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ANTIGONISH, N. S., THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1902.

NO. 21.

CASKET. THE PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING.

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THURSDAY, MAY 29.

We regret to learn that His Lordship Bishop MacDonald, of Harbour Grace, has been seriously ill. By the latest accounts, however, he is judged to be out of danger. Our readers will pray for his speedy restoration to health.

Father Livius, the Redemptorist, who died recently in London, was a Master of Arts of Oriel College, Oxford, and a convert. He was known in this country by two of his books, one on St. Peter, and the other on Devotion to the Blessed Virgin as found in the Father's of the first six centuries.

The Quebec Soleil of Monday announces that the Pope has conferred the title of Monsignor on the Very Rev. O. E. Mathieu, C. M. G., Rector of Laval University, and the Rev. L. A. Paquet, D. D., the distinguished Professor of Dogmatic Theology in the same institution. To both we tender our hearty congratulations.

Not seldom do the non-Catholics of a community join with their Catholic brethren in mourning the loss of one of our bishops. But it is not often that their tributes of praise are so warm as or. the occasion of the recent death of Archbishop Eyre of Glasgow. One of the most appreciative panegyrics was delivered by the Principal of Glasgow University from the pulpit of St. Mungo's Cathedral,

The late Rev. George M. Grant was a

conspicuous figure in the public eye as

well as in the educational circles of Can-

ada. On all important questions his

opinion was readily sought and freely

given. His personal exertions raised

Queen's from the position of a very ordin-

ary college to be one of the leading uni-

versities of the Dominion. It is a source

of pride to Nova Scotians to remember

that McGill and Queens found a Dawson

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read even by Catholic pupils in the public Dowager-Queen of Italy ordered a Reschools of Ontario.

THAT IS THE STATE OF THE STATE

Bishop Quigley of Buffalo is the Manning of America in his relations with labor organizations. Lately he warned his people against Socialist clubs, and when the latter tried to show that he was thereby attacking the labor movement in general, he answered them in a fashion which closed their mouths for a time. Still later the New Would informs us, the Socialists challenged him to assign a priest to debate with them in public the merits of their doctrines. The challenge was accepted, and the Socialist debaters, on their own acknowledgment, completely defeated.

The barbarous orders issued by Gen. Smith in the Philippines is defended by sober newspapers and public men of high standing in the United States on the ground that it was the only way of subduing the island of Samar. Let us suppose that it was, and then look at another suppositious case. Suppose that the throne of Herod che Great had really been threatened by the advent of the Messias, and that there had been no other way of preserving his power, would he have been justified in ordering that slaughter of every male child of two years and under in Bethlehem and its borders ? If he would not, neither are the American generals justified in subduing the Filipinos by any means in their power.

The tariff is not a very live question in Canada at present but it is decidedly such in England and the United States. In the one country a breach, which many think is made by the thin end of a wedge, has been opened in the policy of free trade. In the other, a strong sentiment, to which President McKinley gave voice on the eve of his death, is growing in favour of important modification in the policy of protection. Wise and thoughtful men are beginning to see that those tariff duties which enable a large corporation to charge a higher price for its products at home than it is willing to sell for abroad benefit no one but the corporation and should therefore, in the interest of the country, be lowered or removed.

Victor Hugo's mother, when entering her son at a Catholic college, expressly stipulated that he should not be required to attend Mass. When informed that it was the rule of the house that all Catholic students should attend Mass, she said that in that case he should be registered as a Protestant. She also wished that he should be allowed perfect liberty to read all kinds of books, as books never "Comparisons are odorous," as Mr. injured any one. We do not believe Dogberry used to say, but one cannot that any of our Catholic parents are as unfit for their duties as Madame Hugo showed herself in the first of these instances, but we know that there are some who agree with her views about indiscriminate reading. They may confidently expect that their children will grow up to resemble the great French author, not in talent but in vice. Mr. Charles S. Devas, author of the manual of Political Economy in the Stonyhurst Series, had an article in the last number of the Dublin Review analyzing Leo XIII's views on the question of wages as expressed in his encyclicals. Employers are guilty of injustice when they do not pay their workmen enough wages to maintain a frugal home. The excuse that the workman has accepted these wages freely is a bad one, for he is not acting freely when he believes he must either take such wages or starve. If no other means be found to prevent such unfair contracts between employer and employee, the State should interfere. Wages are not a mere matter of contract. No contract can set aside the dictates of national justice which demands that em ployers must pay fair wages, and neither employer nor employee can lawfully be party to a bargain which does not allow the laboring man to get a decent living.

quiem at once because of her admiration for the deceased prelate. The Italian press praises him for his care of their countrymen in New York. He was not an eloquent speaker yet every word he uttered was listened to with the utmost attention. As Bishop of Newark he was recognized to be a man of more than ordinary ability, and thus came to be selected as coadjutor with right of succession to Uardinal McCloskey. Archbishop Corrigan's place will be difficult to fill, but it is very probable that if he could have named his successor it would be Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn.

Referring to the financial difficulties of the Catholic University at Washington, consequent on the necessity of re-investing its funds at four instead of at five per cent, the Independent says editorially :

Here is Columbia University, with a club of over a hunored Catholic students, that is now planning for a two million dollar extension of itf grounds, which will require a considerable increase of endow-ment to support it; and the millions are freely thrown in here for Chicago University and there for Southern public schools; but the Catholic millionaires seem to b too modest to let their names be heard.

If anything could make our Catholic rich men ashamed of themselves it ought to be the public rebuke given them by leading Protestant journals of America for the flagrant neglect of their duty. We use the word duty advisedly, for we con sider that it is nothing less than a sacred duty for our rich men to contribute generously to the building of Catholic higher education.

Mrs. Bartle Teeling, who contributed a rather frivolous article on Victor Hugo to the Catholic World for April, has something more serious in the Ave Maria for May. The interesting fact is made known that Victor Hugo paid two visits to Dom Bosco when that holy priest came to Paris, and, although on his first visit he talked like an infidel, yet on the second occasion he told Dom Bosco that he had previously been playing a part, that he really believed in God and the immortality of the soul, and hoped to due in the arms of a Catholic priest. When the death hour came, however, his friends, so-called, boosted in the newspapers that his bedside was carefully guarded to prevent the entry of a priest. That the guard was needed, from the infidel point of view, is proved by the testimony of an actor, an intimate friend of Hugo, who was admitted to view the body an hour after death and, shocked at the appearance of agony on the face, asked the valet the cause. The latter replied that his master, in his last hours, had frequently cried out for a priest, but his friends would not permit him to receive one. To the rich men who scarcely seem to know what to do with their money, and lavish it at times on schemes of benevolence not planned with the usual good judgment ,the Independent proffers some excellent advice. If they want to benefit the community in which they live, let them in the first place pay their taxes in full. This is very well said. There is no denying the fact that the rich, as a rule, never pay taxes at as high a rate as the poor. The most incompetent assessor can always make a pretty shrewd guess at what the poor man is worth ; the most competent assessor that ever filled the office cannot ascertain what the rich man is worth, and is therefore obliged to take the rich man's own word for it. Moreover the rich man is always in a position to offer the assessor a handsome bribe, which, it may be feared, is only too often accepted. But failing in this, the rich man can often browbeat a town or city council into accepting less than the full amount of his taxes. A notorious case became public a few years ago when a multi-millionaire who had been paying texes to the treasury of an American city on less than one-fourth of his personal property was requested to pay on the whole. He replied that if compelled to do this he would remove every bit of his personal property to another city. Rather than lose so much money he was permitted to go on cheating the city of some hundred thousand dollars every year-thus eclipsing any of the achievements of the most successful bank robber

" Thus did her New England conscience fight to the end, and, at the last, capitulate to Love." These are the concluding words of a story which appeared in two recent numbers of that highly respecatble journal, the Saturday Evening Post of Philadelphia. The New England girl, teaching school in Wyoming, is on the eve of marrying a cowboy of the better sort. At this moment appears on the scene a desperado whom the cowboy aforesaid has had trouble with on several previous occasions. They meet in a saleon ; the desperado proclaims the cowboy a coward, and announces his intention of killing him at sight if he is found in town after sundown of that day. The news reaches the bride-elect and she very properly tells her lover that it is his imperative duty to leave the town, in other words run away, rather than incur the risk of committing murder. He pleads that he must show that he is no coward. She disposes of this pretext by reminding him that no one who knows him will ever question his courage. He pleads the customs of Wyoming and resents her calling these irregular duels by their correct name,murder. She closes the argument by telling him that if he does this thing she will not marry him. He shivers at this ultimatum, but does not waver in his determination, and goes out to have a final settlement with his opponent, feeling that he is going to wreck his life's happiness, but convinced,-the author, too apparently, -that he is a martyr to duty. The final settlement is in the cowboy's favor; the other man shoots first but misses, and does not live to fire again. Then the hero goes back to his hotel, informs his sweetheart of what occurred. She exclaims, " Thank God !'' and throws herself into his arms. Whereupon the author makes the comment with which we have begun this article, and, it is evident, heartily approves the capitulation.

CASKET.

AN INTOLERABLE DESPOTISM.

Now, this particular story is not deserving of much attention in itself, even though appearing in such respectable pages. But its main idea, the supremacy of Love, socalled, over all laws whether of God or man, is the main idea of a great deal if not the bulk of the fiction which our young people devour so greedily at the present day. Usually it is the woman's conscience which capitulates, but sometimes it is the man's. In the present case it would seem just as reasonable that the cowboy should yield, as that the New England girl should do so. but he does not, and the author, we have no doubt, desires us to admire his firmness. Logic would have them demand that we should condemn the girl's want of firmness, but no, we are expected to admire that also. Occasionally, however, the positions are

reversed. In a story which appeared in the last Christmas number of Scribner's Magazine, and was clearly a wretched attempt at imitation of the inimitable " Cardinal's Snuff-Box," the hereine, an Irish lady of rank and wealth, demands of an English nobleman as the price of her hand that he shall present her with a priceless chalice preserved in the treasury of an Italian cathedral. He is to purchase it if possible,--it is not possible,--but to get it anyway. The Cardinal, to whom the situation is made known, concludes that the Englishman will steal it, and expresses his approval by saying to himself, "I would do it if I were in his place." Usually, in fiction, we find the despotic demands of Love, though easily able to override the Ten Commandments, successfully opposed by that vague sentiment known as " the honour of a gentleman." But in the opinion of the Cardinal of St. Mark's, as interpretd by the Scribner writer, even the honour of a gentleman must be sacrificed in order that Love may reign supreme. In one of the popular novels of the day the closing chapter shows the heroine, a princess ruling over some little European state determined to marry an American. She loves her people, believes herself necessary to their welfare, fears that her resignation of the throne may lead to serious complications, perhaps to revolution. Yet, if they do not consent to her marriage with the gentleman from the United States, she will sacrifice them,-for Love. Do the people who write these things realize for one moment what an intolerable despotism they are making of the sway of what they call Love? When the cowboy above mentioned meets the Bishop of Wyoming and the latter tries to dissuade him from exchanging revolver shots with his enemy, the author tells us that one of the bitterest fights in this world is the

fight between the doctrines of a professing

Christian and the instinct of the whole human man. This is not a fair statement of the case. To kill one's enemy is an instinct, indeed, but it is not an instinct of the human man, as man; it is an instinct of the unregenerate man, in other words, of the beast in man. The Love that so many writers of fiction present to us does not belong to a higher order. It also is an animal instinct, which like other animal instincts should be made obedient to the voice of reason " Climb upwards; working out the beast and let the ape and tiger die," sings the poet. " Let the beast gratify his appetite," say the novelists, " let him walk over the ruins of the Decalogue, of the Honour which so many men value more highly than the Decalogue, of the duties which it was once supposed,-and is still suppoed by old-fashioned people, -that men and women should lay down their lives rather than neglect." " The novelists do not say this in precise terms, but that is the meaning of their books if these books have any meaning. Almost every novelist of the day makes his heroine say to her lover : " I am yours body and soul." If words have meaning, these signify that she is prepared to go to hell with him, if he wishes it; prepared to commit any crime for his sake which, unrepented of, will cast her into hell. After this it is only logical that the heroine aforesaid should assist the hero to commit suicide, or promise to commit suicide with him; only logical that she should thank God that he has committed murder; only logical since their love is mutual, that she should expect him to show a return of love by breaking the commandments, "Thou shalt not steal"; only logical that she should for his sake desert the people over whom God has placed her and leave them a prev to revolution. The art of these novelists is not of a high quality, indeed, but we find the same idea defiling the work of the greatest of living English painters, when he represents the Paolo and Francesca of Dante's Inferno loving each other with a guilty love even in hell. This is contrary to the Christian conception of hell as a place where mutual hate prevails and love is unknown. We find the same idea going counter to the Christian conception in that elegant poet Dante Resetti, whose " Blessed Damozel" is not quite satisfied with heaven, because her lover is not there. So it is scarcely too much to say that all contem porary literature is tainted with the notion that Love, the love of a man for a maid, which, as these writers describe it in many cases prove animalism, above and before everything else, that it must rule despotically, on earth, in heaven and in hell. And the countless multitude of readers of this contemporary literature, even those who have learned their catechism intelligently, stand in danger of being inoculated

Against all this false teaching stands the teaching of the Catholic Church, not merely expressed in words but in the lives of multitudes of men and women, her celibate clergy, her monks and nuns. Not merely as a freedom from ties that might hamper the ministry of a married priest, does the Church exalt celibacy, but as a higher, a nobler, a more godlike life,-the life that Our Lord, His Blessed Mother and the others who were nearest and dearest to Him,-St. Joseph, St. John the Baptist and St. John the Evangelist,-led on earth. The Charch has been accused of a contempt for marriage, but only those who are wilfully blind can believe this calumny. Nowhere else is marriage so thoroughly respected and protected as in the Catholic Church ; nowhere else are, the fruits of marriage found so abundant. But the idea of a marriage as a selfish union for the mutual pleasure of a man and a woman, who are prepared to neglect all other duties, however sacred, for the sake of pleasing each other; who are ready even, for similar selfish reasons, to disobey the divine command " Increase and multiply,"-this idea of marriage, and it is the idea prevalent in contemporary literature, the Church never ceases to condemn. In its stead she, blesses marriage as a means of increasing its membership, not with a view to earthly strength, but with a v.ew to preparing citizens for heaven; she blesses it as a means of promoting the spiritual welfare of man and woman, who are entreated never to forget that they have entered into this union chiefly for the purpose of helping each other to save their souls. Love, as described in fiction,-and as found in real life, in too many cases,-is of the earth, earthly and often devilish; Love as under-stood by a good Catholic is primarily spiritual, we may even say godlike, since it meets its fruition in a union which is an image of the union between Christ and His Church.

with this poisonous notion.

help comparing, or more properly contrasting, the acquittal of Major Waller, who carried out General Smith's order to "kill everything over ten," with the death sentence promptly inflicted by Lord Kitchener upon the Australian officers who shot some of their prisoners. We wonder whether the American journals which have represented Kitchener as the incarnation of cruelty will have a good word to say for him now.

