

THE CASKET.

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THE CASKET.

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2.

Apocryphal of the use of the term *Roman Catholic* as title of the Church, which is discussed elsewhere in to-day's CASKET, it may be noted that the *New York Sun*, in the admirably lucid editorial (based on a leader of *The Tablet*) on the mode of Papal Infallibility which will be found on page 6, says "the Catholic Church" and "the Catholic faith." We do not suppose that the *Sun* has any other reason for its choice than a desire to be accurate and concise; but in the case of Catholics they have the additional motive of avoiding a name that was foisted upon themselves and their Church by their enemies and that implies a denial in which no Catholic ever acquiesces of our exclusive right to the glorious title of *Catholic*.

The United States, it appears, is now paying the debt she owes Great Britain for preventing Continental interference last year to stop the effusion of blood in Cuba. In return for being allowed to stake her thirst for Spanish gore upon that occasion, she now insists that England shall be permitted to drink to satiety the unmoistened blood of the Boer. A honourable compact, this, for the two great "Anglo Saxon" nations, whose united strength used to be sighed for by visionaries as an inevitable consummation of the millennium! The United States authorities declare, — and they know, — that their interference to prevent war with the Boers would have been regarded by England as an unfriendly act. Could there be more convincing proof that war was what the leading spirits in the British Cabinet wanted!

The terrible slaughter of the British officers in the fighting in Natal proves that the deadliness of the Boer aim has not been over-estimated. It is a sad, sad business, this carnival of butchery in which the boastful century is going out. The bullet that strikes down an officer breaks no more hearts than the one which carries off a private soldier; but the wound is felt by those who have greater influence in public affairs. Let us hope, then, that the wailing in the gentlest homes of the British Isles may bring men of influence to see the folly of retaining in the councils of the nation a man who would wade through rivers of the mingled blood of Briton and Boer for the sake of being the successor of Lord Salisbury. Mr. W. T. Stead committed a crime against civilization in consenting to suppress the incriminating letter that would have hurled this Juggernaut from his place of dangerous eminence in the Government.

"A New Era in History — Awful Horrors of Modern War — The Unsurpassed Special Telegrams — The Regular Subscription Price" — these are the "fishing" headings of the gleeful advertising announcement of a ghoulish newspaper manager in a city not a thousand miles from the capital of Nova Scotia. The yellow press is not for peace, — it has no use for peace. The *New York Journal*, prototype of the million-bred press (whose "unsurpassed special telegrams" it is that the other paper has contracted for — they are so proverbially reliable), was asked to join in petitioning the President of the United States to offer his services in the interests of humanity, to bring about a peaceful solution of the South African difficulty. It returned a most ostentatious refusal, which it attempted to justify by every conceivable reason but the real reason —

the increased sales which "the awful horrors of modern war" would bring to it. It had coined too much money out of the blood shed in Cuba and the Philippines to make the financial mistake of endeavouring to keep the peace. What an uplifting and ennobling force, truly, is the modern press!

"The Bystander," whose weekly comments on current events adorn the front page of the *Toronto Sun*, and whose mental vision, so long as he avoids the two subjects on which his rationality deserts him, is as clear as his style is charming, has this unanswerable objection to the programme of the Canada Socialist League:

It proposes that the public shall own, not only all railways, telegraphs, electric lights, power plants, etc., and the whole banking system, but all the means of production, distribution and exchange. The public can exercise ownership only through the Government. What imaginable government could be trusted to exercise ownership of all the means of production, distribution and exchange and to wield the attendant power? We have enough to do to keep all existing governments from stealing. What form of government do our socialistic friends propose? They have never yet explicitly told us, and till they do tell us it will be impossible to treat their theory as a subject of practical discussion or as anything but a philanthropic dream.

We reprint on another page a vigorous editorial of *The Sacred Heart Review* upon the folly of Protestants who persist in maintaining, in the face of most solemn warnings of thoughtful men among themselves, a godless system of education that must inevitably result in destroying, in the course of a few generations, all religious belief among those thus trained, as indeed it has already done in those States in which it has been longest in vogue. The manifest motive of this dogged adhesion to a pernicious system is that stated by the *Review* — hatred of the Catholic Church, which is strong enough in the sects to overcome the natural impulse to self-preservation. As to the case of Manitoba, however, which the *Review* cites, while it undoubtedly had its origin in the desire of a discredited government in that province to avoid punishment for its misdeeds by appealing to that well-known sentiment of hatred for Catholicism, it must be admitted with humiliation, however incredible the statement may appear to our Boston contemporary, that not Protestant intolerance but Catholic indifference is responsible for the continuance of the oppression in that province. It was a Catholic politician, the present Premier of Canada, who, when the measure of redress provided for by the Constitution was introduced in Parliament by a Government led by an ex-Grand Master of the Orange society, moved to throw it out and, failing in that, successfully obstructed its passage till Parliament expired. It was the great Catholic province of the Dominion that gave this leader his majority in the election that followed. Judging from our experience in Canada, we should say that the ground upon which our contemporary bases its hope of ultimate justice to Catholics in the matter of education — to wit, united action upon their part in demanding their rights — is unfortunately a very unsubstantial one.

An interesting law case arising out of a mixed marriage has just been decided by the Supreme Court. One Thomas Marshall, a Catholic, married, in 1880, a Miss Logan, who was a Presbyterian. A daughter was born to them, whom the father allowed to be baptized and brought up in the Presbyterian faith. Two years ago the mother died in British Columbia. On her deathbed, in the presence of her sister, the father agreed to let the child go back to Nova Scotia with this sister, Annie Logan, to be brought up under her care. Not long after the father married again, this time a Catholic. The second marriage seems to have awakened into life his dormant Catholicism, for he forthwith took steps to recover his child, with the view of making her a Catholic. But it was too late; for the child would neither consent to live with him nor forsake the faith in which she had been reared. By law the parent has a right to control the religious education of his daughter till she has completed her six-

teenth year. But Mr. Justice Townshend, before whom the case came up for trial, took an equitable view of the matter, and gave his decision against the father. The facts being such as we have recited, no other decision could, in equity, have been arrived at. It was simply absurd for the father to think that he could make his daughter a Catholic at will, when he had suffered her to be brought up a Protestant till her fourteenth year. And it was worse than absurd to threaten to send her to a Convent in case of her refusal to attend the Catholic service, if it be true, as we find it stated, that he did so. "There is a hint given in the *Nellie Marshall case*," says *The Presbyterian Witness*, "which is painfully suggestive. 'The Convent' is mentioned as a possible alternative." See how the act of this foolish father has helped to confirm Protestants in their false and evil views of conventional life! Many Protestants, to their great shame be it said, have to this day no other idea of convents than is to be got from Maria Monk's exploded fables or the pages of Chiquin's vile and lying books. To their great great shame, we repeat, be it said, for if they want to know the truth, they have the opportunity of doing so at their doors. Our convents are to be found in almost every city and town; they are open to all, even to those who think evil; let them enter and see for themselves whether these institutions are the prison-houses and dens of iniquity that they are represented to be in Protestant fable. But we must be careful, none the less, not to give our enemies even a remote occasion to think and speak evil of us. The threat of a Catholic parent to send his child to a convent is indeed "painfully suggestive" — of his lack of common-sense.

Send us the flag!
The red cross flag!
Send us the banner that we love!
We long for it, we sigh for it.
To live for it, to die for it —
God save the red cross flag!

These are the sentiments of the Uitlanders in the Transvaal, as interpreted by Dr. A. Conan Doyle. They are very patriotic indeed, but, it must be confessed, somewhat puzzling. What is the grievance of these men, who long and sigh for the red cross flag and wish only to live and die for it? Why, this — actually this — that the Transvaal Government will not allow them to renounce the aforesaid flag with as great celerity as they desire. That flag is going out there ostensibly to enforce the demand of these men that they be allowed to throw off their allegiance to it sooner than they can at present do so. Was ever a situation quite so absurd as this? It is to the credit of the British flag that it is ever ready to protect the rights of the humblest subject who owes it allegiance in any part of the world. But here, ostensibly, are men who are languishing, burning with a desire to throw off all allegiance to the British flag, and who, because they will not be allowed to do this without waiting a little longer, call upon that flag, in the name of their undying, all-consuming love for its sacred folds, to come and force Paul Kruger to let them get from under it quick!

We say "ostensibly," however, advisedly; for we have not yet seen anything to shake our rooted conviction that this alleged Uitlander agitation for the franchise is the merest pretext to cover the nefarious schemes of the adventurers of which Cecil Rhodes is at the head. This is the impression that prevails throughout South Africa. It is an impression that is widely shared in England. There is many a leading public man in the latter country who will sorrowfully re-echo the sentiments of General Joubert, the Boer, in this message:

I must express my sympathy. General Symons, unfortunately, was badly wounded and died. He was buried yesterday. I trust the great God will bring to a close this unfortunate state of affairs, brought about by unscrupulous speculators and capitalists, who went to the Transvaal to obtain wealth and in order to further their own interests, misled others and brought about this shameful warfare over all South Africa, in which so many valuable lives have been and are being sacrificed, as instance, General Symons and others. I express my sympathy to Lady Symons in the loss of her husband.

The noteworthy letter of Mr. Amasa Thornton to the *New York Sun* on the

subject of the alarming decay of religious faith, and its inevitable consequences to society, which we reproduced last week, must, we are sure, have greatly pleased our readers. A Catholic's knowledge of and admiration for his religion should be such that no tribute to it from any outside source should be capable of making him feel any greater pride in it; yet such tributes are always welcomed by the intelligent Catholic as affording the most effective answer to the detractors of his religion. To the venomous scribes who, while their own followers are going over to the ever increasing ranks of those destitute of all religious belief, shriek against the Catholic Church as a danger to the State, we can oppose the conclusion of this profound thinker and careful observer from their own ranks who declares the Catholic Church to be the great bulwark of faith and purity, and who puts himself on record in these unequivocal words:

The best evidence of this is seen in the purity of the Roman Catholic women in the United States. Every man who knows anything at all about the subject will say that Catholic women as a class are very pure, and this is so because of the religious faith which they possess. The Catholic Church teaches and insists upon a religion which accepts the doctrine of reward and punishment in the next world. There is no equivocation about it, and the result is that the training and education of the average Catholic in the United States makes him a respecter of property rights, keeps the lives of his wife and daughters pure and is making the young American Catholic among the best of our citizens. That Church permits no divorce, and I am compelled to admit that it is very wise in that position. I do not say that the Catholic Church is the ideal one, but I am compelled to say that the result of its firm religious principle and uniformity of doctrine and teaching is tremendously in its favour.

On the other hand Mr. Thornton declares, what is patent to everybody, that the Protestant Church has, in many of its large and strong denominations, gone practically away from the Bible and the old faith upon which Protestantism was built up and made strong. And after proving this by reference to the condition of the various sects in detail, and deploring the effects upon morality of this loss of faith, he concludes:

Will the great body of the Protestant Church bring the old ship back to its moorings or will it leave the field entirely to the Roman Catholic Church? I ask the question as a Protestant.

As well might he ask: [Will a man who is sinking in a quagmire extricate himself by pulling on his boot-straps. What can Protestantism say to the man who denies the inspiration of the Bible?]

A document reached us the other day that has given us greater pleasure than anything we have seen for a long time. It is a copy — sent by the writer to us, and presumably to the editors of all other Catholic papers in the United States and Canada — of a letter addressed to the editor of *The Ave Maria* by the business manager of *The American Monthly Review of Reviews*. The letter is an explanation of and an apology for the publication of an offensive advertisement of an anti-Catholic book in the magazine's advertising pages. With the character of the explanation we have no very special concern, — though it seems only just to remark that it apparently exonerates the editor and the business manager personally from blame; at the expense, however, of the intelligence of those who actually handled the obnoxious advertisement and failed to "appreciate the fact that it could offend." But the important and highly satisfactory thing is that the management of an influential periodical such as this should feel the necessity of apologizing for offence given to Catholics. It means that Catholic influence is at length coming to be a thing to be reckoned with. And the more pecuniary the motives of the magazine, the higher its compliment to that influence. It means that Catholics are at length awakening to their duty of withholding patronage from those who refuse to treat their religion fairly.

