

THE CASKET.

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THURSDAY, MAY 26.

Even the preachers are handy with the gun. One of them fired two shots at another on a train the other day, while they were on their way to the Baptist Convention at Nashville, Tennessee. He certainly belongs to what Samuel Butler called "the true church militant," but we scarcely think that in Canada he would have been allowed to resume his journey under a thousand dollar bond.

Before his conversion, M. Ferdinand Brunetiere was as much a dictator of letters in France, as Dr. Johnson ever was in England. Since his conversion he is held in honour only by Catholics, and a very much inferior man was the other day chosen before him as Professor of French Literature in the College of France. This is another proof of the fanatical intolerance of French freethinkers.

The excellence of the teaching of the Irish Christian Brothers was testified to in a recent debate in the House of Commons by Sir John Gorst, who said: "Some years ago I visited in Cork one of the most admirable schools I have ever seen. It was conducted by the Christian Brothers, and if I had been in any other country than Ireland I would have been astonished to be told that it received no Government grants."

A correspondent of the *Star* is puzzled to know why the murderer Goyette, after dying attended by a priest, should have been buried without any religious service. The explanation is very simple. The ministrations of the priest to a condemned criminal are intended to benefit his soul—the denial of the usual honours to his corpse does not hinder him from resting in peace, and is intended to remind the living of the horrible nature of his crime. Such a reminder is very useful, if not necessary, in an age when there is nearly as much sympathy for a murderer as for his victim.

The newspapers are laughing at the ignorance of a French editor of one of President Roosevelt's books, who did not know what the "Golden Rule" meant, and added a footnote explaining that it was one of the maxims of Pythagoras. We suspect that the free-thinking literary men of France have not much acquaintance with the gospel, yet the incident in question does not prove that they have not. Even though they had by heart the divine words "As you would that men should do to you, do you also to them in like manner," and tried to model their lives thereupon, they might still, without shame be entirely ignorant of the fact that the English Protestant Sunday-School has called those divine words the "Golden Rule."

The late Thomas Brennan, called by Chicago the patriarch of its Board of Education, was a Nova Scotian who when 17 years old removed with his parents to the United States. He saw Chicago grow from a town of 15,000 inhabitants in 1850, to a city of 1,900,000 in 1904. After being engaged in the dry-goods business for several years, he was appointed assistant city treasurer, and afterwards assistant county treasurer. He became a member of the Board of Education in 1878 and retained that position till his death, being regarded by his colleagues as a walking encyclopedia of school information. For the past seventeen years he was the financial

manager of Chicago's two Catholic cemeteries. May he rest in peace.

Captain Cowles of the United States battleship *Missouri*, on which twenty-eight men and five officers were recently killed by the explosion of a gun, has written as follows to Archbishop Farley: "It gives me great pleasure to let you know of the splendid conduct of Father Gleeson at the time of the explosion on board this vessel on April 13. His duty was nobly done, not only as chaplain and priest, but as a man." Father Gleeson himself wrote to an intimate friend: "For ten minutes, while anointing the stricken and dying men of the turret, I expected to be killed. So did every man beside me. They passed up the word to us that the magazines below were on fire. There were thirty-two tons of smokeless powder stored in them, and if once the fire had reached through the copper casings, it would have been all up with us. . . . When the water at length had the magazines flooded, the copper of the casings was melted and the wooden battens burned away—ten seconds more would have ended everything."

The *London Times* is publishing a series of articles on the Organization of Agriculture. Speaking of Belgium, it notes that since 1890 a whole network of agricultural societies has spread over the country, and of those which are not directed by Government officials there is scarcely one "that has not been more or less inspired, if not actually brought into existence and, in many cases, even still controlled, by some parish priest or other." The result has been to increase the average return from a twenty-five acre farm by five hundred dollars a year, through improved methods of farming and the co-operative system. The *London Times* is now flooded with Belgian vegetables to an extent never known before. The *Times* believes this phase of priestly activity is due to a desire to combat Socialism. Be it so; the clergy are doing a splendid work: it was Leo XIII who told them that they must take an interest in the material welfare of their people if they wished to retain their spiritual influence.

The descriptions of Mexican life which Mr. F. R. Guernsey writes for the *Boston Herald*, some of which have been reprinted in these pages, are thus referred to by the editor of that journal, which, though one of the ablest in the *United States* usually speaks of Catholic countries and peoples in an unfriendly spirit: "The revelations of the wonderful beauty and charm of the unrefined life of the interior parts of Mexico, away from the influence of the civilization of which the railroad is type, which our contributor, Mr. F. R. Guernsey, is making, present that country to our appreciation in an entirely fresh phase. This is the work of one who has lived long enough in Mexico to understand it and its people. He shows us that its antiques even of the humble classes are not the barbarians that some have supposed them to be, but persons who live simple, decent, contented lives, abounding in happy piety and attractiveness, without the disturbance of a passion far strenuous doing. The description of a pleasant Mexican town situated 'far from the madding crowd,' that he gives in the magazine of tomorrow, is adapted to make tired Yankees sigh for relief from the hurly-burly of their daily circumstances."

The *Presbyterian Witness* is shocked because five names have been removed from the list of Popes, and wonders what has become of Apostolic Succession. Does the omission of James III, Charles III and Henry IX from the list of British Kings invalidate the succession of Edward VII? There were loyal men and true Englishmen and Scotsmen who believed the above-mentioned Stuarts to be legitimate sovereigns; so there were good Catholics who honestly believed certain anti-Popes to be the genuine Vicars of Christ. Periods of interregnum have occurred in the Papal monarchy as well as in other monarchies. If inaccurate historians mistook the

temporary administrator of the Holy See for the immediate successor of the preceding Pope, and this inaccuracy were afterwards discovered, the apparent result would be the lessening of the number of Popes by one. It is not at all unlikely that some careless newspaper or magazine writer, a hundred years from now, may speak of Cardinal Oreglia as having occupied St. Peter's Chair between Leo XIII and Pius X. Again, if Pope Cletus was driven into exile, and after his return to Rome was called Anacletus, to the misleading of certain historians who thought the different names signified different men, what damage does Apostolic Succession suffer by the removal of one of those two names from the list? The editor of the *Presbyterian Witness* need not let any doubt on this question delay him from becoming a Catholic.

Canon Henson thinks the harmonious relations between Church and State in the British Empire are due to the reading of the Bible. We think they are due to the superior character of the British Constitution, and to the law-abiding instincts of the British people. In other countries, the Church through her aversion to revolution, felt obliged to teach reverence to an absolute despotism. When popular leaders threw off the despotism, they also threw off the yoke of the Church. England never had but one despot, Henry the Eighth, and even he took care to exercise his tyranny through Parliamentary forms, and by his hypocritical pretence of only executing the will of the nation, half persuaded the people that such was the case. When the King is Head of the Church, and governs constitutionally, there must be harmony, for a man cannot quarrel with himself. And the lion is always ready to lie down with the lamb, provided the lamb,—like the young lady from Riga when she returned from her ride on a tiger,—is inside. "From the time of the submission of the clergy to Henry VIII," says Mr. Pollard, in the *Cambridge Modern History*, "there has been no instance of the English Church successfully challenging the supreme authority of the State." Sir William Harcourt in a speech in the House of Commons last year, showed how a breach of harmony is utterly impossible: "The Church is the laity, and the clergy are only the ministers. It is for this House to govern, in the last resort, the Church. . . . It is the business of the clergy to obey the law as it is laid down by the Crown and Parliament." While the clergy of the Established Church submit to this, and they have submitted ever since the Reformation; while they recognize the right of the Crown and Parliament to define matters of faith and morals, as they have done so in such questions as baptism and divorce; of course the relations between Church and State will be as pleasant as a man's relations with himself after he has enjoyed a good dinner. But the true Church of Christ, His authorized and infallible teaching society, must needs be at variance with a State which undertakes to decide questions of faith and morals. This our Lord foretold when He said that He came not to bring peace but the sword.

The *Montreal Star* thinks the Pope is unnecessarily alarmed over the condition of education in France. The present rulers of that country, it says, "do not concern themselves in the least about the children's souls; they think their duty is done if they train the children themselves to be efficient and virtuous citizens. . . . They leave it entirely to parents and the clergy to impart at home or in the church such religious instruction as they may think desirable." Clearly, the editor, in the simplicity of his heart, believes the French public school to be merely non-religious, like those of Nova Scotia or Ontario. The fact is,—and he should have learned it before presuming to discuss the subject,—that the French public schools are positively irreligious. The latest testimony to the fact is given by Count Albert de Mun, in the April number of the magazine which calls itself "an organ so essentially Protestant as the

National Review," and which speaks of Count de Mun as "the cultivated and eloquent Leader of the Catholic party in the Chamber of Deputies." After having spoken of the chaotic ideas of morality imparted in the State colleges under the system of education existing since 1882,—"from the dregs of spiritualism to the various hypotheses of evolution and transmutation, everything had its turn,"—the Count goes on to describe the condition of things in the lower grades. "In the primary schools the disease was of a still more aggravated form, more deep-set, more brutally defined. Only too often the teachers in the public schools, being subject to political influences of the most advanced type, violated every rule of neutrality to an ever-increasing extent. Outrages on the Catholic faith, even on the very foundations of religious belief, were innumerable; not moral instruction only, but lectures on history, on botany, on zoology, provided at every turn the opportunity for an attack. Under every possible circumstance a declared hostility against every form of positive religion manifested itself in the ranks of the official teaching body. M. Ferdinand Buisson, one of our most conspicuous contemporary politicians, who by virtue of his official position at the Ministry of Public Instruction, was for many years the real organizer of the so-called 'lay' educational system, and who is to-day the ring-leader of the enemies of instruction by the Congregations, wrote a few years ago . . . the following significant words: 'In all this story about God and the world which Catholic dogma presents to us, there is not one single word which does not provoke, I will not say indignation, . . . but a mute and melancholy denial. . . . With its ideas about the necessity of a redemption and of expiatory sacrifice the Christian moral system presents nothing more nor less than a coarse ideal, against which our consciences revolt and which would throw us back two thousand years. . . . The only possible result of all rational education must be the evolution of the past into the irreligion of the future.' Is there a single Christian worthy of the name, let alone a Catholic, who is prepared to accept such a theory as the basis of education or who could conscientiously accept the consequences which it must have for his children?"

"Loose in Thought and Language."

To the Editor of *The Casket*:

Sir,—You censure as "flippant," "loose," and "hazardous" Father Tyrrell's statement that the Virgin Birth of Christ has "theologically no essential connection with the Incarnation." May I refer you to the *Summa* of St. Thomas Aquinas, Part III, Q. XXVIII, a. 1, where the reasons given are all reasons of "convenience," not of necessity. Also to Q. XXXI, a. 4: "Licet Filius Dei carnem humanam assumere potuerit de quacunque materia voluisset, convenientissimum tamen fuit ut de femina carnem assumeret." If, according to St. Thomas Our Lord "might have been" incarnate of a man, it was plainly not essential that He should have been born of a woman, still less of a virgin. A perusal of all these *questiones* might perhaps show that Father Tyrrell is at least not more flippant, loose or untheological than the Angelic Doctor. I trust to your candour to publish the defence where you have published the attack. SACERDOS.

The *Ave Maria* of May 7 in an article "God's gift of Jesus through Mary," adapted from the Abbe Joseph Lemann's "La Vierge Marie" happens to write:

"It is clear that, in His Divine wisdom, He could have given Christ to the world in many ways. 'He could,' says St. Francois de Sales, commenting on St. Thomas Aquinas, 'have made in divers fashions the humanity of His Son,—creating His body out of nothing, for instance, or forming it out of clay, as He did in the case of Adam and Eve. He decided, however, that it should be done by an extraordinary generation; and He elected the Most Blessed Virgin as the intermediary through whom the Saviour of our souls should become not only man but a child of the human race.' LAICUS.

We willingly make room for the foregoing communications. The citation made by "Laicus" from *The Ave Maria* does but give in English St. Francis of Sales' comment on the

Latin passage cited by "Sacerdos" from the *Summa* of St. Thomas, and so need not be dealt with separately.