The giving of nicknames is not an admirable custom, but it is impossible not to recognize the peculiar fitness of the title "Hell-Roaring Jake" applied by his soldiers to General Jacob N. Smith, U. S. A., whose butchery in the Philippine island of Samar will go down to history linked with the Herodian Massacre of the Innocents in Bethlehem and the Cromwellian slaughter of women and children at Wexford and Drogheda. The infamous order "kill everything over ten," was surely a blast from the infernal regions.

Some fanatics in England sent to a Church of England chaplain in the Transvaal, for distribution among the soldiers, a poem entitled "Convent Bells," containing the foul statements that nuns are forced to sin and are punished by being buried alive. The chaplain, it is pleasant to learn, promptly tore the leaflet up. He is a better exponent of British fair play than the men who some years ago insisted that Scott's "Marmion," unexpurgated of the scene describing the burying alive of an apostate nun, should be much he was admired abroad. The or embezzler.

The death of Archbishop Corrigan removes from the American hierarchy one of its most conspicuous figures. Even those who knew him as the able administrator of the immense diocese of New York must be surprised to learn how



Corpus Christi. LAUDA SION.

Beloved Sion, praises sing Te Christ, your Saviour, Pastor, King. Let echoes through the vault rebound, While hymns and canticles resound. Dare all you can, exhaust your skill, Your praise will be deficient still. A special theme to-day we treat, A theme with mystery replete : That living and life-giving bread, On which the cherished ones are fed. Away with doubt, you must belleve: The manna which we now receive, Fed twelve-the first fraternal band, Who ate it from the Saviour's hand, Sing anthems joyful, clear and sweet, To make the jubilee complete. This solemn day divinely great, Proclaims the feast's primeval date This banquet sets old rites aside, By Pasch in future to abide. New Pasch, new King we gladly hall ! The ancient rites no more avail. Old age gives way to buoyant youth, And shadows fade before the truth : The gloom and darkness of the night. Are scattered far by rays of light At supper Christ each guest addressed, And thus His living will expressed : "What I have done, do also ye ; In doing this remember Me. Instructed well in rites divine We bless the bread, and bless the wine, Then change them both to substance new A saving host and victim true. The Christian dogma is express And teaches all who faith profess That wine to blood is changed, and bread To flesh by words effective said. Against this truth the senses cry, But faith their weakness will supply. See Nature's Lord his law reverse Beneath the species quite diverse-Mere signs of substance not possessed. Is hid a wondrous, mighty Guest. Be blood the drink, or flesh the fare, In either kind Christ whole is there. Thy bonored guests who this partake May species sunder, mar, or break : Each fragment still the Host retains, The smallest form Christ whole contains One sole partakes, or thousands may, The one receives as much as they : The food is eat, as proves the act, Yet when partaken is intact The good and bad alike receive, But yet unlike results achieve: The good-the grace of life preserves, The bad eternal death deserve. Meanwhile the Sacrament we break ; Fear not, nor let your doubts awake Remember well each fragment hides As much as in the whole abides. For when this mystic food we take, Not substance, only forms we brake He whom the broken form contains, His stature and His state maintains. Behold a wonder great indeed! On angel's bread we pilgrims feed. It is not meet at such repast That children's food to dogs be cast. The ancient types the future tell, When manna in the desert fell, When Isaac on the altar lay, Or lamb was slain for paschal day Jesu, good Pastor, truest Bread, Be then by tender mercy led : Feed us while exiles here, and guard ; Awaiting still our due reward. O Thou, who hast all might and ken. Who feedest here the souls of men. As, brethren, guests, co-heirs and friends Receive us where joy never ends.

F. S., S. J., in Monthly Calendar. Infants too young to take medicine may be

cured of croup, whooping cough and colds by using Vapo-Cresolene-they breathe it.

No Exemption for Women and Girls.

Our bright Nova Scotia contemporary, the CASKET, has a long editorial on the brutalities committed by some of our army officers in the Philippines. Its main drift is to impress upon Americans who condemn English brutalities 'in Africa the truth of the old saw. "those who live in glass houses should not throw stones."

We must confess that the barbarous

The Holy Sproud at Turin.

M. Vignon read a most interesting paper at the last meeting of the Academy of Sciences and exhibited some photopraphs which he had taken of the winding sheet preserved at Turin and traditionally said to be that of Christ. This winding sheet has on it certain markings printed in a brown color, which, when photographed, give a white imprint, as does a negative when printed from. These markings, therefore, act as a true negative, and M. Vignon has shown by certain very careful ex periments that cloth impregnated with oil and aloes, as was the winding sheet in question, will receive an impression when in contact with ammoniacal vapours, such as would be given off from a sweat very rich in urea, as in the case of a person dying a lingering and painful dea h.

Any idea idea of fraud need not be considered, for no one has touched this winding sheet since 1353, and no painter at that date had the skill to reproduce such an exact drawing. The impression of the head is excellent. The wounds produced by the crown of thorns and the marks of the blood drops are quite obvious. The wound in the side and even the marks of the stripes produced on the back by the flagellation are also quite evident. Each of these stripes has at its end an enlargement such as would be produced by a cord with a ball of lead at the end. It is well known that this form of scourge was employed by the Roman soldiers, and such a one had been found at Pomperi. Finally, the marks of the nails in the arms are not in the palm of the hand, but show that the nails were driven through at the level of the wrist. M. Vignon's paper has created an extreme interest both in the scientific and religious worlds.

The rem rkable description which eppears in our Paris notes of the photographs taken by M. Vignon seems to justify the belief that the human body is either radioactive or that it gives off " vapours" which exhibit a similar action to light upon sensitive surfaces. We have frequently recorded in our columns the fact deduced in an elaborate research by Dr. W. J. Russeil, F. R. S., that almost all substances are able in the dark to act on the photographic plate and to produce a picture. The phe nomenon would appear to be established always in the presence of an oxidizing process and Dr. Russell at length comes to the conclusion that peroxide of hydrogen was the main factor concerned. In the case of the sheet in which tradition says that the dead Christ was wrapped, we have the onologue probably of a puotographic plate or sensitized film. The cloth was impregnated with ous and aloes. It is well known that fixed oils are sensitive to oxidation and aloss contain constituen's allied to the pyrogallic acid series, which would probably turn brown in the presence of an oxidizing process. The action by which, therefore, the image of the dead Christ was recorded on the cloth would ap pear to be due to chemical change rather than to the effect of light. On this explanation an exact image even to minute de-tails, such as wounds produced by the thonge, and the marks of the blood drops and of flagellation by whips of a definite kind, is not by any means beyond the bounds of probability.—London Lancet.

That Spot.

Did you ever have that little tickling spot in your throat? Felt as if you could almost touch it with your finger, didn't it? How hard you tried to reach it, but couldn't! It's easy with Vapo-Cresolene, for you breathe it. There's nothing in the world equal to it for stopping these tickling coughs; and it's so pleasant, too. For asthma, croup, bronchitis, catarrh, and whooping-cough, it's the great remedy,

THE CASKET.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by all druggists, or sent ex-press and duty prepaid upon receipt of price. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene, complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene, escalera and so cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians testimonials free upon request. VAPO-CRESOLEME Co., 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

In a Tight Place.

A good many years ago, when subscriptions were being solicited for the erection of a statue in New York City to President Washington, a gentleman called for a contribution from Mr. R., an old resident, who, although wealthy, was a little ' near.' On learning the object of his visit, Mr. R. exclaimed : ' Washington, Washington ! Why Washington does not need a statue. I keep him enshrined in my heart !!

In vain did the visitor urge his suit. He was unable to obtain the slightest encouragement, and finally rose to leave. Taking his hat, and indignant at the parsimon-1 ou eners of the millionaire, he remarked : * Well! Mr. R , all I can say is, that if the Fath r of his Country is in the position in which you describe him, he's in a pretty tight place !

Wonderful Home Helpers.

The Ablest Analytical Chemists Say They Are The Best.

The ablest and best analytical chemists in the world sflirm without hesitation that Diamond Dyes are the purest and best dyestuffs for home dying. All the colors are guaranteed fast to light and washing with sosp; they color more goods, package for package, than any other dye in the world.

As there are imitations of the popular Diamond Dyes, ladies should be careful of dealers who attempt to recommend the worthless makes. It should be remembered that these imitation dyes are made up of poisonous and dangerous adulterations, and the hands are often injured by them. Diamond Dyes are so easy to use that even a child can work with them successfully. See that your dealer supplies you with the "Diamond;" refuse all others.

If you are interested in home mat and rug making, send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P=Q, and you will receive free of cost new designs to select from.

Alson S Sherman, the oldest surviving mayor of Chicago, celebrated his 91st birthday the other day. Of the 22 mayors of Chicago, only seven are living.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets, Al druggists refund the money if it fails to cure E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

and about 1,950 clergy.

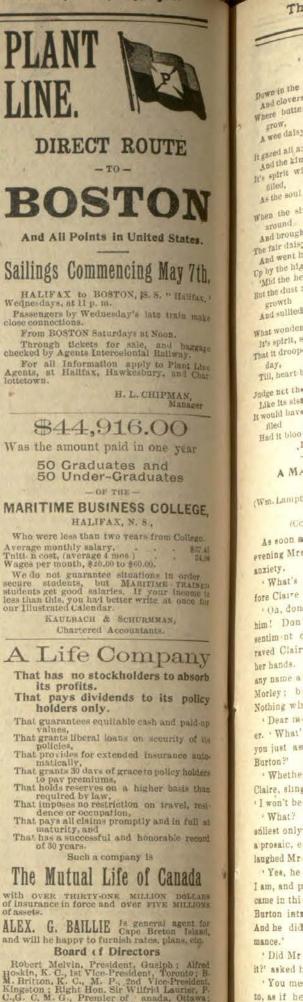
The Presbyterians have one moderator, six s) nods and about 1,400 clergy. number of specified denominations of

17 per cent of the whole population.

religious thought in the Dominion, accord-ing to the census of 1901, is 142, embracing

Representatives of thirty sects, not includ-





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The undersigned wishes to notify his many friends and the public generally that he has severed his conneccion with the Harness De-partment of K Sweet & Co, and has started business in the store formerly occupied by Charles Hinds on

College St. Extension,

treatment of the Filipino by such American officers as Waller and General Smith surpasses in his deviltry anything perpetrated by Weyler in Cuba, or by Kitchener in Egypt or South Africa. Waller and Smith admit the barbarities charged against them; they admit them even boastfully, and defend their infamous conduct on the false plea of necessity. It remains to be seen whether the Administration will punish these butchers for their crimes, or whether it will, by condoning their offense, commit this government to an approval of their conduct, and thus place the American people in a false and humiliating position before the civil'zed world.

To exonerate himself and his country from the crime of shooting non-combatants, General Kitchener deemed it necessary to have certain brutes in uniform executed and others imprisoned for life, and the civilized world will always remember it to his honor.

🖀 Not many years ago the American people were shocked by the reported cruelties of Weyler, and now they see one of their own generals issuing an order in comparison with which the Spinish general's conduct assumes the appearance of benevolence. General Smith's order, as admitted by him, was : "Take no prisoners; shoot all over ten years of age ; make the country a howling wilderness." In this order there is no exemption for women and girls. This in the twentieth century of the Christian era .- The Freeman's Journal.

A Pineful of " Amber " Ping Smoking Tobacco will bar 75 minutes. " Test fe?"

has one apostolic delegate, seven archbishops, twenty-three bishops and about 1,500 clergy.

Religions.

(From the Statistical Year Book).

The Roman Catholic Church in Canada

The Church of England in Canada has two archbishops, nineteen bishops and about a thousand clergy.

The Methodists have one general super-

ed in the 142 and numbering in all 149 per-sons, were found by the enumerators. The following is a statement of the five

intendent, nine presidents of conference | chief denominations by provinces :

CENSUS, 1901.

Provinces.	Church of England	Metho- dists.	Presby- terians.		Other Denomi- nations.	Total.	Roman Catholics.	Grand Total.
ntario uebec lova Scotia lew Brunswick	367,940 81.345 66,067 41.767	42,014	57,952 106,319	\$,480	$29,921 \\ 16,787$	$\begin{array}{r}1 & 792, 592 \\ & 219, 712 \\ & 329, 996 \\ & 205, 422 \end{array}$	1,429,186	2,182.947 1,648.895 459,574 331,120
fanitoba Brit. Columbia ', E. Island, I.W.Territories	44,874 40.672 5.976	49,909 25,021 13,402	65,310 34,176 30,750	9,116 6,506 5,905	50,116 38,055	219 325 144,430 57,463 128,851	35,622 34,227	254.947 178,657 103,259 158,940
norganized Territories	6,293	4,485		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	29,718	11,263	8,446	52,709
Canada -	680,846	916,862	812,301	316.714	385,831	3.142,054	2.228,997	5 371,051

Not including Tunkers and Mennonites

The following table is a comparative statement of the adherents of the leading denominations in 1881, 1891 and 1901, showing also the proportion each denomination bore to the whole population at each census.

					Contraction of the second seco	
	1881.		1891.		1901.	
RELIGIONS.	Number.	Pro- portion to .Total Popu- lation.	Number.	Pro- portion to Total Popu- lation.	Number.	Pro- portion to .Total Popu- lation.
oman Catholics ethodists resbyterians burch of England aptists ongregationalists ongregationalists isolptes rethren - dventists makers rotestants niversalists wws siturians livation Army ber Denominations ot specified	$\begin{array}{c} 1,791,982\\743,981\\676,365\\577,414\\296,825\\46,350\\46,350\\496,900\\20,133\\8,853\\7,211\\6,553\\6,519\\4,517\\2,393\\2,126\\-14,209\\193,881\\\end{array}$	17-18 15-96 13-35 6-85 1-07 -462 -47 -462 -47 -462 -46 -16 -15 -40 -05 -05 -05	$\begin{array}{c} 1,992,017\\ 847,765\\ 755,326\\ 646,059\\ 305,839\\ 63,982\\ 28,167\\ 12,763\\ 11,767\\ 6,354\\ 4,650\\ 12,253\\ 3,186\\ 6,414\\ 1,777\\ 12,940\\ 33,766\\ 33,76$	$\begin{array}{c} 17.54\\ 14563\\ 13.37\\ 629\\ 1.327\\ -268\\ -268\\ -268\\ -214\\ -133\\ -10\\ -259\\ -07\\ -133\\ -019\\ -299\\ -70\\ -299\\ -70\\ -299\\ -70\\ -299\\ -70\\ -299\\ -70\\ -299\\ -70\\ -299\\ -70\\ -299\\ -29$	842,301 680,346 349,077	17 05 15 06 19 07 6 50 1 17 50 50 1 17 50 50 1 17 50 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10



C. B. FOSTER, D. P. A., C. P. R. ST. JOHN, N. B Good stabling on the premises JAMES BROADFOOT, Prop.

Including Mennonites and Tunkers.

