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FORTY-NINTH YEAR.

ANTIGONISH, N. S., THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1900.

NO. 37

CASKET

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 30.

When a standard British work of contemporary biography gives exactly eight times the space to Hiram S. Maxim that it does to Coventry Patmore, it is not greatly to be wondered at that the things of the mind should show signs of losing their interest for the younger generation. The man who can make two shots go whence only one formerly went is now the most exalted benefactor of the human race.

We welcome once more to our exchange table, from which it was greatly missed during its brief suspension, The Northwest Review, of St. Boniface, and wish it a long life of usefulness. In skill, ability and scholarship the Review surpasses many of the large and pretentious sheets of our acquaintance. It is a great credit to the Catholics of the Northwest, and they would show themselves blind indeed to their best interests were they to allow it to die for lack of support.

The testimony which is being given by Protestant clergymen and other Protestants in American journals and on the platform just now with regard to the Philippines and their people must be interesting reading for the bigots who, viewing those islands and the conditions there from their own comfortable homes in the United States, have conceived in their narrow minds opinions in regard thereto which are now at the hands of their better informed brethren receiving splendid and convincing answers.

It is a cause of genuine pleasure to see the manner in which intelligent Protestants now view the A. P. A. wherever it shows its once proudly reared head. The A. P. A. could stand the attacks of Catholic journalism, nor did it even care that its chief officers throughout the United States one by one were shown to be men of the lowest character and that its internal management was in the hands of gaol-birds and adventurers. But it is receiving its heaviest and last stroke. The respectable Protestant preachers and journalists no longer have a kind word for it. Protestantism has turned against it, and it is gone.

The recent death of Collis P. Huntingdon, the well known railroad king, leaves the New York Sun free to announce that it was he who wrote the letter signed "Responsibility" (it was reproduced in THE CASKET at the time) offering large prizes in money for the best poems setting forth the true dignity of labor, in answer to the mischievous sophistry of Edwin Markham's "The Man with the Hoe." The offer, The Sun says, failed to elicit a poem which the donor considered worthy of the occasion. The Muse never does her best work "to order," even with such an inspiring theme as that suggested by Mr. Huntingdon.

A negro in New York has called for the protection of the British flag against the oppression of men whose fathers boasted they had set him and all his race free a generation ago. He claims British citizenship and askes for British fair play. He will receive it. Britain has never done half the boasting about equality of rights and freedom of citizenship which we have heard from our Southern neighbours; but the world is witness that under no ttag to-day are the rights of citizenship

tinction of colour or of race than under the British flag, and that in no country on earth does race and colour prejudice die harder than in that very land whose atmosphere is popularly supposed to be fatal to all such prejudice and to all distinctions based upon racial inequalities.

A clipping from an Orange sheet has been sent to us, containing a glowing account of a glorious victory won by the brethren down in Maine, -namely, the perversion of a Catholic young man from Cape Breton and his little sister. Nothing so soul inspiring has come under our notice since the heroic achievement of the soldier who reported to his captain that he had walked boldly up to the enemy and cut off his foot." "Why didn't you cut off his head," asked the officer. "O, his head was off already" was the naive reply. This was the condition of the young man from Cape Breton before the brave Orangemen conquered him. He had lost his head. It is strange, though, that even an Orangeman could be brazen enough to boast of having put a child of fourteen in a Protestant family and a public school in defiance of the wishes of her parents. But of cousre all tactics are fair when "Rome" is to be

We have received a communication from the spiritual adviser of the branch of the C. M. B. A. referred to in our issue of Aug. 16, informing us that the facts with regard to the action of that branch in the matter of the Coronation Oath were not exactly as we stated them. The consideration of the matter was not postponed for six months, as we had supposed, but only for one week. During that time the objecting members were convinced that a resolution approving of the action of the Catholic Truth Society would have no political significance, and it was accordingly adopted by a unanimous vote. We must express our regret at having made an erroneous statement in this connection. Our informant was not a member of the C. M. B. A., but we thought his information sufficiently trustworthy to be used without further inquiry. The Spiritual Adviser of the branch in question expresses a good deal of pardonable annoyance over the violation by some incautious member of the obligation of secrecy to which all members of the C. M. B. A. are pledged in regard to branch proceedings. We have to add that this explanation, intended for insertion in our last issue, was omitted through an oversight-

We publish elsewhere from a secular Scottish newspaper an extract from a letter of a very prominent Presbyterian minister, that affords an interesting commentary on the tradition that Saint Patrick banished the noxious reptiles from Ireland. It is scarcely necessary to say that no Catholic, as such, is under any necessity of accepting this tradition as a fact. To those, however, who, always determined to elbow the supernatural as far as possible out of the universe, may be disposed to laugh at the notion, the facts mentioned by this Presbyterian divine ought to present some difficulty. Why should the islands of St. Patrick and St. Columba - and why especially should the latter, a small island in way physically distinguished from the others near it - alone present this striking peculiarity? And why should their soil be so instantly fatal to the serpent? Perhaps the scoffing physicist may yet be able to tell us. He is narrow enough to suppose that his philosophy, unlike that of Horatio, excludes nothing in heaven or earth. We strongly suspect, indeed, that that ardent enemy of the religious temperament which sees any sacredness in anything material under the sun-the reverend editor of The Presbyterian Witness-will, despite his deep-rooted aversion to prosecutions for heresy, be much inclined to call for censure on the brother minister who could write anything so dangerous as the concluding sentence of the extract we make from the Rev. Dr. Stewart's letter.

Mr. Bryan, whose able speech in acceptance of the Democratic nomination

the mere phrase-monger that many have supposed him, asks a very pertinent question of those who believe that the United States must give the people of the Philippines a good government. He says :

If the Puerto Ricans, who welcomed annexation, are to be denied the guarantees of our Constitution, what is to be the lot of the Filipinos, who resisted our authority if secret influences could compel a disregard of our plain duty toward friendly people living near our shores, what treat-ment will those same influences provide

for unfriendly people 7,000 miles away? Of course a good many Imperialists would, if they possessed the virtue of candour, meet Mr. Bryan's reasoning with the assurance that they don't care two straws how United States occuptaion will affect the Philipinos,-that that occupation will serve the material interests of the people of the Union, or at least that all important class among them known as capitalists; and that therefore the islands must be retained. The appeal of the Democratic leader, however, is not made to such as these; nor has it any reference to them, except to expose the hollowness of their pretended zeal for good government in that distant archipelago. It is addressed to the honest people who would not really wish to see their country keep the islands at the expense of the welfare of their inhabitants; and it is a question that is likely to set such people thinking very hard.

Catholics in England are very much more fairly treated than their co-religionists in the United States. It is highly pleasing to a British subject to bear witness to this. Facts are facts, however; and when The New Century instances the case of Lord Russell of Killowen as proof of its assertion that "below the throne, a Catholic may aspire to any place," it not only betrays unacquaintance with both law and fact, but is specially untortunate in the proof it adduces. It is well known that it was the Lord Chancellorship and not the Chief Justiceship that Mr. Gladstone desired to bestow upon Sir Charles Russell, and that this was one of the objects of his unsuccessful Religious Disabilities Bill of 1891, intended to repeal the law that debars a Catholic from the former office. We quite agree with The New Century in regarding Lord Russell's career as a convincing proof that genuine merit and ability will rise in spite of all that bigots can contrive; and we recognize much truth in its suggestion that Catholics in the United States, and indeed elsewhere where their rights are denied them, need real men rather than organization. But they need men, not, as our contemporary considers, as a substitute for concerted action in demanding justice, but in order to make such action possible. When Mr. Gladstone moved the Bill above mentioned he was opposed by a Catholic, the then Home Secretary, Mr. Henry Matthews, now Lord Llandaff, on the ever-ready pretext of those whose Catholicism is a secondary consideration with them - that it would "embarrass the Government." So long as Catholics put to the front such substitutes for men their enemies will have reason to feel quite sate in oppressing them.

The modern craze for strange and startling things is displaying itself in more ways than one. We are accustomed to the eccentricities shown by the public in quest of amusement; but such eccentricities are assuming new phases every day. People laugh nowadays at the blood-curdling ghost stories which delighted bygone generations; but it seems sometimes as though modern literature were wandering back into the region of the weird and fanciful. If the men and women of the next generation do not find their heads filled with superstitious fancies more absurd, if more scientific, than those which were popular long ago, it will certainly not be because the writers of to-day are not doing their best to implant such ideas and excite such morbid tastes. The leading magazines are, many of them, printing fiction more wild and more obviously impossible than ever Munchausen dreamed of. The mystic lore of the Orientals has been drawn upon ; the vagaries of scientific exmore impartially accorded without dis- proves him to be something more than periment enlarged upon and exaggerated;

and, on the whole, we are in for an era of absurd fiction which the days of spooks and fairies never could equal.

It is amusing to notice how many Protestant missionaries to China are at present lecturing in the United States. "Go where glory waits ye," said the U. S. Consul at Hong Kong to Aguinaldo, (according to that authority on all things, Mr. Martin Dooley). "I'll sthay, but you go," said he. The American missionaries took the same attitude on the outbreak of the troubles in China. "Go where glory waits ye," said they to the allied forces, "we'll sthay, but you go." And "sthray" they did. Nay, more, they not only refrained from standing by the side of their poor converts in the troublous times, but they geturned to the United States to take advantage of the newly aroused interest in China, prevailing there, to tap the purses of their co-religionists, presumably for the funeral expenses of their converts whom the Boxers proposed to murder. Has anybody heard of any returned Catholic missionaries who forsook their posts in this time of danger, or are going about lecturing on the Chinese situation? On the contrary, we hear of them standing at their posts, ready to encourage their flocks to remain firm in the faith and to show them how to die for their faith if necessary. Little was the glory that waited them, from the standpoint of a Protestant missionary; but martyrdom awaited them and that, the Catholic missionary's crowning glory, now, as in the past and ever, they awaited with faithstrengthened hearts and souls that flinched

If the people of the United States would understand the true causes of the sudden bandonment of long-boasted conservatism in the foreign politics of that country and the causes of the astonishing outbreak of popular enthusiasm for acquisition of the territory of other nations, it seems to us they can find one of these causes in the prodigious national vanity which makes them-even some of the best and wisest of them - wholly unable to see two sides of a question where the United States is concerned. Witness the action of the New York Freeman's Journal on the Alaska boundary question. Witness the course of other prominent Catholic papers on the same question. If there is any question to-day in United States affairs upon which these papers are wholly unqualified to render a decision, it is just the Alaska question. Yet they rush in where their trained diplomats fear to tread -and why do they show such readiness? Simply because they have started with the baseless and wholly unwarranted assumption that, it being a question between the United States and another country, the former must be right. It is the national self-complacency and national self-justification breaking out, and there is no country on earth to-day whose people are less judicial in national questions than the citizens of the nation whose proudest boast has ever been that something in the constitutional make up of their 'land of the free," effectually prevented the popular frenzies which have so often plunged the old-world nations into war and

"A spice of danger disturbs no one who is bent to a worthy task .- R. R. McLeod.

No, nor to an unworthy one. Danger has had wondrous attraction for the human race, always. Does not Mr. McLeod himself assert that mankind has always felt the strange "itching for the feel of weapons." A curious inheritance this, for a race systematically evolved from inert matter. Weapons of the military kind are not the only ones for which the human fingers itch. They itch for pens sometimes wherewith to make known to the world the strange fancies which float through their brains when they fondly dream that they didn't know everything down in Judee!" They itch to pull down-Mr. McLeod, do we hear you say "monkeys?" -all that fetters or trammels the human mind or the human passions. Mr. Mc-Leod's theory of the descent of man will not do-notwithstanding that it accounts admirably for his supreme vanity, since he is not ashamed to acknowledge the monkeys as his ancestors. We gravely fear that his present condition has a stronger indication than the suggestion of monkey descent contained in his vanity and the mischievous stching of his fingers. James Russell Lowell's "John P. Rob-

"they didn't know everything down in Judee." There were the Scribes and the Pharisees and others who held the same opinion. Mr. McLeod's position is not as new as he thinks it. When the serpent tempted Eve he enlisted the first recruit in an army of human beings whose mission for all time was to be to pull down all that savoured of the authority of God. The coming of the Saviour opened not the eyes of most of them. " He came unto His own and His own received Him not." They went on blindly attempting the task set on that fatal day in the garden of Eden, and they are at it yet. Evolution or devolution-call it how you will-the task has continued-ever tried and ever unsuccessful-of setting up the false for the true. of offering any and every explanation of the existence and progress of the world but the true one, of lauding every source of information but the one great source of knowledge and of truth. " Down in Judee," to use Mr. McLeod's ill-chosen phrase, there were many who shared his opinion as to the sacredness of Divine Revelation," as interpreted by our Saviour; nay, who even dared to say, as many yet say, that He who came to enlighten the world, was not God. Mr. McLeod's descent is far too obvious; and the working of the poison which was well brewed and distilled even when Our Lord was on earth are too plain for him to escape the inevitable inference, even if human descent was a matter to be established by logic alone. The pride of Lucifer breaks out just as naturally to-day in the writings of an evolutionist as it did when he made his personal rebellion and was hurled from Heaven. What are the cant phrases of the modern unbelieving Scientist's "knowledge," "freedom," ',a spice of danger," etc. Evolution is based upon resemblances, largely, and, if it were not that blindness is the punishment of God upon the proud, there is one resemblance, one startling similarity which could not but strike them - as a mere matter of human logic and human reasoning - and that is the similarity between the canting talk about "knowledge," " freedom," and all the rest and the phases used by the devil in addressing Eve. Of course there is little use in talking thus to the modern scientist; for he is prepared to prove that there is no devil if his satanic majesty proves inconvenient to his theories; but we are bound to say that if the descent of the evolutionists did not begin with Eve, it received a mighty impetus when she ate the apple. Why, Mr. McLeod, dear man, dear foolish man, why struggle farther back than that for an explanation of the "itching of the fingers' to meddle with the forbidden and the dangerous. Old Nick is at the bottom of it all. He pulls the string and you dance - new steps but the same old dancejust as mother Eve did long ago.