There is always a line of breakers to fringe the broadest sea;

and the bigoted publisher in English-speaking countries has had a broad and placid sea indeed. The man has painted his pictures without much reference to

the lion's side of the case. This letter from the publishers of the *New York periodical*, apologizing for an unintentional offence and giving positive assurance that it will not be repeated, is an unmistakable sign that a better era, at least in this respect, is at hand. It is an indication, too, that the influence of the Catholic press with its readers is beginning to compel recognition. And no small share in bringing about this wholesome fear-of-Catholic displeasure is due to the admirable stand of the magazine to whose editor the letter in question is addressed. We hope that it and other intrepid Catholic journals may continue to shame into a more rational attitude the cowards who fancy that Catholics can only maintain peace with their neighbours by submitting in silence to the roughest injustice. Let them continue the good work until the Government at Washington comes to share the conviction of the leading publishing houses that it pays to treat Catholics fairly.

Proscribed Prayers.

The Sacred Congregation of Indulgences under date of May 26th, 1898, condemned a number of unauthorized prayers, and declared as spurious the indulgences alleged to be annexed thereto.

They are the following:

- (1). The Hymn of the Blessed Virgin of Sorrows, alleged to have been composed by Pius VII.
- (2). A salutation to Mary Mother of Sorrows, made after the model of the *Ave Maria*.
- (3). The beads of the Crown of Thorns, so-called, each grain of which resembles the head of an animal, representing the birth of our Lord, between an ox and an ass.
- (4). A revelation alleged to have been made to St. Bernard regarding the wound in the shoulder of our Lord.
- (5). The rosary of the merits of the Passion and death of our Lord Jesus Christ.
- (6). The words supposed to have been uttered by the Blessed Virgin when she received in her arms her beloved Son.
- (7). A prayer to the Saviour of the world.
- (8). A prayer of Pope St. Gregory, written to St. John, at Rome, in letters of gold.
- (9). A prayer to the Holy Cross, to which is attached the promise of the deliverance of five souls from Purgatory if recited five times on Fridays.
- (10). A letter of Jesus Christ, on the drops of blood which He shed on the way to Calvary, said to have been found in the sepulchre of our Lord.
- (11). A spurious brief of St. Anthony of Padua.
- (12). A book, entitled: *Crown of the Saviour*, etc.
- (13). The prayer to the Blessed Virgin, beginning: *Hail O Sovereign Virgin*, etc.
- (14). Lastly, a prayer in memory of the glorious death of St. Benedict, with the promise of graces ineffable.

Among the forms of devotion here proscribed by the Sacred Congregation is, as the reader will note, that "prayer" alleged to have been found in our Lord's sepulchre, which has been more than once declared spurious and superstitious in these columns. Any person who has in his possession any copies, printed or in writing, of the "prayers" now authoritatively condemned by the Congregation should make all haste to throw them in the fire.

Catholic Notes.

Father Maturin, the well-known recent convert from the Anglican Cowley Fathers, who lately returned to England from Rome, is now attached to the diocese of Westminster, and resides with Cardinal Vaughan.

The Jesuit College of St. Francis Xavier, New York, has established a free scholarship for each parish in that city, the applicants for which must either be graduates of a grammar or parochial school or pass a prescribed examination. In order to keep these privileges for the really industrious and deserving, a rule requires those who enjoy them to maintain a monthly average of seventy-five per cent. in their work.

Archbishop Chapelle, Apostolic Delegate to the Philippines, expects to leave for those islands early in December. In a published statement the other day he defended the friars of the islands against the charges levelled against them by interested bigots, saying: "Whatever the natives are or have they owe to the friars. By them they were lifted out of savagery and brought under the blessed and refining influences of Christianity. By them they were educated, not only in the schools, but in the fields and workshops were taught by them the very industries which are now the source of their prosperity."

Farm Notes.

Bushes cut to the ground in August will often be entirely killed. The bush has exhausted its sap in making the summer growth of leaves, and if these are dried up it has not enough sap to send up sprouts this fall.

Whenever a fowl is noticed busily dusting itself it signifies that the bird is happy and in good health. The bath is positively essential to its thrift and comfort.

We hear repeated complaints about poor crops of potatoes, says The Farmers Advocate, and one of the chief causes of failure has been the poor growth made by the seed.

Is There Any Hope?

We have for a long time endeavoured to cherish the hope that our Protestant friends would, in time, come to see and acknowledge in a practical way the absolute importance of including religious instruction in the curriculum of our public schools.

But we confess we have learned, by sad experience, not to attach too much importance to these utterances, admirable and convincing though they be. We fear they make very little impression upon the general public.

you sift it to the bottom "sectarianism," as they use the word, simply means the Catholic religion. It is nothing more or less than the old hereditary prejudice against the Catholic Church.

Of the strength of this unreasonable anti-Catholic prejudice we have only too many and convincing proofs. For instance, when Congress was considering the question of withdrawing government aid from the charitable institutions of Washington, under the care of Catholic Sisters, in which orphan and destitute children were being educated and cared for, and wayward girls were being reformed, Colonel Henderson of Iowa, a Protestant, but a hightoned, fair-minded man, made an able and convincing speech in favour of continuing aid to those institutions.

It is so everywhere where Protestantism exists. It is so in England, where Ireland has long been pleading for justice in the matter of education. Lord Salisbury publicly acknowledges the justice of Ireland's claim to a Catholic University, but the Protestant sentiment of the country is against it, and he frankly acknowledges that in consequence he feels compelled to deny the claim.

The Manitoba case furnished a still more striking illustration of the Protestant spirit. There the Protestant majority not only rode roughshod over the claims of justice, reason and propriety in denying Catholics their rights in the matter of education, but absolutely refused to carry out the solemn compact entered into when they joined the Dominion confederacy.

There is just one ground of hope. Experience proves that the demands of prejudice and bigotry melt before the claims of personal or party interest. Let ever so violent an anti-Popery man be convinced that his private interest, his election to office, for instance, depends upon the favour of his Catholic neighbours, and it is surprising how quickly his opposition will vanish, his conscientious scruples give way, and he will make the warmest profession of liberality and friendship.

A Card.

I, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Willis' English Pills, if, after using three-fourths of contents of bottle, they do not relieve Constipation and Headache. I also warrant that four bottles will permanently cure the most obstinate case of Constipation. Satisfaction or no pay when Willis' English Pills are used.

C. M. HENRY, Druggist, Antigonish, N. S.

The steamer Empress of India, which arrived at Victoria, B. C., from Japan on Wednesday of last week reported fearful weather on her passage—the roughest she had ever encountered. The second day out from Yokohama she met with a typhoon, which greatly damaged her.

You Will Hardly Believe

The great number of persons cured by the use of that incomparable tonic, ROMA. For blood and nerve diseases, use only this superior remedy and accept no substitute. For sale everywhere.

Who Marconi is.

William Marconi, whose wireless telegraphic invention has made him the peer of Edison and Tesla in the scientific world, is not altogether an Italian. His mother has something to do with it, and she is Irish of the Irish. Marconi himself betrays the nativity of his mother in his Irish blue eyes and his tone of devilment.

It came about in this way: About a half a century ago an Italian of the name of Charles Blanconi settled in Ireland. He was thrifty and enterprising. He located in Clonmel, the capital of Tipperary. He established a stage line and within a dozen years controlled nearly all the usual routes of transportation in the southern province of Ireland.

Blanconi had a nephew of the name of Marconi who went to Ireland as chief veterinary surgeon for the Blanconi stage routes. This Marconi was a civil engineer as well as a veterinary surgeon. He was also an all-round sportsman. It takes a very daring rider to win distinction in Ireland, a country of daring riders, but Marconi accomplished that feat. He did something else. He captured the daughter of Power of Gurteen, one of the haughtiest of the rural Irish aristocracy, and took her to Italy on a bridal tour.

The fruit of that union is the present distinguished inventor of wireless telegraphy.

Marconi has lived a good deal in Ireland among his mother's relations, but he was born and educated in Italy. He considers himself fully half Irish, and many of his characteristics are more Irish than Italian.

Marconi's first practical experiments with wireless telegraphy were made in Dublin Bay. The first wireless telegraphic newspaper despatch was printed in the Dublin Independent, a not very enterprising paper published at the Irish capital.

Marconi's Irish relatives are well off, while his Italian relations are poor. His education was at the expense of his Irish kinsmen. If Marconi is not already engaged, he hopes to be, to marry a Miss Fitzgerald, a not very distant relative of the Irish Duke of Leinster.—Exchange.

Mr. McKinley Forgot.

"The United States pays no gold for peace. We never gave a bribe for peace in history, and we never will," said President McKinley in his Fargo speech. As to gold, the President seems to have forgotten his treaty with the Sultan of Sulu, by which that slave-holding polygamist received \$3,000 cash down and a promise of \$250 per month for himself and \$500 per month for his chiefs, for his consent to let the American flag float on the islands. Under terms of that same treaty slavery and polygamy are permitted. President Sherman, in his account of the treaty made by him and Gen. Bates, under Mr. McKinley's orders, says:

"Since returning to the United States I have noticed some criticism of the fact that slavery is permitted (by the treaty) to continue in the Sulu group. Slavery is a recognized institution among the Sulus. If we were to take it away there's no telling what would happen. Certainly it would be to our disadvantage. So long as peace is maintained we will do well to let well enough alone. We cannot afford to interfere with their religion and their ancient practices so long as they do not conflict with American authority and government in the islands."

If this paying money and letting "well enough" alone—permitting slavery and polygamy—be not purchasing peace, and purchasing it at a sacrifice of principle, we know not what to call it. If the Mahomedans of Sulu are left to govern themselves why are not the Christians of Luzon left to do the same? Why conciliation with the former and unconditional surrender with the latter?—New York Freeman's Journal.

The Sacred Heart Review thus summarizes the views of the Congregationalist minister of Boston, the Rev. Peter MacQueen, who has just returned from the Philippine Islands, on the question of the lands of the friars (it will be remembered that we recently printed some of the Rev. Mr. MacQueen's interviews with prominent persons in the islands):

He tells us that the Orders, which own lands rent them to the islanders at very reasonable rates, in some cases not more than three cents being annually charged per acre. The condition of such tenants, he adds, is certainly far better than would be their lot under an American syndicate, "which would undoubtedly evict one-half the population in a few years." He declares, furthermore, that it would be unjust to dispossess the Orders of their justly-acquired estates—the Paris treaty will defeat any attempts in that direction—and he asserts that the passing of the monastic estates into secular hands would not, in his opinion, be an advantage to the tenants who would, in that case, become slaves of some American land monopoly.

A Prisoner's Release.

A bright youth of eighteen suffered so badly from asthma and bronchitis that he was forced to remain in a tight room for months at a time. Dr. Clarke's Kola Compound cured.

Mr. L. O. Lemieux, C. P. R. Engineer, 556 Alexander Street, Winnipeg, writes:—"My son who is just eighteen years of age, has been a terrible sufferer from asthma and bronchitis during eight years. I have spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and many remedies, but he became worse each year. Many times he became so weak and the attacks so severe, that he could not get out of bed for weeks. We thought each would be his last. For months at a time he has been confined to the house in an air-tight room, and continually treated with mustard plasters and poultices to keep him from choking. About the first of September we heard of Clarke's Kola Compound, and purchased in all seven bottles. While taking the first four the change was very slight, but shortly after taking the fifth he gradually became better, and could soon go out any day, and since completing the treatment has been completely cured. He goes out in the severest Manitoba weather, and exposes himself to severe tests, and the attacks have not returned. It certainly has been a blessing to him, and I feel it my duty to highly recommend it to any person troubled with this disease."

Clarke's Kola Compound is the only permanent cure for asthma yet discovered, and it has cured over 500 cases in Canada alone. Sold by all druggists. Sample sent to any address. Enclose 5 cent stamp. Address the Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church Street, Toronto.

SOLD BY FOSTER BROS.

The two Great Peace Powers.

The New York World is working up a petition to President McKinley to induce him to use his friendly influence with Great Britain to avoid bloodshed in South Africa. Now, if the London Times had the enterprising benevolence of the World and its horror of bloodshed, it would get up a popular petition to the Queen to use her friendly influence to stop the bloodshed in Manila. Thus a mutual exchange of offices might result beneficently, and charm and edify the rest of the world that is at peace, and that is at present somewhat scandalized at seeing the nations who talk most about the blessedness of peace and sweetness of benevolence waging and about to wage war in the interests of peace, benevolent assimilation, liberty, and sweetness and light.