; Pagans included.

THE CASKET.

Environment.

(For The Casket.) Down in the meadow where green grasses blow, And clovers bloom many and red, where buttercups flourish, and sweet violets

A wee dalsy lifted its head.

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May 7th

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it gated all around on a fair world of bloom, And the kindly sun looked down and smiled; It's spirit with sweetness and fragrance was

As the soul of an innocent child.

when the shadows of evening had gathered

And brought a sweet hush upon earth, The fair daisy folded its petals so white, And went home to the land of its birth.

Up by the highway, a wee daisy bloomed 'Mid the heat and the sun's blinding glare; But the dust from the roadside choaked its sweet

growth And sullied its petals so fair.

What wonder is it its purchess was stalmed, it's spirit, so fragile was crushed? That it drooped its head lower and lower each

Till, heart-broken it trailed in the dust ?

Judge not the daisy-perhaps had it lived Like its sister, in solitude sweet,

It would have been pure ; and the pure one de Had it bloomed 'mid the dust of the street.

MYSIE ALPHONSUS MACDONALD.

A MAZE OF MATRIMONY.

(Wm. Lampton, in The Pittsburg Observer.)

(Continued from last issue.)

As soon as her daughter appeared next evening Mrs. Andrews evinced a noticeable anxiety.

What's his other name?' she asked before Claire had her hat off.

· Oa, don't ask me ! Dou't talk about him! Don't mention the word romance or sentiment or heroism or any of them," raved Claire, wildly beating the air with her hands. ' I don't care whether he has any name at all or not. It's Morley-Frank them. Morley; but it isn't anything to me. Nothing whatever.'

' Dear me, dear me,' soothed her moth er. 'What's in a name, anyway? Wouldn't you just as soon be Mrs. Morley as Mrs. Burton?

Whether I would or not,' exclaimed Claire, slinging her wraps across the room, 'I won't be. There's already one.'

What? The mysterious mister, the enliest only, the heroic life preserver isn't a prosaic, every-day married man, is he?' laughed Mrs. Andrews.

Yes, he is, and his wife is as young as I am, and prettier,' moaned Clair. ' She came in this morning with him, and Mr. Burton introduced me to both of them. And he didn't say a word about our romance.

Did Mr. Burton know anything about it?' asked her mother.

' You mean Mr. Morley. He didn't seem to, as if he were afraid of his wife. He might at least have spoken of having seen me before.'

* Cluire raved on and Mrs. Andrews was untiring in her efforts to assuage the poignancy of her grief, but had not succeeded at eight o'clock when the sorely stricken voung woman went off with a gay party to the theatre.

The next evening when she returned able to talk. from the office something had very pasp.oly happened. Claure was radiant. And now what?' greeted her mother.

More developments. Only think of it; his name 1sn't Frank, either.'

Not Frank?' questioned Mrs. Andrews. " Is it Francis or Franklin?" ' Neither.'

recognizing you in the car?'

' That was very easy; it was the other one all the time. This one lives in another direction.'

"Oh, indeed !"

. Yes, and this one has been watching me know anything about it, only there wasn't any twin to bother him. He had fully intended to drop into Uncle John's office and meet me by accident you know. He and Uncle John are very good friends. Now, mother dear, what do you think of it, and what have you to say?'

' My dear Claire,' she replied with more seriousness than she had yet manifested, 'it has been a very intangible, amusing kind of an affair until now, but it may be -is he married?' she broke off suddenly. · Not yet,' laughed Claire, emphasizing the last word.

' Following this report, Claire had less to say than formerly of her romance, and there was a serious side apparent now which had not previously appeared. She told her mother, at occasional intervals, of calls made by Mr. Morley at her uncle's office, and also of his walking part way home with her on more than one occasion, and of his request to call, and of her asking him to wait until she was sure she wanted him to come. Mrs. Andrews was annoyed at first by this very unconventional acquaintance, and then became alarmed.

"I must see John," she said firmly enough now, " and have him put a stop to those office visite, and you need not ask him to call until I am sure I want him to call.

' Love laughs at John-Smiths as well as at looksmiths,' responded Claure, on the defensive, and her mother almost wept at this shadow of the first difference between

Why she should have felt such a prejudice against this young man she did not know, but it was firmly fixed, and she de_ termined not to let the matter proceed further without her interference. Next morning while Claire was on her way down town, her mother telephoned to Mr. Smith that she would call at his office at two in the afternoon on business, requesting him to say nothing to Claire about her coming. Mr. Smith was disturbed ; so disturbed in fact that he went directly to Claire to know what was the matter. Claire told him sha hadn't the faintest idea. But Mrs. Andrews did not come. On the contrary, at three o'clock a telegram came from her to Claire and Mr. Smith to come to her as she had been hurt in an accident.

They hurried to the house to find that Mrs. Andrews had been knocked down on the street by a runaway, and had received numerous bruises and abrasions, and was severely shocked, but that her injuries were not serious. The physician in attendance said he had been called suddenly by a young man who, he was informed by a policeman, had saved the lady's life, but had modestly refused to give his name and had disappeared as soon as he had put the lady in the physician's wire. By eight o'clock in the evening Mis. Andrews was quite

' I have a romance myself, now, Claire,' she said, making a sorry figure of her patched face, trying to laugh, ' and a nice young man really saved my life. If he had not come to the rescue I never would have got out of the way.

To How did the young man explain not Archer, a nephew of that Archer who had once courted Clara Smith, now Mrs. Andrews. Mrs. Andrews was able to see her rescarer for a few minutes, and she was grateful indeed to him. She was even more so when she learned who he was, and insisted that he must come again, and, as ever since he saved my life, and I didn't soon as she had sufficiently recovered, he must dine with them. Mr. Archer readily promised everything asked of him, and for the next five or six days he and a box of flowers appeared regularly at the Andrews home. Mrs. Andrews was old enough to be the young man's mother, but she thought his attentions were toat much more praise-

worthy, and she talked about him to Claire until that young woman actually blushed. 'I don't like your Mr. Morley,' Mrs. Andrews said to her daughter one day,

and I hope you will forget the foolish romance you had begun, when to save you, I came so near losing my own life. Indeed, would have lost it if it had not been for Mr. Archer. Now, Claire, dear.' continued Mrs. Andrews beseechingly, ' why don't you like him? Why don't you build your romance about such a brave and handsome young man as Charles is?"

' Charles?' repeated Claire with a half smile.

" That is what I used to call his father," said Mrs. Andrews tenderly.

' But Mr. Morley saved my life,' contended Claire.

'Yes, by asking you to go across the street. He never did what Charles Archer did. Why, he risked his life to save mine. Your Mr. Morley cannot possibly be as nice as my-as Charles Archer is.'

' You never saw Mr. Morley, mother.' ' No, and I don't want to, and I hope I never shall. From the very beginning of your romance, as you call it, I have been haunted by a presentiment that only unhappiness can come to you through that man; and you know, Claire, that I am not superstitious, or given to false alarms.

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Builders' and

Carriage

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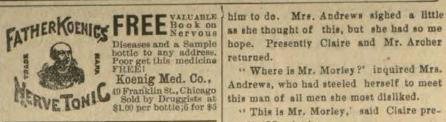
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AGENT FOR RAYMOND SEWING MACHINES.

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Claire put her handkerchief to her eyes, and stepping to the window, looked out for a full minute. When she turned to her mother again there was no sign of the struggle through which she had Dissed.

"Mother,' she said as if ready for the cide, I will abide.'

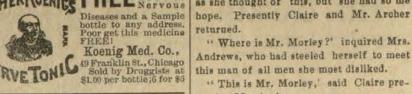
. You are a dear, good girl Claire,' said Mrs. Andrews with tears in her eyes, ' and

" Mrs. Andrews asked Mr. Archer that afternoon, and Claire was not a great while in announcing an acceptance from Mr. Morley, so Mrs. Andrews waited, with no little trepidation, this trial at which she was to act as the final arbitress.

At seven o'clock Mr. Archer arrived, and Mrs. Andrews met him with her most winning smile. Ten minutes later, as Claire happened to be passing through the hall on her way to the drawing-room-Mrs. Andrews loved to call it so, though it was not much larger than a band box-the maid ovened the front door.

' Oh, Mr. Morley, good evening', her mother distinctly heard her say, but she

A moment later Claire called to Mr. Archer to come to her, and Mr. Archer went promptly, for, as Mrs. Andrews was pleased to observe, Mr. Archer was always He has made me very, very unhappy, most happy to do anything Claire asked



Claire, though I have never told you until

crucial test, ' if you will let me have Mr. Morley to disner the same day you have Mr. Archer, you may compare them, and decide which shall be the one. As you de-

they shall come to-morrow evening.'

could not hear Mr. Morley's response.

"Where is Mr. Morley?" inquired Mrs. Andrews, who had steeled herself to meet this man of all men she most disliked. " This is Mr, Morley,' said Claire presenting Mr. Archer.

' O-oh,' stammered Mrs. Andrews, ' I thought ---- "

' And both of us knew,' chorused Claire and the young nav, interrupting her effectually.

THE END.

DO NOT NEGLECT THE LITTLE ILLS OF TO-DAY.

The Use of PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Will Eradicate From The Blood and System The Seeds of Disease

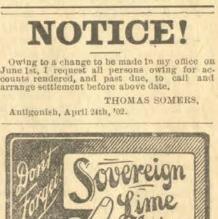
As grains of sands make our lofty mountains, drops of water the mighty ocean, and as our massive building ares made of one brick piled upon another; so do the little ills of life contribute to the building up of deadly diseases in the body.

Experienced medical men claim that fully three-fourths of our men and women enter the summer seasons with little ille and symptoms of disease, which must develop into serious and fatal troubles if not

banished at once. We hear our friends complaining daily of rheumatic tendencies, sharp and darting neuralgic psins, dyspepsis, pains in the side and back, nervousness and sleepless-ness; and we see with our own eyes the ef-fects of impure blood in facial blotches, eruptions and sores. The little ills and pains of today build up the alarmin t and fatal diseases that follow days and weeks of neg-

Wise and intelligent people who have looked into the claims of Paine's Celery Compound and followed its remarkable cures of relatives, friends and neighbors, use it themselves with faith and confidence, to banish their symptoms of coming trou bles, to cleanse the blood, to reestablish nerve force, energy and bodily strength, so that they will be in condition to withstand the enervating effects of the coming hot weather.

In every community where Paine's Celery Compound has been used at this season to banish disease, it is regarded as a godsend. Workers in offices, shops, factories, and weary and rundown wives and mothers in their homes have thanked Heaven for Dr. Phelps' marvelous prescription, be-cause it made them -ell. Try a bottle or two, ye who are ailing and sick : it will give you what you most stand in need of -health and nev life.



' Nor Morley either?

Yes, Morley; Alfred Morley. Alfred is prettier than Frank, don't you think?'

' Never having seen either of the young men,' replied Mrs. Andrews, affecting the serious, "I cannot at present say which I think is prettier.'

'Oh, you know I mean their names.'

'But you said yesterday his name was Frank, argued Mrs. Andrews, passing the previous question.

"I know I did, ma mere, but I didn't know what I was talking about. The one I saw yesterday was Frank, but he wasn't the one.'

'Goodness gracious !' ejaculated Mrs. Andrews, are the woods full of them?'

'No, dearie,' said Claire, calming her mother, ' there are but two of them, and they are twins. When the really and truly one came in from a business trip, and saw me at work in his uncle's office, I thought he would have a spasm. Somehow, I don't exactly know how,' and Claire's voice indicated a feeling not hitherto entering into the affair, 'I knew that it was not the other one, although they are the perfect image of each other. Watching him prevented my going into hysterics, I am sure. for I didn't know what to do. But we preserved our discretion and Uncle George, I mean Mr. Burton, never once suspected that he stood on the very vortex of a seething romance. As soon as he had toldlhisuncle what had been done, the old gentleman introduced him to me, explaining who I was, and then what did he do but tell his uncle the story of our lives. Uncle George, I mean Mr. Burton, thought it was too jolly for anything, and began to tease me, but I didn't care.'

"We'll be married on the very same day, Precious,' crooned Claire, bending

over the patient, qu te forgetful of everything else in her joy over the safety of her mother.

'No, we wonst,' dissented Mrs. Andrews, vigorously enough for one in her condition. Once is enough for me. You may do all the marrying for this family.

Claire laughed. . Who was the young man?' she asked with all feminine ouriosity.

' I only wish I knew. He took my name and address and brought me home in a cab. Then he vanished.

'In a cab, you poor dear?' exclaimed Claire, indignantly. ' Why didn't he get a carriage or something comfortable?'

' It was only a short distance, and he took the first thing he could find. Don't blame my young man,' smiled Mrs. Andrews, ' he saved my life and got me home while some men would have been thinking about it.'

' Thank heaven, you're saved,' respon led Claire fervently.

They talked as long as the nurse thought good for Mrs. Andrews, and Claire retired to her own rocm adjoining her mother's. She did not go to the office next morning, and at ten o'clock a messenger came with a note to her from Alfred Morley, asking how her mother was and saying it had been his good fortune to have rendered her some service at the time of the accident the day before. He suggested that perhaps it would be just as well not to mention his name to her mother until later. She wrote to Morley at once, telling him to come up that afternoon and be formally presented. He came promptly, but after a conference it was decided that he should be known to Mrs. Andrews as Charles

m D. G. KIRK, Kirk's Block.

ANTIGONISH, N. S.

HARDWARE

What a Revolution

shoe making has seen—many of us have seen the Revolution too—and can remember when the only source of shoe supply was the custom shoe shop, when the only difference between your old shoes and your new shoes would be that one pair would be new. It made no difference if 4 was too small and 5 too large— take them or leave them. What a change to-day. What a difference between the "old timers" and "Sovereign" Shoes. Sovereign Shoes being made from the finest chrome tanned, calf—from kid with glove like texture or patent leathers of Regal design. In 15 different or patent leathers of Regal design. In 15 different shapes, half sizes in each. 3 different widths in each half size. For Ladies and Genes price always stamped on the sole. For Ladies and Gents price \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00. 15

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Thursday, May 29, 1902.

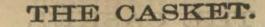
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There is what is called the worldly spirit which enters with the greatest subtlity into the character of even good people; and there s what is called the time-spirit, which means the dominant way of thinking and of acting which prevails in the age in which we live; and these are powerful temptations, full of danger and in perpetual action upon us. — CARDINAL MANNING

THURSDAY, MAY 29.

THE CATHOLIC NAME IN PARLIA-MENT.