Catholic Notes.

It is stated that the Holy Father is preparing an Encyclical against Anarchism.

The forty-seventh Congress of German Catholics meets at Bonn on the second day of September, continuing to the 6th.

Among the late converts to the Church in England are the following :- Rev. J. H. Filmer, curate of St. Martin's, Roath; Rev. A. Heurtley, curate of St. Mark's. Yarrow; Rev. T. Gorman, curate of St. Clement's, City Road, London; and Mr. Malcolm Dunlop, late chairman of one of the branches of the English Church Union.

A cable despatch from Rome dated August 19, says :- To-day being the Feast of St. Joachim, the Pope's patron saint, there was a large gathering at the Vatican of Cardinals, Bishops and presidents of societies. The Pope, who was in excellent health and spirits, spoke at some length regarding matters of Catholic interest, and then, with a complimentary introduction, invited Archbishop Ireland to address the assembly on matters in America and the relations of the outer world to the Holy See. Mgr. Ireland, who was frequently applauded during a speech of twenty minutes, spoke glowingly of the fidelity of American Catholics to the Roman Church and the Holy See. He described liberty under the American flag and set forth the necessity of the Pope, as the head of Christendom, being free and independent of any one civil power, "so as to be, in fact as well as of right, the sovereign leader and ruler of all nations and peoples, without special dependency on any special nation or people." The address gave visible satisfaction.

No Snakes on Iona.

Rev. Dr. Stewart, a prominent Presbyterian minister of Nether Lochaber, Scotland, writes as follows to the *Oban Times* with reference to the question of the dimensions to which the adder grows in Scotland:—

The usual size of the thanatophidian in question is from 18 to 22 inches. A 24 inch adder is a very large one, and anything beyond 24 is extremely rare. The largest I ever saw—and I have in my day seen hundreds of them—was sent to me many years ago from lona by the Rev. Mr. Ritchie, the present minister of the parish of Creich, in the Presbytery of Dornoch. Mr. Ritchie was then a divmity student. This Iona adder measured 27 3-4 inches in length, and a larger one, it is my opinion, was never seen in Scotland.

It will be of some interest, perhaps, if I state that although got in Iona, and sent to me from Iona, the adder does not occur in that sacred isle. Adampan tells us that St. Columba banished all noxious animals from Iona, just as St. Patrick banished " all the vermin " from Ireland. The way in which Mr. Ritchie got the adder which he was so kind as to send to me was this. Walking on a beautiful bright and calm summer evening along the silvery strand that borders the narrow sound that separates Iona from the island of Mull, which abounds in adders, he noticed some creature swimming fast towards the shore.

When it landed, it rested for a little on the warm white sand, which we may suppose was grateful to it after swimming across the sound. It then wriggled up until it reached the adjoining grass-the soil proper of the sacred isle-into which it had not crept more than twice its own length, when it suddenly stopped wriggling, and was dead! The good people of Iona were surely not to blame if discarding the suggestion that the reptile had died from exhaustion after its long swim, they rather attributed its sudden death to St. Columba's blessing of their island, which for ever rendered its soil inimical to any poisonous creature that ventured to invade it.

A Chinese War Incident.

In the sinister yellow country of the Extreme Orient, during the worst period of the war, our boat, a heavy ironclad, was stationed for weeks at her post in the blockade in a bay on the coast. With the neighbouring country, with its impossible green mountains, and its rice fields like velvet prairies, we had almost no communication. The inhabitants of the villages or the woods stayed at home, defiant or hostile. An overwhelming heat descended upon us from a dull sky, which was nearly always gray and veiled with curtains of lead.

One morning during my watch the steersman came to me and said:

'There is a sampan captain, that has just come into the bay, and which seems to be trying to speak to us.'

'Ah, who is in it?'

Before replying he looked again through his glass.

'There is, captain, a kind of priest, Chinese, or I don't know what, who is seated alone at the stern.'

The sampan advanced over the sluggish, oily, warm water without haste and without noise. A yellow faced young girl, clad in a black dress, stood erect and paddled the boat, bringing us this ambiguous visitor, who wore the costume, the headdress and the round spectacles of the priests of Annam, but whose beard and whose astonishing face were not at all Asiatic.

He came on board and addressed me in French, speaking in a dull and timid way.

'I am a missionary,' he said, 'from Lorraine, but I have lived for more than thirty years in a village six hours' march from here, in the country, where all the people have been converted to Christianity. I wish to speak to the commandant and ask for aid from him. The rebels are threatening us and are already very near. All my parishioners will be massacred, it is certain, if some one does not come promptly to our aid.'

Alas! the commandant was obliged to refuse aid. All the men and guns that we had had been sent to another place and there remained on board just enough sailors to guard the vessel; truly we could do nothing for those poor parishioners 'over there.' They must be given up as

The overwhelming noonday hour had arrived, the daily torpor that suspended all life. The little sampan and the young girl had returned to land, disappearing in the unhealthy vegetation on the bank, and the missionary had, naturally enough, stayed with us, a little taciturn, but not recrimin-

The poor man did not appear brilliant during the luncheon he shared with us.

He had become such an Annamite that any affort that few of the soldiers would re-

conversation with him seemed difficult. After the coffee, when the cigarettes appeared, he seemed to wake up and asked for French tobacco to fill his pipe; for twenty years, he said, a like pleasure had been refused him. Then, excusing himself, because of his long journey, he sank back on

And to think that, without doubt, we should have to keep with us for several months this unforeseen guest that heaven had sent us! It was without enthusiasm, I assure you, that one of us went to him to announce on the part of the commandant:

'They have prepared a room for you, father. It goes without saying that you will be one of us until the day when we can land you in a safe place.'

He did not seem to understand.

'But I am only waiting until night-fall to ask you to send me to the end of the bay in a small boat. Before night you can surely have me put on shore, can you not?' he asked uneasily.

'Landed! And what will you do on

'I will return to my village,' he said with sublime simplicity. 'I could not sleep here, you know. The attack might be made to-night.'

This man who had seemed so vulgar at first grew larger at every word, and we surrounded him, charmed and curious.

'But it is you, father, who will be most in danger.'

'That is very likely,' he replied as tranquilly as an ancient martyr.

Ten of his parishioners would wait for him on the shore at sunset. At nightfall, all together, they would return to the threatened village, and then, at the will of God!

And as we urged him to stay—because to go was to go to a certain death, to some atrocious Chinese death—this return after aid had been refused, he became indignant, gently but obstinately and unchangably, without long words and without anger.

'It is I who converted them, and you wish me to abandon them when they are persecuted for their faith? But they are my children!'

With a certain emotion the officers of the watch had one of the ship's boats prepared to take him to shore, and we all shook hands with him when he went away. Always quiet and now insignificant again, he confided to us a letter for an aged relation in Lorraine, took, took a little French tobacco and went away.

And as twilight fell we watched in silence over the heavy, warm water the silhouette of this apostle going so simply to his obscure martyrdom.

We got ready to leave the following week, I forget for where and from this time on events gave us no rest. We never heard more of him, and I think for my part that I never would have thought of him again if Monseigneur Morel, Director of Catholic Missions, had not insisted one day that I write a little missionary story.—

Pierre Loti, in the Outlook.

All Sorts.

Someone has calculated that the postmen of London walk, together, something like 48,360 miles per day—a distance equal to twice the circumference of the globe.

A Northumberland, England, tarmer's horse died from bee stings. The farmer was carrying several hives in a cart, when they were upset. The bees swarmed on the horse and killed him.

Mr. Charles Hunter, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont., has sixteen fig trees laden with fruit and well advanced towards ripening. There is not a barren fig tree among them.

A reward of £100 has been offered at Kima, British East Africa, to anyone who kills the two man-eating lions which have been torrorizing the district for some time past. No married men are allowed to try for the reward.

The Omar Khayyam Club planned a reception for the Shah of Persia when he should reach London on his tour, and word of the fact reached His Majesty in Paris. "But who," he ssked, is Omar Khayyam?"

In Brighton a lad of seven years, seeing a cartoon of Kruger in a shop window. seized a stone and flung it at the picture, smashing the plate glass window. At the police station the little fellow sobbed out his explanation: "Cause that man killed my father." The latter had been killed in action at the front.

Rats are fine swimmers. They are nearly as much at home in a swollen stream as they are in the placid celler of a well-stocked mansion. In fact, the whole rodent family, including mice, squirrels and other species, learn to make themselves at home in the water when necessity

The effort to pursuade Australian soldiers to remain as colonist in the Transvaal seems not very successful. A protest in the North South Wales assembly against such a scheme of emigration led to a statement by the premier that he had information that few of the soldiers would re-

main, as they believed Australia to be a better country than South Africa.

The average of prison life in Massachusetts county institutions is said to be so pleasant and attractive that it is not strayed to find that some of the prisons are kept nearly full most of the time, remarks the Boston Advertiser. Another illustration of the traditional shrewdness of the Yapkee, who probably figures that he can live better and cheaper in prison than at home.

Since 1864 the total vote at each successive Presidential election has shown an increase over the vote of the preceding contest. From 1864 to 1868 the gain was 1,700,000; from 1868 to 1872, 700,000; from 1872 to 1876, 2,000,000; from 1876 to 1880, 800,000; from 1880 to 1884, 800,000; from 1884 to 1888, 1,300,000, an abnormally large increase not accounted for by the admission of new states; from 1888 to 1892, 700,000, and from 1892 to 1896, 1,900,000. This year the probable total popular vote is estimated at 16,000,000.

The single working girls of Boston are organizing against married women who work in restaurants and big stores for pin money. The girls think that women who have husbands to support them ought to stay at home and not interfere with others who are compelled to work for a living.

London has 600,000 houses. Paris has 00,000 houses, New York has 115,000.

Acknowledgments.

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Angus McDonnell,
Rev. R. McDonnell,
Allan Black,
Ames Farrell,
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apt. Edward Petrie,
Gannon, Postmaster,
chael E. Campbell,
in Davison,
m McIntosh. Service Co. gh Gillis, s, John McNeil, an J. McDougall. a J. McDougall.

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A. McInnis,
J. Glovanette, Port Morien,
ick Curry,
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i J. McLennan, B. S., Old Bridgeport,
th Haley,
nic Cameron,
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John J. McLean,
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Mary Mcadam, Lynn,
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Matthias Smith. Emerald, P. E. I.,
Catherine McMillan, teacher, Craigmore,
Secy. K. of C. Ottawa,
Wm. O'Brien, Providence,
F. H. Randall, Antigonish,
Dan Campbell, Old Gulf Road,
L. Gillis, Gloncester,
James McSween, Barrachols,
James Nichols, James River Station,

A Brave Priest.

An incident of the anti-negro riots in New Orleans last week is told in the press despatches. The negro Charles, huuted by the mob, was in a house, firing on everyone who approached. The only means of approaching the house was an alley way. Officers Lally and Porters had been shot down in the alley by Charles.

In a little while there was an immense armed crowd circling the square in which Charles was located.

In the meantime Father Fitzgerald, of St. John's Church, was summoned to administer extreme unction to the police officers who were lying in the alley.

The priest responded promptly and he was anointing the body of Porters, with Alfred G. Bloomfield, a young boy, standing by his side, when Charles again appeared at the window.

The boy saw him at once and begged the desperado not to shoot him. Charles immediately fired his Winchester again, and Bloomfield fell dead.

The priest, unburt, left the scene, after pluckily performing the last offices for the dead officer.—Church Progress.

Hicks—They have said that Berton is a man of peculiar views. But it seems that be can think the same as others do.

Wicks-Possibly. What led you to that conclusion.

Hicks-When I met him to-day, he said

he supposed I hadn't a dollar I wanted to spare, and—really it was quite a coincidence—I supposed so too.

Modern and Up - To - Date Facilities.

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities necessary for conducting a reliable and first-class drag business. When you favour us with you doctor's prescription, our best efforts are directed to make that prescription what your medical adviser intended it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

Paine's Celery Compound is giving marvellous results to sick people all fover Canada. The wonderful cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favour of the great medicine. Thousands who suffered from rheumatism, neurlagia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that brought a speedy cure and gave them health and

Foster Bros., Druggists, Antigonish, N. S.

strength.

SECOND - HAND CARRIAGES : FOR SALE.

I have a number of second-hand Carriages, in fair condition, which I will sell cheap. Call and examine if you want a bargain.

D. McISAAC

AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.

*** *******

Have just received a number of

CARRIAGES,

with and without tops, from Ontario and Nova Scotia manufacturers. These are said to be the very best quality of goods. Anyone wanting something

COMFORTABLE, DURABLE, STYLISH, yet CHEAP,

had better call and examine these.

Harnesses,

Implements

F.R. TROTTER

P

CTROUT

BOSTON

And All Points in United State

Summer Sailings, Commencing Jule 1

8. 8. "Florida," 8. 8. "La Grande Duchesse, Tau 8. 8. "Halifax,"

FROM HAWKESBURY
S.S. "La Grande Duchesse," We
S. S. " Hallfax,"

S. S. "Hallfax,"
FROM SYDNEY:
S. S. "Florida,"

From Boston, Tuesdays and San Hallfax, Hawkesbury and Garion, Fridays for Sydney.

From Halifax to Hawkesbury and town, S. S. "Halifax," Wednesday, Cheap through thekets for sale, and checked by Agents Intercelonial Rule For all Information apply to P. Agents, Boston, Halifax, Rawesburlottetown, Sydney and North Sydney, H. L. CHIPM.

CASH MA

COPPER WOOLKINS, WOOLHIDES and trans CALFSKINS,

SORAP - IRON AND LEAD. taken here and at Pomquet.
Antigonish, N S, July 11, 1909.

Wanted

Hides, Calfskins, Wool, Woolskins, Tallow, Etc., Etc.,

For which Cash will be Pa

& CO.,

Opposite Post Olke,

ANTIGONISH. N.

APPLICATION FOR ASSI MENT OF DOWER,

IN THE SUPREME COURT, DOG

Befere (Sgd.) J. McD. (L. S.)

