

be

er,

٥.,

rer

ris-

cte

n.

ore.

.95.

B.

e Co

B

B . F

ons

TORY

nerce

8.

S

3.

gent.

By Denis A. McGarthy.

Shall we cheat them of their childhood?

Shall we rob them of their right?

Shall we bend their shrinking shoulders reach the load?

Shall we stant their slender bodies? Shall we stant their souls of light?

Shall we deal with them by Greed's accursed code?

Ab, my brothers, from your ledgers for moment turn away?

Ah, my sisters, leave your foliles and your toys.

And give ear to one whose song is for human live to dar.

For the bodies and the souls of girls and hogs!

nearly do we pay for progress, dearly are our profits priced.

If we have to rob the school to run the mill, and our creed's the creed of Mammon, not the genle creed of Christ.

If the little otes He loved must suffer still-lot us cease our foolish babble of the rolling tide of trade,

Let us brate no more of traffic and its noise it the wheels of Commerce rattle o'er a roadway that is made

Of the bodies and the souls of girls and boys.

Shall we cheat them of their childhood, shall we rob them of their right?

Shall we bind them to the charlot of gain?
Shall the childish brain be blunted, shall the little face grow white

In the crowded hives of Industry—and Pain?
Ah, my brothers!—Ah, my sisters! You had better turn away

From your ledges and your dividends and

For a menuce to the future is the thrift that thrives to day On the bodies and the souls of girls and American Primary Teacher,

Mrs. Taft on Divorce.

It is with great pleasure that we note that Mrs. Taft, the wife of the Re-publican canadate for the Presidency, and who some day may be "the first lady of the land," has pronounced views on the divorce evil which are in accordance with the teachings of the Catholic Church. In a published interview which appeared in the New York papers shortly after her husband was nominated at Chicago, she is reported

"If it were in my power, divorce would be stopped entirely. Of course, there are cases where separation might be legally granted, but there should be no remarriage allowed. The laxity of our divorce laws is a menace to the very moral fibre of our nation. It is an appalling evil and it seems to be on the increase instead of diminishing. remember the time one read of ersons one never knew who obtained divorces, but now every one comes in contact with divorced people—in every class of society—ones own personal friends on every hand. It is countenanced by the so-called highest social circles, and it is made light of, and a woman, in many instances, is received with as much favor after she is divorced as she was before. Such conditions are shocking and are most demoralizing. Wherever and when-ever I could do anything to influence legislators to make more stringent divorce laws I would do it, and I be-

ieve that every woman in America should feel the same way.' This is the language of a good Christian and a good American. Mrs. Tatt, like every good and true woman, feels her soul revolt at the shocking and horrid spectacle of men and women treating matrimony as a temporary union which may be dis-solved for the most frivolous reasons, What she says of the increase in the number of divorces will be confirmed by all who have bestowed any attenion upon the divorce question. Of late years the very flood gates have been opened and the land covered with the ruins of once happy homes, It is an appaling state of things which can no longer be ignored with safety. The Catholic Church in America is doing her best, but there are millions whom she cannot reach. How these can be influenced by legal and social restraints is a question of transcendent importance. Mrs. Taft is one of those who recognize how much is involved. volved in some such attempt. Her statement of the character of the evil to be fought, we commend to all true

lovers of their country. Here it is:
"When a country's people—even a small percentage of them—go into the most sacred relations in life with such a thought as anticipated divorce, then there is grave danger ahead for the home and the nation. We might build up the greatest navy in the world; we might have the good will of every ruler of the earth; we might have a credit and commerce unparalled in the history of nations; but when within the homes of our country there is moral laxity and family ties can be broken up in a twinkling, through a process of law that is looked upon as a matter of course-just as one would file a will or a deed-then there is a greater danger to our country than could come from a war with a foreign nation.

"I may seem to be very radical upon this subject, but to me there is as the one we are now discussing."

When the great mass of American men and women share the views here bet forth their will be formed a body public opinion which will be irresistible in its onward sweep. Con-gress and the State legislature will be powerless to resist it, even if they ould have the desire to do so. Let us hope that in the near future a holy crusade in defense of American homes and of the sanctity of matrimony will be inaugurated. Such a crusade will we the blessing and the aid of the Catholic Church in the United States. New York Freeman's Journal.

The Clerical "Scandals" in Italy.