A Bill "to incorporate the Bishop of the Orthodox Russo-Greek Catholic Church" in Canada was discussed the week before last in the House of Commons. Mr. Lariviere of Provencher objected to the legal title thus conferred upon the proposed corporation, because it contained the word Catholic. He showed that the catechism of the Greek church did not use the word, and that the legal title given that Church at Washington and in the State of California did not include the word Catholic. It thus became necessary for the Members to say by their votes whether they thought that people and churches could rightly claim to be called Catholic after separation from the Catholic Church.

It is only natural that Protestants should know not the Scriptures? think such a question a mere matter of words. Their conception of the duty of unity in religion is too vague for practical purposes. But the Catholics who voted with the majority should have known better than to attempt to revise the Apostles' Creed. In the creed we declare our belief in one Catholic Church. Now we are asked to believe that there are several Catholic Churches. The Hon. Mr. Tarte said :

"Let them call themselves what they like. What difference does it make to us? '

Let us suppose a somewhat parallel case. Many farmers are passing from the Dakotas into Canada and becoming Canadians. If these persisted in calling themselves United States citizens after becoming Canadians, we could doubtless afford to smile at their peculiarity. But if the Catholic Bishops in council adopted a measure of practical importance implying that those Canadians had a perfect right to call themselves United States citizens, and if one of the Bishops attempted to justify that measure by saying that it did not matter to them what those people called themselves, would not politicians and other patriots feel and say that the Church was going beyon i the bounds of ecclesiastical jurisdiction? It would be considered a serious matter for the Church to thus mix up the terms of allegiance and cause confusion in our ideas of loyalty. Also to the Catholic Church it is a matter of real importance to have her title unclouded in the minds of the many. When the Dominion Parliament decides that she must share her name with other bodies, it goes beyond the bounds of civil rights. To Catholics at least this should be a matter of conscience. Those who have to do with converts to the Catholic Church know that in thousands of cases the first seeds of conversion are sown in childhood by repetition of the Apostles' Creed. Protestant children ten or twelve years old say in their daily pravers : "I believe in the Holy Ghost, the holy Catholic Church." Then they often reflect and think : "Why, the Catholics must be right after all." Some of our Catholic M. P.'s, would say to them : "You little fools, what does it matter what people call themselves?" To the world it is foolishness. In reality, it is the grace of faith. In any case it is extremely sad to see men of position treat lightly the sacred heritage of the Catholic Name.

the Apostles were to the Jews. Here, indeed, is assumption. It must be admitted that the Baptist body, for so insignificant an entity, has a conceit of itself that is colossal.

"How." asks the Messenger and Visitor. "could it be presumed that the Jews as such were without any saving knowledge of truth?" And the man who asks this question is one of the lights of the Baptist body-one of those "fiaming torches" that Baptists have in readiness to guide us benightedCatholics into the path of salvation ! The Jews as such we take to be men of the Hebrew race who did not believe that Jesus of Nazareth was the Son of God. Those of them that believed Jesus to be God were Jews no longer, but Christians. To each one of the Jews, therefore, not less than to the Gentiles who knew not the one tiue God, these words of our Lord were strictly applicable : "He who believes and is baptised, shall be saved; be who believes not, shall be condemned." Surely here is something more than presumption that the Jews as such were without any knowledge of saving truth secing that a vague beilef in a promised Messiah ceased to be saving truth after Jesus of Nazareth died for sinners and rose again from the dead. " How could it be presumed that the Jews as such were without any saving knowledge of the truth?" To the Bible Christian who puts such a query we make answer, as our Lord did to men who also knew the letter of Scripture and prided themselves on their knowledge of it, Is it not for this cause that ye err, that ye

These are the closing words of our contemporary :

We do not know just what would satisfy our esteemed contemporary in this matter, but it would seem to be this,-that Baptists as well as other Protestants, should recognize Roman Catholics, " by virtue of their being such," as being in a condition of salvation, and their religious teachers, by virtue of their being such, as "instuctors of the foolish and teachers of babes," in respect to all the peoples of the world, so that while it is an insufferable impertinence for a Baptist or other Pro-testant to institute a mission for the benefit of Roman Catholics, it is most proper and praiseworthy for Rohan Catholics to carry on missions for the conversion of Protestants. Is that it?

No that is not "it " at all. That is what we have once already called, and must once more call, evasion or shuffling. It is a side-issue, with which, as we have already declared, we are quite ready to deal in its own turn. We are not now concerned to justity Catholic missions to non-Catholics. We have asked our contemporary to show how the words of its contributor, in des cribing the work of the Grand Ligne Mission, were compatible with a belief on the part of Baptists that Catholics as such can see salvation. This is the real issue. Our contemporary, in order to evade it, has run on to a siding. We are still on the main track, and propose to stay there.

A TEST CASE.

And whilst they were at aupper, Jesus took bread, and blessed, and broke, and gave to his disciples, and said: Take ye and eat; this is My Body. And taking the chalice, He gave thanks, and gave to them, saying: drink ye all of this. For this 18 My Blood of the New Testament which shall be shed for many unto the forgiveness of sins .- Matt. 26. 26-28.

He Himself, therefore, having declared, and said concerning the bread, This is My Body, who shall dare to doubt henceforward? And He Himself having settled, and said, This is My Blood, who shall ever doubt, saying, This is not His Blood. He once, at Cana of Galilee, turned water into wine, which is akin to blood, and is He undeserving of belief when He turned wine into blood?-St. Cyril of Jerusalem (fourth century).

Boston Notes.

Catholic Union Hall, Boston, was a veritable bower of beauty on last evening-Thursday, May 22nd-when the Ladies Auxiliary of the Maritime Provincial Club elected to hold their second annual May party. While the number present seemed smaller than that of a year ago, yet the affair was as successful-if not more sothan its predecessor. To the writer, it was certainly pleasurable to again mingle in the delightful society of friends and acquaintances from the land and home of cheer and kindness.

Miss Catherine Chishoim and Miss Sarah D. MacDonald have enjoyed a well-earned rest at the Hillburst, Billerica, Mass.

Mr. A. C. Chisholm, the well-known builder, has had an attack of is grippe which coufined him to the house for a short He is again, we are glad to state, time. able to be about to attend to his many interests.

On Monday afternoon, May 12, the harbor police found the body of John Mc-Eachern, a longshoreman, who was drowned on March 17 while at work on a dredger. The unfortunate man hailed from Port Hawkesbury, C. B.

The date of Coronation Day has been changed from June 17 to 26, as the former date conflicted with the celebration of Bunker Hill Day.

Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Michael Heenan, the recording secretary of the Maritime Provincial Club, who has sustained the loss of his estimable wife by death on last Friday, 16th. Mr. Heenan accompanied his wife's remains to Halifax, N. S., where interment took place.

Mrs. Augus Smith, nee McDonald, died at her home at Roxbury, Tuesday, 20th. leaving a husband and two children to whom the sincere sympathy of all is extended. The burial took place to-day-Friday-at St. Joseph's Cemetery, West Roxbury, preceeded by High Mass at St. Joseph's Church.

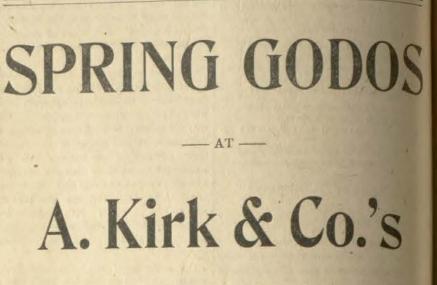
This has been the warmest May 23rd hereabouts, but one, in thirty years. It was 86° in the shade this afternoon. TRANSPLANTED.

Cape Breton News.

The directors of the Dominion Iron and Steel and Dominion Cosl companies met on 23rd inst. and finally fixed he term of the lease of the latter Company to the former under an eight per cent guarantee dividend, which the Steel Company will pay on the Coal Company's stock. The royalty which the Steel Company is to pay on a production of over 3,500,000 tons annually is reduced from 15 cents to 71/2 cents per ton, representing an annual sav-ing to the Steel Company, when the proposed development is completed, of from \$75,000 to \$100,000 annually, and the company is released from an obligation to deposit \$600,000 as a guarantee, and also of the payment of \$2,000,000 of the Coal Company's liabilities, by taking over all the assets of the Coal Company instead of only a portion. These assets will be sufficient to more than liquidate the indebtedness, and will leave a surplus which is to be applied to development of the coal company's properties. The lease will be submitted to the shareholders of both companies on June 12.h.

Messrs. Pottinger, Russell, Tiffin, Campbell and other officials of the I. C. R., have been in C. B. on a tour of inspection over the road. Mr. Pottinger said that a number of improvements would be undertaken at the Sydney machine shop, and it will be enlarged and put in such condition that all repair work of the Cape Breton division will be done there. The new depot is to be on Ferry street, and will be one of the largest and most up to-date in the lower provinces. The officials visited North Sydney to make arrangements for commencing the work of extending the terminus wharf there.

There is considerable anxiety in Cape Breton concerning the Crows Nest Pass disaster, as many from Cape Breton are working in that vicinity.



Our Spring importations are now complete, and in every department we are showing complete and handsome stocks of new goods all purchased direct by ourselves from the best English and foreign makers.

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Dress Goods.

New Dress Goods in all the fashionable shades and cloths. also a handsome range of Silks, Satins, Laces, Ribbons Velvets, Trimmings, Etc., Etc.

Ready-Made Garments.

New Dress Skirts, Jackets, Capes, Silk Waists, Wrappers, Underwear, Shirt Waists, Etc. In all these lines we show a large range and exceptionally good values.

Millinery. -

Our Millinery Department has never before yielded the same satisfaction as it has already done this season. Miss Roll has fully demonstrated her ability as a skillful and tasy designer.

SAILOR HATS, BONNETS, TOQUES, WALKING HATS, Etc., in great variety.

Boots and Shoes.

The "Empress" and "Queen Quality" are our two special lines for Ladies, and in Men's we show the product of such well-known mykers as James McCready & Co., burg Footwear Co., Etc. The Amherst make of heavy boots and shoes is too well-known to require any comment.

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A LAST WORD.

Says the Messenger and Visitor :

THE CASKET contends that logically they [the words of the correspondent] must mean what it charged, inasmuch as they are used to encourage a mission of a general character to Roman Catholics, and that it must be impossible for Baptists to distinguish among Roman Catholics as to who are and who are not in a state of salvation. THE CASKET is doubtless astute enough to perceive that in taking such a position it is venturing on very thin ice. If the Apostles had proceeded upon such ground as that Christianity could have had no message for the Jews, for how could it be presumed that the Jews as such were without any saving knowledge of truth?

Our esteemed contemporary must be in desperate straits when it grasps at such a poor straw as this. There is absolutely no parity between the two cases. Catholic bishops and priests have at least as good a right to put it on the lowest ground, and are as well fitted, to preach the Gospel of Christ as any Baptist minister. And they should be better fitted than outsiders to lead back to Christ the members of their if they are even blisphemous; then absurd salvation. Our contemporary assumes that | that leads to them by the inexorable law of Baptist missionaries are to Catholics what logical necessity.

Not for many a long century after St. Cyril's day did any one dare to deny that the Holy Eucharist is the Body and Blood of Jesus Christ. When men arose in the after time who denied this, they built their denial on the alleged right of each individual to interpret Holy Scripture for himself. Now, sflirmation and denial of one and the same thing, being contradictory. cannot both be true. The words of our Lord are to be understood in their literal and obvious meaning, or in a figurative sense. Taken in a literal sense they imply the Real Presence; taken in a figurative sense, if they are capable of being so taken, they exclude it. Suppose now, for the sake of argument, that private interpretation of Scripture is a God-given right. St. Cyril used that right to affirm the change of bread into the Body of Christ; Calvin used the same right to deny this same doctrine. If the one is true, the other is false, and yet God gives His sanction to the false as well as to the true, since all that one does in the exercise of a God-given right must needs carry divine sanction. Moreover, the Son of God, who for this was born, and for this came into the world. that He should give testimony to the truth (John 28, 37), has left men after all in the impossibility of finding out what the truth is. If these consequences are absurd; own flocks that stray from the path of and blasphemous also is the assumption

The trial of conductor James Craigie, charged with manslaughter in connection with the de th of Capt. Angue Stewart, of St. Peter's, is going on at Arichat, and will likely conclude to-day. G. W. Kyte, of St. Peters, is appearing for the Crown, and D. A. Hearn and Duncan Finlayson for the defence.

War News.

Peace has not yet been achieved. The British Cabinet, it is understood, had several meetings this week considering the question. Their decision is to be sub-initted to the Boer leaders, who will in urn reter the result to the burghers in the field. The optimistic feeling lately prevailing in Lindon on the early conclusion of the war is not now so general. The frequent conferences of the cabinet without definite result causes rumours to circulate that a hitch has occurred. There is, however, a general longing in official circles in Great Britain for peace, which may result in a treaty being concluded by which the Boers may receive such terms as will induce them to recognize Britain's supremacy in major affairs in the government of South Atrica. Great hopes are based on Lord Kitchener, who is credited with being a capable diplomat as well as a brilliant soldier. He is known to possess tact, shrewdness and good sense, and it is felt if the cabinet will follow his advice peace will be secured.

In the list of three names submitted by the irremovable rectors of the archdiocese of New York to the Holy See for choice of New York to the Holy See for choice of a successor to the late Archbishop Corrigan, the Right Rev. Mgr. Farley, Auxiliary Bishop of New York, stands first, the Right Rev. Bishop MacDonnell, of Brooklyn, second, and the Right Rev. Mgr. Mooney, former Vicar-General or New York, third. The selection made by the sufferant Rishops of the See of New the suffragan Bishops of the See of New York has not yet transpired.

The general elections in the Province of Ostario are being held to-day. A vigorous contest is bring waged by both political parties. Only one candidate-a conserva-tive-was elected by acciamation.

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Clothing.

HAG

Men's and Boy's Clothing of all kinds just opened up. Out values in this line cannot be equalled anywhere.

Men's Furnishings of all Kinds. 1es, Braces, Hosiery, Shirts, Underwear, Caps, Etc.

The Latest Styles in American, Derby, and Fedora Hats just received.



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General News.

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Ex-Mayor James T. Hamilton, of Hall-fax, died on the 23rd inst.

Coal went up 50 cents a ton in Toronto last week.

A severe snowstorm raged at St. John's, Newfoundland, on 21st inst.

Dissstrous forest fires are reported in New Brunswick.

Anthracite coal was zold as high as \$8 00 a ton last week in New York at retail.

Another cruption from Mont Pelee has heaped fresh volcanic matter upon the ruins of St. Pierre, Martinique.

In the great coal mine disaster at Fraterville, Tennessee, last week, it is now thought 226 lives were lost.

Merchants of Jamaica are considering the question of better freightrates etc., looking to increased trade with Canada.

14 ships were lost at St. Pierre in the volcanic disturbances, valued with their cargoes at \$491,000 00.

A new coal pier was commenced at Port Haslings, C. B., on Thursday last by the Inverness Coal & Railway Co.

John T. Larkin, engineer of the Gov-ernment steamer Lily, dropped dead at Hallfax, Tuesday night.