In the matter of the application of Enec to have her dower of certain lands no ses at Lakevale, in the County of An assigned.

UPON HEARING Mr. Jennison, the Cameron, and upon reading the administration of the Cameron, widow, sworts in 16th day of October, 1899, and an exhibit affidavit referred to and the affidavit of Graham, sworn herein the 20th day of D 1200.

IT 18 ORDERED, that Angus Camur-James Cameron, Allan Cameron, Sel Cameron, Heirs of Hugh Cameron, late of Lakon leirs of Hugh Cameron, late of Lakon gonish County, N. S., being at preside from the Prevince of Nova Scotta, deapy plead on the application made by the Cameron to have her dower sentence tain lands and premises at Lakon County of Antigonish, Nova Scotta, will days from the date of this order; and in one newspaper in late Antigonish by one insertion each week levely for a period of twenty days.

(8gd.) D LOGAN, Prot. Dated this list day of July, A. D. 188

FRUIT TREES, ORNAMENTAL SHR

SALESMEN WANTED.

ROSES, ETC.

The Finest Range of Goods in Canada.

GOOD PAY.

Will sell direct to purchaser waen no agent. Stock guaranteed, Deliver condition. Write

PELHAM NURSERY CO.

PELHAM NURSERY CO.,
Toronto, C.

CAPITAL. EQUIPMENT. EXPERIENCE.

Every advantage that these three yield in

BOOTS AND SHOE

will be found in the product of the Amherst Boot and Shoe Mfg. Co.

Amherst Boot and Shoe Co.

Amherst, N. S.

Branches: Halifax and Charlottetown.

Aug. 30, 1900

H. L. CHIPMA

AND LEAD

alfskins oolskins tc., Etc., will be Pal

SH. N.

FOR ASSIG DOWER

ation of Ene Car tain lands and a county of Anign Jennison, for l g the affidavish w, sworn here and an exhibit his he amidavit of 1 20th day of July

A. D. 1905

CO., nto, Canadi

Bed Time Song.

The sandman comes with his old gray sack, Filled with dust for the little one's eyes; He sifts it out with a lavish hand, And he hushes the baby's cries.

The sandman clasps, in his wrinkled palm. The soft hands of my baby so fair, And baby's frolic gives place to calm As he yields to the sandman's care,

Bids the sweetest and fairest to stay And angels watch o'er that baby's rest Till the dawn of the glad new day.

" Nid-nod," he whispers to baby dear ; Baby knows well what he means; The white lids droop o'er the eyes so blue And they're off to the land of dreams

-Pearson's Weekly.

THE LAWYER'S STORY,

Twelve months had crept by since I had passed my trying examination and had been admitted to the bar. I hired a cozy little office in a building filled with scores of prominent law firms. After arranging my well-stocked library I nailed up my new sign among the rest and waited for my clients to appear. It soon became a sad trial of patience.

Among the many brilliant lights of the day my own name passed unnoticed.

Day after day, and mouth after month, I attended the Courts or passed the time in purusing celebrated cases. Like Micawber, I was awaiting for comething to turn up. The small capital with which I had started was dwindling away at an alarming pace and, as yet. I saw no prospective

One pleasant afternoon Stanley Ferris. a young lawyer, who like myself, was unwillingly idle, dropped in to see me.

"What news, Jack?" he asked careless-

"Same as usual," I replied despondently. "I've a notion to pack off in the wilderness for a few weeks. Everybody is out of town, and there is little prospect of picking up a fee until they return.

My friend was about to reply, when there came a low knock at the door.

As the door opened my heart gave a great bound. I felt that my long-lookedfor client had arrived at last. At a single glance I took in all the details of my visitor's appearance. He was a middleaged man, dressed in plain costume, with a seemly good-natured face. Most men would have set him down at once as a jolly, open-hearted individual; but I did not. My constant attendance at the Courts had taught me much. There was something underlying his oily smile and obsequious manner that made me distrust him.

"Is this Mr. Burns?" he asked blandly. I bowed in the affirmative and requested him to be seated. Stanley left the room at that moment, and the stranger con-

"My name is Brown, sir, Martin Brown. I have called upon you in a case of emer-

gency.' "In what way can I be of service?" I

"My friend, who is in a dying condition, wishes you to draw up a will at

I seized my hat and hurriedly followed my visitor. In the elegantly furnished room of a hotel we found the man.

Owing to the heavily darkened room I He lay with his face turned toward the Babylonic epic, or to dissect a cat. But wall, and in feeble tones dictated the terms of the will, as I drew it up.

I accomplished my task to his satisfaction, and placed the document before him to sign. As he did so I noticed a deep red sear running reross the back of his hand. The whole of the dying man's property-an immense one by the waywas left to his dear friend, Martin Brown.

As I left the house the smiling Mr. Brown handed me my fee. It was a beggarly amount, the more so from the fact that Mr. Brown was soon to become wealthy. The man's wily smile, too, while his friend lay at the point of death' sickened me and I was glad to hurry away. On my way I met Stanley and in answer to his inquiries, I related the circumstances.

"A beggarly miser," he exclaimed indignantly, " I'd never, believe it from his appearance."

It was nearly a week afterward that a young lady, dressed in deep mourning, called upon me. This time I had a case in reality. She was not more than twenty, but her beautiful face bore the impress of grief. In a few words she stated her business retaining the names until she had heard my opinion.

Her story was as follows:

Three weeks before her uncle had left home in company with a man he called his of exposure to the tuberculosis microbe. friend. While in the city he had been In other words, according to Dr. Cassidy taken suddenly ill and died. She had received no information of the fact until after her relative was buried.

Then came the strangest part of the

will, making her, his only living relative, | are nourished in the same way that their

On her arrival in the city, however, she had been shown a will drawn by her uncle points out is that people must learn now on his deathbed, in which he left his entire | to nourish their bodies with the right kind property to his friend.

such a strange act, and distrusting the friend, she had sought out a lawyer. Luckily she was unacquainted with the names of our distinguished lawyers. My glaring gold sign had been the first to catch her eye and so she called upon me.

"The case certainly does look suspicious," I remarked. "I think I will be able to make a fight in your behalf. Now, will you kindly furnish me with the names of these parties ?"

"My uncle, sir, was Andrew Thurber. His friend called himself Martin Brown.' Involuntarily my pen dropped from my surprised fingers. It was the very will I had drawn up myself.

She turned pale as I related the circumstances, and arose to leave.

"I see I have made a very awkward mistake by calling upon you," she said

"Wait one moment," I replied quickly. This Martin Brown is a total stranger to me. If he has been engaged in an act of villainy I shall not shield him."

We entered into a close conversation, at the end of which I said, confidently : "Leave the case to me. If I fall it

shall be through no fault of mine." She accepted my offer with thanks and

left me thinking deeply. During the interview I had learned that the deceased had no scar upon his right hand. Now, certain of villainy, I set to

work diligently to find it out. Working cautiously, I found the man who had laid the body out for burial. From him I learned that he had performed his task on the morning of June 23rd, just ten hours before I was called upon to draw up the will. The will had already been offered for probate, so there was no

time to be lost. Andrew Thurber's body was disinterred and the contents of the stomach analyzed. It was found to contain poison.

By some means the sly wretch got wind of my movements and attempted to fly. At that moment the detectives seized him. Confronted by the terrible proofs, he made a full confession.

Before his trial came off he ended his life by swallowing a quantity of the same deadly poison with which he had killed

Miss Thurber met with no further obstacles in regaining her rights.

Something still more important happened to me from my connection with the case. I wooed and won the beautiful girl for my wife. As Stanley Ferris remarked afterward, "I gained fame and fortune with a rush.'

A Woman's True Work.

The work of a woman in the world is not to make money, but to make a home; her true business in life is that of wife and mother. That is true with regard to nine out of ten of these pretty girls who are tiptoeing about now in caps and gowns, and cherishing the fondest hopes that they may some day be learned Fellows and Deans. They will marry perhaps, or remain single, helpful sisters or aunts. They will have houses to manage, marketing to do, stupid cooks to guide, babies to rear, sick children and men to nurse. Not once in a woman's life perhaps will she be three times every day a meal must be cooked under her supervision. At any minute, be she cook or countess, she may be called upon to make a poultice for a sick child, to change the sheets under him. to know why the bread is sodden and the meat uneatable, to give medicine intelligently to the baby in her arms. The college, be it remembered, takes the girl for four years out of family life in which this kind of training would be given to her-Its controllers, in their anxiety to develop her brain as fully as that of a man, forget the woman's life which is inexorably placed

At home a women should be guided in her manner of dressing by an even greater desire to please than elsewhere. Her husband may be the most unobservant of men, but he will know when she looks neat and attractive, with hair newly dressed, and some pretty arrangement about the bodice of her gown. The practice of wearing soiled finery at home cannot be too strongly deprecated .- Ladies' Home Journal.

The Scourge of Consumption.

Consumption is not so much hereditary as is the result of lack of nourishment and and the great medical authorities, the microbe finds a sure lodging place in the lungs of people who are badly nourished, and who breathe impure air. People die of consumption, not because their parents Two years before, her uncle had made a or relatives died of it, but because they deceased relatives were, and live in much the same surroundings. What Dr. Cassidy of food, and how to breathe fresh air.

There can't be consumption where there is proper food, fresh air and sunshine, and little contact with tuberculosis surroundings. Thousands and thousands of Canadians have died from consumption because they slept in feather beds and on feather pillows that had been used by a line of consumptives before them! There are hundreds and hundreds of mothers of families, who, ignorant of the fact, think consumption is a dispensation of God, who think there is nothing to be done but to send for a doctor, to buy cod liver oil by the score of bottles, and, when the end comes, to incur heavy bills for funerals and mourning - but who would almost take a fit if they were told that they had failed in giving their children nourishing food, had deliberately kept their homes barred to fresh air and sunshine, because of the injury that might result to carpets that fade, to furniture that will warp, and if they were told that they must consign their beds and pillows, their patchwork quilts and carpets to a bonfire!

Consumption can be cured in its early stages, can be prevented entirely if due precaution is taken. Men and women must each for themselves and for their families know and obey the common laws of health. The school teacher, the doctor and the parent must impress these laws on all. An intelligent school teacher, who tells pupils what constitutes good food, the necessity of fresh gir - that the lungs must be washed out several times a day in fresh air, and the like - is worth much to the community. The common laws of health should be taught in schools, in preference to the so-called advanced subjects. Just as smallpox has been bandled and rendered preventible by public education, so can consumption.

The people are gradually seeing that they themselves, and not the will of God or the fatality of heredity, have most to do with consumption and its ravages, as they come to see that it is within human control the more anxious will they be to avoid it. One of the best signs of the growth of this sentiment is the dread people have of association with consumptives. They are, wherever possible, demanding the isolation of consumptives, and the closing of workshops to them. This may seem cruel, but it is the sign of a general awakening. It is a crime to allow a consumptive man or woman to associate with others in a workshop, or to be in constant association with children.

The two great scourges of the day are cancer and consumption; the latter we are learning how to avoid and stamp out - of cancer we know little as yet of the origin or prevention .- Toronto World.

Chinese Love of Learning.

It is not so long since the nobles of our most civilized western lands counted it a vice to write well, and slept on rushes in their torch-lit wooden halls. Their ideals were war and hunting, with bows and arro vs for the most part, with legalized plundering of the agricultural population to renew their supplies of bread. In those days China was far more civilized than any European country, and in the life of the Chinese Empire that period is only as yesterday. The two things which have done most to change the relative positions could distinguish nothing of his features. called upon to quote from an Assyrian of East and West are gunpowder and printing, yet both have been known in China for ages. So that any inherrent superiorty on the part of the West is rather a pleasing fiction; much might be said in the contrary sense.

> Yet it is none the less true that China has been overshadowed and left behind by the western hations, and the recognition of this fact is the starting point of the Emperor's policy.

He conceives the remedy to be an infusion af new life into the education of the people; a supersession of the wonderful system of intellectual training, perfected centuries ago which forms all minds alike before her, and do not fit her for its inevit- on the great Chinese Classics, "the best that has been thought and said" in the Celestial Land. It is the battle of utility against culture fought out once more on Chinese lines. Chemistry and Physics, engineering and military science are to take the place of essays and poems exquisitely fashioned after ancient models, now the sole test of talent throughout the Empire, and perfection in which is the royal road to fame and fortune

It is hard to tell which we would most admire, the genuine enthusiasm of China for literay culture, for familiarity with the hightest thoughts and noble words of the sages, or the marvellous ingenuity and precision with which this knowledge is tested by a system of examinations hardly equalled and never surpassed, by any nation in the world-the vast halls, with their cloister-like divisions for ten thousand candidates; the seals set on the doors before the papers are given out; the counted sheets of stamped paper with name and number for the essays and poems of each candidate; the army of clerks copying the themes in red ink, lest any personal sign or mark should lead the examiner to recognize the favoured pupil; the enthusiastic crowds gathering at the doors; the cannons and music which greet the candi.

chancellor ceremoniously presiding; the lists of the successful eagerly bought up in the streets; the chosen essays and poems sent to court for the delectation of the Emperor; the gold-buttoned cape and silk gowns of the graduates; and, lastly, the almost pathetic provision that whoever continues without success to try for any degree until his eightieth year shall receive it free, from the Emperor himself, as a reward for faithful love of learning .- North American Review.

Teaching Etiquette.

" Madam," he began as the door opened, I am selling a new book on "Etiquette and Deportment."

"Oh, you are," she responded. "Go down there and clean the mud off your

"Yes'm. As I was saying, ma'am, I am

"Take off your hat. Never address a strange lady at her door without removing

"Yes'm. Now, then, as I was saying"-"Take your hands out of your pockets, No gentleman ever carries his hands there.

"Yes'm. Now, ma'am, this work on

"Throw away your pipe. If a gentleman uses tobacco, he is careful not to disgust others by the habit."