If there is anything to be admired in a brigand it is that he does not pretend to his victims that he is inspired by the benevolent purpose of elevating, enlightening, improving and giving them the blessings of liberty. He attempts no such deception on them, and thus does not add insult to injury.—N. Y. Freeman's Journal.

Chilled Kidney's.

REFUSE TO WORK—FOREIGN MATTERS COLLECT AND DISEASE FOLLOWS—SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE RELIEVES IN SIX HOURS.

A remedy that has the crucial tests that South American Kidney Cure has had—a remedy which has met cases of kidney disease whose victims were at death's door and has led them back to perfect health—a remedy compounded for the kidneys alone—a liquid specific—a remedy that has testimony piled on testimony given unsolicited by those who have been cured—must be a remedy of wonderful merit. South American Kidney Cure heals Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, gravel, stone in the bladder, inflammation. It can be your life preserver. Sold by Foster Bros.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature on each box.

For Crosiers, Beads,

St. Anthony's Medals, Little Chaplet of St. Anthony and Cancelled Postage Stamps, write to Agency Bethlehem Apostolic school, 153 Shaw Street, Montreal, Que.

Farm for Sale.

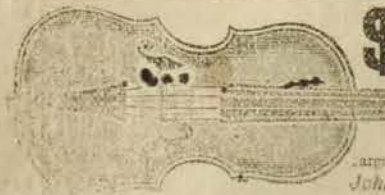
That well-known farm at Williams Point, distant from Town about 2 1/2 miles, formerly owned by the late Donald McKinnon, consisting of

125 Acres

of Excellent Land, yielding largely of Hay and other crops. Will be sold at a very reasonable figure. Apply to

ANGUS McDONALD, Williams' Point.

Aug. 8, 1899.—3mo



\$4.95

Get this out and send it to you with the name of your nearest express office and we will ship you this Violin with Outfit by express, subject to examination. Examine it as your express office, and if you find it exactly as we represent it and entirely satisfactory, pay the express charges. This is a truly beautiful, regular \$500 Stradivarius model violin, finely colored, slightly polished, perfect and sweet in tone. Complete with bow, extra set of strings and resin. A genuine bargain at the price. Buy direct from us and save the dealer's profit. Johnston & McFarlane, Box A. O., Toronto, Ont.

Used Exclusively by the Best Families in Canada.

MONSOON

INDO-CEYLON TEA

If You Want the Best, Insist on Monsoon.



PLANT LINE.

The Direct Route Without Change to Boston.

COMMENCING OCT. 4th.

SS. "HALIFAX," so well known to the travelling public, will leave Hawkesbury every Tuesday at 8 p. m. and from Halifax for Boston every Wednesday at midnight, from Boston Saturdays at noon.

Through Tickets For Sale by Agents I. C. Ry.

For all information apply to

H. L. CHIPMAN, Superintendent, Plant Wharf, Halifax.

Parents! did you ever try Knott's Worm Tablets for your children? You will find them the best that money can buy. Simple, safe and sure. If your Druggist does not keep them, send 10 cents to the Knott Remedies Co., Merigomish, N. S., and get a package mailed free.

CANADIAN TEACHERS WANTED.

More vacancies than teachers. POSITIONS GUARANTEED. Placed 263 Canadian teachers in U. S. last term. UNION TEACHERS' AGENCIES OF AMERICA, Washington, D. C.

Custom Tailoring

I have much pleasure in announcing to our many customers, and the public generally, that I have employed MR. ANGUS MCGILLIVRAY. His reputation as Cutter is so well known that I need not say further than that it would be difficult to persuade any who have had work done by him to try another. My stock of

ENGLISH, SCOTCH and CANADIAN TWEEDS, WORSTEDS and OVERCOATINGS

for Spring is now complete with PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

Fill in a position to collect orders from all who want PERFECT FITTING CLOTHES at reasonable rates.

Ask your Grocer for

EDDY'S

EAGLE Parlor Matches 200 5
" " " 100 5
VICTORIA " " 65 5
Little Comet " " "

The Finest in the World. No Brimstone.

E. B. EDDY CO. Limited, Hull, P. Q.

NOTICE.

BOOTS and SHOES made to order and repairs promptly attended to at

T. HARRISON'S

(Next door to T. Downie Kirk's store) MAIN ST. ANTIGONISH.

If Wishing Were Having.

Hey, little lassies with eyes of blue,
And brave little laddies with eyes of brown!

THE VEIL WITHDRAWN.

(Translated from the French of Madame Craven.)
The salutary impressions of the morning
and the excessive anxiety and sadness that

I had suffered but little at that time in
comparison with what life still had in
reserve for me.

I knelt on the only vacant chair in the
church, remained a long time motionless,
my face buried in my hands, unable to

Benediction followed, recalling the earli-
est, dearest, remembrances of my child-
hood, and increasing the emotion I already

pure and clear, uttered the word Patria,
it seemed at that moment to have a double
meaning, and designate, not only my earth-
ly, but my heavenly country.

CHAPTER XVI.

As soon as I rose from my place I
perceived the young lady who had been
collecting money in the morning not far

"Excuse me, madame, but, as you are
taller than I, please tell me if you see
my mother—a lady in black with a grey

"Yes," I replied, "I see her, and she is
looking for you also. I will aid you in
reaching her."

We had some trouble in opening a
passage, but after some time succeeded in
getting to the place where her mother had

As soon as we were seated in the car-
riage the elder of the two ladies said: "I
know whom I have to thank for the favour

Her daughter blushed at these words,
but did not turn away her eyes, which were
fastened on me with a sympathetic expres-
sion

"It is just going to strike four. We
ought to feel greatly obliged to madame,
mamma, for, had it not been for her, we

Gilbert! . . . This name refreshed
my memory. Gilbert de Kergy was the
name of the young traveller whom I had

"My son," said she, "has recently
made an interesting tour in the Southern
States of America, and it is with respect to

the pleasure of meeting M. de Kergy
on one occasion, and conversing with
him."

"Gilbert has not forgotten the conver-
sation," exclaimed the young Diana with
animation. "He often speaks of it. He

I made no reply, and we remained silent
till, having crossed the bridge, we ap-
proached the Rue St. Dominique, when

"Really," said she, "this child takes
everything for granted; but you are so
kind, I will allow her to repeat aloud what

"Well," said the young girl, "I said
the discussion would certainly be interest-
ing, for Gilbert is to take a part in it, as

I was by no means prepared for this
invitation, and at first did not know what
reply to make, but quickly bethought my-
self

I cannot now give a particular account
of this meeting, though it was an event in
my life. The principal subject discussed

It was strange, but he began with a brief
brilliant sketch of places that seemed
familiar to me for Lorenzo had visited

He did this with simplicity,
earnestness, and consummate ability, and
while he was speaking I felt that my mind

He must be the very person in question.
. . . Before I had time to ask, Mme. de Kergy
put an end to my uncertainty on the sub-
ject.

frivolous, aimless life, as might seem from
his present habits. Love of labour and
love of nature and art do not characterize
such a man, and he possessed these traits

(To be continued.)

THIS IS THE TIME FOR MAKING OLD THINGS NEW.

Diamond Dyes are the True and Un-
failing Agents.

In November thousands of women will
be coloring dresses, skirts, jackets, coats,
vests, pants, shawls, wool yarns and carpets

The dyeing operation is an important
one and demands great care. The principal
point is to secure the right dyes—colors

The Diamond Dyes—the only guaranteed
dyes on earth—possess all the grand quali-
ties that make perfect and true colors.

COMMON SENSE REASONING

If you can not afford to spare a little of your income now to pay the
premium on a life insurance policy, how do you suppose your wife is
going to spare all your income when you are gone? That is the way to
look at it. The Policies issued by the

CONFEDERATION LIFE

guarantee that you or your heirs get benefit for every dollar of premium
paid; they are absolutely non-forfeitable. Premium Rates low. Assets
\$7,000,000. Give us an opportunity, and will gladly explain.

Maritime Provinces Branch, Halifax,
F. W. GREEN, Manager.

E. T. McKEEN,
General Agent, Sydney.

E. L. GIRRIOR,
Local Agent, Antigonish.

Advertisement for Sherwin-Williams Paint. Includes text: 'You know there is much more painting done now-a-days than of old, but did you know there is a far better way to do it?' and 'THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO. PAINT AND COLOR MAKERS. Canadian Dept., 21 St. Antoine St., Montreal.'

FOR SALE BY D. G. KIRK.

ANTIGONISH SASH and DOOR FACTORY.

Always on hand or made to order at short notice.

Doors, Sashes, Sash and Door Frames,
Mouldings, all Kinds,
Spruce Flooring and Sheathing,

KILN DRIED BIRCH FLOORING,
LATHS, SCANTLING, Etc., Etc.

JOHN McDONALD

Advertisement for Hattie & Mylius, Halifax, N.S. Includes text: 'THE MEDICINAL VALUE', 'Park's Perfect Emulsion', '50 CENTS PER BOTTLE. ALL DRUGGISTS.', and an image of a medicine bottle.

ESTABLISHED, 1852

THE CASKET,

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AT ANTIGONISH BY THE CASKET PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY (LIMITED).

M. DONOVAN, Manager

Terms: \$1.00 per Year in Advance

There is what is called the worldly spirit which enters with the greatest subtlety into the character of even good people...

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2.

"A ROMAN CATHOLIC."

A Catholic in conversation with a Protestant minister a couple of weeks ago had occasion to use the words "We Catholics."

The word Roman, as understood by Catholics in speaking of the Church, means that Rome is the centre of Catholic unity.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

The Church herself officially recognizes no other title. In the Congress of the Powers of Europe at Vienna, 1815, Cardinal Consalvi objected to the joint use of the terms Roman-Catholic.

Now then as to the proximate cause of present war. Of course the first act of hostility was committed by the Boers. That they made an egregious mistake is very evident to us in the outside world.

less have we any right to permit non-Catholics to select a name for us. Strictly speaking we should have no right to call ourselves Catholics even, if the Church had not adopted the name.

THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE WAR.

It is not easy to discover any well-defined issue between our correspondent "Sacerdos," whose letter on the South African question we published last week, and ourselves.

Responsibility for an occurrence may rest upon one of two parties though the other share the blame with him. To illustrate, suppose a deaf man walks along a busy thoroughfare reading a newspaper.

Where is he that, borne adown the sloping of an arrowy stream, Could link his shallop with the floating edge, And muse midway with philosophic calm Upon the wondrous laws which regulate The fierceness of the bounding element?

President Kruger was not in the same position to form a calm judgment upon the subject that we are. He knew that he had offered to submit the whole question to impartial arbitration and that his offer had been rejected.

to reduce the qualifying term to five years upon condition of Great Britain's relinquishing the claim to interfere in the internal affairs of the Transvaal—a claim which had no foundation, as able authorities in England declare, and as our correspondent virtually concedes when he admits that by the conventions of 1881 and 1884 the South African Republic was given absolute control over its internal affairs.

There is an inherent right in all States to prevent maltreatment of their subjects by any other State. The Italian Government, for instance, has a right to demand satisfaction for the recent lynching of its subjects in Louisiana.

If there is a question at all between our correspondent and ourselves, it is: Does the responsibility (not necessarily the sole blame) for this war rest upon Great Britain? We say it does, for several reasons.

Peaceful negotiations are not conducted with a pistol held to the head of one of the parties. In the second place she rejected an offer to arbitrate the whole question—a question peculiarly a subject for arbitration, seeing that leading men in England declare her demands were void of foundation.

The schooner Hera arrived at Seattle, Wash., from Cape Nome, Alaska, on Oct. 24, after a voyage of 28 days. Two men died on the passage from starvation and many others were half crazed from want of food and water.

A revolution has broken out at Panama, Columbia, and martial law has been proclaimed there in consequence.

The faculty of the University of New Brunswick have expelled five students for participation in an outrageous case of "hazing." Some ladies of Fredericton having got up a reception in honour of the students of the freshman year, the Seniors and others met these students on their way to attend it, stripped them of part of their clothing and locked them up in the college gymnasium.

Colonel Rando has been elected President of Bolivia to succeed Senor Severo Fernandez Alonso.

A Grand Collection OF LADIES' JACKETS.

We bought them direct from the best English and German manufacturers and we confidently say that no such an assortment of Ladies' Jackets has ever before been shown in Antigonish.

Ladies' Jackets to sell from \$4 to \$7.50, that are without exception unequalled in fit, style and material. In low priced garments we are showing a fine assortment from \$2.50 upwards.