A negro named Morgan was burned at the stake near Lansing, Texas, on 22nd inst., for assault on a white woman. The execution was accomplished with peculiarly horrible barbarity.

The city council of Hartford, Conn., has refused to appropriate any money for an Independence Day celebration this year, because a fatal accident occurred during the fourth of July festivities in 1901.

In the Admiralty Court at Halifax on the 21st inst., Chief Justice McDonald awarded the crew of the Karls hue \$75,000 for their services in salving the steamer Neckar a short time ago.

Bands of insurgents who had been scattered by the Chinese troops in the southern part of Chi Li province, attacked the Hankau-Pekin railroad and burned a bridge and much material.

In a mutiny at the Stark County workhouse, Ohio, on the 21st inst., George Jacobs was killed and George Homerstone was dangerously shot. A prisoner named Gigant did the shooting. It developed that there was a general mutiny among the prisoners.

The city of Quezaltenango, in Guatemala, South America, was destroyed by an earthquake in three quarters of a minute on or about the 23rd inst. A great part of the coffee crop in Guatemala has been de-stroyed. The city had a population of 25,003. The number of lives lost is not stated

There are said to be 20 000 women teaching school in the United States; 10,000 are preaching; 6,000 are practicing medicine, and some 14,000 are engaged in art and decorative work. The whole army of woman workers in the United States is es-timated at 6,000,000 timated at 6,000,000.

Few people have even yet a clear idea of the magnitude of the British import egg trade. In 1900 Britain imported 168,000, 000 dozen eggs, and last year 170,000,000. This figures out a total of 2,040,000,000 eggs, or 5,589,041 eggs per day. This number, be it remembered represents imported eggs alone, and is over and above the home supply.

It is reported that the American mine owners and railroads have assumed an attitude of "no surrender" with respect to the great anthracite coal strike and that they are confident of winning. It is said that the supply of anthracite available for American consumption is only large enough to last ten days.

An impressive feature of the American miners' strike was the action of the members of St. Gabriel's parish in taking a wo specia pledge to abstain from the use of intoxit of suc cating liquors during the period of the strike. St. Gabriel's church is the one of he King) which the late Rev. E. S. Phelps, the miners' champion in the strike of 1900, was the rector.

The Laurentian sanitarium, at Ste. Agatha, Que., was burned to the ground on 21st inst., and it is believed one of the seventeen patients, Mrs. Goddard, of Granby, who is reported missing, lost her life by, who is reported missing, lost her life in the flames. Others escaped in their night clothes. No one knows just how the fire originated. The inmates were hurried-ly awakened shortly after two o'clock by Dr. Ferguson, one of the assistants at the institute, and they were immediately taken to the town. As all the patients are af-flicted with tuberculosis and other lung troubles it is feared that because of this xposure in the night air for over half an hour, it will have serious effect.

A terrible explosion in a coal mine at Crow's Nest Pass, near,Fernie, B. C., on last Thursday night, has caused great loss of life. It is estimated that 150 persons have perished. Already 80 bodies have been recovered. There were forty Nova Scotians working at Crow's Nest and sixteen are known to be among the dead. They belong, as far as known up to the present, to Springhill, Stellarton, West-ville, and C. B. Co. mining districts. The disaster has caused great distress in a large number of families, and the authorities of Fernie have appealed for sid. The Dom-inion Coal Co. has forwarded \$500, and the Town of Sydney has voted \$500.

Town Council.

A meeting of the Council was held Tuesday evening.

The resignation of John H. McInnis policeman, to take effect end of May, was read and accepted.

Alexander D. McDonald, ex-policeman, and Walter Grant made application for the position. The former was appointed. His engagement is by the month, and the salary is to be the same as his predecessor, \$30 per month.

Miss Mary McDonald was granted \$10 for the use of a barn for a pound from May 1st to November 1st. An account from W. J. Landry, for ten

thousand feet of hemlock plank at \$8.75 per M, was ordered to be paid.

Bills for coal for poor and Town office from M. L. Cunningham were passed. A couple of poor cases were attended to.

Personals.

Miss Sophie Cook of Bayfield, Ant., was a graduate of the Commercial department at Mount Allison College this week.

George F. A. McDougall, of New Dorchester, Mass., and F. E. Sangeleer, of East Boston, were in Town last week, making a tour of Eastern Nova Scotia.

Mr Milledge Randall, his wife and two daughters of Riverside, California, arrived in Antigonish on last Friday on a visit. Mr. Randall is an uncle of F. A. Randall of Antigoniso. He left here some eighteen years ago, and is now a successful California truit grower.

A. A. MacIntyre, barrister. Sydnev, Thomas Phalen, law student, North Syd-ney, Alfred Carrol, mason, Sydney, and John MacIsaac, manager of the Royal Bank. Port Hawkesbury, were in Town over Sunday.

Mr. Alex. Baillie, of Port Hastings, the general agent in Cape Breton of the Mu-tual Life of Canada Insurance Co., was in Town on Tuesday. His company is ac-quiring a good business throughout Canada and especially in Mr. Baillie's territory.

Thomas A. Bates, of Boston, the late Secretary of the Royal Oak Mining Co., was in town for a tew days. He came in the interest of New England capitalists to look over the large iron deposits at Mal-ignant Cove. Mr. Bates reports that our well known young townsman Mr. Arthur Copeland, who has been in Boston for aimost a year as the Treasurer of the Royal Oak Mining Company, is thinking of visiting the home folks of Antigonish the coming summer. Mr. Copeiand's pro-tracted stay in Boston has worked a material benefit in his health.

Kenneth J. McLeed, of Richmond, Nova Scotis, and Duncan MacKenzie of Lochcarron, Scotland, who have been in the employ of the Camp Bird Mining Co., of Ouray, Colorado, left for South Africa on the 11th inst., where they will take responthe fifth first, where they will take respon-sible positions as mining superintendents in Johannsburg. Among their friends pres-ent when leaving wers Wm. Beaton, Man-ager of the Camp Bird Mines; M.C. With-erspoon, James Stuart, Dan C. MacKin-non, James Coles, D. A. and John Fer-gueon, Mrs. Wm. Douglas, and Miss Alice and Cathering Jeaton - Denger Times and Catherine Seaton .- Denver Times.

THE CASKET.

DEATHS

Ubitoary and marriage notices have been gradually encroaching on our space. The at-tention of our publishing company being called to the matter at the annual meeting, it was decided to limit the space for these notices, except where the event appears to be of gen-eral interest. The best way to mark this limit seems to be to adopt the plan employed by many other papers: Notices of deaths will be published free of charge when not exceeding 40 words. For every word over 40, 2 cents will be charged, payment in advance.

At Trenton, May 23rd, after a short illness STELLA JANE LEWIS, dearly beloved child of WILLIAM and CATHERINE LEWIS, aged 2 years and 7 months.

At Beech Hill, on Thursday, May 15, ANGUS CHISHOLM, aged 30 years, son of William Chis-holm. The deceased wis's young man of excel-lent qualities, sober, industrious and much es-teemed by all his acquinitances. Much sym-pathy is felt for his parents, brothers and sis-ters. May he rest in peace!

Monday, the 19th instant, saw the death of one of Broad Cove's brightest sons, in the per-son of JOHN JAMES, beloved son of JOHN MC-LEOD of that place. The deceased was a youth of 15 years, of pure and spotless character, of uncommon abilities and remarkable good sense. Though young he claimed from all that knew him their respect and admiration. Death came after a lagering liness, borne with saint-like resignation. A dutiful father, a loving mother, and several saddened brothers and sisters mourn the loss of a much loved son and brother. R LP.

Acknowledgments.

John Leyden, Tracadia, Edward Haley, Antigonish, Frank Hamilton, Halifax, Richard Dooley, Antigonish, Peter Riley, Bayfield, D D McDonald, Brockton, Katie A McDonald, Dorchester, Francis R Pitts, North Weymouth Simon R Hurley, Weymouth Heights, Michael A Levangie, Braintree, Mrs M A Devine, George River Station, N L Nicholson, Barachoise Harbor, John D McDonald, Pomquet, JT Hallisey, Truro, Jahns C McDonald, Arisaig, John J Penny, Rameo, G McBonald, Truro, John McKeough, Alton Station, Mrs Joseph McDonald, Heatherton,

SHERIFF'S SALE.

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1884

AT TEN O'CLOCK IN THE FORENOON.

Situate, lying and being at St. Joseph's in the County of Antigonish, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Towards the North by lands of William McDonald, recently in pos-session of Daniel McDhei, towards the East by the waters of St. Joseph's lake; towards the South by lands of Duncas Fraser and William McRae, and on the West by lands of William McRae, containing seventy acress more or less. The same having been levied upon under an ex-cution issued pursuant to an Order of a Judge of this Honorable Court granted herein, on a judgment recovered for upwards of one year. DUNCAN D. CHISHOLM, High Sheriff of Antigonish Co.

WILLIAM CHISHOLM, Plaintiff's Solicitor

Dated Sheriff's Office, Antigonish, N. S., May 26th, 1902



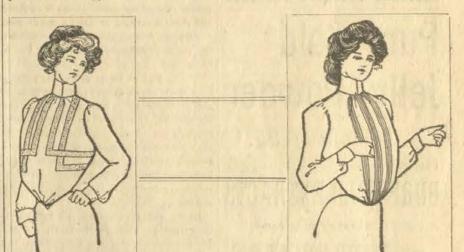




Our Millinery business has so constantly and rapidly increased this season that we have been obliged to increase our stoc's in many lines. We are now offering some very special values in

New Sailor Hats,

in white, black, and mixed straw. An immense variety from 25 cents up. Our Millinery is extremely low in price, because we import all the shapes and materials from which hats are made. Our styles represent the latest prevailing fashions designed from Paris and New York models imported for this purpose.



IN THE COUNTY COURT :

BETWEEN W. H. MCDONALD, Plaintif, - AND -ALLAN MCINNIS, Executor of Angus McInnis, deceased, Defendant,

To be sold at Public Auction by the Sheriff of Antigonish County or his Deputy, at the Court House, Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, on

Wednesday, the 2nd Day of July, A. D. '02.

All the estate, right, title, interest, claim, property, and demand of the above-named de-fendant, at the time of the recording of the judgment herein, or at any time since, of, in, to, or against all that certain lot, piece, or parcel of

LAND,

The tax on grain has proved so unpopular throughout Great Britan, and has had such an unexpected effect in reuniting the liberal party that there is little doubt the government will drop it. The belief that the government intends to drop the tax is so strong that all members of the house of commons who have leanings towards protection, met informally Monday and sent an appeal to the ministers to dispense with the tax.

About two weeks ago a double funeral took place in Truro, when the remains of Miss Murray, daughter of Angus Murray of that town, were buried, and at the same time the body of a man supposed to be that of her brother Harry, were interred. It was a case of mistaken identity as regards the brother for Harry Murray is still hving and the body that lies in the cemetery there under his name is that of one who is quite unknown.

Politicians are already speculating concerning M. Waldecs-Rousseau's successor as Premier of France and opinion is divided between the chances of Henri Brisson and Leon Bourgeois, who have both in the past filled the post of prime minister. Some people regard M. Delcasse, the present minister of foreign affairs, as the coming man and as having derived a great increase in prestige from his present journ-ey to St. Petersburg with the president.

New Glasgow, is in a state of excitement over the alleged kidnapping of a child at Little Harbor. The story goes that a stranger entered the house of Mrs. Fraser. who was slone with her two children, one only six weeks old, the other three years. When the stranger entered, the latter went into a room and shut the door after her. The mother went in to take it qut, and during that time the infant was taken away by the stranger; scores of neighbors formed a search party, which was aug-mented by the police from Pictou and New Glazgow, assisted by local citizens. No trace has yet been found of the kidnapper.

At first sight it may seem strange to us that an Irish bishop should be even thought of as the next Archbishop of Glasgow. But it must be remembered that there are to-day more Irishmen in Glasgow than in Dublin.

NOTICE. Overseers of Highway, will call on the fol-owing persons for blank Statute Labor Returns for 1902: owing persons for blank Statute Labor Returns for 1902: District No. 1, Arisaig – John J McGillivray, Esq., Dunmaglass " " 2, C George-Hugh J McPherson, Georgeville " " 3, Morristown – James Brophy, Morristown – James Brophy, Morristown " " 4, Antigonish – M L Canningham, Antigonish – M L Canningham, Antigonish – M L Canningham, Marristown " " 4, Antigonish – M L Canningham, Marristown " " 5, Lochaber–Alex J Stewart, N Lochaber " " 5, South River – Lauchlin Mc-Pherson, U South River " " 5, South River – J McKenzle, St Andrews " " 3, Tracadie – Wm Girroir, Esq. Tracadie " " 9, H Bouche–James P Corbett, H Bouche–James P Corbett, H Bouche–James P Corbett, H Bouche–Martin McDonald, Carriage Mak'r, Heatherton " " 11, St Joseph's, John C McDonald, Maryvale " " 15, Pomquet–Nicholas DeYoung, Pomquet The following resolution was passed by the Council at the April meeting. On motion Resolved,—That the penalty for not making a return of the Statue Labor lists as required by law, will be strictly enforced hereafter.

By order, D. MACDONALD, Municipal Clerk Antigonish, May '02.

tion. ROD. McDONALD, Painter, Antigonish, March 10th, 1902,

HARNESS WAGGONS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

The celebrated Massey-Harris Agricultural Implements and Bain Wagon in stock. These goods are favorable known throughout the world, and where once used will sell readily ever after.

ALSO:

A number of second-hand Waggons, which twill be sold cheap. Call and inspect.

D. MCISAAC, Antigonish.

BANNERS, BADGES, PINS, BUTTONS.

For RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES. FRATEBNAL ORGANISATIONS, SOCIAL ENTERTAINMENTS, ETC,

SACRED HEART PINS, CHARMS AND BADGES, RELIGIOUS PHOTO BUTTONS, SOUVENIRS FOR FIRST HOLY COMMUNION.

Designs and Estimates given upon application Write for Catalogue.

F. P. TANSEY

Manufacturer Association Supplies,

14 DRUMMOND ST., MONTREAL.

Summer Goods Department.

We can confidently say that this Department contains the largest and most varied assortment of Ready-Made Summer Goods ever shown in Antigonish.

LADIES' MUSLIN COSTUMES, WHITE AND SILK BLOUSES, COLORED MUSLIN BLOUSES. PIOUE AND CRASH SKIRTS. COLORED CAMBRIC WRAPPERS, WHITEWEAR, ETC., ETC., ETC.

CHISHOLM, SWEET & GO.,

West End Warehouse, Antigonish.



Corset Department.

The celebrated D & A. Corsets represent the highest stardard of ex cellence in corset construction. The straight front is the most popular style. We show a full resortment at all prices.

MAIL ORDERS receive our best attention and are filled same day as received. Samples sent to any address on application.