Some time ago there appeared in a ondon Nonconformist publication entitled 'The Christian,' an article by a certain Rev. A. Robertson, D. D. dated Venice. This gentleman under look in the said sheet to show the extent to which immorality abounded in

secular presbyteries of the Italian peninsula. Naturally enough, with the columns of Nonconformist 'Christian' open to him as wide as might be, this gentleman availed himself of his opportunity to place before the Noncon-formist public such a mass of prurient detail as it had not, for many a long day enjoyed at the expense of what the British Nonconformist terms the 'Romans,' Comment on the article in question was rife in Nonconformist dailies; preachers—or 'speakers'—in Nonconformist pulpits, made passing illusions to the state of degradation into which the 'Romans' were daily into which the 'Romans' were daily falling, and under the very shadow of the Vatican itself, and, pharisaically, all who called themselves Nonconformists, thanked Heaven that they were as they were, and not as the followers of Catholic teaching.

With that strange, but really questionable simplicity that characterizes opponents of the Catholic Church, when they attempt to rend her. Mr.

when they attempt to rend her. Mr. Robertson looked, when in Venice, for his facts in what were and are admittedly the bitterest anti-clerical organs tedly the bitterest anti-clerical organs of the peninsula. He may have known, or he may not have known, that there is at the present moment in progress in Italy, a fanatical anti-Catholic propaganda which has been traced unmistakably to its source in the dove-cotes of Fragorasony, has been subsidized. of Freemasonry; has been subsidized by the money of Freemasons; is wholly engineered by Freemasonry, and, like the similar movement in France which eventually led to the closing of the religious institutions, and the disestablishment of the Church, is sanctioned by the anticlerical factions among the govering authorities. What the nature of the charges made, actually was, need not be mentioned, since it serves no purpose. Suffice it to say that priests and nuns were accused of all sorts of crimes against their charges in all manner of institutions,

Mr. Robertson gives a list of twenty-seven specific charges of the grossest kind. It will be remembered that in the early part of the French Church crisis, an especial propaganda was set in motion in the venal press of France, and that many a 'largest circulation was built up by the most scurrilous French sheets, simply because day the vilest obscenities and the most abominable charges against defenceless priests and nuns were made by the lowest type of newspaper rats, and eagerly devoured by 'the politest and most chivalrous people in Europe.

Precisely the same methods are being adopted by the Italian anti-clerical party to effect what, unfortunately, was so well effected in France. The character of the sheets publishing the obscene charges was of the same type as that used in France to spread defamation of the religious; the style is almost identical; nay, the acute eye can almost discern the money-value attaching to each specific charge.

In the American Catholic Quarterly Review, the Very Rev. J. Hagan, of the Irish College, Rome, investigates in a very impartial way the whole accusation. He brings to his enquiry a cool method of reasoning of which not many such good Catholics would be canable, in view of the obvious exbe capable, in view of the obvious exaggerations or ignorance of Mr. Robertson. Above all, Father Hagan disproves, of the twenty-seven specific charges, every single charge, and shows that the better classes, of Ita-lian journals themselves admitted the falsity of the attacks; and that where charges were upheld, it was shown and proved, beyond cavil or dispute that the so-called religious guilty of crimes against youth were masqueraders in religious grab without commission or charter from any eccles-iastical authority to open or conduct any religious or educational institution. He shows, too, that notwithstanding the false character of many of the so-called nuns and priests, the public authorities allow them to pursue their nefarious professions, and solely be cause it was in the interests of the 'System' which proposed to do for Italy, what similar methods had done

As Father Hagan says, quoting Luther: 'The good priests more than counterbalance the bad; unworthy monks are honored because of the worthy. But here we have thoughtless men rising up against the entire body as if they themselves were pure and stainless, whereas, interiorly and exteriorly, they are nothing better than a common market and exhibition of hogs and sows .- New York Freeman's Journal.

Revising the Vulgate.

Roman Correspondence of the London Standard, As I ascended the Aventine Hill one evening in the biting Tramontana wind of Roman winter, and walked up the great avenue of cypresses, dark and misterious in the cold moonlight, to the beautiful College of St. Anselmo -one of the finest modern buildings in Romestanding in such peaceful isolation among the vineyards and convents and old churches, I could not but admire the taste of the Benedictines in the matter of monastries, and my thoughts turned to that ideal mother house of the order, perched on the heights of Monte Cassion, with its unbroken tradition of nearly fourteen centuries of culture and erudition, and I felt that it was indeed fit that the great work of the revision of the Vulgate should have been entrusted by Pope Pius X. to the followers of St. Benedict.