"Yes'm. Now, ma'am, in calling your attention to this valuable"-

"Wait. Put that dirty handkerchief out of sight and use less grease on your hair in the future. Now you look a bit decent. You have a book on 'Etiquette and Deportment.' Very well. I don't want it. I am only the servant girl. Go up the

FOR SALE

Monastery, Tracadie,

- 1 SELF-BINDER (Massey-Harris make), nearly new.
- 1 SEEDER.
- 1 GRAIN CRUSHER.

2 TURBINE WHEELS. For further information apply to

THOMAS SOMERS, Antigonish.

dates first to come forth; the literary steps to the front door and talk with the lady of the house. She called me a downright, outright, no-doubt-about-it idiot this morning, and I think the book you're selling is just what she requires." "But, kind sir, have you no use for the

milk of human kindness" asked the unfortunate person.

'Not unless it is clarified," answered the health food consumer.

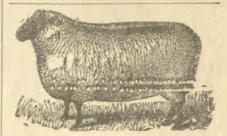
FAT HERRING!

Just received:

BARRELS

GENUINE HERRING.

F. R. TROTTER.



WOOL. WOOL

We want a Large quantity of Good Washed fool, for which we will pay the highest price in schange for goods at Cash Prices.

McCURDY & CO.

WALDREN'S Photo Studio.

GREGORY BUILDING. ANTIGONISH.

CLOSED UNTIL OCTOBER.

After which time it will be opened as heretofore.

TOO MUCH CREDIT A positive injury and serious loss.

Does the Cash Customer not deserve Consideration over the one who Buys on Time?

Our business experience for the past number of years has proved very clearly to us that the long-credit system is doing a

great deal of injury to business generally. It is well known that the merchant who gives out his goods on long credit must of necessity charge higher prices to make up for a proportion of bad debts, etc.

Now, we propose giving this extra profit to Customers who are prepared to pay cash for their goods.

On June 1st we intend making this decided change, and adopting the "Ready-pay System," when we invite Customers to make a comparison of our prices. They will then clearly see the saving to be made in buying for Cash over the old system of running an account and paying once a year.

In consequence of this change, we respectfully ask all those whose accounts are past due to make payment at once.

McCURDY & CO. Antigonish, N. S., May 24, 1900.

to sell high-grade Fruit Trees and Fruit Bushes, Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, Roses, Hedging, Vines, etc., all of which is sent out under Government certificate for cleanliness and freeness from disease, for

FONTHILL NURSERIES.

We have the largest nurseries in Canada (800 acres), and can therefore give the best assortment of stock.

STEADY EMPLOYMENT TO WORKERS and GOOD PAY WEEKLY; ALL SUPPLIES FREE.

We are Sole Agents for Dr. Mole's celebrated Caterpillarine, which protects trees from the caterpillar. Highest testimonials, Our agents cover their expenses by carrying this as a side line. It is in great demand. Write at once for terms.

STONE & WELLINGTON. TORONTO.

ANTIGONISH SASH and DOOR FACTORY.

: Always on hand or made to order at short notice : :

Doors, Sashes, Sash and Door Frames, Mouldings, all Kinds, Spruce Flooring and Sheathing,

KILN DRIED BIRCH FLOORING, LATHS, SCANTLING," Etc., Etc.

JOHN McDONALD



ESTABLISHED, 1852

THE CASKET,

UBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AT ANTIGONISH BY THE CASKET PRINTING AND PUB-LISHING COMPANY (LIMITED).

M. DONOVAN, Manager

Terms: \$1.00 per Year in Advance

There is what is called the worldly spirit which enters with the greatest subtilty into the character of even good people; and there is what is called the time-spirit, which means the dominant way of thinking and of acting which prevails in the age in which we live; and these are powerful temptations, full of danger and in perpetual action upon us.—Cardinal Manning

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30.

Official.

Confirmation will be administered at Arisaig on Sunday, 9th September, and at Lismore on the following morning (10th of September).

SIMIAN ANTICS IN BORROWED BOOTS.

No reasonable man will begrudge Mr. R. R. McLeod the poor pleasure of believing, if it pleases him to do so, that he is, as he stands to-day, the present product of a great series of evolutionary changes, which had their worldly origin in "inert matter," and began by its "resident forces." The "inert matter" theory may be helpful. It enables Mr. McLeod to go back, in tracing his descent, farther than the "monkey" stage which satisfies less energetic evolutionists. Doubtless he would wish to hurry by the "moukey" stage as quickly as possible; but it is impossible. There is the irresistible propensity to chatter, the visible inclination to meddle and make mischief, and last, but not least, that dreadful "itching of the fingers "-all indicating clearly that in the course of evolution from "inert matter" to his present condition (by no means inert) Mr. McLeod's ancestors fell among monkeys.

Mr. McLeod's article on evolution contains nothing new. It is a synopsis of the vagaries of human vanity as illustrated by the errors of our so-called wise men of science. Science has demonstrated that water cannot run up hill. Yet the Mississippi flows towards the Equator. Science demonstrated with great precision that iron steamers could never float in water. Yet we all know they do float. There was one absurd conclusion reached and emphasized by the wise men of science in this very century. Come, Mr. McLeod, how many of the learned men cited by you were in unison in their views on this very subject of evolution.

Says R. R. McLeod: . . . "Christian sects have watched with irritated apprehension the movements of geologists, astronomers, biologis's, and archaeologists, fearing lest some discovery might discredit their own teachings in directions where religion should have had no opinions to defend." If you saw, Mr. McLeod, a savage who knew no language but his own, attentively looking over your essay on evolution, knowing full well that he was about to expound it to his tribe, would you feel no apprehension for your scalp, particularly if previous experience had taught you that the said aborigine would probably interpret it to them in a light unfavourable to you."

If you were an astronomer how would you feel when you saw a man afflicted with temporary ability to see double, about to test your theories by peering through your telescope?

"The fact is, religion, as expressed by her creeds and her votaries had claimed that a supernatural revelation made in the long ago, had forestalled the discoveries of science in certain directions, and made her discoveries audaciously irreverent," says

R. R. McLeod. And there came men who, being ignorant, knew nothing of God's revelation to his Church, and men who, being proud in their own conceit, sought to learn independently of it, and men who, being rebellious, ignored its teachings; and most of these men took their stand on the very uncertain doctrines of human science. They peered through telescopes and forgot the possibility of their not having accurate vision, they read and expounded the Holy Scriptures and forgot or ignored the fact that even laws written by human hands are not allowed interpretation by men who have not proved themselves fit for such interpreting. They made gods of their own poor, weak, erring intellects. Men who could probably be puzzled by thousands of questions in well known branches of mathematics have assumed to have such intimate knowledge of divine mysteries as caused them to reject and set aside Divine Revelation and the Church which expounds and preserves it. Mental and moral anarchists they were and are, every one of them. Yet some of them were big men, and the sight of R. R. McLeod wobbling around in their shoes is conclusive testimony against the theory of evolution and the survival of the fittest.

War Notes.

Lieutenant Cordua, formerly of the Transvaal Artillery, who was convicted of being a ringleader in the plot to kidnap Lord Roberts was shot at Pretoria last Friday afternoon.

There has been great activity during the past week in South Africa. The Boers in considerable force assembled at Machadodorp and at Wonderfortein, to the West of that place. Lord Roberts then shifted his headquarters from Pretoria to Wonderfontein, and many of the other generals, among them Buller, French and Pole-Carew, with their forces, joined him there. It is said that in the immediate neighbourhood of that place there are seventy-five thousand British soldiers. General Buller's casualties in last Thursday's fighting were twenty in killed, wounded and missing, and in the evening two companies of the Liverpool Regiment, who were with him, by some mistake advanced out of sight of the main body, and were surrounded by the Boers. Ten of their number were killed and fifty-six wounded, besides 32 missing. On Saturday and Sunday Generals Buller, French and Pole-Carew had heavy engagements with the enemy over a district of about thirty miles. In a despatch of August 27 Lord Roberts said that he was meeting with decided success, though the work was very slow, owing to the nature of the ground. In this despatch he says that the British casualties on Aug. 27 would probably be over fifty or sixty. Heavy fighting has since been reported around Machadodorp, the Boers, it is said, being driven back with great loss. The British losses are also said to be heavy.

Two Canadians who had been invalided to England sailed for Cape Town last week to rejoin their regiment.

General Olivier, the Boer Commandant who played such a prominent part in the operations in the Orange River Colony, was captured by the British at Winburg a few days ago. His forces attacked those of the British under General Hamilton but they were beaten back. Three sons of Oliver are also said to have been captured.

North Sydney News.

Fine new residences are being erected in Ward One for Messrs. F. J. Tait and J. D. Lawson, of the Western Union Telegraph Company's Cable Staff.

Capt. D. Rudderham's new tugboat, the Iona, built this year by John Millard, the well-known shipbuilder of Liverpool, N. S., is a beauty. She is the fastest boat on this harbour.

Graham Fraser, President of the Nova Scotia Steel Co., was in town last week.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell went to St. John's, Nfld., by the Bruce, last week.

Dr. James W. Proctor, of Englewood, New Jersey, son of Wm. Proctor, of this town, is spending a vacation at his father's home.

Mr. R. P. Scott is about starting the erection of a new large business building on Commercial Street.

One thousand dollars was collected in fines under the Scott Act in this town last year.

Several new residences are being erected in Ward Four.

Rev. Father Gillis, lately Curate here, is now at Glace Bay, and is replaced here by Rev. Father Kiely, lately Curate at Glace Bay.

Rev. D. V. Phalen, left on Monday morning for Canso, to be absent a few

Mrs. John D. McDonald, formerly proprietress of the Belmont Hotel, is now living in her new house on Archibald Avenue. Mrs. W. Wheeler is visiting her. Mrs. W. P. Collins is visiting her parents

n Halifax.

Mr. James Desmond has completed an extensive enlargement of his business building on Commercial Street.

The p ssenger traffic on the harbour has increased enormously, the four boats being now crowded nearly every trip.

The building known as the Scotia House, has been renovated and greatly improved preparatory to its being occupied by the branch business of Mr. D. Grant Kirk, of Anticopies

Mr. F. Nolan is erecting a fine residence on Archibald Avenue.

Races will be held on the North Sydney Trotting Park in the first week of September.

The Robinson Opera Company will play in the Rosslyn Rink at Sydney, for five weeks. They have now opened there.

A. C. Thompson & Co. have now one of the finest business buildings in Cape Breton, in this town. The recent enlargement has added greatly to its appearance.

Mrs. Charles E. Hamilton, of Halifax, is visiting her brother-in-law, A. G. Hamilton.

The R. C. Parish of Sydney Mines cleared about \$1,300, by the recent picnic.

Mr. W. A. Creelman, the popular principal of our schools, was married last week to Miss Belle Robertson, daughter of the late C. A. Robertson.

Inverness Notes.

A rather belated road machine is beginning to get in evidence. Considering that we are at first of September, road-making now or henceforth can be of little or no use. Why this everlasting dawdling, year in year out, or where is the practical common sense of it when, as a matter of fact, we are within a few months of winter with its mud, frosts and snows?

The friends of the coal development, and as for that matter of every other legitimate development in Inverness, were rejoiced to see A. McNeil, Esq., Barrister, Halifax, in the County last week, after his outing with the American and Canadian Engineering Institution. Mr. McNeil looked in good form and felt sanguine of the future. Certain necessary changes have been effected in the personelle of the local management which, it is felt, will operate most advantageously all around. Nothing like keeping things up-to-date.

Mr. James A. McLeod, a graduate, I understand of Dalhousie, has been engaged as principal of the Port Hood Academy, while Miss M. McLellan is taking charge of the second department.

Messrs. Donald F. Macdonnell and Somers Smyth are shortly to leave us, the former to take a professorship in Church Point College, the latter to begin the study of medicine in Harvard University.

A veritable curio—a relic of Waterloo—in the way of an old broken bayonet, the property of John Gilhes, captain in the Black Watch, and grandfather of A. McDonald, barrister, Port Hood, and of the Gillies of Little Judique, is in the possession of a gentleman belonging to the shiretown. It was used for the well known musket—"the old Betsey."

To pay railway damages, it is necessary for the Municipality to borrow \$67,000. The clerk has issued a neat pamphlet demonstrating the valuable assets of the County. It is sincerely to be hoped the loan may be effected at a reasonable rate of matters in this connection more anon.

The Provincial Exhibition.

There will be two novel, interesting and highly instructive features at the Provincial Exhibition at Hallfax next month. One of them will be the flax making contest. This was suggested by Mr. D. McDiarmid, of New Glasgow, and it is understood that six contestants will come from Pictou County.

A very attractive feature will be the Butter Making Competition. The competition will be conducted under the supervision of Mr, Hopkins, Dominion Superintendent of Dairy in the Maritime Provinces, and will be participated in by a very large numbers of competitors. Prizes are offered subject to the following regulations:—

The competition is open to any butter maker, male or female, who has made butter in a creamery or farm dairy.

The butter will be made at the Exhibition on three different days and the prizes will be awarded to the butter makers who make the highest aggregate score.

Entries must be made for the competition on or before the first of September, with J. E. Wood, Manager and Secretary, and the competitors should state whether or not they wish to furnish their own utensils.

Ripened cream will be furnished and the butter therefrom shall be the property of the Association.

The necessary utensils, selt, colour, etc., will be supplied or they may be brought by the competitors who should state with their entries what they wish to do in this regard.

The competitions will take place at 2 15 p. m., Tuesday, September 18, Wednesday 19, and Thursday 20. All utensils must be left in a perfectly clean condition after the work is finished.

The competitors will in the case of men wear white caps and suits, and women will wear white caps and aprons.

The butter must be put in prints and wrapped in parchment paper if so required by the judges.

In awarding the prizes the quantity and quaity of the butter, the method of making, cleanliness and care of utensils will all be considered.

The Exhibition Commission offer the following prizes:—The amount of \$12, for each competitor up to \$100, to be awarded according to the points scored by each competitor.

No competitor will draw any prizes who does not score 85 points and the total amount awarded will be divided among competitors proportionately to the number of points above 85 scored by each one.