Thursday, May 29, 1902.

PHYSICIAN AND

SURGEON. . . .

AVIN GIRROIR, LL. R

BARRISTER AND

ANTIGONISH, N. S.

BARRISTER,

BARRISTERS AND NOTARIES,

OFFICE :- Burcheil's Building,

DAN C. CHISHOLM.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.

P. O. Box 292,

ALEX MCNEIL, M. A. IL. B. W. F. O'CONNOR, IL. B. B. C. L.

Calls left with F. H. RANDALL, Antigonish.

Architect and Builder.

DANIEL MCNEIL

CHARLES J. BURCHELL, LL. B. A. A. MCINTYRE, LL. B.

Block.

SOLICITOR, ETC.

BOYD, LLB,

ANTIGONISH, N. 8.

SOLICITOR.

OFFICE: Gregory's Building,

Boards at Queen Hotel.

Cards

Professional

J. CAMERON GILLIS.

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Archbishop Corrigan's Funeral.

Julian Hawthorne in the New York Journal of Dead on his bier lay the body of Mich-

ABSOLUTE

SECURITY

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Great Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below

Price Purely Vegetable. Atending

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

MIDDLETON, N. S., Jan., 1931.

GENTLEMEN,-I write to say

Syrup is the best physic I can get.

I am 84 years of age and have used

your SYRUP as a PHYSIC for the last

ten years and have never been able

to obtain anything that acts so well.

My business, that of a shoemaker,

inclines me to costiveness and I

have to use your syRUP constantly

as a PHYSIC, taking just a little every

1 consider it the BEST because

its gentle in its action, causing no

griping or pain, and may be taken

constantly without producing any evil effects, such as piles, irregulari-

I have great pleasure in recom-

Yours sincerely,

Moses Young.

mending it to all as I believe it has

Jelly Powder

PURE GOLD EXTRACTS

Joyfully Quick.

Always true to name.

had a part in prolonging my life.

your Invigorating

PEOPLES

MESSRS. C. GATES, SON & CO.

find

night and morning.

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Pure Gold

Flavored with

that

FOR BILIOUSNESS.

FOR TORPID LIVER.

FOR CONSTIPATION.

FOR SALLOW SKIN.

FOR THE COMPLEXION

CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE.

Wery small and as easy

to take as sugar.

ael Corrigan, a good man, a zealous priest, an Archbishop of the Catholic Church. He had risen from humble beginnings, and in little more than 60 years he had become eminent in ecclesiastical authority and honor. But he now lay dead on his high bier, rigid and pale, with his bands. between which was a small crucifix, crossed on his bosom. That, after all had been said and done, was the central and most impressive feature of the splendid ceremony performed yesterday.

The dead man was clad in his priestly vestments-the princely purple, the high white mitre; the bier was richly draped; around it burned a score of candles, shining in the transparent gloom of the great cathedral like flowers of soft fire.

He lay before the holy altar; upward on every side rose the silent rush of the fluted columns, draped to the carved capitals in black; higher still was the delicate tracery of the airy galleries; above them the broad windows glowing with sacred scenes pictured in stained glass; and, surmounting all, the fretted design of the arched roof. The altar which rose behind him as he

lay was rick with harmonious decoration and twinkling with lights; and all the elaborate splendor was strikingly contrasted with the cold pallor of the inclosing walls of the edifice. Near by stood the pulpit, graceful and imposing, with its great sounding-board, on which was painted the Dove of the Church, seeming to poise itself in air just above the head of the preacher. It was, in its entirety, a solemn and glorious spectacle, well calculated to stir the most sluggish emotions. But the eminent priest lay quiet on his bier, unaffected by what moved all the living; for he was dead; his race was run and his work performed.

The Church was filled to the walls with spectators, from whom arose a subdued sound of reverent talk and comment. Many of them had come from afar; they were old people and young, men and women (but women chiefly) rich and poor (but chiefly, it seemed, poor); Catho ics and Protestants. Nor was the Hebrew race unrepresented; in a pew on the central aisle sat the Rabbi Gottheil, silent and absorbed. The civilized world is divided now, as it was in the beginning, between the Jews-the democrate-and the imperial Church of Christ.

MIGHTIEST OF HUMAN ORGANIZATIONS.

The essence of what the one believes, the other, now as always, denies. But in these days, though the academic differences persist, the odium theologicum is subdued, and men of varying or hostile creeds meet as men and friends; the stoning of infidels and the inquisition on the heretics are no more.

The Church of Rome is the mightiest of all human organizations; it is substantial and perfect down to its last detail. From the central Christ of the creed, down through the Roman pontiff, and so on. branching and disseminating from the redcapped cardinal to the humblest blackcassocked priest, the august and absolute spiritual authority is passed along, and exercised and obeyed.

Every phrase used by the fathers in their speech with the faithful, in their

At last, the wide doors in the front of the Church were noislessly thrown open and the blank, white daylight streamed in upon the columned obscurity. Thousands of heads were turned, and gradually the entire mass of human beings rose in their seats and looked toward the west.

The procession was about to enter. Slowly and with dignity they came, pacing two and two down the central aisle. Scores upon scores they passed, hundreds treading in the steps of hundreds; they walked with heads bowed and hands folded. the priestly dignitaries of the Church in their official vestments. Some wore on their shoulders capes or jackets of white muslin and lace, others were clad in the severe garb of the monks; others appeared in plain black; still others, as the long file continued, showed the richer garments of the higher ecclesiastical orders.

Stowly and interminably they marched, defiling and deploying, passing up and onward until they were silently absorbed in the great space before the altar, behind and around the high bier with its august occupant. And still others came and others, till the broad aisle was filled and the marchers paused and seated themselves, each man on the folding chair which had been provided for him.

SOLDIERS OF THE CROSS.

It was a marvellous sight to see the profile of these priestly heads passing successively one after another, bowed and serious. Endless was the variety of types; inexhaustible the diversity of character: they were old and young, high and low, noble and plain, dignified and awkward. stern and mild, humble and proud, strong and weak; none was like another in all that multitude; and yet all had in common one look-the look of the Catholic priestthe look of mingled authority and obedience.

There is no other look that could be mistaken for it in the tribe of mortal men; it told of such training and discipline as no other men are called on to sustain. It was the look worn by those who spread the doctrines of the Church over the face of the earth; who worked and suffered and died to have souls in the primeval wildernesses; who have built up in their fellowmen this mighty fact of the Catholic Church. It allied them one with another and brought them into unity, one stupendous organism, the body of Christ.

They constitute one of the greatest forces ever created on earth ; quiet, subtle, omnipresent, well nigh irresistible. Behind them lies a history of deeds unparalleled. And after two thousand years they seem as strong, as compact and purposeful as in the days of the early fathers.

These are the men who overthrew paganism, who rule today the larger part of the Christian world. From them emanated the holy army of martyrs and the company of the saints; from their ranks were chosen the Popes who governed Europe and turned the tides of history. Their outward temporal power is no longer what it was; but the power of no temporal menarch equals theirs.

Authority and obedience mingle in their aspect; these are the virtues to which the world succumbs. Each as he passed the bier cast a glance upon him who lay there: but he gave no answering look. He had looked his last in the face of man; he was now facing a Countenance not mortal nor infinite. He was dead, and immortally

GUARANTEED PURE The candles shine in the holy dusk, the vestments gleam, there are bowings and protestations, the plaintive voices of the worshippers implore the Unseen Power, the sweet, faint notes of bells sound from sacred recesses, the censers swing and the delicate precious perfume floats through the still air and dims with its light haze the adoring figures and the shrine at which they kneel.

SYMINGTON'S EDINBURGH COFFEE ESSENCE

makes delicious coffee in a moment. No trouble, no waste. In small and large bottles from all Grocers.

Nothing do e by man is more subtly moving in its influence than the Mass; no other dramatic representation approaches it in significance and sublimity. It is the most wonderful and cogent appeal ever devised by humanity for the blessing and presence of its Creator.

hush. We seem to be looking far into the heart of a holiness and mystery too profound for speech or thought. Has the Most High indeed deigned to come down to us? Are we standing in that ineffable Presence? The silence sings in the waiting ear; then, of a sudden, with a glorious rush of sound, comes the organ thunder and the outburst of triumphant voices, shaking and overpowering the soul.

The Lord is with us; blessed be the lifting of the soul.

with which this is but a discordant murwith which these are but dust and ashes? is beyond all human honors?

The holy thunders of the Mass die away and are stilled, and the Archbishop rests as before, inaccessible on his terrible throne.

Yet it was a spectacle and a ceremony well worth seeing, and to be taken deeply

all the provinces, but it is more than twice as thickly populated as any other province. the proportion being 51.6 persons to the square mile. Nova Scotia comes next in density of population, with 22 3 persons. The following is the order in which the provinces stand, according to density of population, as ascertained by the census of

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Office : Church Street, next to Kirk's BURCHELL & MCINTYRE, After the plaintive implorings come a

name of the Lord! Who can withstand that marvellous outburst? What heart but must leap up and acknowledge that triumph? The audience vibrates with emotion; the priests avow their spiritual ecstacy ; the atmosphere rocks with the storm of the acclaim; there is only one who remains unresponsive. That stern, meek figure on the bier is deaf even to this supreme appeal. His heart gives not a throb; his ears are deaf; he is dead in the midst of all this life and passion and up-

Or is he wrapped in a music compared mur? Do his closed eyes behold glories We cannot reach him; we cannot move him. What do we here in our darkness and impotence, thinking to honor him who

to heart. Density of Population in Canada. (Statistical Year Book). Prince Edward Island is the smallest of

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This is the season for clensing the blood. We have just received a large stock of

Sarsaparilla Compound ALSO **Paine's Celery**

Compound. **Patent Medicines** of every description

Pills, Ointments, Combs, Brushes, Soap, Perfumes, Sponges, Maltine Preparations, Emulsions, Pipes, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ALSO

A full line of SPECTACLES of the of Best Quality. Physicians Prescription Carefully Compounded #2 Mail Orders promptly filled. House Telephone No. 7. FOSTER BROS Druggists, Antigonish Remember the place, opp. A Kirr & Co.

prayers and addresses, in their ritual for every human and divine occasion, has been repeated since the earliest days of the Church; there is an endless vista of history and tradition behind them, giving them an awful weight and sanctity of influence and obligation ; they possess something akin to a magical power; they are the refined and chrystalized essence of the will of the Most High; the spiritual spontaneity which we cultivate in the dissenting churches is not countenanced in the ancient Church of Christ; in that Church, what has been, ever shall be, world without end.

After the hour at which the procession of priests was scheduled to appear there was a long interval of waiting, borne by the vast crowd in the pews more or less patiently; at times the organ sent forth its rolling melodies; candles burned; the sunlight fell through the tinted windows; the ushers moved on tiptoe to and fro; the closing of a pew door resounded through the hollow edifice.

The audience watched and waited, and the dead Archbishop also waited; all save waiting was over for him in this world, and there was no symptom of impatience from him. His hands that clasped the crucifix did not tremble; the expression on the sunken gray features did not change. Rigid and immovable he lay, waiting for what was to come; for the Day of Judgment and the last sound of the angelic trumpets.

THE AWFUL MAJESTY OF DEATH.

To-day and to-morrow would pass away, and years would follow years, and the Archbishop would never stir hand or foot, or draw a laboring breath. He had entered into his rest, and none could disturb him again. He lay clad in his priestly garments in the awful majesty of death.

wedded henceforth to interests beyond the grave.

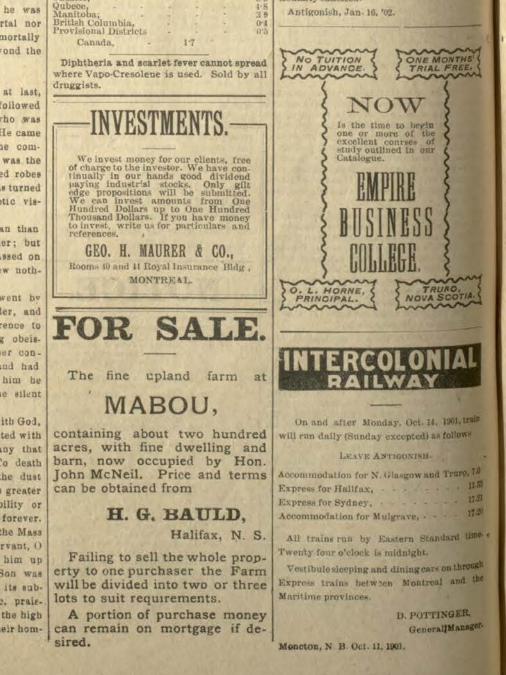
THE HIGHEST CEREMONY.

The long procession was stayed at last, and then ensued another interval, followed by the entrance of the Cardinal, who was to celebrate the Requiem Mass. He came walking with feeble steps amidst the company of his brethren; on his head was the crimson beretta and he wore the red robes of his princely rank. His face was turned earthward; it was a worn and ascetic visage, scholarly and gentle.

Cardinal Gibbons is an older man than his fellow priest who lay on the bier; but he still lived and the other had passed on to a life whereof the Cardinal knew nothing.

He, too, lifted his face as he went by the rigid figure outstretched youder, and he bowed himself again in reverence to death. There came no answering obeisance; priestly rank had no surther concern with Archbishop Corriga ... and had the Pope of Roma done homage to him he would have been met with the same silent and appalling indifference.

There is no respect of persons with God. and the Archbishop had been invested with a democratic dignity surpassing any that mortal authority can bestow. To death must we all come at last, and in the dust be equal made, and that equality is greater and more impressive than any nobility or royalty of living men. It endures forever. Now preparation was made for the Mass for the Dead. Forgive thy servant, () Almighty One, for his sins; raise him up from the grave as Thy beloved Son was raised up! The organ pours forth its sublime notes and voices rise in music, praising and beseeching the Lord. 'At the high altar priest and acolyte perform their homage and deliver their ritual.



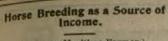
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superintended. ticularly solicited.

Antigonish, Jan. 16, '02.

Thursday, May 29, 1602.

THE CASKET.



(From the Maritime Farmer.) In approaching the farmers of New Brunswick on the subject of horse-breeding for profit, it is. I presume, necessary that the following important points should be taken into consideration : Building. 1. The class of mare now owned on the

29, 1902.

Cards

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farm

2. The type of horse best suited to the locality, climate, etc. 3. The breed procurable at least expense ad most likely to prove profitable in and

the shortest time. 4. The breed most certain to establish a type which can be depended upon as a steady source of income, the unsold stock to prove serviceable on the farm for general purposes.