I entered the college and passing the line of students, in their characteristic black Benedictine cassocks, round one on all sides is quite incalthe monasteries, convents, religious tensue black believe hour before culable.'

supper, I followed the lay brother to the visitors' parlor, with its bar walls and simple furniture, where, after a minutes' waiting, I was joined by Abbot Gasquet, the directing spirit of this great undertaking, who kindly allowed me to see him in order that he might explain to me something of what is to be done, and how it is to be accomplished. Dom Gasquet began by saying that the Vulgate revision is a work that is very near and dear to the heart of Pins X., who indeed, had impressed upon him that neither time, labor nor money was to be spared to render it as scientifically correct as possible. "It is an almost appalling task to set an old man of sixty-two," said the abbot, smiling, through his roburst physique and keen, alert eyes are more like those of a man ten or twelve years younger, " and I cannot hope to see it accomplished in my lifetime. I expect to do little more than organize it all, and I hope to arrange to break up the work into divisions, so that perhaps in the course of the next three years the revision of the Psalms or the Pentateuch might be brought to completion.

"What I should like people to realize is the immensity of the task that we have undertaken. No results will be obtained in a hurry. What we have to do is to gather together and collate all the known and unknown copies of St. Jerome's great translation of the Sacred Writings up to those of the eleventh century. They divide themselves into great families, each with its special variations, peculiarities and mistakes, that resemble each other. The great 'Gallicana' version is that which is now universally adopted in the Catholic Church, with the one exception of St. Peter's in Rome, where the canons use the 'Roman version. I hope eventually to make a complete list of all the known versions, but for our own purpose about fifty of the best and most correct copies will be used for guidance and comparison. Some of the finest are of Saxon origin, as, for example, the Alcuin copy, which is to be found in the Vallicelliana Library, in Rome, and the Codex Amiatinus, now in the Laurentian Library, in Florence, which has a most interesting history. It was one of three copies made in the great monastery of Jarrow, from which St. Bede came, and the Abbot Ceolfrid left the monastery with one of the copies, which was to be presented to the Pope. The abbot died on the journey, and the great codex was entirely lost sight of.

"St. Bede had quoted certain lines from the dedication of this copy, and De Rossi, the great Roman Christian archaeologist, discovered that part of the dedication of the Codex Amiatinus had been erased, and under the writing that was superposed he was able to decipher words that indisputably proved it to be the long-lost copy from Jarrow. This codex is probably the best and nearest to St. Jerome of all that have come down to us."

Abbot Gasquet then gave me some idea of the vast amount of expert knowledge and patient labor that is at the command of the commission over which he presides, in the members of the Benedictine order, and of the exceptional access which their position gives them to places in which valuable manuscripts may be found. "If the unpaid labor of love that we shall provide," said the abbot, "had to be paid for even at the most modest rate, the expense of the work would be almost prohibitive; but such such work as ours cannot be had for nothing. Travelling and other expenses will have to be provided, and when the Holy Father asked me what I thought the cost of the work would be, I said that even on our economical lines the annual expense could not be less than £1,000, and might easily be more.

"I have already had many letters of sympathy and offers of expert help, and some money both from America and England, which has been very welcome and encouraging, and I hope is only an earnest of more to come. My life will be entirely given up to the task, and I shall spend many months of the year in Rome. though I hope eventually to have three other chief centres-in Paris, London and Madrid. Here in this college the Pope has kindly allowed me to have any manuscripts however valuable, that I need from the Vatican Library, and the assistance that it is to work in one's own study with manuscripts and papers spread



D. GRANT KIRK ANTIGONISH, N. S.

FOR SALE.

That well known farm situate at College Grant, within one mile of the famous

Copper Mine,

lately owned by William McDonaid, brother of the Kloudike King, contoining 200 acres more or less. This is a rare chance to secure a first class farm at a low price. For further particulars apply to

T. J. SEARS, Lochaber.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

Homestead Regulations.

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, excepting 8 and 25, not reserved, may be homestaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one quarter section of 160 acres more or less.

Application for entry must be made in person Application for entry must be made in person by the applicant at a Dominion Lands Agency or Sub agency for the district in which the land is situate Entry by proxy may however, be made at an Agency on certain conditions by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader.

DUTIES - (1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years.

(2) A homesteader may, if he so desires, perform the required residence duties by living on farming land owned solely by him, not less than eighty (80) acres in extent, in the vicinity of his homestead. He may also do so by living with father or mother on certain conditions Joint ownership in land will not meet this requirement.

(3) A homesteader intending to perform his residence duties in accordance with the above while living with parents or on farming land owned by himself must norify the Agent for the district of such intention.

W W. CORY. Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Amendments to Town By-Laws.