- Here are a few leading lines: Ladies' Jackets, made of good heavy curl cloth, with high storm collar six pearl buttons, in black, navy and brown, \$4.00. Ladies' Jackets, made of heavy Irish frieze, double-breasted, in black, navy and royal blue, \$5.25.

NEW WATERPROOFS.

We have just received a large stock of Ladies' Waterproofs, the celebrated Mandleberg and Distingue makes.

LADIES' WATERPROOF, best quality English rubber with detachable Cape and Velvet Collar, All Wool Serge Covering in Black and Navy, \$5.50

NEW DRESS FABRICS.

Our Fall Dress Goods are now upon the counters ready for inspection. The choicest products of French, English and German looms find representatives here in large variety and at moderate prices.

Underwear Department.

OUR GUARANTEE—Covering any article which has the label HEALTH upon it. WE GUARANTEE this garment—if washed according to instructions—to be satisfactory in every respect, and to wear as well as the product of any manufacturer in the world.

- Men's Heavy Union Ribbed Undershirts and Drawers, each 25c. Men's All-Wool Scotch Knit Undershirts and Drawers, each 50c. Men's Extra Fine Lambs Wool Shirts and Drawers, each, \$1.00. Large range of Winter Topshirts from 25c up.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR

- Ladies' Ribbed Merino Vests, long sleeves, 15, 18, 25c. Ladies' Ribbed Merino Drawers, 20, 25, 30c. Ladies' Fancy Ribbed Vests and Drawers, Diamond Brand, each, 40, 50, 60c. Ladies' Plain and Ribbed Vests and Drawers, Health Brand, in white, pink and natural colors, each, 75, 90c, \$1.25. Ladies' Equestrienne Tights, in white and black, 75, \$1.00, 1.40. Ladies' Combination Suits, Health Brand, \$1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.50. Children's Vest, Drawers and Combination Suits, All Prices. Ladies' Flannelette Underwear, comprising Night Gowns, Sikrts and Drawers.

FALL MILLINERY.

MISS STEADMAN who is well known as a First-Class Milliner is again in charge of our Millinery Department. She has just commenced work after having visited the leading fashion centres of the Provinces.

TO OUT OF TOWN CUSTOMERS.—Try our Mail Order System for any Goods you may require this fall. We think we can give you good satisfaction as if you stood at our counters and selected the goods.

A. KIRK & CO., KIRK'S BLOCK, ANTIGONISH.

General News.

The schooner Helen E. Russell foundered in a gale off the north coast of Cuba on Oct. 23, and the mate, cook, and one sailor were drowned.

Lord Pauncefoot, British Ambassador to the United States, took his seat in the House of Lords for the first time on October 26.

Fourteen persons were burned to death in a fire which destroyed several dwellings at Farres, Baldwin Co., Ala., on the night of Oct. 23.

Four children of one family at Highland Falls, N. Y., have been poisoned, it is thought fatally, by the use of impure vaccine. The vaccination was ordered by the school board of the place.

The three Powers, Britain, Germany and the United States, are now carrying on negotiations over Samoa, the precise nature of which is not known, though it is believed some important change is contemplated. The negotiations, however, are said to be progressing very slowly.

On October 25, as the steamer Germanic, of the White Star Line, was about to sail from Liverpool for New York, a steam barge running at full speed collided with her, making a hole about two feet square in her hull. She returned to her dock and her intended voyage was declared off.

A millionaire, Herr Hoffle, who had been treasurer of a charitable organization under the patronage of the King and Queen of Saxony, was last week sentenced at Dresden to imprisonment for four years and nine months for embezzling 250,000 marks of the society's funds.

A cable despatch received at Washington on Oct. 24 from Gen. Otis says that the insurgents have been driven out of Negroes. In one regiment six of their number were killed; in another ten were killed and thirteen captured. There was no loss, the despatch says, on the American side.

Chatham, N. B., World: Messrs. A. & R. Loggie shipped seven carloads of blueberries to one address in Chicago one day last week—a trainload of blueberries! They paid freight and United States duties in advance, the amount being \$6,000. There is big money in blueberries when they are handled by trainloads.

Captain H. T. Skrimshire, master of the steamer Scotsman, which was wrecked on the north-east part of Belle Isle on Sept. 22, has had his certificate suspended for one month by the court which examined into the case. He was greatly blamed for having taken no soundings at all as he approached the coast.

A despatch from Odessa says that forty-three Russian Government officials, among whom are nearly all the chief engineers of the ships in the Black Sea fleet, have been arrested, and will be tried by court-martial, on a charge of having been engaged for a long time in defrauding the Government by misappropriating funds and selling government supplies. Their dishonesties were long concealed by means of forgeries and bribes.

The November Intention.

To an important matter assuredly does the Holy Father direct our intention when he asks us, during the month of November, to make "Christian education in the family" a special intention of the prayers which we address to the throne of grace. Particularly in this our own land is this intention a practical and important one. For as our public schools are at present conducted—and Catholics in very many places, because they have no schools of their own, are obliged to send their children to those schools—Christian education, in the true sense of the term, can not be imparted in them. The Sunday-school does its best to remedy matters; but who is the parent that considers that half an hour or an hour of instruction once a week all the Christian education a child needs! The home, moreover, is the natural place for the giving of this Christian education. A child naturally and instinctively believes what his father and mother tell it, and acts accordingly. The Catholic day and Sunday school are, of course, admirable in what they accomplish, but the home, after all, is the place where the first foundations of Christian education are laid, and where, afterwards, the solid parts of the superstructure are raised. Let us pray, then, in accordance with the Holy Father's desire, for the wider inculcation of Christian education in the home. Let us remember that it is not wholly upon the parents that the duty of imparting this education devolves. An elder brother or sister is not exempt from it in regard to the younger members of the household. Nay, the children may have their obligations in this matter towards their parents. Out of the number of bases the Scripture says that wisdom sometimes proceeds; and a good son or daughter may be the means of retaining a negligent or slothful parent. Many are the ways in which Christian education in the home can be imparted; but one of the most efficacious of all ways is by example.—Sacred Heart Review.

Sydney Lines Items.

Dr. Bernard Francis, a graduate of McGill medical college, who opened up his office here, has removed to Glace Bay, where he intends to practice. All wish him the success which his skill and ability deserve.

Our town has a population of about three thousand, and only one local medical man, Dr. Johnstone, who, I understand is engaged by the Board in England, and paid by the people monthly by monthly fees collected in the G. M. A. office. He is a son-in-law of R. H. Brown, agent of the G. M. A.

The exercises during the month of October have been carried out here regularly, and the attendance every morning has been fair. During the last ten days the Rev. pastor, in addition to the regular daily exercises, has been giving a series of instructions on the "End of Man." These instructions are followed by the rosary and benediction. The Church is crowded every evening.

MARRIED.

McNEIL CHISHOLM. — At St. Ninian's Cathedral, Antigonish, on Tuesday, by the Rev. Alex. MacDonald, D. D., Colin McNeil, of Harbor Boucher, to Isabella Chisholm, late of Dorchester, Mass., formerly of the North Grant.

Obituary.

At Morar, Cape George, on Monday, the 23rd inst., in the 65th year of her age, Sarah Beaton, nee MacDonald, relict of John Beaton. She was a good woman, faithful in the performance of her duties, and sincerely devoted to the practice of her religion. She brought up and trained with care a large family of children, who now mourn the loss in her of a loving mother. Both she and her husband were natives of Mabou, Cape Breton, and were married and had children before they moved to Cape George some thirty odd years ago. After a Requiem High Mass on Thursday, celebrated by the pastor, Rev. Angus R. MacDonald, her mortal remains were laid beside those of her husband in the cemetery at Georgeville. May she rest in peace!

There died at Wyamatcook, Nyanza, about two weeks ago, at the advanced age of 82 years, John Richard, the oldest Indian on the Reserve. His death was sincerely lamented by all who knew him. An exemplary Catholic, he was a father and a guide to his tribe, always advising them to do good. In his younger years he had been quite a traveller and followed the sea for many years. Besides his native Micmac, he could converse freely in English, Gaelic, French and Spanish. His funeral was largely attended not only by Indians from various parts of Cape Breton, but also by whites. After the interment, speeches, setting forth the good qualities of the deceased were delivered by Chief John Denis of Eskasoni, Captain Simon Paul and Piero Clerno of Nyanza, Mr. Celleroy of Whyecomagh, and other Indian notables. May he rest in peace!

On the 24th October, at Beaver Cove, C. B., the grim messenger of death called at the home of Neil McNeil, the second time within a week. This time his son John F. X. McNeil was summoned from the world after a lingering illness of over a year. He was a member of '96 graduating class of St. F. X. College. After surmounting many obstacles by his determination and industry, he finished his college course with high honors. He was well known in many parts of Cape Breton as a successful school teacher. He was a model young man, respected and honoured by all. During his long illness his Christian resignation to the Divine Will was most edifying.

His funeral was one of the largest ever seen in Boisdale. Rev. M. A. Macadam, St. F. College, celebrated Requiem Mass, Rev. Joseph McDonald, P. P., Mira, preached an eloquent and touching sermon and Rev. A. F. McGillivray, P. P., performed the burial ceremony. Thus the mortal remains of good and gentle J. F. X. were laid in the grave by loving hands amidst a sorrowing crowd. May his soul rest in peace!

Acknowledgments.

- Rev. E. P. Wallace, Campbellton, \$2 00
Rev. A. E. Burke, Alberton, P. E. 1 00
Rev. R. H. McDougall, Thorburn, 1 00
Rev. Chas. Mes, Kingston, Ont., 1 00
Rev. J. E. Donnelly, Montreal, 1 00
Rev. D. McIsaac, Glendale, 1 00
Rev. D. E. Chisholm, Larry's River, 1 00
Rev. P. J. Ward, Toronto, 1 00
Rev. Sr. St. John B. Deloss, 1 00
John McDonald (Ban), Beaver Meadow, 1 00
Christopher A. Chisholm, Summerside, 1 00
Angus Gibbs, Arisaig, 1 00
Murdoch McDonald, Copper Lake, 1 00
Mrs. Angus J. White, Belle Cote, 1 00
Finlay McPhie, Harbour Road, 1 00
D. M. McDonald, Arisaig, 1 00
Allan Gibbs, Roxbury, 1 00
William Bayle, Caledonia Mills, 1 00
Nellie McKenzie, Cambridge, 1 00
Dan C. Chisholm, Fraser's Grant, 1 00
Lauchlin McIsaac, Giant's Lake, 1 00
Capt. D. Gillis, Port Hawkesbury, 1 00
Dna McIsaac, 1 00
Winifred Kenny, W. S. Isaac's Harbour, 2 00
J. H. Stewart, Aspen, Col., 1 00
Thomas Barry, Glassburn, 1 00
Donald McKinnon, Baileys Brook, 1 00
R. C. Chisholm, Meadow Green, 1 00
D. Smith, Pictou, 1 00
James McDonald, Maryvale, 1 00
A. M. Somers, Antigonish, 1 00
John R. Rawley, Halifax, 1 00
Alex. Kennedy, Glen Road, 2 00
R. C. McPherson, Charlottetown, 1 00
Victor McKinnon, Acadia Mines, 2 00
John McDonald, New Glasgow, 1 00
Mary McDonald, Malden, 1 00
John McMillan & Co., Town, 3 00
John McDonald, Port Caledonia, 1 00
Alex. McPherson, Strathmore, 1 00
Mrs. D. Chisholm, Glendale, 1 00
Wm. Landry, Pomquet, 3 00
John Campbell, Malden, 1 00
Grace Ferrault, Dorchester, 1 00
John Morrell, Monks Head, 1 00
John Abern, Bangor, 1 00
M. J. O'Brien, Windsor, 1 00
Angus McDougall, Westville, 2 00
Angus D. McDougall, " 1 00
D. J. McDonald, " 2 00
Fred Cameron, " 3 00
Wm. Lacy, " 1 00
Michael McNeil, " 1 00
Allan McIsaac, " 2 00
Patrick Carrigan, " 1 00
John McIsaac, " 1 00
Jas. McDonald (Carpr.), Pt. Hawkesbury, 1 00
Mr. N. D. McGillivray, Brooklyn, 1 00
Jane Tramble, Big Tracadie, 1 00
Hubert Pettipas, Barrol's Beach, 1 00
Wm. McKinnon, Maryvale, 1 00
M. R. Torney, Baito, Mont., 1 00
Frank O'Brien, " 1 00
L. C. Archibald, Antigonish, 3 00
Martin Meagher, Canso, 1 00
Abraham McLanson, 2 00
Christopher Dunan, Hope, B. C., 1 00
C. A. McDonald, Boston, 2 00
Daniel McPherson, Black Avon, 1 00
W. B. K. McPherson, Old Bridgeport, 1 00
Dr. D. McDonald, Baddeck, 1 00
Alice Rogel, Hingham, 1 00
Sadie B. McFarlane, Boston, 1 00
Lauchlin Boyd, Fraser's Mills, 2 00
Edward A. Dorant, Antigonish, 1 00
Archibald McDonald, McPherson's P. O., 1 00
Angus Gibbs, " 1 00
Neil A. McDonald, Lakevale, 80
Joseph McKinnon, Shunacadie, 1 00
Stephen McLean, Grand Narrows, 1 00
Reading Room, Brighton, 1 00
A. Keating, Canso, 2 00
Thomas McKie, Reserve Road, 2 00
John Boon, Bridgeport, 2 00
Rory Johnston, " 2 00
Rory Johnston, Hay Cove, 2 00
Neil A. McInnis, Dorchester, 1 00
Roderick Fraser, Sheset Harbour, 1 00
Mrs. John McDonnell, McPherson's P. O., 1 00
J. P. Tompkins, Codroy, Nfld., 1 00
Dan J. McDonald, Reserve Mines, 3 00
A. McIsaac, St. Mary's Cemetery, Cal., 2 00
R. H. McNeil, Beaver Cove, 1 00
Donald Chisholm, Tracadie, 2 00
J. A. McPherson, McNaughton's P. O., 4 00
Teresa McDonald, Mull River, 2 00
D. B. McMaster, Croisnigh, 1 00
A. F. Chisholm, Boston, 1 00
Emma Smith, Salt Springs, 1 00
Collin Chisholm, Pomquet River, 1 00
John R. McEachren, Bridgeport, 1 00
Michael B. McNeil, " 1 00
Johanna McKinnon, " 1 00
Neil L. McDonald, " 1 00
John A. McInnis, " 1 00