"Sacerdos" can have but glanced very hurriedly at the article in our issue of April 7, else he would not say that we censured Father Tyrrell's statement about the Virgin Birth as "flippant," "loose," and "hazardous." We are not given to flinging epithets about, or using words without weighing their meaning and gauging their fitness. The word "flippancy" was used in reference to the phrase "precarious methods of theological dialectic"—a bit of reckless levity of speech which eminently deserves the epithet "flippant." "Hazardous" was applied to the statement that "a sinner might have been conceived and born miraculously," and cause was shown why a very much stronger word might fitly have been used. As for "loose," the word served, in the heading of the article, to characterize the thought and language of the passage as a whole. It may still serve the same purpose for aught that "Sacerdos" has shown to the contrary.

It is idle to cite the words of the *Summa* as justifying the assertion that the Virgin Birth has "theologically no essential connection with the Incarnation." Of course God could have created a body for His Son out of nothing, or formed it from clay, or from the bone or flesh of any man or woman, or from any other material. But there is question of what He did, not of what He could have done. And it is with what He did that theology is concerned, as was pointed out in our article of April 7, not with what He might have done. As well could one say that, logically given premises have no essential connection with the conclusion which follows from them, because the conclusion might be drawn from other premises; or that, ethically, A's having killed B has no essential connection with that murderous deed, because C might have killed him; or that, physically the lamp in a room has no essential connection with the light that it sheds because the room might have been lighted by electricity—as well could one make these and similarly absurd statements, as say that, theologically the fact that Christ was born of the Virgin Mary has no essential connection with the fact of His being God and man in one divine person. The Incarnation, or mystery of God-made-man, is a divine fact divinely revealed; so is the Virgin Birth a divine fact divinely revealed; and between these two divine facts thus divinely revealed there is as essential a bond of connection theologically as there is physically between the Mother and the Son. An incarnation there might have been without a virgin birth, but not the Incarnation, which is an accomplished fact, and belongs essentially to the domain of actual things, not to the domain of things possible. The Angelic Doctor, therefore, in saying that the Son of God might have assumed human nature from some other source, no more commits himself to the statement that the fact of His having been born of the Virgin Mary has theologically no essential connection with the Incarnation, than the one who should say that the Creator might have made the Mississippi flow into the Pacific Ocean could be understood to affirm that the fact of its having its source in Lake Itasca has geographically no essential connection with its flowing into the Gulf of Mexico.

Loose, however, as the statement is and irredeemably inaccurate, we should not have quarrelled with it but for the implication that the context fastens upon it. That implication unfolds itself in the very next sentence, to wit: "The God-man might have been naturally conceived and born; and a sinner might have been conceived and born miraculously." It will be observed that "Sacerdos" fights shy of the issue, or rather issues, raised over this statement. In this he gives proof of possessing that "better part of valour" which is as commendable in the defence of one's friends as it is in the defence of one's country or oneself. We shall see at another time whether the original sin of the statement and its implications can rightly be traced, as he intimates it can, to the Angelic Doctor.

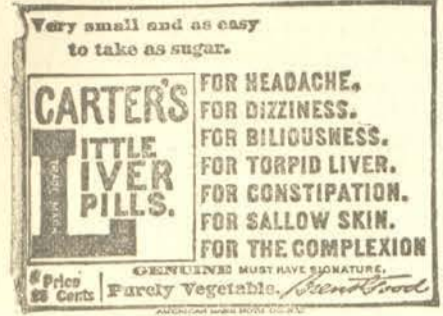
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Prize for English—1st, Miss M. Rose Macgillivray; 2nd, equally merited by Misses T. Webb and I. Chisholm. Drawn by Miss Teresa Webb, Harbor Boucher.

Prize for Mathematics—1st, Miss M. J. Macdonald; 2nd, equally merited by Misses M. Rose Macgillivray and I. Chisholm. Drawn by Miss M. Rose Macgillivray.

Prize for History and Geography—1st, M. Rose Macgillivray; 2nd, Isabel Chisholm; 3rd, equally merited by Misses Charlotte Macdonald, T. Webb and M. J. Macdonald. Drawn by Miss Charlotte Macdonald.

Botany—1st, prize, Miss M. Rose Macgillivray; 2nd, equally merited by Misses M. J. Macdonald and Charlotte Macdonald. Drawn by Miss C. Macdonald.

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Prize for Christian Doctrine, donated by the Very Rev. Dr. Macdonald, V. G.—Merited by Misses M. Burke and S. Flynn. Drawn by Miss S. Flynn, Thornburn.

History—1st, Miss Ethel Macdonald; 2nd, Marion Burke, St. Jacques, Nfld. Geography 1st, Miss Sara McArthur. 2nd, Miss Florence Macdonald.

Book-keeping—1st, Ida Macdonald. 2nd, M. A. Chisholm, Pictou. Prizes for Application, Miss Florence Macdonald; Miss Clara Fennell, St. John's, Nfld.; Miss Teresa Mackenzie, St. Peter's; Miss Mary Cameron; Miss Mary Chisholm.

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French 1st, Miss Margaret A. Webb, Harbour Boucher. 2nd, Miss Isabel Chisholm, Sydney, N. S.

Greek 1st, Isabel Chisholm, Sydney. 2nd, Ella McIsaac. Arithmetic 1st, Mary Johnson, St. Peter's. 2nd, Florence Macdonald.

Algebra 1st, Cassie Sutton. 2nd, Merited by Misses M. Johnson and F. Macdonald. Drawn by Florence Macdonald.

Geometry 1st, Sadie Flynn. 2nd Tena Cameron, Heatherton. Chemistry, 1st prize donated by Miss C. J. Macdonald, awarded to Miss Margaret A Webb. 2nd, Cassie Sutton.

A silver medal for prompt return after holidays merited by Misses A. Doyle, M. Burke, T. Cameron. Drawn by Miss Tena Cameron, Heatherton.

SECOND YEAR—SOPHOMORE.

Prize for Christian Doctrine donated by the Very Rev. Dr. Macdonald, V. G., merited by Misses T. Macgillivray and R. Macdonald. Drawn by Rachel Macdonald, Merigomish.

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Prac. Mathematics 1st, Miss Teresa Macgillivray. 2nd, Anna Macdonald. Algebra 1st, Miss Jennie McIntosh. 2nd, Miss Agnes C. Doyle, Margaree. Geometry 1st, Jennie McIntosh. 2nd, Agnes Doyle. A gold medal for highest aggregate donated by Mrs. C. Chisholm, Sydney, awarded to Miss Teresa Macgillivray.

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Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Future of the Church; A Protestant Prophecy.

In a New England Protestant journal, edited by George J. C. Colby, appears an interesting and significant article entitled "The Religion of the Future," in the course of which the writer says: "But there is one Church that dates from St. Peter, and not Horace Mann, which makes religion an essential in education, and that is the Catholic Church, in which their mothers teach their faith to the infants at the breast in their lullaby songs, and whose brotherhoods and priests, sisterhoods and nuns imprint their religion on souls as indelibly as the diamond marks the hardened glass, they ingrain their faith in human hearts when most plastic to the touch. Are they wrong, are they stupid, are they ignorant that they found parochial schools, convents, colleges in which religion is taught? Not if a man be worth more than a dog, or the human soul, with eternity for duration is of more value than the span of animal existence for a day. If they are right then we are wrong; if our Puritan fathers were wise, then we are foolish. Looking upon it as a mere speculative question, with their policy they will increase; with ours we will decrease. Macaulay predicted the endurance of the Catholic Church till the civilized Australian should sketch the ruins of London from a broken arch of London bridge. We are no prophet, but it does seem to us that Catholics, retaining their religious teaching and we our heathen schools, will gaze upon cathedral crosses all over New England when the meeting houses will be turned into barns. Let them go on teaching their religion to the children and we go on educating our children in schools without a recognition of God and without the reading of the Bible, and they will plant corn and train grapevines on the unknown graves of Plymouth Pilgrims and of the Puritans of Massachusetts Bay, and none will dispute their right to possession. We say this without expressing our own hopes or fears, but as inevitable from the fact that whatsoever a man soweth that shall he also reap."

A Faithful Servant, Indeed.

A notable example of the good work done by our noble lay-brothers in different religious communities of the Catholic Church is furnished by the late Brother Boisfame, O. M. I., who died in St. Boniface, March 23. For forty-eight years he had been attached to the Oblates of Mary Immaculate; for forty-four years he had been in mission work. He had served twenty-six years at the northwestern extremity of Great Slave Lake, and, for a time, at Ile à la Crose, 900 miles northwest of St. Boniface, both missions appearing to us as if on the outskirts of civilization in North America. He had done carpenters' work; he had served as baker, baking 600 sacks of flour in six months; he was a famous fisherman, occasionally hauling in with his nets 1,800 pounds of fish at a time; he had directed men in farming; he had acted as infirmarian or caretaker to Bishop Farad, O. M. I. When the good brother lay on his own death-bed he exclaimed, after receiving the plenary indulgence, "How happy I am! I am ready." Did not a Divine Voice welcome him with the words: "Well done, thou good and faithful servant?"—Sacred Heart Review.

Agricultural Warehouse.

In Store and to Arrive: A variety of the

Choicest Seed Grain.

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TWO CARS FERTILIZER,

Including Provincial Chemical Co.'s Superphosphates, and Bone Meal from different factories. Our Fertilizers are of the highest standard.

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OFFICE; Building lately occupied by Dr. Cameron.
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BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR.
ANTIGONISH, N. S.

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Why it is that three students of other schools doing similar work, have applied to us to secure them employment. It is simply this: They find that Maritime qualification is the standard in most offices.

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 Attend our school and get a good training.

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Chartered Accountants,
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Valuable Residential Property and Town Lots For Sale!

1st That desirable Residential Property, situate on Pleasant Street, Antigonish, lately owned by S. O'Donoghue, deceased. Also several Building Lots adjacent thereto.
2nd. A Building Lot, situate on Main Street, Antigonish, and known as the Coach property, would make a fine stand for a store.
3rd. A Building Lot, 50 feet by 75 feet, situate on Court Street, Antigonish.
For further particulars apply to
E. LAVIN GIRROIR, Barrister.

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FRASER'S MEAT MARKET

are some of the nicest
HAMS:
ever offered the Antigonish public.

OUR OWN CURING.

JOHN FRASER, Manager

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Sunday, Oct. 11th, 1903, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

LEAVE ANTIGONISH.

No. 56. Mixed for New Glasgow and Truro, 12.15

" 20 Express for Halifax, 12.30

" 85 Express for Sydney, 12.45

" 55 Mixed for Mulgrave, 1.00

" 86 Express for Truro, 1.15

" 19 Express for Sydney, 1.30

All trains run by Atlantic Standard Time. Twenty-four o'clock is midnight. Vestibule sleeping and dining cars on through Express trains between Montreal and Halifax.

Moctoa, N.B., Oct. 9, 1903.

The Great and Silent Things.

How silently the years, in long procession, Come gliding down the corridors of Time to us!

THE SCHOOL WE LOST.

On that fine April afternoon, there must have been forty sail of us in sight—Gloucester seiners all—spread out and cruising lazily, fifty or sixty miles to the southward of Cape May and twenty-five or thirty miles off shore.

Aloft on the Johnny Duncan were the skipper and Billy Hurd to one side, and Clancy and myself to the other.

We were all in oilskins and heavy jerseys, for with the vessel going along at even no more than six knots by the wind it is pretty chilly at the mast-head, nice and comfortable though it may be on deck in the sun.

A vessel ahead of us must have sighted mackerel, for we saw a boat go over the side. Soon another put over boats, but they were the most southerly of the fleet—all of ten miles from us.

In an hour or so the fish began to school nearer to us—deep-black flurrings in the water, like tide rips. "Over with the boat!" called the skipper, and there was a great stamping on the deck below.

The fish were beginning to come our way. Suddenly a school popped up close by. It was the skipper who saw it first—the flipping of them on the surface of the water.