The following amendments to the Bye-Laws of the Town of Antigonish respecting attle going at large, and dogs, were recently approved by the Lleut Goveroor in Council:

Sec. 2 of chapter 7, respecting animals going at large, is hereby repeated and the following substituted therefor:

Sec. 2 Before any animal impounded for the breach of any law or by-law, shall be released the owner thereof, or the party applying for the release, shall pay the following forfelture, viz:

for the release, shall pay the following forfetture, viz:
For each notice when given. \$25
For unlocking poundand releasing animal 1 to
For providing provender for the animal
walle in pound, if a horse, cost cow or
piz, each day. 50
If a calf, sheep or goose, each day. 25
The above fees for unlocking pound and
giving notice, and the net process of the other
tees for feeding and fines shall go to the use of
the T. wn, when the animal is impounded by
the policeman or poundkeeper,

and one-half of the charge for unlock-ing pound and one-half of the fine (if any) shall go to any person other than the policeman or pound-keeper impounding an animal found going

and the balance of the fees and fines shall go to the use of the Town.

Sec 4 of said chapter is absolutely repealed and the following substituted:

Sec. 4(a). The owner of any horse, ass, colt, ox, cow, bull, pig or sheep found going at large within the meaning of and against the provisions of this chapter,

shall forfeit and pay as a penalty a sum not less than one dollar (\$1 00) nor more than ten dollars (\$10.00)

for each offence, and in default of a payment thereof, shall be liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 10 days.

period not exceeding 10 days.

(b) The owner of any hens, turkeys, geese, ducks, or other fowl found going at large with in the meaning of, and against the provisions of this chapter, shall forfeit and pay as a penalty the sum of not less than one dollar (\$1.00) nor more than fire dollars (\$5.00) for each offence and in default of a payment thereof shall be liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 10 days.

ing 10 days.

Sec. 2 of chapter 9, respecting dogs, is hereby amended by striking out the words one dollar in the first line thereof, and substituting there for the words two dollars, and inserting after the word "dog" in said line the words 'and tax is payable on or before the ist day of a pril each vone.

year.

Not ce is hereby given that warrants will be issued for the collection of all dog taxes ungain on the 2:th is-t also that the above by law respecting the impounding of animals found going at large will be strictly enforced after this date

and that the maximum fee will be imposed to every case of violation of said by law.

Dated July 9, 78

FARM for SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm at Dunmore, South River, known as the John McDonahi (Gray) farm. It consists of about 115 acres of excellest hand, up and and interval, well watered and wooded. There are good buildings on the premises, a large house we'l fin Ished and two barns.

This property is on the daily stage line between Antigonish and Ishac's Harbor, within 3 miles of St. Andrew's Church, a few hundred yards of Dunmore school and within haif a mile of Post and Telephone offices.

Here is one of the most destrable farms at South River. It will be sold at a reasonable figure.

Tracadle, N. S., July 18th, 1908.



When You Want Society Supplies

Such as Badges, Pins, Buttons,

for League of the Cross and Auxiliaries' Holy Name Society, St. Aloysia Sodailty, or any Society you belong to, or

Souvenir Spoons

as prizes for K of C, C M B A, L O C, or P W A, send to us. We will send samples and prices upon request.

T. P TANSEY

14 Drummond St. MONTREAL

DRUGS.

our line is complete in

Drugs and Patents Medicines, Pills. All kinds Ointments, Soaps, Per-fumes, sponges, Pipes, Cigars, Tobacco.

*OSTER BROS.' Tonic Pills, Beef Iron and Wine. FOSTER BROS.' Syrup Hy

phosphites. Physicians Prescriptions Carfully Compounded. Mail Orders promptly filled.

House Telephone No. 48. Office Telephone No. 16.

Foster Bros. Druggists, Antigonish.



And All Points in United States,

SAILINGS In effect June 27th, 1908. HALIFAX to BOSTON,

Tuesdays, 7 a. m. Fridays, 7 a. m. and Saturdays midnight. Hawkesbury to Boston Fridays 9 p. m. From Bostor Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Through tickets for sale, and baggage thecked by Railway agents.