Woodland for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for Sale a wood lot of 23 acres situate at the Old Gulf Road, about 3 miles from town. There are excellent hardwood and poles on the lot. For particulars apply to Mrs. JOS. CHISHOLM, Antigonish, Oct., 1899. Main Street.

McCurdy & Co., Antigonish,

HEADQUARTERS FOR Fur Goods and Ladies' Cloth Jackets

the most Beautiful Goods we have ever shown.

LADIES' FUR COLLARS, CAPES and MUFFS, newest makes. LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S FUR COATS.

The celebrated firm of L. GNAEDINGER, SON & CO., of Montreal, have gained an enviable reputation for their "Moose Head" brand of Furs. Every Jacket, Cape, Collar or Muff which bears this brand is warranted. Please note this fact when purchasing.

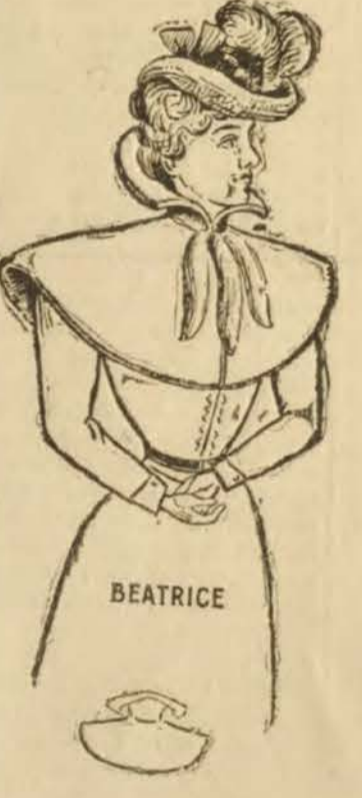
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fur Coats made to measure, all warranted.



HECTOR



CONDOR



BEATRICE



TOLEDO



WE wish all those intending to purchase Sleigh Robes to examine ours before doing so, in the first place you will save over a dollar in the price and have something which will last and give perfect satisfaction. They are all warranted to us by the manufacturers and we give a guarantee to every purchaser. The linings and trimmings are very pretty and made of very strong and durable material.

COMPARISONS.

MILK and CREAM are almost alike in color but still there is a great difference.

SAXON BLEND

and ordinary Tea are both black but there is a vast difference.

Others may tell you they have just as good but you are the judge.

I will willingly give a

FREE SAMPLE OF SAXON BLEND

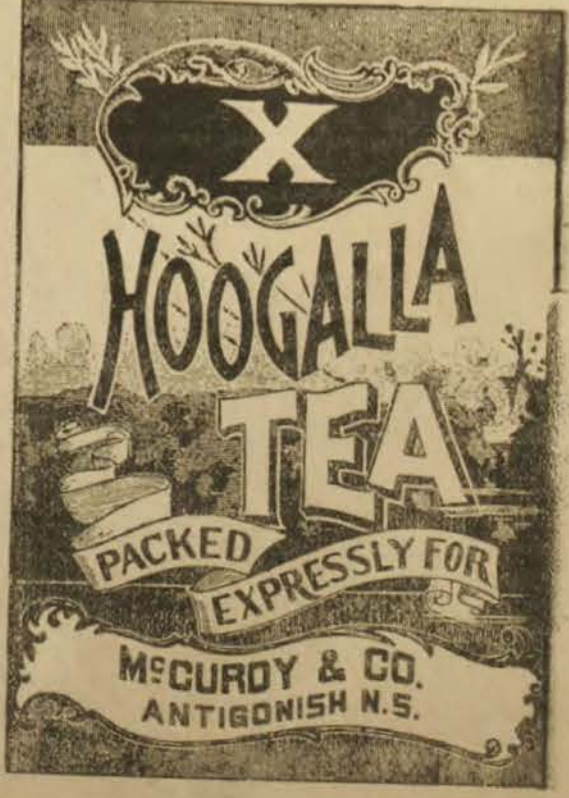
to try against any Tea on the market to-day, what can be fairer.

You will soon want your winter supply, get 25 lbs. of SAXON BLEND and you will have satisfaction during the cold weather.

Sold Wholesale and Retail only by THE LEADING GROCER,

T. J. BONNER.

This TEA is a Special Blend and gives universal satisfaction. It is done up in beautiful packages of one, three and five pounds. Price by the five lb. package, 25 cts. per pound. Single pound, 30 cents.



McCURDY & CO.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating.

Substitution the fraud of the day. See you get Carter's, Ask for Carter's, Insist and demand Carter's Little Liver Pills.



Fine Monumental Work. J. H. McDougall, Dealer in Red and Grey Granite, Marble and Freestone Monuments.

CARRIAGES!

not received, one car-load of these Handsome, Serviceable and Durable Carriages, Manufactured by the celebrated McLaughlin Carriage Co.'y, Oshawa, Ont.

D. McISAAC, Extension of College St.

James Dunphy,

DEALER IN HOT AIR AND HOT WATER HEATING APPARATUS, FURNACES, STOVES and TINWARE KITCHEN HARDWARE, IRON SINKS, LEAD and IRON PIPE and FITTINGS.

Fine Line of CREAMERS, MILK BUCKETS, STRAINERS, STRAINER PAILS, ETC., At the Lowest Prices.

Estimates for Plumbing and Heating furnished Promptly on application. Call and inspect Stock. ANTIGONISH N. S.

British American Hotel BEDFORD ROW (Opp. John Tolna & Co.) Halifax, N. S. M. BROUSSARD, Prop'rs.

QUEEN HOTEL, ANTIGONISH. THE QUEEN HOTEL has been thoroughly renovated and new furniture, carpets, etc., installed, and is now thoroughly equipped for the satisfactory accommodation of both transient and permanent guests at reasonable rates.

GOOD DINING-ROOM, FIRST-CLASS CUISINE, LARGE CLEAN BEDROOMS. Restaurant in Conjunction. Good stabling on the premises.

A Talk on Economy.

I asked a friend who is at the head of a snug and profitable business why he had let an old clerk go to another house. "I want men with ambition around me," he said. "Tom was a bright fellow when he came to me, and about six years ago I told him that when he had saved \$1,000 from his salary I would give him an interest in the business. I paid him \$800 a year, and he could easily have saved \$300 of that, for he was single and lived at home. But instead of saving anything, his account was generally overdrawn. I do not think he had immoral habits, but he was extravagant in his clothes and in his pleasures, mixing with society that was too expensive for him."

Very few merchants hold out such a reward to their clerks if they will become saving, but there are no employers who do not look with greater favor upon the man in their force who are known to be saving and thrifty. There is an old truism that says: "It is not what one makes, but what one saves, that leads to riches." Every-body agrees with this, and considers that it applies to all the world but himself. I have known men who had an income of \$5,000 a year for twenty years or more, yet who depended upon the charity of their friends when disability finally overtook them, while many another man on a salary of fifty dollars a month has paid for his modest home, given his children a good education, and put by a little cash for his old age.

Every business man stops on January 1 of each year and takes a careful inventory of his affairs. His books show him the expenses of the year, and it is rare indeed when a study of these does not surprise him by showing into what a large sum little items will grow. If every clerk would also scrutinize his expenditures as carefully for the year that is past, he would be dull indeed if he did not gain some new light, and rise from the task with stronger resolutions for the future.

I knew one clerk who, at the age of twenty (having then been at work eight years), was receiving a salary of \$600 and saving nothing out of it. He had an honest horror of debt, and intended that his account in the ledger should always show a small balance in his favor, but beyond this his idea of a salary was that it was just so much money that was his to spend each year. At the end of his twentieth year something led him to ask himself this question: "What have you done with your salary this year?" He could make no answer. He thought upon the subject for several days, and finally took pencil and paper, determined to work out a reply. He had for the first time in his life become thoroughly interested in the matter of his expenses. He figured out that his board had cost about so much; clothes during the year about so much; he had sent his mother so much; his summer vacation had cost so much; and the total of these was about \$608. Could it be possible that he had spent \$300 for amusements and trifles?

He kept thinking over this and finally said to himself: "Situated as I am I ought to live on \$500, and I'm going to do it next year. My salary will be \$1,000, and I ought to save half of it; I will try it, anyway."

He opened an account in a savings bank with a deposit of ten dollars, determining to deposit a like amount each week of the year. He knew that if it was necessary he could draw out a little to help him over an emergency, but he was determined not to do this if it could possibly be avoided. He was surprised to see how much pleasure he had in watching his account grow; but far beyond this was the satisfaction in knowing that he was at last making definite preparations for the future. At the end of the year he had \$500 in the bank. He had been to the theatre but seldom; he had not been to any dances; but looking back, it seemed to him to have been the pleasantest year of his life. He had made good use of the city library, and had extended his acquaintance into the homes of many pleasant people. His salary was increased, and his bank account had the benefit of it. In a few years there was a chance for him to get an interest in a good business if he could get some help, and the men who indulged for him were influenced by the sight of his bank-book, with the story it told of years of economy and good habits.

When one mentions the matter of saving before those who look upon money as something to be spent with as little delay as possible, the old saying is at once thrown back: "Better be a spendthrift than a miser." As if there were no stopping-place between the two extremes! It is hardly necessary to say that a man may be saving, economical, thrifty and prudent, and still never verge toward miserliness. All the influences about him are urging him to spend his income for present pleasures, and he must develop a strong will in order to turn away from the alluring charms of the tempter. And one who has reached this stage will not succumb to the temptation to be miserly. No one

Richard" for arguments in favour of tariff. Every block in every city has its own story of disappointments and sufferings from the folly of the improvident. And every village and every city has also its examples of the wisdom of those who thought for the future.

If any young man will go carefully over his personal expenses for the present year, separating those which were necessary from those which were not, let him then ask himself if these latter were worth what they cost him. If, in looking back at them, he decides that they were a poor investment for they were not only capital but what would be the interest on a goodly sum in ten or twenty years, he should then mark out a new course for himself. Such a resolution will act upon his character, and if he adheres to it faithfully he will be a more valuable clerk, will stand a greater chance for promotion, and will be better fitted to do business.—Saturday Evening Post.

THE GOOD HEALTH Promised by Paine's Celery Compound

Nothing Vague or Indefinite About Results.