An entrance fee of twenty-five cents will be charged.

The Plant liner La Grande Duchesse met with an accident last Monday, while off Egg Island, when a few hours out from Halifax for Charlottetown. She lost her propellor, and had to put back to port. She goes to Boston this afternoon, thence to New York, whence she will be docked, as the dock at Halifax is occupied. This will be her last trip of the season.

FOR HEADACHE

-TAKE-

Perfect Headache Powder

25 CENTS PER BOX.
Sent by Mail on Receipt of Price.

C. M. HENRY, Chemist and Druggist, ANTIGONISH, N. S.

A. KIRK & CO

Beg to announce still further additions to their already large and varied stock.

In our Dress Department will be found a practically unlimited field of choice as regards styles combined with a high standard of quality and a moderate range of price. We call particular attention to the

NEW PASTEL TINTS, in CHEVIOTS, BROADCLOTHS, NEW FAST DYE, ALL WOOL NAVY BLUE SERGES NEW PLAIN COLORED COSTUME CLOTHS,

NEW BLACK and WHITE CHECKED DRESS GOODS, in all sizes of a

NEW KHAKI SUITINGS.
LINEN and PIQUE SUITINGS, in white and colors.
ALL-WOOL CASHMERES, in usual colors.
FIGURED LUSTRES and CREPONNES.

Ready-to-Wear Skirts.

Rainy day skirts as well as every-day skirts, in Linen, Plan Denim and other fabrics, all marked at lowest prices.

Mantle Department.

Everything new and decidedly fashionable is represented her Ladies' Mantles and Jackets. High-class goods at special low prices.

Our Clothing Department.

Don't make the mistake of passing us when you need anything the Clothing line, as we can easily save you 15 to 20 per cent, your purchase. We are showing the largest range in town, mu up in all the most attractive styles for 1900, which in addition our special low prices of high-class goods in cloth, make mu finish, makes this department unusually interesting.

Shirt Waists.

We are showing a large, varied and exceedingly well-seed range of Ladies' Shirt Waists, in white and nearly every color the rainbow, and at prices that place them within the reached

White Wear.

This department is full to overflowing in everything that is and up-to-date in Ladies', Misses' and Children's White West every description.

DAINTY NECKWEAR.

Stock large, and gathered to please and score another record us. Cannot be described—will have to be seen. Stock Cols in White, Cardinal, Mavve and Heliotrope, all the new sip Dainty Lace Ties, Patriotic Neckwear—something altogether and very attractive in Bows and Ties. The nattiest and prefer patterns.

MEN'S HATS.

Fine quality Fedora Hats, silk ribbon band and edges, in Brown Pearl and Black. Men's fine Fur Felt Hats, Derby shape, is spring's styles, lined and unlined, silk band and edge,

Window Curtains.

Lace Curtains, Ruffled Novelty Sash, Colored Frilled. Cura Material and Furniture Covering in great variety of design

Window Shades.

In Opaque Shade Cloth and Scotch Holland, with laces a fringes to match.

FURNITURE.

Onr stock of Household Farniture is very complete, and include Parlor Suites, Bedroom Suites, Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Tables, Jardinier Stands, Fancy Chairs, Easy Chaire, Tables, Sideboards, Hall Racks, Iron and Brass Redson Wire, Wool Top and Excelsior Mattrasses.

HOSIERY.

Boys' Bieyele Hose, assorted colored tops, all sides and price Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, large selection and good value

BOOTS and SHOES.

We have no space to particularize, but we wish to styemphatically that anyone requiring Boots, Shoes or Slippers, or coarse, Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses' or Children's, will ours the most complete stock to select from and at a saving the least ten per cent.

A. KIRK & CO.

KIRK'S BLOCK.

ANTIGON

Aug. 30, 1900.

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unlimited field h standard of call particular

DCLOTHS & E SERGES IS. all the new cold all sizes of the

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ONISH

General News.

The Boston boats landed 2,500 passengers at Yarmouth last week.

Many London firms are placing orders for coal in the United States in consequence of bigh prices in England.

A party of Missouri journalists numbering seventy-five visited Montreal and Quebec last Thursday and Friday.

It is said that an insurrection has broken out in Persia, the object of which is to dethrone the present Shah and place his brother on the throne.

Four men were sentenced to life imprisonment at Dallas, Texas, on Tuesday of last week for the lynching of three farmers. all white men, last May.

The salmon pack of British Columbia this year is the smallest on record. Of seven boats chartered to take shipments to England only one will be required.

King Oscar of Sweden and Norway has agreed to act as arbitrator in the matter of compensation for the losses sustained by British, German and American subjects during the recent troubles in Samoa.

The women of Victoria, Australia, have started a movement against woman suffrage. Fifteen twousand of them have signed a petition against the Woman Suf-

A very serious strike has for some days been in progress on the Taff Vale rallway, in Wales. This road is the chief outlet of the South Wales collieries to Cardiff, and by it is carried the coal for the British navy. The employees of the railway are on strike, and as a consequence, about thirty thousand colliers are said to be idle. The strike unless speedily settled will have a disastrous effect on shipping.

The Dominion Government has issued a proclamation foroidding the landing of any criminal immigrants in Canada. This was done to meet the case of a Swede who is said to have murdered nine men in Sweden, and who through political influence at home had been released from serving a life sentence and had taken passage for Canada by the steamer Assyrian from Glasgow. On the arrival of the vessel at Halifax the captain was served with a copy of the order forbidding him to land the convict. The latter was placed in confinement on the ship and was taken away when she sailed.

Town Affairs.

A meeting of the school board was held last Saturday evening.

The committee on repairs reported that certain necessary repairs to Main and St. Ninian Streets Schools had been ordered so that everything would be in readiness when the schools re-opened, and asked the Board to ratify their action which was

A communication from the Superior of Mount St. Bernard's Convent upon which action was deferred at a previous meeting, was again read. It was in the nature of a petition asking that a janitor be appointed for the Convent School, or an allowance of \$50.00 be appropriated for cleaning and looking after the class-rooms. After some consideration the Board decided that the request could not be granted, at least for the present, because of the large expenditure now necessary for the support of the

schools of the Town.

An application from Miss Lily Munro, for the position of teacher in the primary department of St. Ninian St. School, and from Misses O'Brien and McKenzie for positions in the intermediate and primary departments of Main St. School respectively, were read and accepted. The salaries of the teachers in Main St. School were fixed as follows:—Miss McDougall, principal, \$335.00; and Miss O'Brien and Miss McKenzie each \$210 00. The salaries of the teachers in St. Ninian St. School are the same as paid these teachers the last

The estimates for the year were made up and it was found that the Board would require from the Town \$2,000.00 for the support of the schools for the current

An account of James Kenna, for coal amounting to \$3.42, was ordered to be

A Council meeting was held on Tuesday evening. The following accounts were read and ordered to be paid: R. L. McLean, operating water cart, \$22.40; labour on water system, \$3.15; D. G. Kirk, supplies to poor, \$16.95; patent extension fire ladder, \$20; W. J. Lundry, bushes for road repairs, \$1.50; James Kenna, finding and conveying insane man, \$2.50; finding and conveying insane man, \$2,50; Hugh McDonald repairing tools for Town, \$2 60; special police, circus day, \$4.50; James Robertson, St. John, 288 pounds of pig lead, \$14.43; Municipality of Antigo-nish, maintenance of poor and insane,

The estimates for the current year were made up, and the rate of assessment fixed at \$1.60 per \$100 of valuation — the same rate as last year.

September 22nd was the date fixed for

the payment of taxes. \$2,000 was placed at the disposal of the

School Board for the ensuing year. The chairman of the Water Committee reported that Prof. Butler, who was in the Province, had at the instance of the Council come to Antigonish to inspect the water system, and on Monday he with several members of the Council, the Water Superintendent and Mr. Copeland, had made the inspection. The new dam was found to contain a large areas of leaves and other contain a large amount of leaves and other decayed matter The Water Superintendent was instructed to empty the dam, and on further inspection of the quantity and quality of the accumulations it was determined to have the dam cleaned, the work

on which is now going on. Prof. Butler recommended the directing of the overflrow from the new reservoir at a point near the waste-weir loto the north brock, to forestall injury to the pipe-line between the two reservoirs. He also recommended the filling up of a space near the reservoir into which stagnant water was gathering, and the cleaning away of weeds near the reser-voir. The pipes crossing the Clydesdale River were found to have become partly unprotected from the water and ice, and a covering of cement and an apron of the same material were recommeded. A reliever, for the water system, the machinreliever, for the water system, the machin-ery for which had been imported from England some time previously, had been recently attached to the system, and Prof. Butler reported it to be working satisfactorily. It is intended to relieve the strain on the pipes caused by the stud-den turning off the water at the hydrants.

On motion the Water Committee were instructed to carry out the recommendations of Prof. Butler.

The Chinese Situation.

Very little news of any importance concerning the Chinese situation or the condition of affairs in Pekin has been received the past week. The whereabouts of the Emperor, Empress and Prince Tuan are still a mystery. The allies in the city are in need of reinforcements. The Chinese made an attempt to cut the communications of the allies at Tien-Tsin last week, but they were repulsed. On Sunday a mixed force of British, Americans, Japanese and Austrians attacked a large body of Chinese about eight miles southwest of Tien-Tsin, and routed them after about two hours' hard fighting. The Chinese lost 300 killed and 60 prisoners. The casulties of the mixed forces were eleven wounded. Despatches of some days ago said that a large force of Boxers were gathered south and west of Pekin, and later despatches, based on Chinese authority, say that the allies have taken the district west of Pekin. There appears to be a growing feeling of distrust for one another among the powers.

One hundred and twenty invalided Canadians arrived at Quebec by the steamer Lake Ontario from Liverpool last Friday. Among them were twenty-one Nova Scotians. They were paid off at Quebec and left at once for their homes. Twelve of the Nova Scotians arrived at Hatifax on Tuesday, the others having left the train at their homes. In all the cities which they visited the soldiers were given a great reception.

Prince Maximilian, of Saxony, who was ordained to the priesthood some years ago, and who laboured for some time among the poor of the most abandoned districts of London, has, according to an exchange, been appointed Professor of Canon Law, at the University of Freiburg, Switzer-

carrying a dagger was arrested a few days ago while lurking suspiciously about the court of the palace of the Archbishop of Palermo. It is supposed that his purpose was to assassinate the Archbishop.

Judge Frederick Smyth, of the Supreme Court of New York, formerly Recorder of New York City, died at Atlantic City, N. J., a few days ago. The Judge who was noted both for his fidelity and his integrity, had been received into the

The city of Akron, Ohio, was the scene of riot and bloodshed on Wednesday night of last week, owing to the authorities having removed from the city prison a negro whom the mob wished to lynch. Several thousand men and boys, having secured guns and rifles, besieged the police officers in the city hall. The latter after a seige of about two hours managed to escape, and the rioters set fire to the building, which was completely destroyed. The Mayor in despair called on the Governor of the State for help, and nine companies of militia were sent. On their arrival the mob dispersed. Six persons were killed in the firing between the police and the rioters and several others were wounded, one of whom at least has since died.

DIED

McDonald. — At West Street, Anti-gonish, on Wednesday, Aug. 29, Christie, daughter of the late Malcolm McDonald, of Little Julique, aged 13 years. May she rest in peace!

Obituary.

The death of Miss Katie Chisholm at The death of Miss Katis Chisnolin at her home on St. Ninian Street on Sunday morning, although expected for some time past, was learned by her acquaintances with deep regret, and by all the community with sincere expressions of spmpathy for her mother, brothers and sister, into whose home death has thrice entered within the past few years. Deceased possessed a most quiet, pleasant disposition, and during her illness, which continued since last November, she maintained her usual cheerful character. She was fortified and consoled by the frequent reception of all the rites of Holy Church and calmly passed the rites of Holy Church and calmly passed away, with the firm hope of abiding with God and His holy angels for all eternity. She was in her 26th year. Her funeral, which was largely attended, took place on Tuesday morning. A Requiem High Mass, arranged for by the members of the Cathedral choir, of which she was at one time a member was offered by the Rey. Dr. R. member, was offered by the Rev. Dr. R. Macdonaid, for the repose of her soul. May she rest in peace!

The death of John Y. Campbell, of Broad Cove Chapel, Inverness Co.. which occurred on Saturday, the 25th of August, 1900, after an illness of only a few days, has cast a gloom over the Parish of Broad Cove. Deceased was taken with a slight Cove. Deceased was taken with a signit attack of hemorrhage of the lungs; medical aid was at once brought into requisition, and his friends hoped for the best, but Go4 willed otherwise. He bore his illness with quiet resignation to the Will of God, was fortified by the last rites of Holy Church and died surrounded by his Holy Church and died surrounded by his mother, sisters and brother, who have the sincere sympathy of the community, in their sad affliction. Deceased, who was a carpenter by trade, worked for a number of years in the United States, but whether at home or abroad he always lived a virtuous life and never lost sight of his religious duties. The large concourse of people duties. The large concourse of people who attended the funeral, testifies to the esteem in which he was held by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. A man supposed to be an anarchist, and | He was in the 41st year of his age.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25C. E. W. Grove's signature on each box.

Catholic Church two years before his death, his daughter having entered the we have seen of his work. We wish that our friends would call on him before ordering their summer suits.

WEST * END * WAREHOUSE

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

We are headquarters for Mens' and Boys' Clothing. Zvery garment we show from the best to the cheapest is well made and finished, and prices are right on all lines. : : : : : : :



Men's fine navy blue all wool soft serge finish suit at - - \$4, \$4.50 and \$5

Men's Brown and Medium Grey Tweed, in neat checked patterns, at - - - - \$5.00 and \$5.50

Men's Tweed Suits, neat patterns, well made and finished at \$6, 6.50, \$7

Men's Black and Navy Serge Suits, well made with good linings, from - - - - - \$6 to \$7

Men's fine Tweed Suits, in all the nicest patterns, equal in finish to custom made, - \$8, \$9, \$10 and \$12

Men's fine black worsted and Venetian suits, fine imported goods, equal to tailor made, \$8.50, 9.75, \$10, \$12 and up to \$16.50

\$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00

Men's Spring Overcoats, best English covert cloths, in fawns, browns and blues, from - . . - - - \$6 to \$9.75 Men's Strong Tweed Pants, - - - - - \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 Men's Fine Tweed Pants, - - - - \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50 Men's Fine Worsted Pants, in black and fancy stripe at

Boys' and Youths' Suits.