D, 14 The efforts to breed fast horses have failed and only ordinary roadsters have failed and only ordinary roadsters have resulted. There is no possibility of profit by pursuing this course because now-adays trotters are worth very little money VISH, N. unless they can cover a mile in close upon two minutes, and it is well known that less next to Kit than one per cent. of all the trotters raised on the North American continent

is do this. It is plain therefore that every horse bred on a New Brunswick farm should be of some use on the farm at from two or three years old and earn its keep until sold. A farmer whose land is his only source of nome positively cannot afford to keep any kind of horse on his place. To produce this class of horse he may

and behind. Action is the essential pro-

perty that makes the breeding of a car-

the result of education for a few weeks.

It must be natural, not forced. The foal must have it at birth, and this cannot

be unless the foal is produced from a breed that has had high actions for gen-

Just as a farmer cannot afford to school

hunters or train race horses, so he cannot waste time trying to develop high action.

His foal must have natural action so that

when they are growing into three and four year olds they can be shown loose in a field before a dealer who will pay for them

in the rough according to the action they

breed his mares to heavy draught stalbreed his marces to heavy draught stal-lions, but the stock has a limited mar-ket and brings low prices with scarce any profit, opposition being too strong from the immense western ranches where draught horse, of all grades are raised in droves and sold at something like \$75 a head. The fact that these horses after the sort and preparation for work HOLM TOR, ETL EST DOWN shipment east and preparation for work on city pavements sell to consumers at from \$200 to \$409, more or less, has no ONISH, NI bearing upon the farmer's side of the case. These prices include dealers pro-fits, etc. The farmer has to compete with Wall the actual cash price paid on the large ranches. It is well also to remember FOR, ETC. that when the profit per head is low a great number of animals must be raised SATISFACT to make the total earnings worth while. URITY. If sales are irregular more stock accumu-ates that can be used to earn their feed on the farm, heavy draught horses being UILDING. on the farm, heavy draught horses being useful ship for one purpose. For relief we naturally turn to the class of horse which, as a matter of fact, only the farmers can produce at a good profit, and that is the carriage horse of much or lass quality action and . N. 8 O'CONNO

rs, Etc. of much or less quality, action and ex-cellence such as there is a constant and ever increasing demand for in the cities. 92, SCOTIA. C. L.



HOTEL water. 7 stabling a Proprietor. ort Hood. 0

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Now there is but one breed which for centuries has been produced mainly on account of its ability to beget natural high action as suitable for carriage purposes, and that is the Hackney. Originally s pony in the Eastern Counties of England, then developed into what was known for a couple of centuries as the Norfolk trotting cob, from fourteen to fifteen hands in height, carrying its heavy weight owner thirty and forty miles to market and home again, and racing at the trot, sixteen and eighteen miles an hour, and accomplishing for wagers sixty, eighty and a hundred miles in the day, this breed has been carefully conserved by the English farmers who early in the eighteenth century used judicious crosses of Arab, the latter thorough bred blood. Then they bred the stock back to the original Norfelk and Yorkshire nag or Hackney, the product at the present time being a stylish carriage horse with high, snappy action, and substance sufficient to admit of the horse trotting before a heavy fashionable carriage without strain or apparent effort. The height now ranges from 14 to 15 hands for cobs, and to 15 3 hands for full made carriage horses of this breed, and the weight from 800 lbs. for the smaller to 1,000 and 1,250 lbs. for the larger borses. English farmers who have held on to their foundation stock of this breed and sold annually their young stock, have frequently, during bad harvests, kept their farms clear of debt and saved money from the sole of debt and saved money from the profits realized on their Hack-The horses are raised on upwards nevs. of a thousand farms in England, Scotland and Wales. The best specimens are exhibited at about two hundred agricultural shows every season in England where the English Hackney Horse Society exists with membership of two thousand owners and breeders, who have registered since 1884 10,000 stations and 20,000 mares in the Hackney Stud Book strictly for breeding purposes. The French Government has for many years purchased Hacktheys in large numbers and at the present time uses upwards of two hundred Hack-Sey stallions at stud throughout the carriage horse breeding districts of France. Almost all strains of the French Coach horse trace direct into English Hackney od, as on that depends the action. The Italian Government uses ninety Hack-

ney stallions. In Belgium, Germany, Austria, Russia, India, Australia, Japan, Argentine Republic, Brazil, Chili, Buenos Avres, and in fact every horse breeding country where carriage horses are used the Hackney is relied upon to perpetuate action.

In Canada the Hackney is held in the highest esteem for producing carriage horses.

Now if the Hackney has proved so use-Now if the Hackney has proved so use-ful and valuable to English farmers, and to breeders in Scotland and many other countries, and is now gaining a firm foot-ing in the United States and Canada under conditions similar to those which exist in New Brnswick—especially where farmers have started with the best of their own mares, is it not reasonable to believe that the farmers of New Brunswick can ac-cept the Hackney? The Government of Nova Scotia has recently purchased several Hackney stallions and mares and placed them throughout that territory, and results already obtained are highly and results already obtained are highly satisfactory. Surely New Brunswick can do likewise.

A very strong point in favor of the Hackney and its combination with farmer's mares is that the stock matures early without any extraordinary feeding or training. That is to say the stock is brought to a saleable age and condition at the minimum of cost and without risk, 'the young horses being full bodied, good feeders and looking worth theif keep as they grow, and requiring no expert training that is at all dangerous, as would be the case with race horses, fast trotters and hunters. Allowed to run at grass until three years old, and then fed a little extra oats in roomy box stalls and "cor-ditioned" for a few weeks, a well grown colt out of a reasonably good shaped mare cont but of a reasonably good shaped mare and by a Hackney sire of high action, will be quickly purchased by the city dealer, right at the farm. There is no necessity to ship the stock long distances. Now that the demand is so great. All that is necessary is to breed enough stock in any particular district and then let the fact he known through the newspapers fact be known through the newspapers and by direct communication with buyers in the city markets, which is a very easy matter. If the farmers keep their best colts until they are past four years old, they can be kept at light farm work and road driving and so earn their feed until they are old. They will be somewhat broken to plain harness.

A Pipeful of "Amber" Plug Smoking Tobacco will burn 75 minutes. " Test it?"

Lincoln's Hay.

No other breeder can compete if the farmer starts right. The market for this class of horse is sure, and the prices are much higher in proportion to the first Abraham Lincoln was sitting alone in his office one morning in the fall of '57, when Farmer Simpson paid him an early cost and care necessary to prepare the four of five year old stock in the rough for the city dealer, than realized for any other grade of horse that can be procall. The latter was a thifty son of the soil, but was noted for his ability 'o increase the tenfold product of the farm duced. But it is absolutely necessary that these horses have high action in front in telling the neighbors the result of his harvest. This particular morning he had given Lincoln a padded account of his hay crop. When he had finished, Mr. nage berse pay, because the height of their action sells them. To be profitable, however, this action must not be merely Lincoln remarked that he, too, had just cut his hay.

- "Why, Abe, are you farming?" 'Yes.'
- "What do you raise? '
- · Just hay.'
- 'Good crop this year?' · Excellent."
 - 'How many tons?'

Weli, I don't know just how many tons, Simpson, but my men stacked all they could outdoors and then stored the rest in the barn.

A Pipeful of "Amber" Plug Smoking Tobacco will burn 75 minutes. " Test It?"

Weak?

"I suffered terribly and was ex-tremely weak for 12 years. The doctors said my blood was all turning to water. At last I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and was soon feeling all right again." Mrs. J. W. Fiala, Hadlyme, Ct.

No matter how long you have been ill, nor how poorly you may be today, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine you can take for purifying and enriching the blood.

Don't doubt it, put your whole trust in it, throw away everything else.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knowsail about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

which this interior force in the depth of Krakatua were manifest, each almost beyond human belief and human understanding. Of these the principal were the earthlifting force, the tidal wave caused by the shock, and the noise of the mighty explosion; and these we will consider in turn. It has already been noted that to a height of over twenty miles, or one hundred and five thousand feet, Krakatua hurled a volume of pumice, in fine ash, that was literally wafted around the world. Large blocks of pumice, still quite warm, were picked up fifteen miles away. But even better is this mighty force illustrated when we learn that the whole northern part of the island, several square miles in extent. was completely blown out of sight, and where was formerly dry land are now sea soundings, in some points nearly one thousand feet in depth. This upheaval lifted the bed of the deep sea, five or six miles away, so that in places small islands, entirely new structures, appeared above the surface.

Even more resistible must have seemed the mighty earthquake wave which overtook and drowned over thirty thousand people on neighboring islands, some literally hundreds of miles away. A Dutch man-of-war, the Berouw, anchored off the coast of Sumatra, was carried by this wave up a valley nearly two miles inland, and left high and dry more than thirty feet above the sea level. At Telok Betong, fifty miles away, this devastating wave reached within six feet of the resident governor's house, which stood on a hillside seventy-eight feet above the sea-level. No wonder that such a wave, quite twice as high as the average dwelling house, caused so fearful a loss of life both at sea and along the coast of East Indies for many miles. It was even noticed at the Cape of Good Hope, seven thousand five hundred miles away.

However, it seems that when we come to the defeaning report or detonation of this unprecedented upburst in the earth's surface, that its wonderful force is most impressed upon us. If a man were to meet a resident of Philadelphia and tell him that 'he had heard an explosion in Trenton, thirty miles away, he might be lieved, although there would be some

recorded as baving encircled our globe three times before its marvellous force was finally spent.

So it is quite safe to say, when we are asked the question as to which of all the mighty manifestations of God's power in this world, thus far within the ken of science, has been the most stupendous, the most all-overwhelming that the terrific annihilation of Krakatus, in 1883, surpasses all else.

A smoke that encircled the globe, a wave that travelled seven thousand five hundred miles, a sound heard three thousand miles afar, and an air-shock hurled thrice around the earth-what more can he sought as testimony to the pent-up energies beneath our very feet?

The Best Thirst Cure during the hot weather is Sovereign Lime Juice, delicious, cooling and refreshing.

Ping-Pong, a la Tennyson.

Grim portent falls o'er dining halls, Excited hearts full high are beating;

- Q quick! Snatch off the table-cloth Before the folks have done their eating.
- Ping, Futher, Ping | Set the wild echoes ringing! And Pong, Mother! Answer echoes, ponging,
- Panging, Pluging! O hark, O hear! How sharp and clear!
- As grand-dad pings across the table! O faint and far the echoes are-
- With Jenkins ponging in the stable. Ping! 'Tis the cook and eke the housemale
- flinging Care to the winds and Ponging, Panging, Pinging!

O Love, it palls-this chasing balls

That hide themselves in dusty places-While one, alas, flew in the gas And three knocked over valued vases.

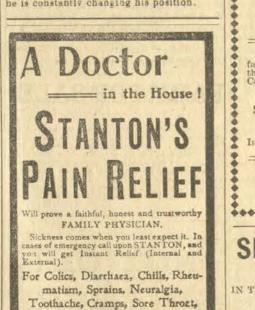
Ping! Is it true that angels, no more singing, With harps for bats, go Ponging, Panging, Pinging?

Stop The Cough and Work off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

The Great Advantage of Walking.

The great advantage of walking in the open air over other forms of excerise lies in the fact that every muscle of the body gently and uniformly brought into action by the swing of the legs and the arms, and consequently of the trunk in a vertical direction. The undulations made by the head, chest, and sbdomen in a vertical plane are thus not only according to Ho-garth's line of beauty, but also in that tending to perfect usalth. Every internal organ is gently stimulated to more robust action. Never in common walk does a person breathe twice the same air, because he is constantly changing his position.



Szc., Szc., it never fails.

For sale everywhere. Price 25 cts per bottle.

MCGALE'S BUTTERNUT PILLS FOR

Farm for Sale.

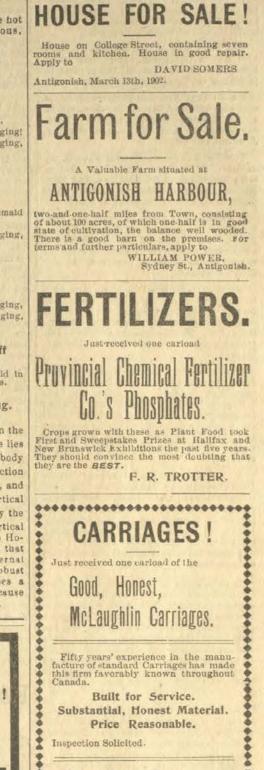
The well-known farm at Antigonish Harbor, owned by Simon Fraser, about five miles from Town, and consisting of 200 acres of good land, well watered and wooded, and containing good buildings. For further particulars, apply to

DAN J MCDONALD. Or to SIMON FRASER, Antigonish Harbour. Sydney.

Real Estate for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale the lot of land owned by him at the Guif Road, containing 100 acres with House, 2 Barns and commodious other buildings. Also: A wood lot of about 40 acres attached to the rear of the above Lot, will be sold together or separate. Easy terms. BANALD MCDONALD, (Peter's Son)

Briley Brook, Antigonish Co., Jannar y 16th, 1902





D. McIsaac,

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggints.

The Greatest Explosion of Historic Times.

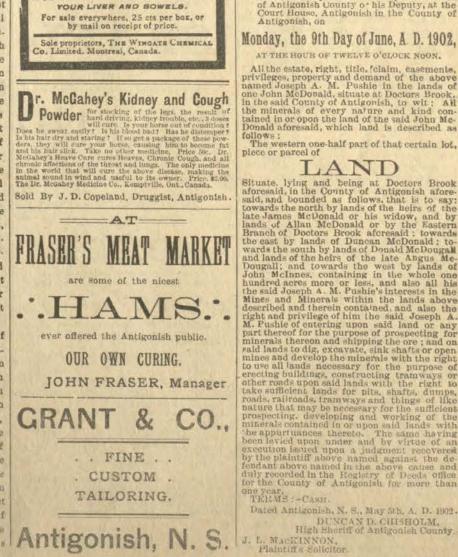
BY DR. EUGENE MURRAY-AANON.

When we speak of the terroriof a volcanic eruption, and of what such a manifestation of the explosive power hidden in the earth's interior is capable, we usually think of Vesuvius and its overwhelming of Pompeij and Herculaneum in the year 79 of our Christian ers. This is no doubt largely due to the marvellous way in which those cities were covered over by volcanic ash and their contents kept almost intact until the spade has little by little laid them bare. Yet, terrible as was that visitation, we have had within the memory of us and only nineteen years ago, one that was far worse and much more destructive of human life and vast territories than anything else of its kind of which history tells us.