There is nothing indefinite about the kind of "good health" that is promised by Paine's Celery Compound, and that is so strongly vouched for by letters that come from our best people. Paine's Celery Compound among other blessings gives firmer and stronger nerves, perfect circulation, complete digestion, clear complexion, sweeter breath and more regular bodily functions. These blessings are always secured by Paine's Celery Compound when other remedies fail.

It is foolish and criminal to neglect daily aches, pains, and the unmistakable symptoms of dangerous diseases, when it is well known that a few bottles of Paine's Celery Compound will completely banish every trouble and give a condition of health that guarantees a long and happy life. Every man or woman whose nervous strength is overtaxed, or whose life is a busy one and full of mental worries, will soon feel the invigorating and vitalizing effects of one or two bottles of nature's health-giver, and see his or her health improve after the first dose of this greatest of all remedies.

An Archbishop's Warning.

New York, October 17.—In a circular letter to the clergy of the archdiocese His grace Archbishop Corrigan, according to a New York despatch, says:

"While recalling the letter of the Holy Father on 'Americanism,' I avail myself of the opportunity of touching on a kindred subject, which troubles my conscience as a pastor of souls. I allude to the custom noticeably growing among our people, especially those favoured with this world's goods, of estranging their children from Catholic education and thus unconsciously preparing for themselves and their descendants great spiritual dangers and difficulties in the future.

"Regarding the fact that our youth of both sexes frequent in ever increasing numbers educational institutions in which they miss the special aid that this critical period of their life requires there can be little doubt. The fact is only too fully demonstrated by daily experience. Most commonly the reason is the desire to ascend in the social scale, to mingle in fashionable circles, to surround the children with companions deemed desirable for after life.

"Admitting for a moment that the custom under consideration facilitates admission to fashionable society, in such society so immaculate, so far superior to one's former surroundings as to counter-balance the precious advantage guaranteed to us by the knowledge and practice of our faith? A very high authority asks: 'What doth it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?'

The Archbishop then goes on to say that, judging from results, Catholic pupils are not led by attending non-sectarian and fashionable schools to have greater regard for their parents, to persevere in time-honoured devotions and pious customs or to form Catholic alliances in after life. Deplorable results, he says, sometimes follow and parents often have bitter cause to regret their desire to ascend the social scale or have the children mount the ladder of fame. If these evils do not follow in the first generation, he says, they always do in the second, as hundreds of examples attest.

Crowned With Full Success.

Dr. ED. MORRIS'S CARDINAL PILLS cure all pale, weak and lifeless women and thin young girls in need of a good tonic for the blood and nerves. Beware more than ever of counterfeits, as they have sometimes unhappy results.

Cardinals and Papal Infallibility.

There seems to be much misconception, even in quarters presumably well informed, concerning the nature of the infallibility attributed to the official or *ex cathedra* utterances of the Pope by the Vatican Council. There is no excuse for the misunderstanding, seeing that the doctrine has stood before the world as a cardinal dogma of the Catholic faith for the last thirty years. Nevertheless, Dr. Bardale, the Anglican Bishop of Carlisle, said the other day in an address that "since the declaration of papal infallibility, the Pope would not seem to require such a consultative body as the College of Cardinals."

This assertion is made the text of a long article in the London Tablet, which is well known to be the organ of Cardinal Vaughan. The writer admits that if the Vatican Council had declared that the Pope, when he speaks *ex cathedra*, is infallible because he is inspired by the Holy Ghost, then, indeed, as far as such decisions should be concerned, he would have little need of Cardinals, Councils or consultation. He would then be simply a sort of oracle, and would only have to put himself into the required condition, and to fall under the influence of inspiration, in order to arrive without further trouble at an unerring decision. That, however, is not in the least what the Catholic Church understands by Papal infallibility. When the Vatican Council defined the term, it avoided the word "inspiration," and used the word "assistance." The ideas represented by the two words differ as essentially as to be lifted bodily to a height differs from being merely kept from falling while one climbs to it. Inspiration, by which the Pope would be informed through the influx of the Holy spirit what he should decide, would be one thing; quite another would be the preventive assistance of the Holy Ghost by which the Pope should be left to find out the truth by such ordinary means as are available, but should be safeguarded from falling into error in doing so.

The Tablet would compare inspiration to the action of a mother who should carry her child in her arms to a given point, so that he would need to expend no labour in reaching it; it would liken assistance, on the other hand, to the action of a mother who should place her child on the ground and encourage him to walk to a given point, merely keeping her hands in readiness to prevent him from falling on his way thither. Inspiration, in other words, is a vehicle which carries a man across a bridge, while assistance leaves him to walk across the bridge himself, but puts a parapet on each side to shield him from falling into the river in so doing. Between inspiration and assistance, thus defined, there is, obviously, all the difference which exists between a divine act and a human act divinely safeguarded, a difference which includes the very field of human investigation and consultation which the Bishop of Carlisle supposed to have been rendered needless.

It is pointed out by The Tablet that the precise meaning of the doctrine of papal infallibility was set forth in the report made to the Vatican Council by the commission which drew up the decree. Speaking of the co-operation of the Church with the Supreme Pontiff in his infallible decisions, the report says: "We certainly do not separate the Pope, when he defines infallibly, from the co-operation and help of the Church." And again: "We do not exclude the co-operation of the Church, for the infallibility which pertains to the Roman Pontiff is given to him, not by way of inspiration or revelation, but by way of divine assistance. Hence, the Pope, in the discharge of his office and in the measure of the gravity of the question, is bound to employ suitable means for the due investigation of the truth and for its fitting formulation, and such means are councils, and also the advice of the Bishops, and Cardinals, and Theologians."

Thus we see that, although the Pope was declared by the Vatican Council to be infallible, when he speaks *ex cathedra*, it by no means follows that he must disband the College of Cardinals. On the contrary, in view of the possibility that he may have to draw up an infallible decision, he may have more need of them than ever, and also of the consultation of the episcopate at large and of bodies of expert theologians. In a word, papal infallibility does not exclude consultation of the Church, but, on the contrary, calls for it imperatively.—New York Sun.

A Woman's Nerve.

NINE TENTHS OF HER BODILY AILMENTS CAN BE TRACED TO NERVE DISORDER AND BAD DIGESTION. SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE AID DIGESTION AND STRENGTHENS THE NERVE.

Miss Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N. B., writes: "Indigestion and weak nerves were the bugbears of my life for years. I tried doctors and proprietary medicines till I completely lost heart. Being induced by a friend to try South American Nerve, after taking one bottle I was greatly relieved. Three bottles effected a complete cure. I can recommend it as a valuable remedy and believe it to be the best nerve and stomach tonic in the world."

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER. It is absolutely pure. It costs only one-tenth as much as any other powder. To be profitable your profits should be increased. Your loss should be in condition. Your eggs are high. It assures perfect condition of the food elements needed to produce...

FRESH STOCK OF Canned Goods. CONSISTING OF— Peaches, Pears, Apricots, Plums, Pineapples, Tomatoes, Pumpkins, Squash, String Beans, Corn, Peas, Baked Beans, Corned Beef, Chipped Beef, Ox Tongue, Lunch Tongue, Potted Ham, Potted Salmon, Oysters, Halibut, Finnan Haddies, Ocean Haddies. All Best Brands and Prices Right. C. B. WHIDDEN & SON.

Professional Cards. J. A. BOYD, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. ANTIGONISH, N. S. Office: Church Street, next to King's Block.

GREGORY & O'DONOGHUE, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. C. ERNEST GREGORY, LL. B. RICHARD O'DONOGHUE, LL. B. Gregory's Building, Antigonish.

E. LAVIN GIBBOIN, BARRISTER & SOLICITOR. OFFICE: GREGORY'S BUILDING, ANTIGONISH, N. S. DAN C. CHISHOLM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR. OFFICE: ONE DOOR WEST OF KIRK'S GROCERY STORE, MAIN STREET, ANTIGONISH.

Joseph A. W., BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Agent for Lancashire Fire Assurance Co. OFFICE: GREGORY'S BUILDING, ANTIGONISH, N. S.

Wm. F. McPHILIP, Barrister and Solicitor, Notary. Office in W. U. Telegraph Building, ANTIGONISH, N. S.

McNeil, McNeil & Co., Barristers, Solicitors, ETC. METROPOLITAN BUILDING, 132 Front Street, Halifax, N. S. P. O. Box 392. DANIEL McNEIL, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. GERALD McNEIL, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

GEO. TOWNSEND, VETERINARY SURGEON. Calls left with F. H. BARNARD, Antigonish.

UNDERTAKING. I HAVE IN STOCK A FULL ASSORTMENT OF CASKETS AND COFFINS. Orders by telegram receive prompt attention.

Thursday, Nov. 11, 1899.

SHERIDAN'S

OWDEN'S

FRESH STOCK

Medicated

CONSISTING OF

Apples, Pears, Peaches, Pineapples, Oranges, Lemons, Limes, Strawberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, Currants, Peas, Baked Beans, Corned Beef, Chopped Tongue, Luncheon Ham, Potatoes, Oysters, Haddies, etc.

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INARY SOLICITOR

GLASGOW.

ERTAN

its predictions. The source of this order was misinformation; a hasty procedure on the part of the government in Washington and petty jealousy on the part of a malicious informer. The facts of the case are now out, and the order has been withdrawn.

This informer was a certain Herr Doberck, who is an official of the English government at the Hong Kong observatory. Since 1884 this gentleman has been trying to interfere with the observatories conducted by the Jesuits in Manila and in Zi Ka Wei. Sometime in the spring of 1899, Herr Doberck, as director of the British metropolitan service, addressed a letter to the weather bureau of the United States in Washington, stating that "the observatory of Manila is in the hands of men who possess very little scientific education; that scandal is caused by the continual sensational typhoon warnings to the papers of Hong Kong."

Mr. Wilson received the letter of Herr Doberck. Mr. Wilson being at the head of the agricultural department, handed the complaint to Chief Moore of the weather bureau, and he to the secretary of war. Thereupon General Otis was ordered to stop the typhoon warnings from the Manila observatory. The director of the observatory obeyed, and no warnings were sent any more beyond the Philippine Islands.

Father Algae, S. J., the director of the observatory, has spent some time in America, especially in Georgetown College, and has become acquainted with American ways and customs. He accordingly applied to the public opinion of the educated representatives of foreign nations near Manila and Hong Kong. He sent circulars to consuls, merchants, newspaper editors and correspondents, asking them to state in plain terms whether the complaints made by Herr Doberck were founded on facts.

The results of this measure was surprising. Doberck had sown the wind only to reap the whirlwind. The Manila and Hong Kong papers pounced upon Doberck most mercilessly. They exposed his own blunders in his observations, praised the work of the Manila observatory, and stated in unmistakable words that only petty jealousy had led him to proceed on such crooked ways. Furthermore the leading papers of other cities, the merchants, the captains of ships of all nations demanded the reports from the Manila observatory, and petitioned the colonial secretary at Hong Kong to remove Herr Doberck from his position. Upon this, the colonial secretary gave out that the director of Hong Kong observatory had been unauthorized by the English government and he hoped that the order for the discontinuance of the typhoon reports would be rescinded.

"I am directed," he wrote on March 23, 1899, "to state that the request of the director of the observatory in this colony was unauthorized by his government, and that the mercantile community have intimated through the local chamber of commerce their appreciation of the telegraphic warnings conveyed by the Manila observatory and the extreme regret with which they would view their discontinuance. Under these circumstances, I hope that the order for the discontinuance of the meteorological intimations may be rescinded."

General Otis informed Father Algae that it gave him pleasure to remove the cited prohibition, and directed him to send out the typhoon warning so much desired in Hong Kong as formerly and prior to Feb. 27.

Father Algae did not fail to pay a visit to Admiral Dewey, and was received with marked friendliness and politeness. The director and his assistants commenced to send out the typhoon warnings, by which many a vessel and many a precious life had often been kept out of danger. Since Aug. 13, 1898, there was a telegraph line from the observatory to Dewey's headquarters, with an American operator at the observatory end.

Under such circumstances, it certainly seemed strange that a few months later the United States Government should have proceeded in a somewhat hasty manner without investigating. However, as Mr. Wilson was personally acquainted with Herr Doberck, he trusted implicitly the latter's complaint and sincerity.—*Exchange.*

Cannot Tell You All.