"Into the boat!" he roared. "Not you, Billy—you stay up here and keep an eye to the school. Down you, and lively!" he said to me, and dove, himself and Clancy, each for a backstay.

There was nothing left for me but the jib halyards, and down them I slid with my fingers burning under the friction. I thought I came down in a hurry, especially after dropping the last twelve or fifteen feet to the deck, but they were both on deck before me.

"Lively—the Aurora's going after it!" I hardly had time to leap into the dory after Clancy and we were away, with the seine-boat shooting out from under one quarter and we after her from under the other.

which he had picked out and trimmed to suit himself, and every man in his own particular place, as if in a racing crew.

And now every man was bending to it. A big fellow named Rory McKinnon was setting the stroke. There was a kick and a heave to every stroke, and the men encouraging one another.

"Drive her!" said the skipper—"drive her—drive her—another length and you got 'em. And, Kennedy, it's the best of ash you've got—don't be afraid of breaking it."

"Drive her!" said the skipper—"drive her—drive her—another length and you got 'em. And, Kennedy, it's the best of ash you've got—don't be afraid of breaking it."

A quarter mile of that, with the foam ripping by us and every man with his blood like fire jumping to his oar, when the skipper leaped back to the steering-oar.

It was a pretty set he made. "Pretty, pretty," you could almost hear the old seiners saying between their teeth, even as they were all rowing with jaws set and never a let-up until the circle was completed.

"Purse in!" it was then, and lively. And so we pursued in, hauling on the running line in the lower edge of the seine, something as the string around the neck of a tobacco-bag is drawn tight, and everybody made light of it.

So we pursued in, not knowing whether we were going to have a good haul with the hundred or a hundred and fifty dollars apiece at the end of it, or whether we would have our work for nothing.

We watched while the circle narrowed and the pool inside grew shallower. Somebody said suddenly, "There's one!" and "Where—where?" called the rest.

dred barrels," and the skipper's eyes shone. It meant a lot to him. And some of the men began to talk like children, they were so pleased.

Two hundred barrels the skipper had said, but long before we were all pursued up we knew that five hundred barrels would never hold the fish in that seine.

The skipper was awake to it early and signalled for the vessel to come alongside. So the Johnny Duncan stood over to us, and Hurd, putting the dory over with Moore's help, came jumping with it to the side of the seine where I was alone in the dory, and where, by the skipper's orders, I had made fast some of the corks to the thwart.

Along the corks we hauled ourselves toward the seine boat. I was praying that the sharks that sometimes follow up mackerel would not brother us. It is probably they would not, even if they were around, as mackerel are better eating—and we made such a fuss, too, hauling ourselves through the water.

The skipper and Clancy hung on to the last. "Jump, you, Tommy," called the skipper. "Not me till you go," answered Clancy.

The 100 acre farm at Cross Roads, Ohio, Antigonish County, recently owned by Angus A. MacLean and formerly known as the Archibald McInnis farm.

Farm for Sale. THE valuable farm at Salt Springs, Antigonish, known as the Stevenson farm.

FOR SALE. SEVENTY-FOUR ACRES of well-watered agricultural land and good buildings.

NOTICE. All persons are warned against trespassing upon the property of Miss Alice Whelan.

CARRIAGES! Just received, one car of the celebrated Brantford Carriages.

NOVA SCOTIA CARRIAGES. A Few Second-Hand Carriages For Sale Cheap.

HARNESS! In stock and arriving, Handsome and Serviceable Sets of Harness.

HOUSE FOR SALE. House on College Street, containing seven rooms and kitchen. House in good repair.



There are very few cleansing operations in which Sunlight Soap cannot be used to advantage. It makes the home bright and clean.

Monuments and Headstones in all kinds of Granite, Marble and Freestone.

A Nice Line of Finished Work and Latest Designs to Select From.

Get our prices before placing your order. J. H. McDOUGALL, Box 474, New Glasgow, N. S.

Just Arrived: One Car Field and Garden Seeds

Wheat, Oats, Rye, Buckwheat, Rape, Flax. PEAS—Field and Garden CLOVER—Long, Late, Alsike, Crimson, Early Red.

Turnip seed in Bulk and Packages. Mangie Seed in Bulk and Packages. Seed Onions and Onion Sets, and a complete assortment of Package Seeds.

Car Wire Nails and Spikes, and Plain and Barbed Wire Fencing.

THOMAS SOMERS. The "Dexter Farm" For Sale.

THIS well-known farm contains 150 acres, part of which is within the limits of the Town of Antigonish.

FARM FOR SALE. The 100 acre farm at Cross Roads, Ohio, Antigonish County.

Farm for Sale. THE valuable farm at Salt Springs, Antigonish, known as the Stevenson farm.

FOR SALE. SEVENTY-FOUR ACRES of well-watered agricultural land and good buildings.

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PLANT LINE. DIRECT ROUTE TO BOSTON. And All Points in United States. Sailings Commencing May 19th

Cattle Disease. HAVING been instructed by the chief Veterinary Inspector to deal with all cases of Pictou Cattle disease.

LAND SALE. IN THE SUPREME COURT: Between RODRICK CHISHOLM, JOHN S. McDONALD and HUGH McDONALD, executors of the Last Will of Christopher McDonald, deceased.

Monday, the 13th Day of June, A.D. 1904, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Land and Premises situate, lying and being at Black Avon, in the County of Antigonish and bounded as follows: Beginning at the Northern angle of lands of William Grant.

Terms: Ten per cent deposit at time of sale; remainder on delivery of deed. Dated Sheriff's Office, Antigonish, May 10th, 1904.

D. D. CHISHOLM, Sheriff of Antigonish County. R. R. GRIFFIN, Plaintiff's Solicitor.

ESTABLISHED, 1852

THE CASKET,

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AT ANTIGONISH
BY THE CASKET PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY (LIMITED).
M. DONOVAN, Manager.

Terms: \$1.00 per Year in Advance.

There is what is called the worldly spirit which enters with the greatest subtlety into the character of even good people; and there is what is called the time-spirit, which means the dominant way of thinking and of acting which prevails in the age in which we live; and these are powerful temptations, full of danger and in perpetual action upon us.—CARDINAL MANNING.

THURSDAY, MAY 26.

TOLERANCE AND INTOLERANCE.

Some weeks ago Mr. Murdoch MacKinnon wrote from Ottawa to the *Presbyterian Witness* a manly protest against the work of the French Evangelization Board in the Province of Quebec. Of the Catholics of that Province he said: "They are doing their part, and a very good part it is, of the Master's work in the world. It ought to put us to shame how they tolerate our French Evangelization work amongst their people. I humbly submit, Mr. Editor, our church ought without delay to reconsider her course on this question. True, it may be admitted more gospel light is needed in Quebec and other Roman Catholic districts, just as it is needed probably in many a Protestant district over this Dominion. But how and by whom should this work of enlightening Roman Catholic settlements be done? Surely by their own clergy and their other Christian agencies, and not by rival sects, which would only lead to jealousies and strife as it does wherever attempted. Churches should seek a more amicable and beautiful way of exercising their Christian activities. In this uncalled-for work we divide our own strength and measurably the great force of this Christian nation, which should, as much as possible, be united in the prosecution of our common Master's great command, laid upon us with all the sanctions of infinite love, to go preach the Gospel to those who have it not. How long will we Protestants tolerate a Roman Catholic propaganda among our people? And what right have we to assume superior and sounder views of revelation, when in the end both appeal for warranty to the same source? . . . We all admit, at least, we cannot deny, that the Roman Catholic is a Christian society, and have now as they always had, even in the darkest times, the witness of the Spirit of God in their work. How then can we hope for the approval and co-operation of the same Spirit in breaking up his own work in the Roman Catholic settlements and recasting it according to our Protestant shibboleths?"

The tone of this letter shows Mr. MacKinnon to be a broad-minded Christian gentleman, but the hope which he expressed that the editor whom he was addressing would "call a halt and a reconsideration of this very questionable work of French Evangelization," does not stamp him as a keen judge of men. We have not read the *Presbyterian Witness* as long nor as attentively as he has, but we could have assured him that it was hopeless to look for any such breadth of view in its editor. The latter's reply to Mr. MacKinnon's first letter is precisely of the character which we expected, being made up for the most part of innuendo and of misstatement. He gives as an excuse for the work of the French Evangelization Board that, "a considerable number of Roman Catholics desire the knowledge of the Gospel as recorded in the New Testament." The inference to be drawn, of course, is that in order to obtain this knowledge they must receive a copy of the New Testament from the Protestant missionaries. Otherwise, this excuse would be no excuse at all. He goes on to say, "the policy of the dominant Church in Quebec has not been in favor of placing either the New or the Old Testament in the hands of the people." He does not venture to state openly that the Church forbids the people to read the Bible, but this is the natural inference. Otherwise, those who are desirous of a knowledge of the Gospel could go or send to the nearest Catholic bookstore and purchase a copy of the Scriptures in their mother-tongue. These are excellent examples of the art of insinuating the thing which is not, an art of which the editor of our Halifax contemporary is a master whom we have never seen excelled. But on this occasion, with more than his usual boldness, he follows up his innuendo with direct statements which are in flagrant contradiction with facts. He argues that the French Evangelization Board has

fought the battle of religious liberty in Quebec, and made it impossible that such things should be done to-day as have been done in the past, when "Presbyterian Churches have been sacked by mobs because the preaching within their walls happened to be antagonistic to the Church of Rome," and, "the lives of citizens have been in imminent peril because of religious differences, and the exercise of the liberty of speech." The reference here is to the rioting caused by the "preaching" of Chiniquy. If the ex-priest had confined to himself to preaching of doctrines antagonistic to the Church of Rome he would never have been molested. But he flung the foulest insult in the face of the Catholic women of the world, and of Quebec in particular since he professed to speak from experience gained as a priest in that Province. And that insult was resented in the manner in which men the world over are accustomed to resent it. It would have been more Christian-like to let Chiniquy alone. But men of the mildest manners, and the most forgiving dispositions, men who can bear with patience an outrage offered to themselves, are seldom possessed of such self-control as not to strike to the ground, if physically able to do so, the man who casts insinuations upon the character of their wives and daughters. And Chiniquy's words, both spoken and printed, were a direct call to every Catholic husband and father to suspect the virtue of wife and daughter. Those who appeared to be the most devout were to be suspected most, for if the confessional were the demoralizing institution which Chiniquy declared it to be, those girls and women who came most frequently under its influence must be the most deeply corrupted. It is not only Catholics who know that this is an atrocious slander upon Catholic womanhood; bigoted Protestants like Froude and fair-minded ones like Sir Horace Plunkett have testified to the value of the confessional in promoting female purity. Protestant blood did not boil at Chiniquy's words; it was not their womankind that was assailed. How long would they endure it if such were the case? The editor of the *Presbyterian Witness* answers one of Mr. MacKinnon's questions by saying that Protestants would tolerate a Roman Catholic propaganda among their people, "just as long as our Roman Catholic brethren wish." We have no hesitation in expressing our belief that if any Catholic priest were to carry on an anti-Protestant propaganda, after the fashion of Chiniquy's anti-Catholic propaganda, he would find himself in need of police protection and unable to secure it. Nor, we may add, would he deserve to secure it.