For all Information apply to Plant Line
Agents at Halifax, and Hawkesbury. H. L. CHIPMAN,

\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2

One car No. 1 Chop Feed

OATS and CORN

Also

American FLY OIL For Cattle and Horses

C. B. Whidden & Son

N.W ADVERTIONALNIO. Snits and Vests-Chisholm, Sweet & Co.

page 5
Teacher Wanted—William Tate, page 8
Farm for Sale—Wm B Boudlier, page 8
Fenders Wanted—W Vinten, page 8
Property for Sale—James Gordon, page 8
Auction Sale—A A McDonald, page 8
Razors—Cragg Bros & Co., page 5
Teacher Wanted—D C Chisholm, page 8 Noxious Weeds-D McDonald, M C, page 8

LOCAL ITEMS

MANY ACKNOWLEDGMENTS and other matter crowded out.

WALDREN'S photo studio will be open until noon Saturday.

THE ANTIGONISH Field Battery will leave for Pettewawa on September 1st and the advance party on August 29th.

THE CONGREGATION of Stella Maris will hold a grand picnic on the Convent grounds August 12th and 13th. Those who have attended picnics in Pictou, realize that two days of fun and amusement is in store for those that will attend.

On August 11th and 12th, a picnic will be held at Dover, Guysboro Co., in aid of the new Catholic church now being built. Meals will be served in the new building and a good time may be anticipated, as Dover affords all the advantages of an ideal picnic

HYMENEAL.—At the parish church St. Andrews, July 28th, Rev. Dr. Hugh McPherson united in marriage, Miss Jennie McLean of Pinevale and Angus D. Boyd, of Frasers Mills. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mary McLean and Mr. Hugh Boyd acted as best man. After the ceremony the happy couple drove to the home of the bride's father where a re-ception was held. The young couple will reside at Frasers Mills.

THE FARM belonging to Mr. F. D. McNeil of Briley Brook, which was advertised in this paper a few weeks ago, under the name A. B. has been sold. The purchaser, Mr. Alexander McDonald, Browns Mountain, also bought the stock and implements, paying the sum of \$3,700 for the whole. Mr. McNeil is going to reside in town. The purchaser intends sellin town. The purchaser intends selling off the stock and implements. For particulars see adv.

THE SCOTTISH CONCERT held here last week under the auspices of Clan Chisholm, was a most delightful affair. In point of numbers it was not a success, as the majority who attend the concerts were out of town. Miss Ogilvie's rendition of Scottish Songs was excellent while Mr. Prescott proved himself a prince of enter-tainers. Miss Foster of Halifax was an excellent accompanist. Mr. Peter Kerr, Royal Secretary, delivered an eloquent address on Scotland.

ORDINATION.—On June 29th, 1908, John N. McLennan, of Dunvegan, Inverness Co., was raised to the dignity Inverness Co., was rused to the dignity of the holy priesthood. Father MacLennan is a graduate of St. Francis Xavier College (class of '04) he pursued his theological studies at the Grand Seminary, Montreal. Ordination took place at Joilette, Quebec, his Lordship Bishop Archambault, officiating. Father McLennan has been appointed assistant to Father M. Mullins, at ssistant to Father M. Mullins, at North Sydney.

JOHN O'LEARY, of Melrose, Guysboro Co., met with a very painful accident while leading (in tow) a horse from Goshen to Lochaber. Mr. O'Leary had the leading rope of the horse in tow run through the iron foot rest at the bortom of his wagon and the end of the rope wayned around his the end of the rope wound around his left hand. In starting, the horse in tow, instead of going forward, bolted, drawing Mr. O'Leary's hand down be-tween the iron foot rest and the bottom of the wagon. So quickly was it done and with such force that the unfortunate man was unable to free his hand, three of the fingers on his left hand were taken off at the first joint.

A VERY SAD DROWNING accident took place at New Bedford, Mass., on August 1st. Miss Mary Magurie, the victim, was knocked overboard by the boom of the sloop yacht Ishta of which she was one of the four occupants, Miss Maguire is the daughter of Mr. Frank and Margaret Maguire formerly of Upper Ohio, Antigonish County. The family moved to New Bedford some 4 or 5 years ago; the unfortunate girl who is about 18 years old leaves a father, mother 4 sisters and 3 brothers to mourn her loss. The and 3 brothers to mourn her loss. The family were well known and respected in this county and much sympathy is felt for the family in their sad bereave-

CALENDARS OF ST. FRANCIS XAVIER'S—The Calendar of the Univ-ersity of St. Francis Xavier's College, which, as already stated in these columns, was unduly delayed in the hands of the printers, is now before the public. It is a neat booklet of ninety-three pages, and will doubtless prove interesting reading to the many patrons of St. Francis Xaviers. It is evident that this institution is maintaining the high reputation that it won years ago for honest and thorough educational work. Courses are outlined which lead to degrees in Arts, Letters, Science, and Engineering. The total staff during the past university year, professors, lecturers and tutors, included twenty four persons. The Calendar of the St. Francis High School, which is also the Provincial County Academy for Antigonish, has also been issued. As stated in the Calendar, this High School has been re organized, and all necessary arrangements have been are outlined which lead to degrees in necessary arrangements have been completed to ensure good and honest work. The terms are most reason-ble, as our readers will see by another column of THE CASKET.