Many no doubt remember the uniformly beautiful sunsets observed almost every day, and throughout the world, during the autumn of 1883, and will also remember that astronomers and physicists told us then that these were the result of the mighty eruption of Krakatua, a volcano on an island of that name in the Strait of Sunda, which connects the Java Sea with the Indian Ocean, between Java and Sumatra, East Indics. For Karkatua had vapory particles to a height of over twenty miles, and for many weeks these were shifted from point to point by the evervarying wind currents until their effect upon the light caused every portion of the of those sunsets.

doubt as to his powers of imagination. If, however, he should make the same assertion of an explosion in Wheeling, West Virginia, three hundred miles away, all doubts of his accuracy and of his imaginative powers would vanish. But if, with every sign of sincerity and a desire to be believed, he should earnestly insist upon his having heard an explosion in San Francisco, three thousand miles away, he would receive a pitying smile, and his listener would silently walk away. Yet just this last marvellous thing was true of those who, on the island of Rodriguez over toward Madagascar, two thousand nine hundred and sixty-eight miles away, heard clearly and beyond doubt the faint sound of the ear-splitting detonation in the Strait of Sunda. In India, in Australia, and in every direction, literally for thous. ands of miles around this sound was carried. At Karima, Java, three hundred and fifty miles away, native boats put out to sea to look for some imaginary steamer that they felt sure must have exploded out there. Although not so wonderful to most of

us, to scientists the most remarkable feature of all of this most wonderful cataclysm known to man, was the air-wave which preceded from this awful explosion. Such a wave is recorded by instruments known as barographs, wherever observatories, thrown a mighty stream of fine pumice and weather bureaus, or life organizations are represented. The barogram records of Krakatua's outburst were such that the report of the Royal Society says : "The character of this disturbance would seem almost incredible were it not for the fact world to wonder at the exquisite colorings that it is attested by the barograms of every great meteorological station on the There were several stupendous ways in world's surface," And this air-wave is



JOSEPH A. M. PUSHIE, Defendant. BETWEEN

To be be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of Antigonish County of his Deputy, at the Court House, Antigonish in the County of Antigonish, on

Monday, the 9th Day of June, A. D. 1902,

AT THE HOUR OF TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

All the estate, right, title, folaim, casements, privileges, property and demand of the above named Joseph A. M. Pushie in the lands of one John McDorald, situate at Doctors Brook. In the said County of Antigonish, to wit : All the minerals of every nature and kind con-tained in or opon the land of the said John Mc-Donald aforesaid, which land is described as follows:

follows : The western one-half part of that certain lot, piece or parcel of

DAMPA
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sherifi's Sale-D D Chisholm, Notice-Municipal Clerk, Property at Auction-Descousse, Notice-Rev A R McDonald, Stallion-Harry Allison,

Local Items.

WALDREN'S PHOTO STUDIO will be open from Tueslay, June Srd, to Saturday, June

A HYPNOTIC and Mind-Reading exhibi-tion is announced for to-morrow evening at McDonald's Hall.

I ALWAYS CARRY & large variety biscuits, plain and fancy, from Sc. to 20c. per 1b .- something you always want. T. J. Bonner.-adv.

AT THE MEETING of the L O. C., Tues-day evening, June 3rd, officers will be elected for the next three months. A full attendance of members is requested.

THE PROPERTY at St. Andrews owned by Colin A. Chisholm, Esq., has lately been purchased by Dan. A. Boyd, clerk in McMillan & Co's store at St. Andrews.

DR. Cox, of New Glasgow, specialist in eye, ear, nose and throat diseases, will be at the Merrimac Hotel, Antigonish, Tues-day afternoon and Wednesday morning, June 3rd and 4th.

THE THANKS of the College Faculty are due Rev. R. H. Macdougall of the College for a fine statue of St. Aloysius, and Rev. Neil Macdonald of Whitney Pier for \$5.00 contributed to the College Prize Fund.

A FARM .- The farm for sale in New. foundland is situated in Codroy Valley. It is a square block of one hundred and sixty acres, noted for its thirty acres of never failing meadow as well as for superior upland.

ARCHIBALD MCDONALD, of St. Andrews, had two flugers, the palm of his hand and part of a third finger cut off last Saturday while working at a shingle mill at Goshen, Guys. Co. He was brought to Town and his injuries were attended to by Dr. Mc-Donald.

His LORDSHIP confirmed over one hundred children at Canso, last Thursday, and over two hundred at Arichat, on the following day. Instead of feeling fatigued by his work and his rapid travel from place to place, he is, on the contrary, according to a letter received from him here at the end of last week, gaining in strength.

A "YOUNG SCHOOLMISTRESS" writes from Inverness to say that she has read "with pleasure and delight 'Old Schoolmaster's 'letters on Education which appeared in THE CASKET," and congratu-lated him thereon. "All he has said," she adds, "is fact, and we sincerely hope our educational authorities will take the same to heart."

IN REFERRING to the weather in our last issue we stated that May had been dry and sunny and exceptionally cold, with severe frosts at night. Happily there has been a great change since. We have had heat and abundance of warm rains the past week making ideal growing weather, so that the discouraging crop prospects of last week have given way to a feeling that we are to be favored with at least a good yield of hay.

SUPREME COURT -Following is the docket for the June Term of the Supreme court. which will be opened here next Tuesday. Justice Graham presiding :

Peter Sinclair vs. Charles Cook. Allan Cameron vs. Inverness Railway &

Coal Company. John H. Boyd vs, D. D. Chisholm, assignee of J. R. Boyd. Maggie Twomley vs. Catherine McDonald Edward Conroy vs. C E Knowlton et ux.

SUPREME COURT opened at Guysboro on Tuesday, Judge Graham presiding. There are we understand, a number of cases on the docket. Mr. C. P. Chisholm, Mr. C. E. Gregory and Mr. W. Chisholm, barristers, of Antigonish, are in attendance. of the causes tried was the King vs. John The accused. Murdo 8 oy aged

SINCE OUR last issue it was found necessary to change the date of the St. F. X. College games from June the 11th to the This is done partly to give the C. 12th. This is done partly to give the C. M. B. A. of Cape Breton, who will visit Antigonish on the evening of the 11th, an opportunity of witnessing the sports on the 12th The change is principally made, however, to give the public a chance to see a new feature in the games. Mr. Charles J. Lucas of Cambridgeport, Mass norm a student of The Medical 12th. Mass., now a student of Tufts Medical School, champion potato-racer of the world, will visit Antigonish on that day. He will compete in the potato race which deavor to break it again in Antigonish. He has not only won his fame in potato-running but in short-3istance races as well, and will undoubtedly be the star in the

will be held in conjunction with the other events. Mr. Lucas holds the indoor and outdoor records. He smashed the world's record three times last winter and will en-100 yards and the 1/4 mile events. As this will be the biggest Atheletic Meet ever held in the Maritime provinces an endeavor will be made to have excursion rates issued on the I. C. R., the particulars

of which will be given later.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Board of school Commissioners for the County of Antigonish, held on the 20th inst., the following sections were placed on the poor list for the school year beginning Aug. 1st, 1902. The Board will in all probability, drop from the list, at its next meeting, such sections as do not operate a school during the year. The sections are : school during the year. The sections are: Rear Georgeville, Dunmaglass, Brown's Mountain, Maple Ridge, North Merland, Glassburn, Upper Glen Road, Rear Spring-field. Stewart's Mills, Mayfield, Beech Hill, Pinevale, Upper North Grant, Cloverville, Ashdale, Tracadie "colored," Aulds Cove, Middleton, Copper Lake, Morven, West Lakevale, College Grant and Glendale. The Board appointed and Glendale. The Board appointed Rev. Joseph Macdonaid, Rev. Dr. Thomp-son, J. D. Copeland, Esq. and Inspector Macdonaid, a committee to report to the next meeting of the Board such a redivision into actions of the territory at present covered by Upper and Lower North Grant, Clydesdale, Upper and Lower Briley Brook, Lower West River and Salt Springs, as will increase the strength and efficiency of the schools of the reconstructed sections by reducing the number of the sections as they now exist. A. G. MACDONALD, Clerk of Board.

GRAND DEDICATION EXERCISES AT ST. PETER'S .- On Sunday last, the 25th inst., the grandest and most impressive exercises ever held in St Peter's was observed. The occasion being the dedication of the new Church which is a large and imposing structure situated on high land and facing out into St. Peter's Bay, the tall spire and cross being visible some miles away as you enter the Bay. The church was taxed to its full capacity. Many of those present were Protestants. They were deeply im-pressed with the solemn services. Previous to the dedication exercises the children of the pari .h proceeded over on the steamer Vega, which was especially engaged for the occasion to take the children of the parish over to Descousse to meet his Lordship Bishop Cameron of the Diocese and his party and escort him over to St.

FARM FOR SALE

The subscriber offers for sale by tender an excellent farm of seventy-five acres situate at Glen Alpine, Antigonish County, being a por-tion of the lands of the late Malcolm McMillan (John's son), consisting of intervale, upland and woodland, and having on it a house and barn. Tenders (none of which will necessarily be accepted) may be addressed up to June 14th next to J. A. Wall, Barrister, Antigonish or to H. H. McCURDY, Sydney, C. B.

NOTICE!

Sydney, 22od May, '02.

Peter's. At 19 o'clock the services began, the Church being blessed inside and out-side, after which there was Solemn High Mais with Rev. Father Fraser as celebrant, Rev. Dr. Thompson, Rector of St. Francis Navier College, preached the dedication sermon, after which his Lordship ad-dressed the boys and girls, who were then

confirmed by him. In the afternoon at 3

THE CASKET.

p. m. Solemn Vespers were sung and Rev. Father McIntosh of Descousse preached an elegant sermon.-Com. FOOT BALL -The college foot ball team arrived home on Monday evening from Sydney. Their fellow-students met them at the train, and accorded them a hearty welcome for their thorough defeat of the Sydney foot-ballists on the 24th of May, the score being 7 to 0. The Sydney Post save of the game :

Folly 600 people saw the St. F. X. Col-lege football team defeat the S. A. A. A. fifteen on the S. A. A. A. grounds. This match was one of the features of the cele-bration of Victoria Day at Sydney and it proved a most popular one. The colors of both teams were conspicuous among the spectators and the "rooting" was equally divided. Quite a number of the students accompanied the team and naturally enough they made themselves heard on the grounds The college team on the whole, is a good aggregate. Their forwards formed well and quickly. They heeled out well also and the quarters unselfishly fed the halves. Their half back line is good and sure, though a trifle slow in passing. The S. A. A. A. must have gained at least some knowledge of football from the match. They should practice the art of heeling out of the quarters feeding the halves and of the halves passing along their line. Their game on Saturday was altogether a selfish one and the good players were marred by the blunders of their inferiors. On several occasions they lost heavily because of wild and unreasonable throws when the player was tackled by an opponent. The home team was thrown on the defensive early in the game and not till the last half did they appear to put up anything of an aggressive fight.

A LARGE STOCK of preserves and marma

lade at Bonner's. Prices very low .- adv:

NOTICE!

All persons having claims against the Estate of the late Rev. John Shaw, Lakevale, are re-mested to present them at once to the under

Georgeville, Ant. Co. Executor

AUCTION SALE

To be sold at Public Auction at

DESCOUSSE,

- ON -

TUESDAY, JUNE 3rd, AT 4.30 P. M

The premises lately occupied by Capt. Wm. Bondrot, adjoining the Catholic Glebe Honse; one lot, four chains wide, with dwelling house and other buildings, fronting on main street of Descouse; and a wood lotyoposite, about two and one-half chains wide, running from said street to general rear line.

TERMS EASY!

HARRY ALLISON.

This stallion will stand the season of 1902 in Antigonish, in James Kell's bars.

Arichat, May 21, '02.

TERMS-\$2.00 and \$2.00

JAMES KELL,

By direction of owner.

JAS. D. POWER.

DOUGALD MCDONALD,

BREEDERS



WITH OUR SPRING AND SUMMER FOOT FASHIONS

The best makes. The latest styles and novelties of Canada's and America's best manufactories. Everything in Footwear for everybody, beginning with the darling baby and ending at dear old grandma and grandpa, at prices ranging from 25c. to \$6.00. Everything for "street dress," 'house," and "working" wear.

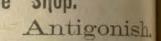
FOR LADIES, at 75c., \$1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 3.00, 3.50 and 4.00, FOR GENTLEMEN, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2 50, 3.00, up to 5 00 FOR BOYS and GIRLS, 50C., 75C., \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, and 200

Among which are the famous \$1.00 and \$1.50 School Shoes. Everything for the Baby, at 25c., 35c , 5oc., 75c., and goc. Come here expecting to find everything correct in Shoes and you will not be disappointed.

Antigonish sole agent for the celebrated "KING QUALITY" and the famous "IN-VICTUS" Shoes, made by Geo. H. Slater.

************* THE PALACE CLOTHING CO.,

And Popular Shoe Shop. Main Street,



ANTIGONISH WOOD-WORKING FACTORY ESTABLISHED 1884.

REBUILT WITH NEW MACHINERY, 1901.

Doors, Windows, Mouldings, and Finish, All kinds. Birch and Spruce Flooring. Lime, Laths Plaster, Etc., Etc. JOHN McDONALD, Proprietor.

A Magnet that Attracts all Eyes

Is our handsome Ladies' Spring Walking Shoes. Light, comfortable, exquisitely finished and of the latest shapes in toes, heels and general contour, it is worthy of admiration. Our Spring stock of footwear for ladies, children and misses embraces everything that is novel and handsome in this line, and the prices are positive inducements.



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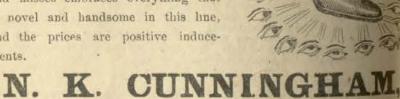
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Thursday, May 29, 1902.

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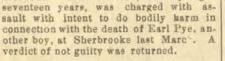
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LE BARRE BEAT ANDERSON .- The fivemile matched foot race between W. Le-Barre and Frank Anderson attracted a large crowd to Victoria park on Friday evening. The boys went on the mark in good condition and put up an interesting race. For nearly the entire distance they ran side by side, but LeBarre came away at the end and won by about 60 vards. His time was given as 27 minutes.—Ham. ilton, Ont., Herald.

Le Barre, the winner of the above even', is the runner that is going to compete in the five mile race at Antigonish, on Jane 12th next, when the great atheletic meet of the College will be held.

"ENGAGED," a three act comedy drama, will be presented at McDonald's Hall on next Tuesday evening, by a number of lady and gentlemen amatcur entertainers of the Town. Many of them have ap-peared in public before in similar caps. cities, and their acting was very accept able to the audiences who witnessed their performances, while their judgment in selecting suitable drama was good. "Engaged" is replete with humorous inci-dents. A pleasing evening's entertainment is promised all who attend.

THE FOLLOWING is the programme carried out in Main Street School on "Em-pire Day," Friday, May 23rd :

pire Day, ' Friday, May 2573: Song-" The Maple Leaf Forever," March with flags, Reading-" The Men of the Northern Zone," Roche O'Donoghue, Reading-" The Union Jack." James Lee, Essay-" Canada in the Twentieth Century," Dan J Melsnac, Reading-" Dominion Day," Dan A Chisholm, Reading-" Canada," Dan J Melsnac, " God Save The King."

At the close, Prof. A. G. McDonald gave one of his practical addresses to the pupils on " Patriotism," incidentally complimenting both teachers and pupils on their programme, and remarking that the obser-vance of "Empire Day" was a new departure in the procedure of Main Street School which deserved commendation.