Let us here recall an incident of some years ago, from which it will not be unfair to draw a deduction. When Mr. William O'Brien came to this country, it was not to attack the character of Lord Lansdowne as a man, but as a landlord, with the hope of persuading the people of Canada to protest against the eviction of Irish tenants unable to pay an exorbitant rent. Nevertheless, the speeches which Mr. O'Brien made with this end in view excited so much animosity towards him that he was mobbed several times, and on two occasions escaped with his life only through the courage and resourcefulness of friends. Nor was the mob composed of the elements usual in such gatherings; it was made up of respectable citizens of three Canadian cities. Can any one believe that this class of people would be any more tolerant of a man who called in question the honour of their wives and daughters, than they were of a man who called in question the fitness of Lord Lansdowne to be Governor-General of Canada? We had no sympathy with Mr. O'Brien's mission; our feeble voice protested against it as loudly as it could; but at the same time we thought his offence in disturbing the public peace a venial one when compared with the offences of the same order committed by Chiniquy. Mr. O'Brien remained in Canada but a few weeks; Chiniquy went up and down the land for years; nor could the latter allege the excuse offered by the former, that he had taken the last desperate expedient by which the ruin of hundreds of hapless people might be averted. The bitterness excited by O'Brien's speeches was deep, but it ran in the opposite direction from that which was intended; the bitterness executed by Chiniquy's addresses was ten times deeper, and took the direction given it by him. Catholics saw it in the black looks and churlish words of those who had formerly treated them as friends. In a certain town of this Province the front door of a convent was befouled in an unspeakable

manner, a great stone was thrown through the dining room window at an hour when it was supposed that the inmates would be at supper, a beautiful church was burned to the ground, and all three of these deeds could be traced to the hatred of Catholics engendered by one of Chiniquy's lectures. Archbishop Lynch of Toronto tried to persuade William O'Brien not to make that Canadian tour; we have yet to learn that some eminent Presbyterian clergyman tried to exercise a restraining influence on Chiniquy.

Mt. St. Bernard Alumnae.

THIRD ANNUAL MEETING.

The third annual meeting of the Alumnae of Mt. St. Bernard, held on Wednesday evening of last week, was attended with the fullest measure of success. With the forty graduates brimming over with joy at the opportunity the meeting afforded of greeting old friends and of recalling pleasant reminiscences of by-gone days, the occasion was a most enjoyable one. All of the forty members present were filled with enthusiasm at the success of their loved Alma Mater, an Institution that has done and still continues to do so much for the cause of education in Eastern Nova Scotia. Much of the success of the meeting may be attributed to the kindly interest manifested in it by the Reverend Mothers who graced it with their presence.

After the Commencement exercises, the Alumnae withdrew to the beautiful Convent chapel where the Magnificat was chanted, and a prayer breathed at the Shrine of the Queen of May. They then proceeded to the dining hall, where dinner was served. The excellence of the repast and the unusually clever after dinner speeches of the young ladies, whose names figured in the toast list, may in a measure be attributed to the presence of the Rev. Mother Provincial of Charlottetown.

The toast-mistress of the evening, Miss Maud MacKinnon, B. A., proposed the toasts in a very felicitous manner.

Miss Margaret MacKinnon, B. A., responded to the first toast proposed—our venerable Bishop. She paid a fitting tribute to His Lordship—the founder of Mt. St. Bernard, its greatest friend, its most generous benefactor.

Miss Christina Chisholm, B. A., worthily did the honors for "The Clergy."

Miss Isabel Chisholm paid a just and well merited tribute to the Honorary President and the Sisters of the Cong. de Notre Dame.

The Faculty of St. Francis Xavier was eloquently responded to by Miss Cassie Macdonald, B. A.

Miss M. Angela O'Brien, the Secretary of the Society, in her usual happy manner and with her well-known elocutionary ability, in replying to the toast "The Land we Live in" enkindled in her hearers enthusiasm for this "fair Canada of ours" and for the brave moral heroes and heroines whose names are enshrined in the history of the country.

The "Ideal Woman of the 20th Century" was cleverly portrayed by Miss Margaret Macdougall, B. A., as a happy medium between the old and the new.

"The Gentlemen," responded to by Miss C. J. Macdonald, was received with applause and was unquestionably the humorous "hit" of the evening.

Miss Christina MacKinnon, B. A., a talented graduate of '04, in a bright and clever speech responded for her Class.

Personals.

Mr. W. J. Doran of Truro was in Town this week.

Mr. Eugene Macdonald, Halifax, was in Town this week.

Mr. C. F. McIsaac, M. P., is home from Ottawa for a few days.

Mr. A. A. McIntyre, barrister, Sydney, was in Town this week.

Mr. Alfred Carroll, mason, North Sydney, spent Victoria Day in Antigonish.

Rev. J. J. Tompkins of the College, went to Boston on Tuesday to spend a few weeks.

Mr. John Chisholm, of Pietou, Weights and Measure inspector, was in Town this week.

Mr. J. S. McDonald, of the Dominion Iron & Steel Co.'s staff was in Town for a few days this week.

The Rev. Ben. McGarry, P. P., of Kansas, is here visiting his brother who was taken sick while attending College.

Mr. John A. McKenna, teacher of mathematics at St. F. X. College, went to Glace Bay on last Saturday to accept a position for the vacation with the Dominion Coal Co. He returns to the College next season.

Hon. C. P. Chisholm went to Halifax Monday to attend a meeting of the Government. Mr. McKenzie, of McKenzie & Mann, was also in Halifax, and conferred with the Government on Halifax & Southwestern Railway matters.

His Grace Archbishop O'Brien, accompanied by Rev. Father Hamilton, of Yarmouth, left Bermuda, for New York, on Thursday last, and is expected home about the end of the week. Everybody will be pleased to learn that His Grace is enjoying excellent health and that the weather during his stay at Bermuda was beautiful. Besides the splendid welcome accorded to His Grace at Bermuda, Rev. Father Hamilton was warmly received by his former parishioners.—*Yarmouth Telegram.*

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Fencing.

Barbed and Plain Wire; Poultry Netting, all widths; Iron Gates; Fencing for Cemetery Lots; Brass and Iron Beds; Springs; Institution Beds; and Mattresses of all kinds.

MUNRO WIRE WORKS, Limited.
NEW GLASGOW N. S.

A. KIRK & Co.'s

The Leading Dry Goods Store.

Our importations from the English, German, American and Canadian markets are now about complete, and we can readily say that our stock is the largest and comprises the newest and most up-to-date assortment that has ever been shown here, and prices the lowest, having bought direct from manufacturers and in large quantities.

DRESS GOODS.

In all the popular makes. Plain and Fancy Wool and Silk Voiles, Plain and Fancy Canvas Cloth, Twine Cloths, Etamines, Ladies' Cloth, Fancy Tweeds, Plain and Colored Venetians, etc.

New Muslins and Waist Goods.

In Basket Cloth, Plain and Fancy Muslins, Zephyrs, Organdies, Fancy Mattings, Gingham, Printed Satens, Delaines, etc.

Dress Trimmings.

An immense variety of new things.

Ladies' Neckwear.

All the colors and creations are in our collection of Stylish Neckwear.

Perrins Kid Gloves,

in all the new and dainty shades. Every pair guaranteed.

Lace Curtains, Sash Muslins, etc.

Nottingham Curtains, Swiss Curtains, Frilled Curtains, Madras Muslin, Frilled Muslin, Bordered Muslins, Spot Muslins, Fringed Muslins, Striped Muslin. All prices, New Designs, all this season's importations from the best makers.

Ladies' Spring Coats and Capes.

A large range of styles and colors. All prices, special value. Don't fail to examine them.

Ladies' Suits and Skirts.

A large range to select from.

Gents' Ready-Made Clothing and Furnishings.

Don't be too hasty in buying your Spring Suit, until you have seen our range of patterns and styles in Men's Suits. We guarantee a good fit. Workmanship and fabrics the finest in the land. A look in this department will convince you that to be well dressed you want one of our suits. We also show the latest in Shirts, Collars, Ties, etc. We sell the "Franklin Derby."

SPECIAL SALE.

The Famous Boot for Ladies "Queen Quality" \$2.95 per pair regular price \$3.75.

MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY FILLED.

A. KIRK & CO.,
ANTIGONISH.

General News.

Montreal had a \$250,000 fire on the 20th inst.

The trial of Chief of Police McAuliffe of Liverpool, N. S., accused of shooting and killing an Italian named John Alexander on April last was concluded Saturday and the charge dismissed.

Judge Desmarais, ex-M. P., died suddenly at Three Rivers, Quebec, last week of heart disease. He was a member of parliament up to last session.

The SS. Hibernian with cargo of cattle and goods is a total wreck on Newfoundland's west coast. Much of her cargo has been taken to North Sydney, including the cattle, which will be sent to England.

Mr. J. J. Hill, the great Railway man, who, by the way, is a Canadian by birth, has given \$1,500,000 to the building fund of the new Catholic cathedral in St. Paul, Minn. The cathedral is to cost \$3,000,000. Mrs. Hill is a Catholic.

The Official Gazette contains announcement of the appointment of Sir Henri Elzear Taschereau, chief justice of the supreme court of Canada to the privy council of Great Britain. He will thus have a seat on judicial committee of the privy council.

Nine persons were seriously injured in a head-on collision between two trolley cars in the Roslindale section of Boston on Sunday afternoon. Several others received minor bruises. It is believed that all will recover from their injuries.

Meaford, Ont., is without a town council, the master in chambers having given judgment unseating the entire body for having borrowed and spent more in one year than the statute allows. The master gave costs against the unseated legislators.

Fire broke out in the hold of the tramp steamer Swazi which left Calcutta March 20th, coming by way of London and Botton, and before the flames could be brought under control caused damage of from \$40,000 to \$50,000.

The Russel House, Ottawa, a landmark of hotelism in Canada, narrowly escaped destruction by fire on the 19th inst. Three hundred guests left the building on short notice and with what clothes they could snatch. The fire broke out shortly after five o'clock a. m. in the bakery.

A notable auction sale of valuable horses took place at Reading, Mass., on Monday. The highest price received was \$32,000 for Bingen with a record of 2:06. The well-known horse Nancy Hanks sold for \$4,000. Seventy-six animals were sold, and they realized \$116,450, an average of \$1,532.23.

With her flags at half mast, the Red Cross liner Silvia, from St. Johns, Nfld., bound for New York, bearing the body of Leonidas Hubbard, who died from starvation and cold in Labrador, arrived in Halifax Sunday afternoon. The body is sealed up in tin and then cased in wood.

An American and an Englishman were captured by a band of brigands in Morocco, and are being held for a high ransom. The Turkish Government has empowered an official to treat with the brigands and to promise them that all their demands will be granted if the men are set at liberty immediately.

Sir Charles Harding, the new British ambassador to Russia, has arrived in St. Petersburg. Because of the part the ambassador is expected to play in carrying out King Edward's desire for closer relations between Great Britain and Russia, more than usual interest in his arrival was displayed in official and unofficial circles.

John J. Cowie, Scotch herring expert, arrived at Canso last Friday with his staff of herring curers, including six Scotch lassies. They came out to Quebec by Allan liner Sicilian. The steamer for catching the herring, the Thirty-three, is expected at Canso in a few days, when active operations will commence.

Mgr. Sbaretta laid the cornerstone of the new Arts building of Ottawa University on Tuesday. The Governor-General, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Borden made addresses during the ceremonies. Cardinal Gibbons was in attendance. The building will be an exceedingly handsome and imposing structure, Greek in design and thoroughly fireproof.

The Marconi Wireless Company, of Canada, has signed a contract with the Dominion government by which it agrees to establish seven stations in the mouth of the St. Lawrence, which it is expected will ensure the safety of all steamers coming into the river. By the contract all stations are to be completed by the beginning of the next season of navigation.

As a result of an explosion in the two drying rooms of the Lake Shore Novelty Co.'s plant at Findlay, Ohio, Saturday, seven persons are known to be dead, five are so seriously hurt that recovery is believed to be impossible, and twelve or fifteen are injured badly. Ten of the less seriously injured may die as a result of blood-poisoning from the potash that was driven into their bodies.

John H. Thomson and R. P. Foster of St. John, N. B., were drowned in Ormoco Lake, N. B., on Sunday. In company with C. A. Stavert, they were fishing from a sail boat, which was upset. All three clung to the boat for a time, but Mr. Stavert swam to the shore, a distance of three-quarters of a mile, and on reaching it swooned. He wandered in the woods all night, and was found next day, his mind wandering. Mr. Thom-

son was a member of the well-known shipping firm of William Thomson & Co., St. John, and Mr. Foster was manager of the Royal Bank at St. John. Their bodies have been recovered.