A TERRIFIC WIND and rain storm commenced here last Sunday night and continued until 2. a. m. on Monday. Two barns, the property of Pro-

lessor A. G. Macdonald, were completely wrecked. A portion of the roof of college rink was torn away. A barn the property of Mrs. Kirk (widow) Murphy's Crossing was blown down and two cows killed, also a barn belonging to Mr. Dexter, of town, was shattered to pieces and 4 cows buried in the debris; owing to the generous response of the neighbors, the cattle response of the neighbors, the cattle were extricated in time to prevent any serious injury. The dam and mill-race at Sylvan Valley Mills, were seriously damaged. The Cape road was rendered impassible by fallen trees and the caving in of the road-way in many places. A number of gigantic trees on the Judge Macdonald property, East End, were blown down carrying with them telephone and telegraph wires and poles. Much havoc has been wrought along the waterfront, many boats were driven ashore at Canso. When all damages sustained during this storm have been sustained during this storm have been sustained during this storm have been summed up, it will no doubt prove that it was one of the worst ever experienced in this section for many years. Much damage has been done at Ballentyne's Cove and vicinity. Several bridges at South Side Cape George and Cape George Point have been swept away. The roads at these points suffered much from the heavy rain and wind storm of Sunday night. Salmon nets all along the coast have been almost totally destroyed.

THE HIGHLAND SPORTS held at the THE HIGHLAND SPORTS held at the A. A. A. A. grounds in honor of Lord Lovat's visit to Antigonish on July 31st, was a success in every detail. The booths and stands were appropriately and tastefully decorated, the general appearance and condition of the grounds reflected much credit on the committee in charge. Before the the committee in charge. Before the the committee in charge. Before the sports started, addresses were presented to his lordship by Mayor McDonald, expressing the good will and hearty Highland welcome of the citizens to their distinguished guest. Dr. W. F. McKinnon presented an address on behalf of the Highland Society, and D. C. Chisholm, barrister, presented one in behalf of Clan Chisholm. In a few well chosen words, Lord Lovat expressed his thanks and appreciation; although his thanks and appreciation; although his remarks were brief, he succeeded in securing for himself a warm corner in the hearts of those present. After a few remarks from Governor Fraser, which were to the point, as well as appropriate, the first event on the long programme of sports was started:
Throwing 16 lb. hammer—1st, John Kennedy, Inverness, C. B., 129 feet; 2nd, John J. McDonald, New Glasgow, 102 ft. 6 inches.

Throwing 12 lb. hammer—1st, John Kennedy, 137 feet 4½ inches; 2nd, John J. McDonald, 127 feet.

Putting 16 lb. shot—1st. Joseph Kennedy, Inverness. 44 feet 4 inches; 2nd, J. W. Morrison, Pictou, 34 ft.

High Jump-1st, F. H. Eaton, Hawkesbury, 5 feet 2 in; 2nd, J. W. Morrison, 5 feet 1 in. Broad Jump-1st, Joseph Kennedy,

FARM FOR SALE.

This farm is situated at Sutherland's River, one mile from Thorburn and three miles (west) from Merigomish Station, containing 100 acres or thereabous, 25 acres under cultivation, new house and barn. For further particulars apply WM, H. BOUTILIER, Sutherlands River, Pictou County, N. S.

Valuable Property For Sale.

Tenders will be received by the subscriber up to and including

Thursday, August 20, for the purchase of the farm and premises owned by him at Livingstone's Cove, Antigonish to. It contains 70 acres of land, about 30 cultivated, emainder pasture and woodland. Has two parns and dwelling house. Is well fenced with vire fencing Adjoins Government Wharf. Abundance of sea manure easily obtained Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES GORDON. Livingstone's Cove, Aug. 4, 1908.

AUCTION SALE.

To be sold at public auction, on the premises lately owned by Frank McNeil, Briley Brook, on Friday, the 21st day of August, the following:

the following:

1 Team Wagon 1 Cart, 1 Buffalo Robe,
40 Tons Hay, 1 Heifer, one year old,
2 Steers, one year old, 3 Steers, 2 years old,
6 1lch Cows, 4 Calves, 4 Horses, 14 Head Sheep
Also the growing crop, roots, vegetebles, etc.,
on said farm and premises.