Boys' 2 Piece Suits,

4 to 10 years, in fine serge and tweed, - - \$1.75 and \$2

Boys' Fine Serge Suits,

2 peice, 4 to 12 years, at - \$2 Boys' Fine Tweed Suits,

in fancy checks, bloomer pants, 2 piece, - - \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3

Fauntleroy Suits,

deep sailor collar, braid trimmed in plain blue serge and fancy tweed checks, - \$2.90, 3.25, \$350

YOUTHS' 3 PIECE SUITS, dark tweed checks and navy serges, good strong linings, bloomer pants, 10 to 15 years,

\$3, \$3 50, \$4, up to \$6.50 BOYS' PANTS, 50, 60, 75 and 90c



Our Boot and Shoe Stock

is the most extensive range ever shown in Antigonish. We have them in quality and price to suit everyone.

MENS' DONGOLA, Congress and laced, fair stitched, a natty spring boot, - - - \$1.25

MENS' FINE BUFF, Congress and laced, at Mens' Fine Buff, laced boots, fair stitched, at - - \$1.30 and \$1.35 Mens' fine Buff laced boots, - - - - \$1.75, \$1.90 Mens' fine Dongola and Buff laced boots, at - - \$1.65 and \$1.75 Mens' fine Dongola, Congress and laced, fair stitched at - \$2.25, \$2.50 Mens' fine Dongola, Congress and laced boots Goodyear welted, \$2.75, 3.00, 3.50 and \$4.00

Mens' fine Buff Oxford shoes, - - - \$1.25 and 1.35 Mens' fine Dongola Oxford shoes - - - 1.25 and 1.75 Mens' strong laced boots, - - - -Mens' strong laced boots, Amherst made, 1.35, 1.75 and 2.00 Mens' strong grain laced boots, - - - 2.00 and 2.20 Mens' solid leather brogans, - - - 95c and 1.15

LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES



Ladies' fine kid boots, buttoned and 1.00, 1.25, 1.50

Ladies' fine Dongola boots, buttoned and laced, special value at 1.75 Ladies' fine Dongola boots, buttoned and laced at 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 3.25

Ladies' fine kid Oxford shoe at 85c, and 1.40

Ladies' fine Dongola Oxford shoe, 1.10 and 1.35 Ladies' fine pebble chocolate Oxford shoe.

Ladies fine Dongola Oxford shoes, in black and tan, 1.75, 2.00 and 2.60 Ladies' fine Dongola slippers, fancy buckle, Ladies' fine Dongola strap slippers, chocolate, at

Full range of sizes and prices in misses' and children's LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS.

Also Boys and Youths' Boots in Great Variety.

Women's strong wearing boots, Women's strong Oxford shoes,

95c 1.10, 1.25 and 1.35

THE CELEBRATED WHITHAM BOOTS A ● \$3.00, \$4.00, 5.00. ●

McCURDY &

Too Large for us to supply at short notice. Our Stock is large and complete: It includes leverything

Pic-nic Supplies is our

NO PIC-NIC

Specialty at this season.

T. J. BONNER

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Pac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.



FOR HEADACHE. CARTER'S FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION Price Purely Vegetable. Assembly od

CURE SICK HEADACHE. Church Bells, Chimes and Peals of Best Quality. Address, Old Established
BUCKEYE BELL FOUNDRY
THE E. W. VANDUZEN CO., Cincinnati.O. ******

New Custom Tailoring Shop.

We have opened up business in Custom Tailoring at the corner of

MAIN and COLLEGE SST.

next door to the Antigonish Book-

Our long experience in selecting and making-up

Men's, Boys' and Youths' Suits. Overcoats, etc.,

is such that we can guarentee satisfaction in all work entrusted to us, and we respectfullly solicit the favor of a call from all contemplating a Spring Overcoat or a new Suit. Particular attention given to Cler-

INDIGESTION Can be Cured.

Open Letter from a Prominent Clergyman.

C. GATES, SON & CO.

DEAR SIRS,—Please pardon my delay in answering yours of weeks ago. Yes, I have no hesitation in recommending

Invigorating Syrup.

During the fall and winter of '96 and '97 I was greatly distressed with indigestion. I tried several remedies, each of which gave me no relief. I was advised to try your Invigorating Syrap, which I readily did and have felt grateful ever since to the one who gave me such good advice. The very first does helped me, and before half of the first bottle was used I was completely cured. I have not been troubled with the disease since. I have taken occasion to recommend your medicine publicly upon several occasions, and heartily do so now. You are at liberty to use this in any way you please.

Yours truly,
HEV. F. M. YOUNG,
Pastor Baptist Church, Bridgetown,
N. S.

Sold everywhere at 50 cts. per bottle. ******

HARNESS

Spring is here and you want Harness. For good reliable Harness call on

H D. McEACHERN

Satisfaction Guaranteed. West End, Main |Street, Antigonish.

QUEEN ${f HOTEL}.$

ANTIGONISH.

THE QUEEN HOTEL has been thoroughly renovated and new furniture, carpets, etc., installed, and is now thoroughly equipped for the satisfactery accommodation of both translent and permanent guests at reasonable rates

GOOD DINING-ROOM FIRST-CLASS CUISINE, LARGE CLEAN BEDROOMS.

Restaurant in Conjunction.

Good stabling on the premises JAMES BROADFOOT, Pro antigonish, June 8, 98.

The Able Speaker.

Of all the tantalizing things by which we are The man who makes an "able" speech, he is the toughest yet

The people stand and whisper, "Be as quiet as You mustn't interrupt bim. He's a very able

man.21 And the boys get tired and wriggle, And the girls all want to giggle,

And I lose his chain of logic and go drifting into doubt,

And my head in rhythm nodding

With his cadences goes plodding While I wonder what the mischief he is holler-

It really must be a most depressing mental For a man to have an "able" reputation to

And know he dare not dally with an anecdote

To keep us all from wishing he would hurry and get through. And just when I am dozing

And in comfort am proposing To yield tmy own opinions to this wondrous able chap,

His monotone he changes And through wild crescendoes ranges In a series of explosions, just to jar my little

- Washington Star.

The Filipino Catholics.

Rev. Henry Swift, a Protestant chaplain who is stationed with his regiment, the Thirteenth regular infantry, in the interior of Luzon, contributes a paper to the Living Age, a Protestant publication, on the character, habits and faith of the native Filipinos. Mr. Swift unites with other candid Protestant observers in declaring that it would be a stupendous blunder for the American nation to disturb the religious convictions of these people especially when there is nothing that can be offered in exchange except a confusion of ideas and a mixture of dictrines so utterly demoralizing to faith and morals. He frankly says that for nearly three centuries " the islands have been Christian, solely from the efforts of the Spanish priests and friars. Whatever they did was, and has been up to 1898, practically untouched and uninfluenced by any outside slements, Greek, Anglican or Protestant. And first of all there has been no invasion of infidelity, or free thought, or skepticism. The people believe. There is no conception even of the possibility of unbelief. Remember I am speaking of the remote pueblo, not cities like Manila, with their heterogeneous populations, where side by side with the general faith may be every shade of faith, non-faith, or even eastern beathenism."

To the zealous work of the Spanish priests in educating and Christianizing the natives, Mr. Swift attributes the solidity of the religious faith of these people. The church was the place of worship, the centre of education and the point around which the social features gravitated. The people were taught to read and write; they were also taught the fundamental principles of morality and honesty. "I judge from what I can observe," writes Chaplain Swift, "that religion powerfully affects the private life in the direction of morality, especially as regards purity and honesty in business transactions." And he adds: Remember I am speaking of the native village, as yet untouched and unimpressed with the influence of civilization and Christianity imported by our new American arrivals. Profanity there is none, and men tske off their hats when they pass a cross or a church door, or meet a funeral procession." Mr. Swift's question is very pertinent in view of these conditions which came under his notice. "Shall we," he says, "disturb them? Shall we tell them that Spain's mission to them was a usurpation, that they are mist sen, that they must learn all over again? And shall 100 denominations, pouring in, introduce to them the blessings of sectarianism and of the unhappy divisions of Christendom, the source among ourselves of so much indifference and contempt for religion, or of absolute and despairing unbelief ?"

What is the response to this? What response have Mr. McKinley and his military agents made? The whole power of the administration has been exercised on behalf of the missionary hordes that have flocked to the Philippines to "Christianize" a people who have been for three centuries practising Christianity. The military representatives of the administration have desecrated their churches and altars; they have converted the sanctuaries into stables for their horses or into places where ribaldry and drunkenness hold sway. They have stolen the vestments and sacred vessels and have mocked the emblems of piety which they found exposed in church edifices. Priests and people have been hunted like wild beasts and shot like dogs wherever discovered. And all these things have been done in the name of Christian civilization by a Methodist President and his Protestant agents, civil and military. For let it be understood that no Catholic has been placed by the President upon any board, commission or delegation sent out to treat with the 10,000,000 Catholics in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines .-Boston Republic.

Practical Catholics Needed.

Why do not our laymen display more energy in things Catholic? The same set is always to the front and the "others" are the critics, not unfortunately of the creative school, but of the destructive one. The "others" imagine they have done their whole duty by assisting at Mass on Sundays. Now we do not think that for a moment. Any man who has a spark of zeal does not believe it. There are numberless opportunities which come to every Catholic to display his energy and to extend his co-operation to those who have especial care of the vineyard of the Lord. Every Catholic can live up to his creed.

Charles Kingley once said that if every Catholic would live up to his creed even for a single day there would not be a Protestant left in the evening. Again a Catholic of means and education can give a belping hand to young men. The Y. M. C. A. societies of our separated brethern do this, and we know of more than one instance where they have made the rough ways smooth for the unexperienced and penniless. Labour, of course, conquers all things, but a word of advice and substantial assistance may advance the time of

The "others," however, may look askance at the advice. They are seemingly weighed down by the responsibility of their mission as critics. They look disconsolate when the hard-worked pastor does not preach an epic poem every Sunday, and they are apt to give but a passing recognition to anything that is not under the patronage of the leaders of society. Society is a rather nondescript name. Like charity, it covereth many things, especially the individuals who observe the eleventh commandment, "Thou shalt not be found out.

But outside the realm of "society" there is a race striving and struggling. It comprises men and women who are God's creatures, leading, in many instances, lives of heroic abnegation. Why do not some of our "society" individuals go and see and help them? They might have to forego a 'tea shine" and remarks about the weather but they would be amply compensated by the happiness that comes from a generous

"He is a nobleman in God's peerage who goes out every morning, it may be from the humblest of homes, to his work until the evening, with a determination of working for a heavenly Master to do his best; and no title which the world can bestow, no money that was ever coined can bring a man who does no work within the sunshine of God's love."

Next to living up to our creed and cooperating with charitable societies comes the work of Young Men's Societies. We should encourage and assist them. There are many young fellows of brains in their rank, and if a kind word may spur them on to make full use of their gifts, why with-hold it? Why not patronize their lectures and entertainment, though in our estimation, perchance, they may not be according to the rules of advanced art. A little systematic help would put spirit and confidence into our young men. It would enable them to understand that they are not serfs, but free men, and their places is not at the bottom but at the top .- Catholic Register.

Catholic Mongollans.

Prof. G. Frederick White, of Oberlin, who started on a tour around the world several months ago, reached China just before the Boxers' outbreak had assumed dangerous proportions, and at once made an excursion into Mongolia, returning later to Tien-Tsin. From there, he sent an account of a singular and interesting village of Catholic cliff dwellers which he visited in Mongolia. He wrote:

"The eastern border of Mongolia and the northeastern part of China are largely covered with los (loess), one of the most interesting and puzzling of all geological deposits. Its German name comes from the valley of the Rhine, where loes is found in considerable quantities. The inhabitants of the Mississippi and Missouri valleys in the United States are familiar with the deposit in the bluffs at Vicksburg, Kansas City, Omaha and Sioux City, During the siege of Vicksburg the people took refuge in spacious rooms dug out of the deposit at a considerable depth below the surface. At numerous places along the Missouri River it stands in perpendicular exposures more than a hundred feet high, and city streets are cut through its long perpendicular sides which stand like a wall for many years. When a section breaks off from the chiff it always leaves a perpendicular face.

"Yet the deposit is so soft that its surface can be readily cultivated, and it can be handled with a shovel at any depth. The material principally consists of extremely fine sand with a little lime intimately mixed with it. It is so porous that the rain which falls upon the surface passes entirely through the deposit, preventing the formation of springs of water until an impervious stratum is reached lot more of these old timers."

underneath it all. It endures drouth better

than any other soil. "The most extensive development of the loess anywhere in the world is in Mongolia in an elevated region from 3,000 to 5,400 feet above the sea, but it has been eroded by water during long geological ages into a very uneven surface, with numerous narrow valleys from 1,000 to 8,000 feet deep, with innumerable tributary gullies coming down the sides of the intervening ridges. Many isolated peaks, also, rise to an absolute height of from 6,000 to 7,000 feet above sea level. Into this rugged region has drifted during a recent epoch an immense amount of fine dust which constitutes the loess. That it has been blown in by the winds is evident from the positions in which it lies. It appears almost exactly like a series of immense snow drifts that have accumulated behind the barriers which have caused lulls in the wind permitting the suspended particles to settle in protected places, while it has been swept bare from the exposed positions.