It is learned that a company has been formed by H. M. Whitney, of Boston, and B. F. Pearson, of Halifax, both of whom were promoters of the Dominion Coal and the Dominion Iron and Steel companies, at Sydney, whereby they have secured control of the coal properties at Inverness Mines, Port Hood and Chimney Corner, in the county of Inverness, together with the railroads now being operated there in connection with these mines. MacKenzie and Mann are heavily interested in the Inverness properties, and their general manager there, Mr. Brass, has been called to Montreal in connection with the deal. These collieries are much nearer the Montreal market than those in Cape Breton, and the new company will likely seek to capture this trade. Very extensive developments are anticipated.

Woman Burned to Death.

BERWICK, N. S.—House and barns of Mrs. Robinson at Burlington on north mountain, eight miles from here, destroyed by fire Tuesday night. Yesterday the woman's charred body found in ruins and marks noticed suggest violence was used before fire occurred. Mrs. Robinson was about 60 years of age, was formerly Mrs. McAulay, and has several children. Authorities are investigating.

The War.

The cruiser Bogatyr of the Vladivostok squadron went on the rocks near Vladivostok last week and has since been blown up by the Russians.

It is reported that the Japanese army from Yalu river has received a heavy blow and been driven back to Feng Wang Cheng. The British sloop of war Espiegle has started for New Chwang to protect British interests.

The reports from Manchuria during the past week indicate only skirmishing has taken place there.

The rainy season is now approaching, and will hamper operations.

CHEEFEE, May 25.—A portion of the Japanese fleet bombarded Port Arthur on Tuesday. The attack was witnessed by Frenchmen, who left Dalny on the night of 22nd, arriving here last night. They say that a large warship circled before entrance of Port Arthur harbor for one hour, firing broadsides at intervals of ten minutes.

MUKDEN, May 25.—According to latest information obtainable Japanese have resumed forward movement. Several columns are advancing, though the bulk of the invading army is still near Fengwang Cheng. There are persistent reports of bloody battle having taken place between Japanese army advancing along railroad from Pulandien and the Russians near Kinchoo, Liatung Peninsula, resulting in defeat of the Japanese with great loss.

Cape Breton Notes.

Hattie Raymond, a bright and intelligent 23-year-old girl, formerly belonging to Halifax, is at Brookland Hospital, Sydney, a raving maniac from the effects of vaccination.

Frank Dorion, of Little River, near Charlottetown, P. E. I., died Sunday at Brookland hospital, Sydney, as a result of having his neck broken by an accident at the steel works twelve weeks ago.

Mrs. Katherine McDougall is lying in a precarious condition at her home on the outskirts of Sydney as a result of having her head split open by a hatchet in the hands of her stepfather, a man named Shinners. The latter has been arrested and is now in jail. Shinners' story is that he was being abused by the woman and being unable to stand it any longer picked up a hatchet and struck her a blow on the head. The weapon made a bad gash, and two doctors were summoned to attend to the wound, which is of a very serious character, and may possibly prove fatal. Shinners is an infirm man having almost lost the use of his legs.

Israel as a Sire.

(Eastern Chronicle, New Glasgow.)

The sale of several of the get of Israel within the last year for long prices makes it a matter of universal regret among Pictou County horsemen that he was taken away from this part of the country. \$200.00 seems to be about high water mark, as a price for green horses that have never been handled for speed and are fresh from the hands of the men who raised them, and we venture the statement that more horses have been sold for and above that figure by Israel than by any sire that ever stood in Pictou County. We might mention a few that suggest themselves to our memory. Two fillies were bred in Barney's River, one day lower, by Robt Dewar, the other Rachel P., by Patterson's. These fillies were always considered high class, their breeder sold them well, and they eventually were sold in Saratoga, N. Y., to a gentleman from Germany for \$400.00, after winning first prize at the horse show as gentlemen's drivers. We will also mention Diah, Fanny, Nelly Bell and several others that always commanded a good long price when they happened to change hands, but apart from their usefulness as roadsters, their racing qualities were valuable. Other we could name that recently sold well, undeveloped, are Brown Mare, sold by Geo. Clarke, New Glasgow, to Boston parties \$200.00, Bay Gelding, sold by Alex McInnis, R. J. to Mr. Barnes, Halifax, \$200.00, Bay Gelding, sold by Robt McKay, West Branch to Howell, Halifax, \$200.00, Brown Gelding, sold by Charles Blackie, Green Hill, \$200.00, Brown Gelding, sold by brother Wallace to Geo. McArthur for \$200.00 now owned by A. J. McEneaney, who has refused over \$300.00 for him. Space forbids us enumerating all the high priced ones that occur to us, but to put it in a nutshell that \$200.00 would hardly buy either the beautiful bay mare, Beitha T., owned by John W. Fraser, New Glasgow, or the speedy bay pacer, "Sleepy Jack," winner of two to races last winter and owned by Robt. Fraser, of West Branch. Brother of these two horses can step into the 2:30 hat when asked to do so. In speaking of the pacer, "Sleepy Jack," we are reminded of the fact that Israel, himself, a very pure gelded horse, sired very few pacers. Sleepy Jack's dam was mixed gaited and that explains why he adopted that style of

going. Rampart, sire of Israel, is also a getter of trotters with good size, pacers being conspicuous by their absence from his list of 2:30 performers. Israel's produce are of good solid colors, good disposition, and are remarkable for their soundness. For his opportunities he has sired a lot of speed, having several in 2:30 or better, and as a getter of horses suitable for that always high priced animal the gentleman driver, we do not know of his superior, and consider it unfortunate for the breeders of Pictou that they are denied his services after demonstrating his merits as a stock horse. We understand the old horse carries his years lightly and has a good home at his owner's, Mr. Fred Randall, Antigonish, N. S.

DEATHS.

The oldest as well as the most respected person of Cragmore, on Saturday, the 21st inst., in the person of JANET McEACHERN, relict of John McInnis at the advanced age of 86. As a neighbor the deceased was noted for her kindness and hospitality, and as a Catholic her whole life was a preparation for a happy death. In her last illness she was strengthened by the Sacraments of the Church, and died as she had lived, an edifying death. She was buried at Cragmore, on Monday, the 23rd, after a Requiem High Mass said for the repose of her soul. May she rest in peace!

At St. Joseph's on Friday, 13th inst., after a short illness, SARAH McDONALD, beloved wife of WILLIAM McRAE, "Duncan," in the 57th year of her age. Her whole life was peaceful, patient, pious, and edifying. The esteem in which she was held in the parish was shown by the very large number who attended her funeral, which took place after a Mass for the repose of her soul on Monday, the 16th. She left to mourn her loss a sorrowing husband, five sons and two daughters. She was prepared for death by the sacraments and consolations of Holy Church. May her soul rest in peace.

At Cripple Creek, Colorado, on April 29th, MRS. McDONALD, wife of JOHN H. McDONALD, son of Capt. ANGUS McDONALD, Antigonish. Mrs. McDon. was evidently a woman of singularly beautiful character. A Denver paper devoted over a column of its space to her obituary, from which we take the following: During the funeral services in St. Peter's Church, the sacred edifice was so crowded only standing room could be had. Rev. Father Carr, whilst dwelling on deceased's many christian qualities, brought tears to the eyes of the vast congregation. The floral offering was the largest ever seen in the Cripple Creek district. Besides her sorrowing husband, she leaves four children, May she rest in peace!

At Briley Brook, Ant., on Friday, May 20th, after five months' illness, ALLAN McADAM, son of Angus R. and Mary McAdam, aged 37 years. Deceased was quiet, sober and industrious, the latter tract of character being especially notable, and his heavy labours in working a quarry and farming are thought to have undermined his once vigorous health. He leaves a widow, two children, a father and mother, four sisters and two brothers, who have the sympathy of the community in the loss of a good husband, parent, son and brother. His funeral on Sunday, probably the longest to the Cathedral cemetery in many years, was testimony of the general regret at his early death. May he rest in peace!

Resolutions of Condolence.

At the last regular meeting of St. Anthony's Branch, No. 331, C. M. B. A., Sydney, N. S., the following resolutions of condolence were unanimously adopted:

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God, in his infinite wisdom, to call to Himself Charles, beloved son of our highly esteemed brother Charles Cook;

Resolved, that we, the members of Branch 331, while bowing submissively to an All-wise Providence, desire to express our most sincere and heartfelt sympathy to Brother Cook on the death of his son Charles;

Further resolved, that a copy be sent to Brother Cook and also to Canadian, CASKET and Sydney Daily Record for publication. A. C. McCORMICK, Pres. JOHN J. McNEIL, Rec. Sec.

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God, in his infinite wisdom, to call to Himself the father of our highly esteemed Financial Secretary, Brother John Walsh;

Resolved, that we, the members of Branch 331, desire to express our sincere and most heartfelt sympathy to Brother Walsh, and we pray that God may strengthen him in this sad hour of affliction;

Further resolved, that a copy be sent to Brother Walsh, and also to the Canadian, CASKET and Sydney Daily Record for publication. A. C. McCORMICK, Pres. JOHN J. McNEIL, Rec. Sec.

CARRIAGES!

The Agency for Antigonish of the well-known

McLaughlin Carriage Co.

has been transferred to me, and I have just received one carload of these splendid Waggon's The McLaughlin Carriages are already extensively used and highly approved of in this county.

Intending purchasers will do well to call and see for themselves before purchasing.

W. J. LANDRY,

Court Street,

Antigonish.

ISRAEL.

The famous and well-known trotting stallion Israel, race record 2:19, will stand the season of 1904 at the subscriber's stables in Antigonish on every week day excepting Mondays and Tuesdays when he will be at the stables of Mr. M. J. Gallant, Black Bridge, Tracadie, commencing on the 30th and 31st of May.

Parties en route to and from Tracadie wishing to breed will find him Monday mornings and Tuesday evenings at John E. MacDonald's, stables, Heatherton.

Service fees: Single, \$4.00; season, \$6.00; to ensure \$8.00. F. H. RANDALL, Owner. JAMES KELL, Groom.

For Sale or To Let.

The Property on West Street, Antigonish, owned by the subscriber. It consists of Good Dwelling, Barn and about one-quarter acre of land. Terms and particulars on application.

M. DONOVAN,

Antigonish.

MARBLE and GRANITE WORKS

First class workmanship and satisfaction guaranteed in all kinds of Marble and Granite Cemetery work.

Prices to Suit all.

Designs and prices on application.

JOHN McISAAC,

St. Andrews,

Antigonish, N. S.

ANY Wall Paper needed in your home this spring? Get ALFRED PEATS "PRIZE" WALL PAPER. The 1904 Sample Books are here ready to show.

ROD McDONALD, Antigonish
Agency ALFRED PEATS "PRIZE" WALL PAPER.
ALFRED PEATS COMPANY Chicago · Boston New York

NO Wall Paper like Alfred Peats "Prize" Wall Paper for beauty of design, long wear and low price. . . Papers for all purposes, all tastes, and all pocketbooks. Glad to call with Sample Books any time you say.

CHISHOLM, SWEET & CO.

West End Warehouse Boot and Shoe Talk.

SOVEREIGN

The All-day Shoe

Walk all day in a pair of "Sovereign" Shoes and never experience that "foot-sore and weary" feeling you have had in many a pair of shoes you've bought.

Why? Because "Sovereign" Shoes are built on "Sovereign" lasts and "Sovereign" lasts are fashioned to life models and give the maximum comfort and ease to the wearer without sacrificing that smartness and good style you demand of your shoemaker. "Sovereign" \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoes, the most for your money.

Besides the "Sovereign" Shoe, of which we are sole agents in Antigonish, we carry an extensive range of the

AMHERST MAKE,

in Men's, Women's and Children's.

If you want a good wearing boot, with good solid leather stock, then get a pair of the Amherst make.

We are closing out a few odd lines and odd sizes of Men's, and Women's Boots

.. .. AT COST

If you can get the size you want the price will induce you to buy them.

About 60 pair of last year's Rubbers mostly small sizes in 3's, 3½'s, 4's and 5's, at 30c per pair.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.

CHISHOLM, SWEET & CO.