TERMS:

Eleven m nths' credit on notes of approved security for purchases of upwards of five dol-lars. Cash for all purchases under such sum.

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders are invited and will be received until Friday, August 14th, 1908,

for the erection of a building on the Fair Grounds, Antigonish. Plans, specifications, etc., can be reen at the McDonald, Antigonish.

Lower South River, Aug 3rd, '08. VINTEN,

By Iaw No. 17, Noxious Weeds. Passed by the Municipal Council.

1. It shall be the duty of the Road Surveyors in their several Districts to keep the roads free from thisties, stinking willie (so called), knap weed and other noxious weeds. They shall for this purpose cut all such weeds during the time they are performing the Statute Labour, for which purpose each Road Surveyor shall apportion and apply a sufficient part of the highway labour to be performed in his District; and falling to do which each surveyor shall be liable to a pentaty of \$5 for each neglect of duty.

2 It shall be the duty of all owners and occupiers of land in this Municipality to cut and detroy the weeds, stinking willie (so-called) and knap weed growing on their lands, between the 15 h d-y of June and 15th day of August in each year; and failing to do which they shall be liable to a penalty of not less than \$4 and not more than \$12. The road surveyor in each District shall enforce the penalty provided for by this section and recover the same under the provisions of Chapter 161 of the Revised Stautes of Neva Scotia, "The Nova Scotia, Summary Convictions Act."

D. McDONALD, M, C.

18 feet 9 inches; 2nd, J. W. Morrison,

18 feet 9 inches; 2nd, J. W. Morrison,
18 feet 5 inches.
3 Mile Race — 1st, Alex. Forbes,
Town: 2nd, Jas. McConell, Town.
1 Mile Run—1st, Ben Gill, Pictou;
2nd, John Kell, Antigonish.
100 Yards Dash—1st, Pearl Bernsconi, Antigonish; 2nd, Fred Gill,
Pictou. Time, 11 seconds.
Hop Step and Jump — 1st, J. W.
Morrison, 39 feet; 2nd, Joseph Kennedy, 38 feet.

Pole Vault-1st, F. H. Eaton; 2nd, J. W. Morrison.

J. W. Morrison.

Tossing Caber—1st, Alex Colin McDonald, 36 feet; 2nd, Angus MacDonald (Ridge) South River.

The shot put of 44 feet 4 inches, which was made by Joseph Kennedy, Inverness, breaks the Maritime record; unfortunately the shot was a trifle light in weight, but all who saw the young Cape Bretoner putting the the young Cape Bretoner putting the iron ball, are confident that he can easily break the Maritime record and even improve on the above splendid

Hams and bacon, best sugar cured; Newfoundland dry and green cod; boneless cod in 25 lb. boxes, at Bonner's.

Damage exceeding \$100.000.00, was done by fire in Sackville, N. B., on Thursday last. The Enterprise Foundry plant was destroyed.

Judge Cassels will resume his inquiry into the Civil Service Commissioner's charges against the Marine Department on Sept. 2nd in Montreal. After hearing the evidence there, he will go to Quebec, and then to St. John where the officials of the department of the separate way of the separate who ment, contractors and others who might be able to throw any light on the charges will be examined.

Teacher Wanted

Applications will be received by the under-signed, up to noon of WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH INST., for the position of teacher it, the primary department of St. Ninian Street School. By order of Board, D. C. CHISHQLM, Sec'y.

Teacher Wanted

Wanted a grade C female teacher for Fraser's Grant School. Apply, stating salary, to WILLIAM TATE, sec. to Trustees, Fraser's Grant, Ant. Co.

Teacher Wanted.

Wanted, for East Harbor Bouche School, ecti in No. 33, Antigonish, a grade C or D D. P. BENOIT, Sec to Trustees, E Harbor Bouche

Teacher Wanted

Wanted, teacher for North River School, Section No. 2, Apply to D. J. McDONALD, Secretary to Trustees, Lanark, Ant.

Teacher Wanted.

A grade C Male teacher wanted for St. Andrew's School Section. Apply, stating sal DAN A. BOYD, Sec'y to Trustees, St Andrew's, Ant.

TEACHER WANTED.

A grade C or D teacher for Auld's Cove School Section, No 70, apply to JOHN T. POWER, Sec to Trustees, Auld's Cove,

TEACHER WANTED For Maple Ridge School, a grade C or D teacher. Apply, stating salary, to

LEWIS MCDONALD, Sec to Trustees, Maple Ridge, Ant. Co.