" These deposits of loess are specially valuable because of their fertility. But in northern China it is of special interest in furnishing cheap, comfortable and salubrious dwelling places for multitudes of people. In a recent excursion through the eastern part of Mongolia, outside the great Chinese wall, in the vicinity of the famous City of Kolgan, I saw a larger number of such villages excavated in the drifts of loess hanging on the sides of the mountains. In walking over the grassed surface it was no uncommon thing to stumble against a chimney protruding from a habitation below. From a distance the side of the hill looked like an exposed bank pierced with innumerable swallows' nests. The interiors of the houses are clean and comfortable. When the walls have been meistened and smoothed over with a trower they have a hard finish which does not crumble off. The rooms are uniformly dry, and are warm in winter and cool in summer. On the sloping back of a hill several stories of such houses are often seen above and slightly back of each other, the roof of one being the front dooryard of the house above it.

"The village of Shiwanze attracted our special interest. This is in Mongolia, and about 200 miles northeast of Pekin, and can be reached only by mule-carts or pack animals. It is reached from Kolgan by following for forty or fifty miles the ascending course of one of the narrow alleys already described as worn out of the mountain plateau by a small stream of water. For much of the way the old Chinese wall is visible, running along the sharp summit of the mountain ridge to the southeast. The narrow gorge opens at length into a more undulating valley, three or four miles broad, which is about 1,500 feet below the general level.

"Here, to our suprise, we came upon a thriving Christian community of Chinese, living like their neighbours in houses dug out of the cliffs of loess, especially prominent here.

"Shiwanze has an interesting history. In 1796 the Catholic converts in Shansi and Pekin were driven out by bitter persecution. Some of the refugees fled beyond the great wall to Mongolia and settled in Shiwanze. The refugees were never forgotten. Missionaries from Europe were from time to time sent them, until now it is a Bishopric, and the centre of Catholic missions in Mongolia, which are supported by a society in Belgium. Here we enjoyed for a day the hospitality of the Bishop and his co-workers, two or three of whom spoke English readily. The Christian village contains 1,800 inhabitants and has a large church with a girls' school of 400 and a boys' school of 200. The total number of Christians in the diocese is 30,000. We had occasion to note several of the other Christian villages in our further travels.

"The main physiological difference between the heathen and the Christian women in China is in the feet. Those of the heathen women are made so small by their cruel mode of bandaging from infancy that they are practically aseless in walking, but the feet of the women in Shiwanze are of natural size. This permits them to frequent the streets much as women do in Europe and America, and is connected with a higher development in every respect. When we asked the privilege of photographing a small group, they immediately disappeared inside the doors of their cliff houses, and we feared that we had missed our opportunity, as we uniformly did with the heathen Chinese women, who feared some evil effect from having a picture taken. But we were mistaken. Soon they all reappeared in their best attire, and bringing their neighbours with them."

" Do you believe in the theory of the reincarnation" asked the mystical friend.

"Well" answered Mr. Sirus Barker, dyspeptically, "I don't suppose there is any way of getting positive proof. But I will say that I've got neighbours who remind me of Herod and Caligula and Nero and Henry VIII. and Judge Jeffreys and a Professional

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tonal

Italians are like all other nationalities. In other words, they are divided into the good and the bad. There are fewer of them here than might be imagined. It is a fact that a vast majority of our Italian population are undesirable citizens. Some of the better class are among our very best, most intelligent, most industrious fellow-citizens, and a credit to any nation. It is safe to argue that neither the street workers nor the other class need more watching than you or I. They are, each in his sphere, as good as any. The people who should never have been permitted to come here, and who need police surveillance now that they are here, are the quick-witted haranguers, who live on their brethren, and keep them in the hottest of hot water all the time by their utterances of discontent and dissatisfaction. They believe in nothing. They are pleased with nothing. They smoke with fierce energy and gesticulate with more. They are glib of tongue, and draw in word pictures a condition of affairs which glows with seductive beauty before the eyes of eager hopers for a social Utopia. These are the men who take solemn oaths-and keep them. These are the men and women who live in an atmosphere of false sentiment. Of them are born conditions as foreign to those of America as one can conceive. They dismiss God with an epigram. They poohpooh the ordinance of marriage as a nonnecessity and an obnoxious barrier to future alliances. They eat, drink and smoke today, reckless of to-morrow, for "to-morrow An ounce of prevention is worth much

more than a pound of cure in this case. If we justify our exclusion of the Chinese, while we fight to push our own way and trade in China, because we dread the infusion of Mongolianism here, surely we ought to bar the way against men and women who have no purpose in life save the enjoyment of the moment, finding diversion even in deriding our Creator, in ridiculing our most cherished institutions and plotting death and destruction to society and its constituted rulers. Americanism, means, among other things, the welcoming of all good men and all true women, who come with an honest desire to be part and parcel of us as we are-not as they might wish us to be. Personally, I find much that makes me sympathize with the Chinese desire to hold their land for themselves. For thousands of years they have held aloof from the Christians. At last Christianity got a foothold, and at once began the sale of opium. Wherever there was an English chapel there was an English trader. Wherever there was a trader there was opium. Answer the question, "What has opinm done to China?" and you will tell the whole story. If, with guns and swords, a Chinese mission house were to to be planted on Beacon street, near the Somerset clubhouse, and night after night Chinese music were played, Chinese haranguing indulged in, your children inveigled by Chinese men and women, your ideas of God and responsibility ridiculed, doctrines of other gods taught and the old harry generally utilized to upset your traditions, what would you do? And if you "made a fuss about it," and were told you would be put down by | ton Globe. Chinese soldiers, what would you do then? What's sauce for the Chinese goose ought to be sweetments for the American critic. We have no trouble with our Chinese

element. If we had, we could easily suppress them. With the Italian element, as a general thing, we have no bother, either. Why not deal with BAD MEN, no matter what their nationality? If a good Chinaman wishes to come here, why keep him out? If he be bad or even suspictous, push him away. And as with him, so with others. Let us welcome heartily, in a true American spirit, every good man, every true woman who comes, and, with equal firmness, turn from our doors all men, all women, no matter who, who fail to meet these conditions of honesty and genuineness. It ought to be an easy matter for the government to get and keep in centiquous employ at fair pay men of all nations, whose decision as to immigrants should be final. You or I, if in Italy, China, Great Britain or Russia, could tell, 999 times in a thousand, whether a desiring immigrant from America was the right sort or not. Other men are quite as bright as we, and could do our land an immensity of service at our points of reception. It is folly to think our laws are perfect or their execution fair. They are full of infelicities, put there of ten as a sop to political expediency, and, as we know full well, their execution often is intrusted to men unworthy of confidence. A locomotive run straight, on the right rails, bound for a scheduled point, is all that one could desire as a faithful and useful servant, but an engine that gets off the track, plunges in the road, backs up. blows up, cuts up, is properly enforced, is the nearest approach to heaven's justice. A good law, infelicitYes or no?

It is difficult nowadays for ordinary readers to tell truth from fiction. It was rumoured, some time ago, that Senator Clark of Montana had given to the Bryan national committee the cheerful and helpful sum of \$100,000. All good democrats rejoiced, and when a great newspaper printed a "fac-simile of the check" it was hailed with delight. It now appears that Clark gave no check. What becomes then of the "fac-simile?" We are told there is a " nest of anarchists" in Paterson. I don't believe it. I dare say there are a number of men who think there are anarchists. They do much talk, but talk is the safety valve of the republic. If there was no right of speech there would be trouble. The best way to avoid all trouble with this class of men is to exclude them from the country when they ask to come in. Once in, they are entitled to as much freedom of speech and liberty of person as you and I. That's the point to be considered. ONCE IN. That's the point. Therefore keep them out.

You remember my story, told at the time of the hanging of the anarchists in Chicago? Those men who laughed in the face of death, who joked on the scaffold, who went to annihilation, as they believed, as you would go to a picnic, are gone, but not forgotten. On Wednesday of this week the widow of one of them, Parsons, addressed a crowd in Chicago, saylog the same things, hurrahing with the same wild screams, waving her arms and defying everything and everybody precisely as her husband and his fanatical associates did. What of it? Absolutely nothing - until something does come of it. In Chicago the riots came; then sentence, then death on the scaffold, all traceable to the foolish talk. In Italy nothing came of the Paterson ravers-until one of them went to slay. There is no change in the feelings, inone in the sentiments expressed, none in the terrible end that surely comes. I saw Mrs. Parsons. She is rather good-looking, and when not whooping things up attends to herself and family well. She is crazy, "off and on." The trouble is you don't exactly know when the craze will break out, nor where. There is but one sensible way of treating this class of human beings. Bar them out.

I wonder why it is that this country attracts all the oddities in life. You rarely hear of such cranks in Britain. Now and then they are caught in Russia. Germany, one would think, would be a very nursery for that class of iliot, but it isn't. Is it because they make no mental distinction between liberty and license? The differ. ence is great, world wide and significant. The man who smokes a cigarette in your face asks if this is a free country when you tell him what you think of him. 图He has an idea that freedom means sallowing him to do as he chooses, with no reference to any one else. Sc our misguided friends from t'other side seem to really believe they can talk, act and "develop" as they desire irrespective of law, reason, right or commonwealth.

There is but one thing to do.

Bar them out .- Joseph Howard, in Bos-

Don't be Morbid.

If you do not guard against it, it is an easy thing, girls, to get into a morbid state : to imagine that people do not care for you, and to be over-sensitive, and to think slights and neglects are intended, when this is not the case. Your tears grow very quick to come, your heart is heavy, and you are a sorrow, not only to yourselves, but to every one around you.

The cure for this state of mind is simple and practical. Busy yourself in making other people happy; remember there may be other girls who feel as you do, and show them some kind, pleasant attentions. If you have felt left out of a conversation because you did not know about the subject being discussed, and the talk turned to some one who did know, do not draw away and feel hurt; forget yourself, and show an interest by attentive listening, or asking sensible questions—there is nothing a talker likes better than an interested list-

Putting yourself in somebody else's place is a good antidote against the heaviness which comes when you allow yourself to think you have been neglected .- Provi-

That tight feeling in the upper portion of your lungs, is incipient bronchitis. You will proceed next to having inflamed lungs and pneumonia may follow. Adamson's Botanical Compound has never failed and will not in your case. All Druggists, 25c.

"How do you define the phrase "As black as your hat" asked a finical professor "N. G." Just so with law. A good law, of a student who had just used the ex-

"Well, sir," replied the student, "I should define it as darkness that might be ously pushed, is not far from the devil's

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Catholic Press in Germany.

There is no country in the world in which the Catholic press is so vigorous and so well supported as in Germany. There are at present 305 Catholic papers in the Fatherland, and these circulate among 1,200,000 subscribers. It is no exaggeration to say that without this religious press and the compact organization which it has created and preserved, the past trumphs and the present strength of the Catholic party would be impossible. In Germany parents urge their children to read Catholic papers, and strongly forbid them to read secular journals. Here is a " foreign idea" we should be very glad to see imported .- Catholic Citizen.

> The Calendar. AUGUST-SEPTEMBER

FEAST. St. Raymonp Nonuatus Confessor.
St. Louis, King and Confessor.
13th Sunday after Pentleost.
St. Philomena, Virgin.
St. Rose of Viterbo, Virgin.
St. Laurence Justinian, Bp. and Conf.
SS. Cyril and Methodius, Bp and Mar.

Butterfly - " Magnificent, sir ! There are scenes in your comedy that Shakes-

peare himself could not have written." Dapter-" You are too kind really." " Not at all, sir. Take for instance, that railroad smash-up in the third act."

Rustenburg, which has been figuring so prominently in South African cables is famed throughout South Africa for ts tobacco, known as "Boer." Magaliesberg Mountains, at the foot of which lies Rustenburg, are peculiarly

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Ask your druggist for Kendall's Spayin Cure, als. "A Treatise on the Horse," the book free, or address GR. B. J. KENDALL COMPANY. ENCSBURG FALLS. VT.

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Agent for the above Companies.

favorable as regards soil for the growth of this tobacco, the normal price of which used to be forty cents a pound; \$3 a pound is now asked for this brand in Dur-ban. The Natal Government tobacco expert says of Rustenberg tobacco :smoker may keep his pipe going from early morning till late at night if he uses good 'Boer,' and suffers nothing as regards his tongue and throat."

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To be sold at Public Auction, in front of THE CENTRAL HOUSE, ANTIGONISH,

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Large Lot of Household Furniture, &c., Consisting of Bedroom Sultes, Mattresses, Carpets, Mattr, Tables, Drawing Room Sults, Handsome New Plano Organ, Iron Cots, Table Glassware, Wines, Timblers, Gobiets, Preserve Jars, Lamps, Vases, Jars and Crocks, Dinner Set, Brica-Brac, Odd Platters and Dishes in large variety; Crayons and Pictures, Picture Frames and variety of Odds and Ends too nuncous to mention, being the property of H. K. Brine, who is selling out preparatory to leaving town.

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Bargains may be expected, so everything will esold without reserve.

Terms Cash, or on purchases of over Ten boliars approved notes at 6 months with Bank Iscount.

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Should weather on the date above mentioned be unfavourable sale will be postponed till Monday, 3rd Sept. Come early and secure first bargains, and don't forget the date Saturnday, SEPT. IST.

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NOTICE.

The FALL TERM

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Students thinking of taking a course in book-teeping, shorthand and typewriting, and kind-red subjects which are all carefully and success-ully taught at this institution, will receive ful nformation upon writing to or calling on the principal, who will be at his office every day furing August between 10 and 12 a.m.

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Notice of Assignment.—D. D. Chisholm.
Threshing Machine for Sale.—Donald H.
McDonald.
Patent Extension Ladders.—D. McIsaac. Patent Extension Ladders.—D. McIsaac. Meals and Lodging.—Mrs. Sears.

Local Items

To LET .- The Ledbetter house, on Main Street, by J. S. Taylor, Victoria Street. -adv.

FOUND in Foster Bros,' store a small sum of money. Owner can have same by applying to Foster Bros .- adv.

A SMALL sum of money found on the road at Ashdale a few weeks ago, can be had by the owner at this office.

DR. GEO. H. Cox, of New Glasgow, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, will be at the Merrimac Monday evening and Tuesday morning of next week.

OUR LIST of acknowledgments, on account of its length, is this week on page 2. Subscriptions received since Monday will appear later.