Advertisement for Baby's Own Soap, featuring an illustration of a baby and text: 'No other Soap has ALL the qualities of a Baby's Own... Baby's Own Soap Pure, Fragrant, Cleansing...'

Dr. Starbuck in The Presbyterian Witness. The Presbyterian Witness, of Halifax, N. S., under date of March 19, page 4, column 3, commends an article of mine, appearing in this Review, but which it inadvertently credits to the Ave Maria...

Now as the Scottish Presbyterianism, without a change of creed, has consented to a profound change of practice, in the treatment of heresy and schism, even so has the Church of Rome, and with inward consent, as Froude himself reminds us...

Advertisement for BENS DORP'S COCOA, featuring the text: 'If your indigestion is not good, substitute BENS DORP'S COCOA for tea and coffee. ALWAYS IN YELLOW WRAPPERS.'

Advertisement for BOWELS, Digestive Organs, McGALE'S BUTTERNUT PILLS. Text: 'Regulated and rendered healthy and active by an occasional dose of McGALE'S BUTTERNUT PILLS...'

However, the Witness thinks that I have ignored a vital consideration, namely, "that the Pope insists on his Church being always and everywhere the same." Now if the editors had read more of my numerous papers, amounting to three hundred of this series, they would have discovered that I have ignored very few points indeed which are in the minds of Protestants touching the Church of Rome...

As I have shown already, some elder bishops and Popes, as Ximenes, St. Pius V, Bonner, perhaps even Bossuet, persecuted some, as Talavera, Tunstall, Fenelon, refused to persecute, and Innocent XI energetically remonstrated against the Dragonnades...

Advertisement for ANTIGONISH WOOD-WORKING FACTORY, featuring text: 'ESTABLISHED 1884. REBUILT WITH NEW MACHINERY, 1901. Doors, Windows, Mouldings, and Finish, All kinds. Birch and Spruce Flooring. Lime, Laths, Plaster, Etc., Etc. JOHN McDONALD Proprietor BREED FOR PROFIT!'

Advertisement for Good Health, Sarsaparilla Compound, Paine's Celery Compound, Patent Medicines, Pills, Ointments, Combs, Brushes, Soap, Perfumes, Sponges, Maltine Preparations, Emulsions, Pipes, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

It is utterly futile, because it is utterly untrue. The Pope does, indeed, require the Catholic Church to be one and the same in doctrine. But he does not require uniformity in rite, in discipline, or in administrative policy. He allows that in different regions, in different ages, among different races, under varying conditions, the Church may vary indefinitely in all these particulars...

From 1855 to 1870 the Catholic hierarchy in Austria seems to have had greater authority than ever before since the Reformation. Yet, says Dr. Schulte, it found no fault when the Government raised the Protestants to full civic equality. As Patrick Henry says, we can only judge of the future by the past.—Charles C. Starbuck, in Sacred Heart Review.

Advertisement for J. H. STEWART, ANTIGONISH, N. S., BEVERAGES. Text: 'Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Cream Soda, Klub Soda, Champagne Cider, Orange Phosphate, Sarsaparilla, Lemon Sour, Orange Cider, Ironbrew, Fruit Syrups, Lime Juice, Vino, Etc., Etc.'

Advertisement for E. R. O. (Ethiopian Rheumatic Oil) CURES RHEUMATISM. Text: 'Neuralgia, Sciatica, Inflammatory, Muscular, Lumbago, Gout, Stiff Neck, Sprains, Sore Throat, Etc., Etc.'

Advertisement for FOSTER BROS. Druggists, Antigonish. Text: 'A full line of SPECTACLES of the Best Quality. Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.'

But when we come to the difference between East and West, there is hardly anything left in common except doctrine and the substances of the sacraments. The liturgies, their languages, secondary ceremonies, vestments, the number and furniture of the altars, all these things are completely unlike. And how deep the cleavage of discipline, between the West, with its unmarried, and the East with its married priesthood, the separated and the Uniate churches being in all these particulars almost exactly alike...

Advertisement for Chisholm, Sweet & Co. For Sale at a Bargain. Text: 'The undersigned offers for sale at a bargain a complete GRIST MILL consisting of two sets of French Burr Stones, Smutters, Elevators.'

Advertisement for Francis Drake's BEVERAGES, which will be supplied at Factory Prices. Text: 'Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Cream Soda, Klub Soda, Champagne Cider, Orange Phosphate, Sarsaparilla, Lemon Sour, Orange Cider, Ironbrew, Fruit Syrups, Lime Juice, Vino, Etc., Etc.'

Advertisement for Carriages Farming Implements Harness. Text: 'Just received 1 carload of Carriages from William Gray & Sons, Ltd., Chatham, Ont. These carriages have been in service throughout the Dominion for nearly fifty years, and are giving genuine satisfaction wherever used.'

Advertisement for SIMON W. No. 19141. Race record, 2:28. Text: 'A beautiful Chestnut Stallion, 10 hands high, weighs 1100 lbs., standard by breed and performance. Will stand the present season at the owner's stable, St. Ninian Street, cross long bridge from D. McIsaac's forge.'

Now the treatment of heretics is not a matter of doctrine, but of discipline. It is, I suppose, a doctrine, that the Church, abstractly speaking, has authority to exercise a coercive jurisdiction, through her own officers, over all the baptized, and to inflict upon the refractory any punishment not capital. So also this is a part of the creed of the Presbyterian Church of Scotland, except that she puts coercion, capital and non-capital alike, over heretics and schismatics, in the hands of the magistrate, who, however, is held bound to carry it out...

Advertisement for Cowan's Cocoa and Chocolate. Text: 'Cowan's Cocoa and Chocolate Confectioners also have them, buy the best. The Symbol in Sermons is the title of a new work by the Very Rev. Alex. MacDonald, D. D., just issued from the office of the C. P. A. Publication Co., 26 Barclay St., New York. It is a companion volume to the Symbol of the Apostles, and consists of twenty-five sermons or instructions on the articles of the Creed.'

Advertisement for C. B. Whidden & SON Farms for Sale. Text: 'We have a few good farms for sale at from \$100.00 to \$3 000.00. Full description on application. A. KIRK & CO. P. O. Box 292, Antigonish, N. S.'

Advertisement for SEEDS! SEEDS! Text: 'Consisting of White Russian, Red Fife, White Fife and Colorado Bearded Wheat, 2-Rowed and 6-Rowed Barley, American Banner, Sensation, 20th Century and Newmarket Oats, Finest Quality Lower Canadian and Ontario Timothy, Mammoth Late Red, Alsike and White Dutch Clovers, Marrowfat and Golden Wine Peas, Fodder Corn, Turnip and Mangle Seed. Also full line of Garden Seed.'

The Triumph of the Torpedo.

The original Whitehead torpedo was a weapon that traveled on the surface of the water only, while the modern automobile torpedo is essentially a submarine engine. Many years, nevertheless, have now elapsed since the marvelous weapon, by steady evolution, became extraordinarily perfect and formidable, although it is but right to add that its improvement has been continuous from first to last, and is not yet at a standstill. Strange to say, however, the significance of the automobile torpedo as a factor in naval warfare is only now beginning to receive adequate recognition. The weapon has always had its enthusiastic champions, of course, although until quite recently they have been the few, while its detractors have been in the majority. According to some, the torpedo was little better than a bogey; according to others, it was suitable for use only against vessels at anchor, or vessels with incompetent, if not criminally careless, crews on board; according to yet others, it could never be employed with advantage against ships of the civilized and well disciplined races, especially if such ships chanced to be under way.

It was admitted that the automobile torpedo had won successes during the civil war in Chile, during the revolutionary fighting in Brazil, and during the conflict between Japan and China; "but," said the wisecracks, "wait until one of the leading naval powers is concerned, and then you will see that although the torpedo may be all very well against South Americans or yellow men, it won't work against civilized Europeans."

We know now what the Japanese, acting not against careless and ignorant Celestials, but against the finest officers and best ships of a leading European navy, have been able to do with this engine of destruction.

And this terrible engine, in its most highly developed form, costs only about \$2,000. A big battleship costs anything from \$5,000,000 to \$7,500,000, yet, as events have shown, it may easily fall victim to its small and absurdly cheap foe. Of course, I do not mean that the mere outlay of, say, \$2,000 is likely to be the sole expenditure involved in the crippling of a 13,000 ton Tsarevitch. The torpedo, if used at sea, must be discharged from a vessel of some sort, by men who must inevitably run some risk. But the craft which are usually employed on torpedo work are small, costing, it may be, no more than from \$75,000 to \$300,000 apiece, and having but small crews. Thus, there may be on one side but \$450,000 worth of material and fifteen or twenty lives, and on the other a ship worth \$6,000,000, with 750 people on board; and as we have seen, the cheap little boat may spoil the career of the splendid mastodon.

Even if the big ship do its worst in such a case, it can do nothing adequate. Let it even sink half a dozen of its two-penny-halfpenny opponents and drown all their crews, it must still have run awful risks—risks which are quite out of proportion to the objects to be gained.

Is there, then, it will be asked, no way of safety for the big ship? Undoubtedly there is. The nose of the modern torpedo is furnished with a "cutter" which will shear a way through any ordinary steel net that may be hung round a ship for its protection; but there are nets—and our navy possesses them—which are cutter proof; and, moreover, these nets, although at much inconvenience, can be kept hanging round the threatened vessel, even while it is moving at low speed through the water. Such devices, combined with the keeping of a good lookout by means of fast scouts, the cultivation of coolness and accuracy at gun practice by night as well as by day, a proper knowledge of the uses and limitations of the searchlights with which every modern vessel is provided, and the maintenance of perfect discipline in all circumstances, should deprive the torpedo and the torpedo boat of some of their terrors. Nevertheless, the menace must always be a serious one indeed.

It may be worth while to add that the Japanese are understood to be in possession of a few automobile torpedoes of altogether exceptional size—having a diameter, that is, of as much as twenty-four inches, or six inches more than the biggest service torpedo of other nations. Whether any of these were with the fleet off Port Arthur is, however, doubtful.

It will also be useful to add that at the opening of hostilities Russia may have had about twenty destroyers and twelve or fifteen serviceable seagoing torpedo boats at or near the scene of action. At the same period Japan had at her disposal not fewer than twenty destroyers and sixty torpedo boats of various classes, all fit for work. Some of these can scarcely fail to play an important part later in the campaign. —Sir William Laird Clowes, in Chicago Tribune.

The Chained Bible Again.

In an editorial on a recent exhibition of bookbinding in New York, the Independent says that the principal exhibit was a chained book. Many non-Catholics imagine that only the Bible was chained in the old "monkish" days. The "chained Bible" sounds so striking as an anti-Catholic argument that we suppose it will be used by bigots to mislead ignoramuses and innocents till the end of time. The explanation of the chained Bible of the Middle Ages is of course simple and easy, but the roaring anti-Romanists do not know it. As the Independent says:—

"When the first books were printed it was useful to chain them to prevent their being stolen, and an iron chain was fastened to the heavy wooden sides with which the book was bound."

King Edward and the Miner.

One of the features of the room at Sandringham which the king has devoted to his superb collection of sporting guns, rifles, hunting knives, and pig sticking spears is an ordinary pick which occupies a place of honor, and to which a pretty story with an American end is attached. When the king was a 16 year old lad, he visited a Durham coal mine, and while there was shown by a miner how to pick coal, which, with boyish insistence and vim, he proceeded to do for a full hour before consenting to leave the place. More than forty years later the king, when staying with Lord Durham, at Lambton castle, had a number of the earl's tenants and employees presented to him, among others the miner under whose directions he had picked coal four decades previously. The old miner brought along the pick with which the king as a boy had toiled, and Lord Durham, who knew the old miner well, informed his royal guest that the miner had received many offers for the tool, especially one of \$1,000 from a well-known American multi-millionaire who has a castle in Scotland, offers which Collins—that was the name of the old fellow—in spite of his being a laboring man, and as such the reverse of rich, had refused.

"I should like to buy that pick!" exclaimed the Prince of Wales—it was shortly before his accession to the throne—shaking the old fellow warmly by the hand, "and I am only sorry that I cannot afford to pay a bigger price than that offered by your American friend."