In a limited newspaper space, we cannot tell you all that you should know about our ample and varied stock of drugs, medicines and toilet preparations and requisites, and our improved facilities for accurate dispensing.

OUR MOTTO:

"Purest Drugs, Best Goods, and Lowest Prices."

Have you used Paine's Celery Compound? If not, we advise you to give it a trial if you are nervous, weak, run down or ailing in any way.

Paine's Celery Compound is the most reliable and efficacious medicine of the day. It makes sick people well.

C. M. HENRY, Druggist.

Antigonish, N. S.

NORTH STRAFFORD

Coos, N. H., U. S.—A Grateful Voice in Favor of "Morin's Wine Creso-phates."

MR. RALPH MARCH.

We are happy to lay before our readers a very interesting letter from Mr. Ralph March of North Strafford, Coos, N. H., U. S., offering as his warmest thanks and congratulations for Morin's Wine Creso-phates.

"From a simple cold contracted in the lamp autumn days—says Mr. March—I became bronchitis, suffering especially in the fall and spring. My doctors gave me good care and did all in their power to cure me, but my health did not improve. I suffered night and day, without appetite or sleep, and I gradually weakened. I then resolved to try some patent medicines, whose curative properties were praised; but although I was assured that they would cure me in a short time, they did me no good. Finally, I met a friend who persuaded me to try your preparation so much advertised for all throat and lung diseases, 'Morin's Wine Creso-phates,' and from the very first days of its use I ascertained its superior qualities. My cough calmed down, and so did my other pains. I had more appetite, my digestion was easier and my sleep restorative. I felt a new life infused into me, my condition improved daily, and I was able to resume my ordinary occupation.

I continued, at need, to use the remedy without which I would have been a finished man, and I cannot too warmly thank you and recommend 'Morin's Wine Creso-phates.' Easily taken, it has a pleasant taste and its digestion is easy.

When you feel any soreness in the Throat or Lungs, give this valuable remedy a fair trial and you can rely on your immediate relief and your speedy cure.

For Sale Everywhere.

The President's Story.

A SLAVE TO CHRONIC CATARRH FOR YEARS—REMEDIES FAILED—SPECIALISTS FAILED—DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER (SIMPLEST OF ALL) CURED HIM.

D. T. Sample, President of Sample's Installment Company, Washington, Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with chronic catarrh. Remedies and treatment by specialists only gave me temporary relief until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It has proved the one good thing in my case. In almost an instant after I had made the first application I had relief, and a little perseverance in its use entirely rid me of this offensive malady. I would be glad to personally recommend it to any and everybody." Sold by Foster Bros.

Is The Hoe Degrading?

High-sounding platitudes about the wrongs of labour—bathos in the guise of a jeremiad; a monstrous exaggeration of existing facts—a statement which would have been true of the English coal miner forty years ago, but of no other wage-earner that ever came within our ken. This rhapsody of Mr. Markham's is an utter distortion of its subject, moreover. Miller's picture, which furnished the theme, was never conceived to illustrate such a condition of human degradation as Mr. Markham quite gratuitously pictures. Even Zola, in his most swinish work, "La Terre," never caught a mental glimpse of so low a level; perhaps the nearest approximation to the foul ideal is to be found in that rank creation of Thomas Hardy's "Jude the Obscure." The argument of "The Man With the Hoe" is the very antithesis of truth. It seems to be founded on the false assumption that the cultivation of the soil has in its very nature something that pulls human nature down. We know very well that the contrary is very often the case. The man who follows the plow is not infrequently the follower of the Muses. He may not be gifted with the power of poetical utterance, like Burns, but he is in constant communion with nature, and the spirit of poetry must be in his heart at times—the irresistible impulse to give tongue to the gladness which the mysterious charms of nature, at matin and eventide, can scarcely fail to infuse. Mr. Markham seems to think that field labour is capable of transforming a man into a cousin to

We have now on hand a large and varied stock of

Patent Medicines, Pills, Ointments, Combs, Brushes and Toilet Articles, Soap, Perfumes, Maltine Preparations, Sponges, Emulsions, Pipes, Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes, etc

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

Night Bell on Door.

FOSTER BROS.

Druggists, Antigonish.

Remember the place, opp. A Kirk & Co.

Caliban:

"Bowed by the weight of centuries he leans Upon his hoe and gazes on the ground, The emptiness of ages in his face, And on his back the burden of the world. Who made him dead to rapture and despair, A thing that grieves not and that never hopes, Stolid and stunned, a brother to the ox? Who loosened and let down this brutal jaw? Whose breath blew out the light within this brain?"

What a difference between this conception of natural labour and that presented by Grey!

"How joyously he drove his team a field! How bowed the woods beneath his sturdy stroke!"

There is no allowance for the influence exerted by—

"The breezy call of incense-breathing morn, The swallow twittering from its strawbuilt shed;"

Nor to quote Ferguson,—

"The humming of the noontide bees, The lark's loud carol all-day long, And, borne on evening's salted breeze, The clanking sea-bird's song."

—*Catholic Standard and Times.*

Thousands of Certificates

Reach us daily, attesting the great truth that "MORIN'S WINE CRESO-PHATES" relieves at once and rapidly cures all cases of Grippe. Try it and you will be delighted. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

New Custom Tailoring Shop.

We have opened up business in Custom Tailoring at the corner of

MAIN and COLLEGE STS.,

next door to the Antigonish Book-store.

Our long experience in selecting and making-up

Men's, Boys' and Youths' Suits, Overcoats, etc.,

is such that we can guarantee satisfaction in all work entrusted to us, and we respectfully solicit the favor of a call from all contemplating a Spring Overcoat or a new Suit. Particular attention given to Clergymen's Soutanes.

GRANT & CO.

PLOWING

will soon begin.

The most particular Plowman can be suited.

13 Different Styles of PLOWS.

REPAIRS FOR 20 Different Patterns of Plows.

Team & Carriage Harnesses

100 Half Barrels Fat July Herring

at the Red and Green Store on College Street.

Highest Price in Cash for Hides and Pelts.

F. R. Trotter.

SEARS & CO.

Have opened with a full stock of

GROCERIES,

Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Oil, Etc.

CANNED GOODS

of all kinds.

CIGARS, FRUIT CONFECTIONERY

Please give us a call and we will try and do as well for you if not better than others.

Produce of all kinds taken in exchange same as cash.

SEARS & CO., MAIN STREET.

P. S. We take Calf and Lamb skins and pay the highest price in cash.

Make a dead certainty of having your

XMAS. PHOTOS

finished in time by sitting at

WALDREN'S.

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Nov. 7th to 11th.

NEW STYLES.

FREE! This beautiful Gold Shell Solitaire Ring in exquisite platinum-lined case for selling 1 doz. gold topped Lever Collar Buttons at 10c. each. We send buttons postpaid. Sell them, return money, and we send you ring, all charges paid. Lever Button Co., Box A. C., Toronto.

"I'll Never Go There Anymore."

Some Watchmakers think it sharp to use second-class watch materials. They think that it increases their repairing profit and gives them more work. But how foolish this is, because a man who gets an unsatisfactory job of repairing isn't going back to be bitten again. Try

B. A. PRATT

for Fine Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairing.

West End, Antigonish.

Whiston & Frazee's Commercial College.

This old, reliable, progressive business training school is better equipped than ever, this year to train young men and women to fill positions as book keepers, stenographers, office assistants, etc. The halls have been recently repainted and carpeted, and a new cloak room and lavatory added for the ladies. Come and see us or send for catalogue for 1899 to

S. E. WHISTON, 33 Barrington St. or J. C. P. FRAZEE, Truro, N. S.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

1899. A. No. 470.

IN THE SUPREME COURT:

Between COLIN GRANT, Plaintiff and CATHERINE McEACHERN and RONALD McEACHERN, Defendants.

To be Sold at Public Auction by the Sheriff of the County of Antigonish, or his Deputy, at the Court House, Antigonish, on

Wednesday, 29th day of November, 1899,

at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, Pursuant to an order of foreclosure and sale made herein, bearing date the 18th day of October, A. D. 1899, unless before the day of sale the amount due the Plaintiff and the costs herein be paid to him or to his solicitor.

All the estate, right, title interest and equity of redemption of the above-named Defendants, which they have in any way acquired by or through John McEachern, deceased, the mortgage herein, and all persons claiming, or entitled by, from or under the said Defendants, or the said John McEachern, deceased, in and to the lands described in the mortgage herein (three acres, more or less) All that certain lot, piece or parcel of

LAND,

Situate, lying and being at Cape George Point, in the County of Antigonish, and bounded as follows, that is to say: On the north by land of John McDonald; on the east by land of Alexander McEachern; on the south by land of Donald McEachern; and on the west by land owned by or in possession of Lewis McEachern, containing eighty acres more or less.

Terms of sale: Ten per cent. of purchase money to be deposited at time of sale, and the balance on delivery of deed.

DUNCAN D. CHISHOLM, High Sheriff of the County of Antigonish

A. MACGILLIVRAY, Of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, Plaintiff's Solicitor.

Sheriff's Office, Antigonish, N. S., Oct. 24th, A. D. 1899.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Executors' Sale.
Notice—Daniel Anderson.
Notice—Archibald McDougall.
Cattle at Auction—James Delaney.
Cattle at Auction—Christopher J. Chisholm.
Commercial College—Kautbach & Schurman.

Local Items.

THE SYDNEY HOTEL was sold last week by Senator McKinnon to A. C. Ross.

FOR SALE.—A second-hand three-spring express wagon with shafts, pole, and three seats. Apply to A. W. Chisholm, Marydale.—adv.

APPLES ARE SCARCE, but I have sixty barrels of nice ones that I can sell at two dollars. Get a barrel, for they won't last long.—T. J. Bonner.—adv.

YOU WANT your big can filled with oil and your box of tea for the winter, and I suppose you want the best you can get at a reasonable price. I think I can suit you all round.—Bonner, the Grocer.—adv.

NEW GLASGOW MAN SUICIDES.—Joseph McDonald, a man thirty years of age and a native of New Glasgow, committed suicide at his home in Kamloops, B. C., where he held the office of Land Registrar, on Oct. 28.

NEW COAL MINE.—A six-foot seam of coal has been struck in the shaft sunk on the Ochiltree property at Port Morien. It is hoped that this will revive the town, which suffered severely from the Whitney decree of a few years ago.

HOTELS OVERFLOWING.—The Sydney Advocate says that the hotels of that town are obliged to turn people away, and that there is urgent need of increased hotel accommodation, as well as of some good private boarding houses, in the town.

CHANGE OF MANAGEMENT.—P. L. Naim-Smith, superintendent of the Sydney and Louisburg Railway and shipping master of the Dominion Coal Co., has resigned his position with the company to accept a place at Lethbridge, N. W. T., at the first of next year. His successor will be Alex. N. McLennan, the present trackmaster of the line.

NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.—The well-known and talented lecturer, Prof. John A. Nicholls, is again to visit Antigonish. Next Wednesday and Thursday evenings he will lecture on Napoleon Bonaparte at McDonald's Hall. The lectures will be splendidly illustrated, and many wonderful historical incidents in the career of the great warrior will be presented. It is also expected some views will be shown of places in South Africa fast becoming famous through the stirring events now occurring between Briton and Boer.

KILLED AT THE INTERNATIONAL PIER.—On Wednesday morning of last week a fatal accident occurred at the International Pier, near Sydney. The lifting apparatus connected with the pier was unexpectedly swung outward, knocking Daniel McLean, of St. Ann's, an employe of the Dominion Iron and Steel Co., over the wharf and killing him, and seriously injuring John McDonald, also of St. Ann's. A man named McNeil, of Glace Bay, caught a chain as the apparatus struck him and was carried outward and back again, but escaped injury.

MARRIAGE.—Mr. A. G. Macdonald, formerly of Fraser's Mills, Antigonish County, now of Boston, and Miss Eliza Leddy, of Brookline, Mass., were married at St. Mary's Church, Brookline, on the 25th October, by the Rev. Father Costello. The bride, whose wedding presents were numerous and valuable, was attended by Miss Rosa Kelly, and Mr. Angus Sutherland assisted the groom. The latter, who is a brother of Revs. A. L. and D. L. Macdonald, of Broad Cove and Brook Village respectively, holds a responsible position with the Metropolitan Insurance Company, in Boston, and is held in deservedly high esteem by all his acquaintances, with whom we join in wishing the newly wedded pair every happiness. They will reside at No. 16 Fulda Street, Boston.