TEACHER WANTED

By the Trustees of School Section No 68, a male grade B or C teacher. Apply, stating salary, to
JAS. B. CAMPBELL.

Main a dieu, July 27th, 1908.

FOR SALE. A " WHITE," SEWING MACHINE. Apply to MBS. T. D KIRK, Victoria St , Anntigonish

Everybody to know what we can do for you in the Insurance line. See our agent or write us direct

W. J. BUTLER & CO. General Insurance Agents. 138 Hollis St., Halifax.

We Want your business. Get our rates.

RUSSES!

Belt Water Pad, Spring Water, Pad Scrotal' Celluloid, Double Trusses, Child's Trusses, Extra Pads, etc. Everything in the Truss line.

Prices, \$1.50 to 10 Our Boston Model, Elastic Belt, Water Pad Truss, is the most comfortable Truss sold.

Anybody can adjust it. Price, postpaid, Single, \$3 50; "Double, 3.50.

Send size when ordering. Information promptly given. CHAS. R. WASSON, 100 King St., St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE

Very cheap, a second hand nano and sewing machine. Address P. O. BOX 244, Antigonish

NAIL A FEW DOLLARS

CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS, HATS BOOTS and SHOES at REDUCED PRICES

BUY NOW! BUY NOW!

The discount season is at hand. We're going to rub out the profit for thirty days. We will name prices on all our summer clothes, hats, toggery, poots, snoes, etc., that will make the dollars in your pocket very uneasy. All our summer goods must vacate.

Our fall and winter wearables will soon be wanting the room. We've the same excellent tailored clothes and toggery, and the best makes of boots and shoes with the same price tags still on themthe same fresh, new styles that we have been letting you know about since early in the season. Can you resist the prices?

regular price \$ 6.00, reduced to \$4.50 6.00 " 8.00, " 10.00, " 66 7.50 " " 12.00, Men's Rain Coats, regular price, \$3.50 and \$4.00, reduced to 2.50 Men's Worsted Pants, regular price, \$3.50 and \$4.00, " 2.50

Youth's and boys' suits, same reduction. Men's boys' and children's straw hats, half price. Men's white shirts reduced to 50 and 75c. See our table of fancy dress and working shirts, all reduced to only 50c. Also big bargains in our shoe department, 15 to 25 per cent. off our regular retail prices, and some lines half price. Kindly drop in and see what's doing.

Palace Clothing Company

Home of Good Clothes, Etc.

Antigonish, N. S. Main Street,

HAYING TOOLS

D. G. Kirk's Hardware Emporium

We have a full line of the above including

SCYTHES, WOOD and IRON SNATHS, STEEL and WOOD BOW HAY RAKES, HAY FORKS, TWO and THREE PRONG; SCYTHE STONES, GRINDSTONES,

Also a large stock of MOWING MACHINE SECTIONS, GUARDS, OILERS, MACHINE OIL, HARPOON FORKS, PULLEYS,

Having purchased the above in large quantities from the leading manufacturers we are prepared to quote lowest prices and to fill orders promptly.

ROPE, ETC.

SEASONABLE GOODS

ICE CREAM FREEZERS, OIL STOVES, DAISY CHURNS, CREAMERS, FACTORY MILK CANS, LAWN MOWERS, GARDEN HOSE, SPRINKLERS, SCREEN DOORS, WINDOW SCREENS, PURE ENG-LISH PARIS GREEN.

Mail orders and enquiries receive special attention.

D. G. KIRK. ANTIGONISH

IT'S A STRONG TEMPTATION

when complete satisfaction has been experienced to come back for more. This is the way with CUNNINGHAM FOOTWEAR. My goods are so stylish and such good value for the money that customers come back again and again. My Fall showing comprises a wide range of the newest goods from best makers.

PRICE AND QUALITY are special features with me. My motto is quick sale and small profits.

CUNNINGHAM

There is nothing singular in the fact that the

HEINTZMAN & COMPANY PIANO

made by ye olde firme of Heintzman & Co., Limited, stands out distinctive from other planos. It is a distinctive production-a plane with an individuality of its own. It is not put in comparison with other planes. That would be unfair to other

pianos. It is in a class by itself. "I had not the sightest idea that such a magnificent instrument as the Heintzman & Co. Piano was manufactured in Canada. It is easily in the front rank of the leading

planes of the world."

-NUTINI, the Celebrated Blind Italian Artist.

J. A. McDONALD Piano and Music Co. HALIFAX, N. S.