"But I would not accept anything for it, sir," interrupted Collins. "I brought the pick here in order to offer it for your acceptance as a present, and I should be only too glad if your royal highness would consent to take it."

"All right, old friend," exclaimed the prince, "I will accept your gift. Keep it for the present, and I will send for it when I get home."

About a fortnight later the old miner received a letter addressed to "Henry Collins, Esq.," and stating that Gen. Sir Dighton Probyn had been commanded by the Prince and Princess of Wales to request his company at dinner at Sandringham. The letter likewise inclosed railroad tickets and directions as to what train to take. At the bottom of the card, which bore the prince's crest, was a postscript in the prince's handwriting, as follows: "Please bring the pick."

Arriving at the Wolverton station, Collins found one of the royal carriages awaiting him, and on reaching Sandringham, he was welcomed in the hall by the prince, who after presenting him to the princess and to the other members of the royal party, conducted him in person to a bedroom, as was the hospitable custom in those days of King Edward with guests visiting Sandringham for the first time. An hour later the old miner found himself seated at the royal table at dinner, the other guests being Princess Victoria, Prince and Princess Charles of Denmark, and the present Prince and Princess of Wales. In spite of the newness of his surroundings, the sturdy old miner, in his seventy-fifth year, did not betray the least embarrassment, but behaved with a simple dignity, modest, and, at the same time, complete absence of subservience that might have constituted a lesson in breeding to many a parvenu. He created a most favorable impression, and after dinner the whole party adjourned to the gunroom, where the pick now occupies a place of honor, and where it was duly installed.

Collins remained at Sandringham for the night, and left the following afternoon, after Queen Alexandra in person had shown him around her model dairy, her kennels, and her garden, King Edward taking him over the home farm. And when he left he carried away with him beautiful autograph portraits of his royal host and hostess and of their children.

That is the delicate manner in which King Edward and Queen Alexandra acknowledged the obligation which the old miner had placed them under by presenting them with a pick for which he had refused a thousand dollars of American money, and which he insisted on giving them. And there is no doubt that nothing that Edward VII could have done would have pleased or gratified the old fellow more than being treated by his future king as he himself had behaved—namely: as a gentleman.—Marquise de Fontenoy.

Attention, Geography Class!

Our system of public instruction does not always show its impress upon those who become public men. The late Venezuelan question called out queries that were of interest to our minister to that country, who made note of them.

In December, 1892, a western member of the United States Congress arose in his place and seriously asked, "Where is Venezuela, anyhow?" This was pending a proposition to consolidate the missions to Venezuela and Guatemala, the impression being that the two republics were adjacent countries.

Another member, equally well up in geography and equally enthusiastic in his advocacy of "economy," wanted to consolidate the missions to Venezuela, Ecuador and Peru. (See map of South America).

It was during the same year that a St. Louis merchant wrote to our minister at Caracas to find out "the most available seaport of Venezuela on the Pacific." A cattle dealer in Colorado inquired "whether, in order to visit Maracaibo, it would be necessary to sail via Europe." Soon afterward a tobaccoist in Virginia wrote to ask "whether it would be advisable to ship samples via the Isthmus of Panama."—C. Citizen.

The Church's Work Among the Lepers.

The name of Father Damien, together with the thought of his heroic work in Molokai among the lepers, has become a key-note of high endeavor in the English-speaking world. Robert Louis Stevenson, Charles Warren Stoddard, Edward Clifford, have used their pens in enthusiastic eulogium of the heroic martyr priest, who was worthy of it all. But we should also bear in mind and give thanks for the less known noble men and women both, who are now calmly at work among lepers in various quarters of the globe. The Franciscan Sisters are in Molokai today, having gone there, to our glory as Catholic Americans, from Syracuse, N. Y., while our Emmittsburg Sisters of Charity have shut themselves away from the world with the lepers in Louisiana. Dominican Sisters are in Trinidad, with the lepers there; and a noble band of priests and Sisters are ministering to the needs of the leper colonies in Columbia, South America. It seems that at the beginning of the nineteenth century, there were ninety-two persons reported as afflicted with the dread disease in the latter country; and now alas! there are 30,000 or more. Among them are now laboring nine noble priests of the Salesian Order founded by Dom Bosco, five Sisters of Mary Help of Christians, and ten Sisters of Charity. Two priests collected, from the charitable Colombians, in a very short space of time, 2,900,000 pesos to carry on this prodigious work; and this after a three years' civil war entailing poverty and distress upon the nation. We mentioned in the Review, but a short time ago, the recent death of Father Wehinger, the apostle of the lepers in Burmah. What glorious examples are given us in noble lives like these!—S. H. Review.

If You are Well-Bred.

- You will be kind.
- You will not use slang.
- You will try to make others happy.
- You will not be shy or self-conscious.
- You will never indulge in ill-natured gossip.
- You will never forget the respect due to age.
- You will not swagger or boast of your achievements.
- You will think of others before you think of yourself.
- You will be scrupulous in your regard for the rights of others.
- You will not measure your civility by peoples bank accounts.
- You will not forget engagements, promises or obligations of any kind.
- In conversation you will not be argumentative or contradictory.
- You will never make fun of the peculiarities or idiosyncrasies of others.
- You will not bore people by constantly talking of yourself and your affairs.

Fools Use Washes and Snuffs.

Thinking perhaps they will cure Catarrh,—but no one ever heard of a genuine cure following such senseless treatment. There is just one prompt and thorough cure for Catarrh and it is fragrant healing Catarrhazone which goes right to the root of the trouble. It destroys the germs, heals the inflamed membranes and cures any case no matter how obstinate or long standing. "I experimented for years with Catarrh remedies but found Catarrhazone the most rational and satisfactory" writes W. J. McEachern of Waterville. "It cured me for all time." For a sure cure use only Catarrhazone. Complete outfit, \$1.00; trial size 25c.

JOHN SMITH

had that tired feeling which most of us get at this season of the year. He talked with his doctors about it and the result was that he bought a 25c bottle of

Amor's Essence of Cod Liver Oil.

This was a fortnight ago and he is now taking his third bottle. He says it is making a new man of him and that all who need a spring tonic should try it.



DR. SLOCUM, Lung Specialist

I Offer to the Sick
\$1 ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH OF MEDICINE FREE AS A TRIAL

To Every Sufferer with Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Pulmonary and Bronchial Troubles

If you have any of the following symptoms it means that the germs of consumption are in your system. Accept Dr. Slocum's generous offer.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Are your lungs weak? | Are you losing flesh? |
| Do you cough? | Are you pale, thin and weak? |
| Do you have pains in the chest? | Do you have ringing in the ears? |
| Do you spit up phlegm? | Do you have hot flashes? |
| Is your throat sore and inflamed? | Is there dropping in the throat? |
| Is your appetite bad? | Is the nose dry and stuffy? |
| Do you have night sweats? | Have you a coated tongue? |

Call your disease what you will, these symptoms indicate that you have in your body the seed of the most dangerous of maladies. In order to let all people know the marvellous power of his system of treatment, Dr. Slocum has decided to give free to all sufferers as a test his free trial treatment.

ONE WEEK'S TRIAL OF DR. SLOCUM'S SYSTEM OF TREATMENT FREE

Nothing could be more reasonable, more generous than Dr. Slocum's offer.

The Slocum System of Treatment has cured thousands and tens of thousands of cases of consumption in all stages of the disease. A system of treatment that accomplishes more than any one remedy can ever accomplish. A system of complete medicinal and tonic food treatment that destroys and eliminates all tuberculosis germs and poison from the system and assists nature in building up healthy lung and body tissue, two essential functions for a permanent cure.

Accept Dr. Slocum's offer to-day and be cured at home among friends and loved ones. Simply write to Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, 179 King Street West, Toronto, Canada, mention your druggist's name, and state your post and express offices, and you will receive the treatment promptly by express. Mention this paper.

READ THE NEWS THE DAY IT IS PRINTED The Sydney Daily Post

Containing all the latest news, reaches all parts of Cape Breton Island and Eastern Nova Scotia ahead of other papers.

SUBSCRIPTION: \$3 00 Per Year; \$1 50 for 6 Mos.; 75c for 3 Mos.

Payable in Advance. Send 25c. for One Month's Trial.

ADDRESS: SYDNEY POST PUBLISHING CO., LTD., DEPT 4, SYDNEY, C. B.

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS.

For Hoarseness apply the same as for Sore Throat, taking the Syrup, as directed for coughs, etc. Make a cupful of honey or molasses with ½ teaspoonful of Pendleton's Panacea, stirring it each time before you take it. Take as often as you feel you require. No Cough Syrup ever made can equal it for stopping a cough, and none so cheap. No remedy should ever be taken that immediately stops the cough.

PENDLETON'S PANACEA

in the above form loosens the phlegm, makes coughing easy, and when the lungs are thoroughly healed, which is done in a very short time, the cough stops.

Chills, Ague, Night Sweats, Wind around the Heart, Colic, Sleeplessness, Etc., Etc.

Regular doses. A mild dose on going to bed, soothes the nerves and produces sleep. The only safe and positive cure for seasickness. Don't go on a journey, or keep house without it. A doctor always on hand for 25c.

The Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1859

Savings Department

Capital and Reserves	General Banking Business Transacted.
\$6,192,705	Drafts and Letters of Credit Issued.
Total Assets	Correspondence solicited.
\$25,100,000	

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sovereign Shoes—Chisholm, Sweet & Co. Wall Papers.—Rod McDonald. Carriages.—W. J. Landry. Concert.—Am. Vitagraph Co. Clocks, etc.—W. E. Fraser.

LOCAL ITEMS.

ICE CREAM at Mrs. McNeil's, West End, Main St.

SUPREME COURT opens at Guysboro on next Tuesday. Judge Weatherbe is expected to preside.

TWO CASES of diphtheria are reported at Big Tracadie, Ant., and four cases of typhoid fever at Linwood, Ant.

IN THE LIST of graduates at St. F. College published last week, the name of W. Gillis, St. Peter's, should have read M. Gillis, Soldier's Cove, C. B.

IN THE TROTTER RACES at New Glasgow on Tuesday, Sleepy Jack was first in the three minute class, and Buclenan second. In the 2.24 class Kaiser G. won in three straight heats with Joe Youngheart second.

THE WELL-KNOWN DEXTER FARM, situated at the east end of the town, recently advertised for sale in these columns, has been sold by Mr. F. H. Macphie, the agent, to Mr. C. E. Harris, manager of the Royal Bank, whose property it adjoins. We understand the price paid was \$1750.

THE CATCH of lobsters on this shore is reported to be good. Though the opening of this season was somewhat later than usual, the weight of the catch is now said to equal that of last year at this date. Codfishing has also commenced, and quite a number have been secured already.

THE SCHOONER Helen Shaftner, 180 tons register, recently purchased by Antigonish parties, arrived at New York on last Thursday from Annapolis, N. S., having accomplished the run in the remarkably quick time of four days. This is her maiden voyage under the new owners, and augurs well for her good fortune in the future. She is chartered to load coal at New York for Prince Edward Island. The captain is J. De Coste, of Harbour au Bouche.

VICTORIA DAY in Antigonish was observed by a suspension of business, many of the stores and some of the other business places were closed. The day was bright and warm, and the people generally spent the time in outdoor recreations. A large number of men and boys could be seen in the early hours hastening away with fishing tackle to the trout streams and lakes in the surrounding country, while numerous private picnics were held. Some eighty persons went up to New Glasgow to attend the horse races there.

MOVING PICTURES.—The American Vitagraph is now touring Nova Scotia, and will be at McDonald's Hall, Antigonish, on Monday and Tuesday evenings, June 6th and 7th. The press of Halifax, where it appeared recently, pronounce the views the best moving pictures ever shown there. Many of the pictures are representations of important incidents of the war in the Far East, among which is the bombardment of Port Arthur. This picture is a wonderful study of animated photography, and the rush of the Japs at the close is received with enthusiasm. The entertainment is not a continuous picture show. Two specialties are introduced, so that the evenings will be exceedingly pleasant.