ANOTHER TROLLEY ACCIDENT.—On last Friday evening four I. C. R. trackmen were returning home from work on a trolley car. Noticing a train standing on the siding at Antigonish, they stopped at the trestle bridge, just below the Station, and sent one of their number to ascertain of the engineer how long his train would remain. Being assured the trolley would have time to arrive at the Station, he had the engineer give a signal (pre-arranged between the trackmen) to come. After the trolley had crossed the bridge the train started, and the speed of the trolley being considerable a collision resulted. Two of the men jumped from the car before it was hit, and thus escaped injury; the third, Mr. John McGillivray, of College street extension, Antigonish, was thrown with the trolley over the embankment, and suffered fractures of two bones of his wrist, an injury to his knee, and some bruises about the body. Happily none of the injuries are serious, and Mr. McGillivray will be out in a few weeks.

War Notes.

A balloon for the British force at Ladysmith arrived there on Saturday last.

A London despatch says it is reported from Plymouth that the Admiralty is about to mobilize twenty-nine cruisers.

General Symons, wounded in the battle at Glencoe, and left behind at Dundee by Gen. Yule in his hurried evacuation, died at the latter place on Monday of last week, a few hours before the Boers occupied the town, and was buried in a soldier's grave on the following day. The message of condolence said to have been sent by Gen. Joubert, the Boer commander, will be found elsewhere.

A despatch from Ladysmith, dated last Friday, gave the strength of the British force concentrated at that place as 12,000 men, with 54 guns.

A despatch from Ladysmith yesterday states the Boers again surrounded that town Monday night and shelled the British camp. British opened fire on Boers at dawn Tuesday with good effect. The Boer loss is thought to be heavy.

A large portion of the despatch of President Steyn of the Orange Free State to Sir Alfred Milner, dated Sept. 27, at a critical point of the negotiations was suppressed by the latter in his reports to the Colonial Office and was the other day printed by the London Chronicle. It is said to prove that Steyn was making strenuous efforts to maintain peace and was in a position to assure England that the Transvaal would recognize Britain's right as the paramount power in South Africa.

A Kimberly despatch of Oct. 24, delayed in transmission, says the British sortied from that place at that time with two armoured trains and engaged the Boers, driving them back after hard fighting. A cleverly-laid ambushade by the latter failed.

Parliament closed its session on Friday. The Queen's speech referring to South Africa, hoped that the army might "restore peace and good government to that portion of my Empire. The London Chronicle declares that the implication that the Transvaal is a portion of the Empire is condemned by high juristic authority.

A despatch from a French source at the Cape says the President Kruger indignantly refused the request of the Boers to be allowed to use dum-dum bullets.

The British arms have sustained in South Africa one of the most severe defeats they ever received in history. The despatches given out are extremely meagre, but it is known that two regiments with their entire equipment have fallen into the hands of the Boers, and are either killed or captured. Reports place the number lost between killed and captured at from 1500 to 2000 men, with a mountain battery and many mules. General White with all his available troops marched out from the town on Sunday to attack the enemy. The main body of his troops was almost cut off from their retreat, but succeeded in getting back. Two battalions or regiments, as the case may be, were sent to drive the Boers from a certain position. The Boers feigned a retreat drawing them on, when they were surrounded with the disastrous result mentioned. They are the Royal Irish Fusiliers and the Gloucestershire regiment. At an earlier stage in the fighting 1500 mules stampeded and were captured by the Boers. The deepest gloom prevails in England, and news of further disasters is expected. Gen. White will probably have to retire from Ladysmith. The Boers not only greatly outnumber the British there, but are said to possess better artillery and

CATTLE! CATTLE!

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, at or near the
POST OFFICE, HEATHERTON,
ON
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 8TH, 1899,
at 10 o'clock a. m.,

60 HEAD OF CATTLE.
4 pairs of Working Oxen, from four to five years old.
Steers, three and a half years old.
Steers, two and a half years old.
Steers, one and a half years old.
Heifers, two and a half years old.
Heifers, one and a half years old.
3 Horses, from 4 to 10 years old.
Also a number of Milch Cows.
Terms of sale: 10 months' credit on notes and approved securities.
CHRISTOPHER J. CHISHOLM,
And others.
Heatherton, Oct. 28, '99.

NOTICE.

All Overdue Accounts not settled by the 25th of November next, will be handed over to some party in Antigonish for collection.
DANIEL ANDERSON.
Harbour au Bouche, Nov. 1st, '99.

NOTICE.

All accounts due Archibald McDougall, Balintyne's Cove, that are now overdue, must be paid before November 15, otherwise they will be handed in for collection.

General Joubert has proved himself a strategist of a high order. White in his despatch takes upon himself the entire blame for the disaster. General Sir Redvers Buller arrived at the Cape a few days ago, and 28,000 British troops are due there next week.

Personals.

Dr. W. H. Macdonald, Sr. returned on Monday from his visit to Boston.

Mr. William Whitman, of Antigonish, arrived home from British Columbia yesterday. He had been in Altia for some time past prospecting for gold, and owns some good claims.

His Lordship Bishop Cameron and Very Rev. Dr. Quinan, V. G., returned on Tuesday evening from their visit to Ottawa, where they attended the celebration of the Silver Jubilee of Archbishop Dahame's consecration last week, at which the Apostolic Delegate and twenty-four Archbishops and Bishops were present.

AUCTION.

To be Sold at Public Auction at the premises of
JAMES DELANEY, NORTH GRANT,
ON
Tuesday, 14th Day of November Inst.,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,
5 MILCH COWS;
3 STEERS, three year old.
3 HEIFERS, two and a half years old.
3 STEERS, two and a half years old.
1 BULL, two and a half years old.
1 CALVEY, STEERS and HEIFERS.
7 YEARLING STEERS and HEIFERS.
1 HORSE.
Terms: Eleven months' credit on approved notes.
North Grant, Oct. 31st, 1899.
ALLAN McDONNELL, Auctioneer

EXECUTORS' SALE.

To be sold at public auction, on the premises of the
LATE RODERICK McDONALD
Blacksmith, Antigonish,
ON
Tuesday, Nov. 14, '99
AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.

The following stock:
3 Mares, 3 Good Milch Cows.
1 Fat Cow, 1 Heifer, 1 Steer Calf,
1 Riding Wagon and Harness.
1 Road Cart, 1 Sleigh, 1 Truck, Tackling,
1 Plough, 1 Set Grain Faners,
And many other articles.
TERMS: 11 months' credit on notes of approved security for Mares, Cattle and other property cash at sale. By order of Executors.
ALLAN McDONNELL, Auctioneer.
Antigonish, Oct. 24, 1899.

WANTED.

10,000 SHEEP
5,000 HIDES.
For which the Highest Price in Cash will be paid. Apply to
R. J. McDONALD,
Carriage Builder, East End.
J. E. MERSEREAU,
Wholesale Buyer,
Houlton, Maine.

NOTICE.

All overdue accounts and notes, not settled by the 15th day of November next will be handed over for collection.
THOMAS SOMERS.
Antigonish, Oct. 25, '99.
West-End Restaurant
The subscriber has opened a first-class restaurant and bakery next door to K. Sweet & Co. Boston Brown Bread and Beans every Saturday and Sunday morning. Choice Confectionery and Fruit, also Tea, Coffee and Chocolate served at short notice.
Mrs. J. C. CHISHOLM,
West End Main St., Antigonish.

POSITIVE PROOF

of the superior training afforded by the Association Syllabus when Four Graduates of other business colleges are taking a Post Graduate Course at the
MARITIME
Business College
IN AFFILIATION WITH THE
CANADIAN BUSINESS EDUCATORS ASSOCIATION
WRIGHT'S MARBLE BUILDING HALIFAX, N.S.
E. KAULBACH & R. SCHURMAN, Proprietors
Curriculum mailed free.

TO SHIPPERS.

THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to handle Consignments of
BUTTER,
EGGS, and
CHEESE.
Best Prices Realized and Prompt Returns made.
Reference Bank of Nova Scotia here.
EDWIN MURRAY,
P. O. Box 304,
St. John's, Nfld.

The Palace Clothing Company.

We are prepared for the cold weather with the largest and snappiest line of Men's, Youths and Boys' Heavy Suits, Overcoats, Ulsters Reefers, Topshirts, Underwear, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Etc. to be found in Town, at prices that will hold all competition at a stand still. We will not only meet but beat them for goods of merit. Here are a few of the many values we are offering.

Men's Heavy Single and Double-Breasted Suits, \$4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00 and up.
Youths' Heavy and Single and Double-Breasted Suits, long pants, \$3.75, 4.00 and up.
Youths' Heavy Suits, with bloomer pants, \$3.50, 3.75 and up.
Boys' Heavy two-piece Suits, \$1.50 and upwards.
Men's Fine Beaver Overcoats, Single and Double-Breasted, \$4.00, 5.00, 5.50, 6.00 and up to \$16.00.
Men's Heavy Frieze Ulsters, all sizes, \$3.50 to \$6.
Youth's Heavy Frieze Ulsters, \$2.75 and up.
Men's Heavy Frieze Reefers, \$3.50, 3.75, 4.00 up
Men's Nap Reefers, big values, \$3.00, 4.00, 5.00
Youth's Reefers, with large collar, \$2.50, 3.00 up.
Boys' Reefers, \$1.50, 1.75, 2.00 and up.
Men's Heavy Top Shirts, assorted patterns, 40c.
Men's Heavy Underwear, fleece lined, per suit, 75c. better qualities from \$1.00 up to \$5.00
Men's Heavy Winter Caps, only, 25 cents.
Don't fail to examine our line of Men's Boys' and Children's Shoes, for Fall and Winter Wear.



Every line a corker. Remember when you buy of us you risk nothing. We undertake all responsibility. Satisfaction given or money refunded.

THE UP-TO-DATE MEN'S OUTFITTER,
MAIN STREET - ANTIGONISH.

THE SCHOOLS
have opened, and for all
SCHOOL REQUISITES,
—SUCH AS—
TEXT BOOKS, including all prescribed by the Board of Public Instruction,
SCRIBBLING BOOKS, EXERCISE BOOKS,
COPYING BOOKS, INKS, PENS, PENCILS,
PAPERS, SLATES, ETC., ETC.
In fact for everything needed by the tot just entering school, or for the Candidate for an A scholarship, go to
MISS G. J. McDONALD'S
Corner Main and College Streets,
ANTIGONISH, N. S.

McGILLIVRAY & McINTOSH

Take pleasure in announcing to their friends and the general public that their
Fall Importations are now Complete.
DRESS GOODS DEPT.
Never before have we shown such beautiful Dress Goods. You will find on our counters the newest novelties in English and French makes. We pay special attention to Blacks and Fancy Blacks. All our better Dress Goods are in dress lengths. No two alike. Send for Samples.
LINEN DEPT.
Bleached and Unbleached Tablings all prices. Napkins, Centre Pieces, Towels, Towelling, etc.
STAPLES.
Flannelettes, Wrapperettes, Grey and White Cottons, Cretannes, Sheeting, Pillow Cottons, Prints, Shirtings, Shawls, Cloakings.
MANTLE DEPT.
All our Ladies' Jackets & Mantles are imported direct from England and Germany. We can show you splendid values in this department.
We are Agents in Antigonish Co. for Bazar Glove-Fitting Patterns, the most reliable, the most stylish, one price for all, 15c. We have a first-class dressmaker on the premises; she will help you to select your linings and trimmings for your dresses. No trouble to show goods.

UNDERWEAR DEPT.
Ladies' Vests from the cheapest Union at 15c, to the finest Natural Wool at \$1.25.
Ladies' Drawers, 25c, 40c, 50c, 75c, up to \$1.25.
Infants', Children's, and Misses' Vests & Drawers in great variety
NOVELTIES.
Ladies' Neckwear, Collars and Cuffs, Shopping Bags, Purses, Veilings, Ribbons, Chiffons.
LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR SUITS (Skirt and Coat.) In Black, Blue, Green and Grey. Ladies' and Misses' Golf Jerseys. Ladies' Blue & Black Serge Skirts.
CHILDREN'S KNITTED GOODS, of all kinds. Jackets, Hoods, Caps, Tams, Booties, etc.
We are Agents for Brainerd & Armstrong's Wash Silks. You can always rely on getting the proper shade here. Sells at 5c. per skein.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE, ANTIGONISH, N. S.