BISHOP MACDONALD of Harbour Grace, Nfld., and Rev. J. J. Chisholm, late of Pictou, returned last week from Montreal where they had spent the winter undergoing treatment for their health. On Friday they visited Rev. R. Macdonald, P. P., Westville, brother of Bishop Macdonald. On Saturday Father Chisholm came to Antigonish. Bishop Macdonald will visit Pictou this week, of which parish he was many years in charge, and will also visit his native home at Maryvale, this County, ere he returns to Harbour Grace. We are pleased to state that Bishop Macdonald is improved in health, the operation he underwent having been quite successful. Father Chisholm was much benefited by the rest.

ANTIGONISH BOY AT THE HEAD OF THE GRADUATING CLASS.—At the Posse gymnasium, 203 Massachusetts Avenue, Boston, Monday evening, 16th inst., the graduation exercises of the normal class took place. An exhibition in Swedish gymnastics, club swinging, dancing, fencing, and basket ball was given by the graduating class. The closing address was a farewell from Baroness Posse to her pupils, who dwell on the remarkable case of John MacDonald, who, although blind, has been able to graduate at the head of the class. The Morning Chronicle says Mr. MacDonald will go to Halifax to teach gymnastics in the school for the blind there. The new physical instructor is a son of Mr. John B. MacDonald of Glassburn, Ant.

C. M. B. A.—At the meeting of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association grand officers at Kingston, Ont., last week, reports were submitted showing the increase of membership and the financial conditions since the last meeting four months ago. These reports were very satisfactory. The total membership is 18,687. Since the first of January the total increase was 671, and the net increase 528. The reserve fund has reached \$162,806.66, and the total paid to beneficiaries since January, 1903, when the Canadian organization separated from the body in the United States, has reached \$2,031,113.41. Arrangements were made for visiting the branches of the association for the advancement of the work, and also for looking after unorganized territory. The date of the convention in Toronto was fixed for August 24th and following days.—St. John's Globe.

HYMENEAL.—At St. Andrew's Church, Ant., on the 17th inst., the Very Rev. Dr. MacDonald, V. G., united in the bonds of holy matrimony Miss Mary McDonald, Beaulieu, to Mr. John R. Macpherson of Caledonia Mills, Ant.

A very pretty wedding took place Monday morning, May 23rd, at St. Mary's church, Heatherton, when Charles H. Cameron, I. C. R. Station Agent, Bayfield Road, led to the altar Miss Bee Connors of Bayfield. Rev. Father Chisholm, P. P., Heatherton, officiated. The groom's present to the bride was a beautiful gold bracelet and to the bridesmaid a brooch set with opals. The wedding presents were numerous and costly. The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Sara C. Chisholm, Summerside, whilst R. R. McKinnon, of Taylor's Road, did the honors for the groom. After a sumptuous repast at the home of the bride, at which the immediate relatives of both parties were present, the happy couple left for Halifax and other western points on a short wedding tour. On their return they will reside at Bayfield. Ad multos annos.

EMPIRE DAY.—A correspondent writes: Empire Day was fittingly observed by the pupils of Main street school in the rendering of a choice programme consisting of patriotic songs and recitations. At the close of the programme, Rev. M. A. McAdam addressed the pupils complimenting them on the excellent manner in which their programme was rendered, and exhorting them to be true patriots by being faithful to their duties as school children. Mayor O'Brien also addressed the children in words breathing with sentiments of patriotism, and incidentally remarked on the good work being done in their school, and urged them to be always mindful of the precepts of their teachers. The exercises then closed with the singing of the National Anthem. Following was the programme:

Song—"The Maple Leaf Forever," by School Recitation—"The Olden Flag," Alexander O'Brien Recitation—"This Canada of Ours," Alexander O'Brien Recitation—"Love of Country," Rufus Power Solo and Chorus—"Red, White and Blue," Owen Cameron Recitation—"Canada's Loyalty to the Empire," James Slattery Recitation—"The Men of the Northern Zone," James K. Lee God Save the King.

TENDERS are asked in this issue for the erection of a new Hall for the C. M. B. A. Hall Company at Antigonish. The specifications require tenderers to figure on both a wooden and brick structure. The building will be 86x43 feet, two stories and basement. The hall is to be on the second floor, and will seat about 600 people. On the ground floor will be two large offices; a suite of rooms for the C. M. B. A., consisting of an assembly room, a reading room, a smoking room and a billiard room. The basement is to be of concrete, with concrete floors. It will be high and well lighted, and is chiefly intended for sample rooms, of which there is a scarcity at present. The site of the proposed building is the very best for any purpose. It is on the Main street, yet will be free from obstruction to its light by other structures, as there is no probability of any buildings being erected on adjoining lots. Basements on the Main street are sometimes flooded with water from the two rivers which run through the town. No trouble from this source will ever be experienced in this building, as the location is the most elevated on the Main street, and is clear of the highest freshets. The architect who drew the plans is Mr. J. Crichton Harris of Charlottetown.

OPERA HOUSE ?

TWO NIGHTS COMMENCING Monday, June 6

AMERICAN VITAGRAPH POPULAR CONCERTS.

RUSSIA-JAPAN WAR PICTURES :

The Bombardment of Port Arthur, Landing of Japanese Big Guns at Chumalpo.

Land and Naval Forces in Action 100 Others Entirely New.

Latest Illustrated Songs.

MUSICAL NOVEL ACT.

Prices 25, 35, and 50 cents. Change of Programme Nightly.

Plans at FOSTERS, JUNE 1.

BARGAINS

—IN—

BOOTS and SHOES.

I have placed a large number of pairs of boots and shoes, all sizes, all grades, all prices, and all in good condition, on a cheap table, all to be sold

AT HALF PRICE

and some even for less.

All these goods must be sold to make room for spring goods. Families would do well to examine these cheap goods and save half their money. These half price cuts are strictly cash.

Dougald McGillivray, EAST END.

THE 20TH ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT of Mt. St. Bernard, which took place on the evening of the 18th inst., marked the close of the most successful year in the history of that famous institution. The number of pupil boarders during the past year was greater than ever before, and the most creditable way in which each item of the programme was carried out testified to the high character of the training given by the Sisters in charge, and furnished ample evidence that the efficacy of their educative methods has kept pace with the increase in number of pupils under their charge with an extended sphere of influence and with the times. The music, both instrumental and vocal, was of a very high order; the readings showed careful preparation and reflected great credit on the declaimers. "The Breaking of the Sejan Steed" by Miss Fennel was especially good. The essays by the graduates were cleverly written and well read. That the efforts of the Sisters of the Cong. de Notre Dame in the direction of higher education are being appreciated was easily seen from the number of people—many coming from distant parts—who filled up the spacious hall until there was not even standing room. From the first-class character of the commencement exercises of previous years, they knew a treat was in store for them, and all admitted that the magnificent way in which every item of the programme was rendered far exceeded their expectations. Thus the best and the most successful year in the history of Mt. St. Bernard was fittingly brought to a close by the most successful and most brilliant Convent Commencement Exercises yet seen in Antigonish. The prize list will be found on page two.

WANTED.—A girl for general household in a small family. Apply to Mrs. C. M. Henry, Church St.—adv.

On Thursday night last SS. Turret Bay, left Sydney for Montreal with 5000 tons coal. She struck on St. Paul's Island, backed off and sank, drowning 14 of her crew.

Tenders for Hall.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Tenders for Hall," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on

Monday, June 20th, 1904,

for the complete erection of a building for the Antigonish C. M. B. A. Hall Company, Limited. Plans and specifications may be seen at the "Casket" office, Antigonish, on and after Monday, the 20th inst. A certified cheque to the amount of \$300 must accompany each tender, to be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender. Not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of Directors, ALEX. D. GHISHOLM, Secretary.

Antigonish, 25th May, 1904.

For Sale at Bargain Prices.

The subscriber offers from sale, at low prices, a number Good Clocks, some eight-day; a stock of Patent Medicines, a lot of Books. Persons wishing any of these goods can have them at greatly reduced prices.

W. E. FRASER, Main St., West End, Antigonish.



NEW BICYCLES

FROM \$30 TO \$60.

Our quality is the highest and our price is the lowest to be found anywhere.

Second-Hand Wheels

FROM \$7.50 UPWARDS.

If in need of a bicycle write us for list.

Sundries of all kinds and Repairs a Specialty.

Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.

ACME BICYCLE AGENCY,

NEW GLASGOW, N. S.

Muskrat Skins Wanted.

Persons having any Muskrat Skins who wish to sell them at good prices apply to HAROLD WHIDDEN, care of C. B. Whidden & Son's store, Antigonish, N. S.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the M. Clerk's office, up to noon,

Monday, the 30th inst.,

for supplying the following articles at the County Asylum for one year from the 1st day of June, 1905:

WHEAT FLOUR, per bbl. (name brand). CORN MEAL, per 100 lbs (kln dried). OATMEAL, per 100 lbs. (or per bbl). BEEF, fresh, per 100 lbs. (not less than 90 lbs. weight per quarter). BUTTER, per lb. by the tub. TEA, per lb. by the chest. MOLASSES, per gal. (best Porto Rico) HAKE, dry, 100 lbs. KEROSENE OIL, per gal. by the cask (best Am.) SOAP, per lb. by the box (No 1 Family). SALT MERRINGS, per bbl. SUGAR, per 100 lbs (standard) POT BARLEY, per 100 lbs (or per bbl).

Goods to be approved by the Commissioners and to be delivered at the Asylum as ordered. Goods not approved to be taken away by the contractor or at his expense. The right to re-cut part, all, or none, reserved. Payment quarterly.

ALEX. MACDONALD, J. J. McPHERSON, D. MACDONALD, Comrs. Antigonish, 16th May, 1904.

Where's the Man we Can't Please With a Suit?

The fairest flowers that have bloomed in the garden of fashion are our New Spring and Summer Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Caps, Shirts, Boots, Shoes, etc.

Why not give yourself a spring treat? And what treat is better than a Suit, Overcoat, Hat, Shirt, Gloves or a pair of Shoes? Now is your opportunity. New things all in. Don't miss our show, if you are at all particular about what you are going to wear this season or what you pay for it. There is no man so handsome or so attractive that he can afford to go seedy. Drop your business for an hour, no matter what it is, whether digging ditches or cutting coupons, and come right in and treat yourself. You can afford it at these prices:

Table listing prices for Suits, Top Coats, Gloves, Hats, Ties, Caps, Collars, Shirts, Cuffs, Boots and Shoes.

You'll be a welcome visitor any day. We're always at your service. You can't call too soon or too often. Remember the old reliable your money back if you want it.

Highest Cash Price allowed for Wool, Butter, Eggs, etc.

Palace Clothing Company AND POPULAR SHOE STORE, Main Street, Antigonish.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

JUST ARRIVED:

Field and Garden Seeds

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. WHEAT { White Russian, White Fife, Red Fyfe.

OATS { American Banner, Sensation, 20th Century.

BARLEY, PEAS, CORN, TIMOTHY and CLOVER.

Also, a large selection of

GARDEN SEEDS

in bulk and packages.

JUST RECEIVED: ONE CAR WIRE NAILS, ONE CAR RODGERS WHITE LIME, CALL OR WRITE FOR PRICES.

D. G. KIRK, KIRK'S BLOCK, ANTIGONISH.

A Full Line of New up-to-date

SLATER BOOTS and SHOES

NOW IN STOCK AT

N. K. CUNNINGHAM'S, - Main Street.

Sole agent for Slater and Empress Shoes.

From Factory to Home \$225.

including complete course of instruction at home

We have just completed arrangements with one of the leading manufacturers of the Dominion, whereby we can save piano customers freight, agents commissions and the various extra charges usually paid by a piano purchaser. Our plan is to have the piano go direct to you from the factory. This piano is fully guaranteed and warranted. Any doubter may have

ONE YEAR'S TRIAL FREE

For particulars write

Miller Bros. & McDonald, HALIFAX, BOX 349.