DON'T FORGET the sale at the Central House, Saturday, at 9 o'clock, of H. K. Brine's furniture. A lot of good stuff. Notes taken for all amounts over \$10.00 with approved security .- adv.

THE NEWS ITEM in the Halifax Herald of Tuesday stating W. W. Grant, tailor, of Antigonish, had assigned, should have read W. W. Grant, trader. This assignment is a conveyance under the Collection Act in trust for the payment of judgments amounting to \$470.

Owing to the accidental breaking of the shaft of the "La Grande Duchesse" of the Plant line, it has been necessary to withdraw her from the service. The sailings from Halifax will be the S. S. "Florida" Wednesday night and the S. S. "Halifax" Saturday night.

A GRAND BICYCLE MEET and Athletic Sports will be held on the athletic grounds, Antigonish, by the Athletic Association, on Tuesday, Sept. 4. The events will include bicycle races, foot races, jumping, vaulting, putting the shot and throwing the hammer. Handsome prizes are to be given the winners.

ACCIDENT .- Alex. Power, formerly of this Town, had his arm dislocated at the I. C. R. station yard here Saturday evening. He was placing the water -pipe back on the water tank after having supplied with water the locomotive on which he was fireman. The valve on the pipe suddenly opened, and the stream of water therefrom struck him and knocked him off the tender.

Some TWENTY-FIVE members of the Pictou Lawn Tennis Association are in Town for the purpose of playing some games of Tennis with the local association. Yesterday they played several sets, and will conclude the games to-day. The result so far is seven to three in favour of Pictou. On Tuesday evening the local club entertained the visitors at an at home on the grounds of C. C. Gregory, Esq., and last evening the members of both associations were entertained at the residence of Mr. H. H. Crerar, at the Harbor

FOOT AMPUTATED .- Yesterday morning W. Cameron (Newton) of St. Mary's, Guy. Co., had his foot amputated above the ankle. On the 30th of July he was driving home from Antigonish. At Lochaber an accident to his waggon caused him to jump therefrom, and in doing so he suffered a very bad fracture of the ankle bone. Since he has been in Antigonish undergoing treatment, and the doctors, after several consultations, were obliged to take the foot off. His condition now is very favorable, and indicate a rapid return of

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS. - Following were the successful candidates at the recent examinations

St. Andrews, Ant. Co., School, Grade D, Hugh J. McDonald, aggregate 495; Willie J. Fraser, aggregate, 437; Dan A. Chisholm, aggregate, 413. Joseph McDonald, Town, College pupil,

took Grade D with an aggregate of 52. The two candidates for grades from L. L'ardoise school were successful, Marle S. McLeod taking C with an aggregate of 601, and Harry J. Brymer D with an aggregate

of 499, and third rank M. P. Q. Miss Ethel McEachran, St. Ninian street School pupil, Grade C, aggregate 440. Miss Edith McEachran, S. S. Cape George School, D, aggregate 535.

ONE OF THE MOST Interesting features in the coming Provincial Exhibition at Halifax will be the exhibit made by the School for the Blind. The managers of this Institution purpose having in operation the Stereotyper and Point Print Press recently presented to the School by Mr. H. W. Whitney, President of the Dominion Coal Co. These machines are the first of their kind in Canada and no one should fail to see them in operation. The raised print produced by them can be read with ease by any boy or girl who has been trained to read by touch. The School will also make an exhibit of the work of the pupils. During the continuance of the Exhibition free daily concerts will be given at the Institution, Morris Street, from 4 to 6 p. m. A

cordial invitation is extended to all interested in the education of the blind.

Assigned .- Mr. Bert A. Pratt, watchmaker and jeweller, Antigonish, made an assignment on Friday last to the Official Assignee. The amount of the liabilities and assets are not yet ascertained.

SIE CHARLES TUPPER, accompanied by Mr. R. L. Borden, M. P., J. A. McKinnon, of Halifax, Barrister, and Mr. Blount, Sir Charles' private secretary, passed through Antigonish yesterday on his way to Sydney. He returns on Saturday and it is understood will be presented with an address on the arrival of the Sydney train at Antigonish,

SEVERE STORM .- A very heavy thunder and lightning storm passed over the Town last Sunday evening and the early part of the night. The heat during the day had been the most oppressive felt here for a long time. About dark the lightning came on, and for some time the heavens were one continuous blaze of light, before the

BOARD AND LODGING, Meals at all hours MRS. SEARS', Church St., Antigonish. Next to Kirk's Block.

For Sale by Tender.

Tenders will be received up to September 11 for the purchase of a THRESHING MILL (Hall Manufacturing Co., Summerside, make). The machine is in good condition, being almost new. Apply to or address.

DONALD H. McDONALD. Lakevale.

THE CELEBRATED

WAGGONER C PATENT

A 22-foot Ladder weighs only 30 pounds they are easily handled and operated, are suffi-ently strong to carry

350 POUNDS.

Deriving their wonderful strength from a steel wire truss. Are made in all lengths, suitable for painters, contractors, electric line men, farmers also on public and private buildings in case of fire. For cleaning and decorating inside of abreeded.

The only NEAT and LIGHT ladder on the market. On exhibition and for sale by

D. McISAAC,

Two Setts French Burr Mill Stones and all gear connected therewith such as Spindles, Bolts, Bolting, Chests and Elevators.

ALEX McDONALD, Sylvan Vailey.

Antigonish, N. S.

AUCTION SALE!

To be sold at Public Auction, in front of

THE CENTRAL HOUSE, ANTIGONISH, - ON -

Saturday, Sept. 1st, at 9 a. m. Large Lot of Household Furniture, &c.,

Consisting of Berfoom Sultes, Mattresses, Carpets, Mats, Janes, Drawing Room Sults, Handsome New Plate Organ, Iron Cots, Table Glassware, Wines, Timblert, Goblets, Preserve Jars, Lamps, Vases, Jars and Crocks, Dinner Set, Brie-a-Brac, Odd Platters and Dishes in large varlety; Crayons and Pictures, Picture Frames and variety of Odds and Ends too numerous to mention, being the property of H. K. Brine, who is selling out preparatory to leaving town.

wn. Bargains may be expected, so everything will

be sold without reserve.

Terms Cash, or on purchases of over Ten
Dollars approved notes at 6 months with Bank

Should weather on the date above mentioned be unfavourable sale will be postponed till Monday, 3rd Sept. Come early and secure first bargains, and don't forget the date SATURDAY, F. H. MACPHIE. Auctioneer.

TO LET

After 1st November next, the premises of late occupied by Drs. Macdonald in subscriber's building at Antigonish, also everal offices in same building with earlier possession. Arrangements may be made to remove or refit a brick vault at the election of a suitable tenant for a term of years. Apply to

C. C. GREGORY, Fernwood, Antigonish

I would be greatly obliged to those who intend to favour the St. Peter's Pic-nic and Bazaar on the 25th and 30th inst. with their presence, to signify their intention on or before next Menday, 27th, and pay the fare 55 cents to George McLellan, at Antigonish Railway Station, in order to enable me to decide whether it may be adviseble to hire a special to Port Mulgrave.

JOHN FRASER, P. P., St. Peter's. Aug. 22, 1900. THE HEATHERTON

CHURCH PIC-NIC

WILL BE HELD ON WEDNESDAY,

The 5th September.

Railway accommodation, East and West, when effected, will be duly announced.

Should the weather be unfavourable on the 5th, the Pic-nic will be deferred to the first fine day after.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

TEACHER WANTED

A Grade C or D teacher for the school at Maryvale School Section, one capable of Play-ing the Church Organ and teaching the Choir. Apply to SECRETARY OF TRUSTEES, Maryvale, Ant.

thunder broke. Both lightning and thunder were very heavy while they lasted, but they soon passed off. There was a very heavy down pour of rain, which came on so sudden that the many of the people returning from Vespers were drenched before they could get to shelter. A great many who had gone to the beach and on drives to the different parts of the County during the day were caught in the storm while returning. We have not heard of any damage having been done by the lightning except the killing of a cow belonging to Mr. A. McDougall at Brophy's Post

Personals.

Mr. Dan McPherson, of Sydney Mines. was in Town on Thursday last.

The Rev. J. A. Clarke, M. A., formerly pastor of the Baptist Church in this Town, is now labouring at Tyron, P. E. I.

William O'Brien of Providence, R. I. is spending a few months at his former home in Antigonish.

Miss A. Michaud, of Rimouski, P. Q. was in town the early part of the week, the guest of Miss C. J. McDonald.

Mr. Grant Mackenzie, of the Commercial

Cable Staff, at Hazel Hill, Guy. Co., was in Town a few days of last week on a visit to his mother, Mrs. D. McKenzie. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Cunningham and child

of Halifax returned home on Tuesday after spending a few days with Mr. Cunningham's parents in Antigonish.

Mr. Jonathan Tory of A. Kirk & Co. and Miss Mary Broadfoot left on last Friday to join John McDonald & Co.'s (Toronto) annual excursion party to Toronto. The excursion started this year from

The Rev. Hugh McPherson, D. D., arrived in town on Tuesday 21st. He studied Philosophy and Theology for five years at the Propaganda College, Rome, with marked success. Last year he passed at Lille, France, where he followed a special course in Applied Science. The Rev. Dr., is to be one of the Professors of St. Francis Xaviers College, and will be a most valuable acquisition.

Professor Liscombe, formerly of the musical staff of the University of Notre Dame, Indiana, spent a few days in Town with Dr. V. F. Cunningham of Sydney, at the home of Dr. Cunningham's parents, during the past and present weeks. Professor Liscombe had charge of the organ at High Mass and Benediction on Sunday, and his playing was a revelation of the grandeur and sublimity of sound of which the instrument is capable. The Professor is a native of Sydney, and is spending some months in his native town.

Arrow Points.

(By Pastor J. Clark, M. A.)

Ruin reeks with ruin.

Time will change many epitaphs. Help upwards rather than downwards.

The Highest and the Hollest was made isible in the lowly Nazarine.

All may share God's pure, sweet air. The sweetest sin bears bitter fruit. It is work that wins.

Many are blessed by their burdens. Better limp towards heaven than laugh owards hell.

If the Lord of heaven be mine, Why should I, God's child, repine? Through the night, and through the day, Let me near my Saviour stay; Neither fire nor flood can bring Harm to one beneath His wing.

LAND SALE.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION at the Court House, Antigonish, on

MONDAY,

The 1st Day of Oct., 1900, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

the following lots of land assigned to the sub-scriber in trust by Walter W. Grant, of Antigo-nish, in the County of Antigonish, yeoman, under the Collection Act, 1894, and acts in amendment thereof:—

1st. All that certain lot, piece or parcel of

situate, lying and being at the North Grant, in the County of Antigonish, being the northern fifty acres divided by a line running from the main road thence to the rear, parallel with the side lines of that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate at North Grant aforesaid, bounded as follows, that is to say: On the North by lands formerly owned by James Grant, on the East by the main road from Antigonish to the Gulf Shore, on the South by lands formerly owned by the late Murdoch Campbell and on the West by lands of Michael Delaney, the said fifty acres being the lot of land conveyed to Henry V. Bigelow by the Sheriff of Antigonish County by deed dated Nov. 30th, 1898, and by the said Henry V. Bigelow to the said Walter W. Grant by deed dated December 1, 1898.

1. That certain other lot offland situated lying and being at Hollowell Grant in the County of Antigonish and described as follows, that is to say: Bounded towards the North by lands formerly owned by or in possession of Alexander McDonald, towards the East by lands formerly owned by or in possession of Angus Campbell and John Campbell (Angus son) and of Edward Cashen, towards the South by the road leading from Antigonish through the Hollowell Grant, tewards the West by lands owned or in possession of William Thompson, containing eighty acres more or less, the same being the lands conveyed to the said Walter W. Grant by John McDonald, his wife, by deed dated September. 26, 1894.

(Sgd.) HENRY H. McCURDY.

JOSEPH A. WALL, Solicitor of Henry H. McCurdy. Dated Antigonish, August 29, 1900.

Palace Clothin

GREAT MIDSUMMER CLEARANCE SALR

___OF___

SHIRTS, SHIRTS and SHIRTS.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' White, Coloured, and Silk Shirts to be before fall stock arrives. Marked at extremely low prices to ename in limited we can consider the stock arrives. speedy removal, as our space is limited we can only make mention of the many values we are offering. :

15 doz. open front white shirts, reg price \$1.00 & \$1.55 sale price 75c.

5 doz. white shirts with collars and cuffs [attached, reg. price \$1.25, sale price 75c. 10 doz. fancy shirts with collars and cuffs to match;

tasty patterns, reg. price, \$1.00 and \$1.15. sale price 65c.

15 doz. fancy shirts, assorted natty patterns, with collar attached, reg. price 90c, sale price 50c.

10 day fancy bosom shirts with white bodies, up to date patterns, reg. price \$1.00 sale price 75c.

12 doz. silk bosom shirts, reg. price \$1.00 and 1.50 goods, sale price 75c.

only 20e 1 lot outing shirts

only 50c, reg price \$1.00 1 lot outing shirts,

1 lot workingmen's shirts,

the above prices are such that no one con Remember afford to overlook them. The up to date mens' fixing store from head to MAIN STREET. ANTIGONISH

only 50c

PRESCRIBED SCHOOL BOOKS, SCHOOL REQUISITES, COMMERCIAL STATIONED DEVOTIONAL and OTHER BOOKS DAILY PAPERS, WEEKLY PAPERS, and MAGAZI

> In fact for anything you may require that is usually found in a First-Class Book and Stationery Store, go to

C. J. McDONALI

ANTIGONISE

Want Shoes You

Big, honest savings are the clinching arguments that land into customers. There is no such thing as competition when it prices like ours. Goods of

are like the water of Antigonish-always good. We have

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS

at prices that are simply below anything ever quoted in Am THE MANUSACIA CUACUACIA CUA VASIANISTAS

FANCY GOODS, BOOKS and STATIONERY INCLUDING FULL LINE OF

AGYSA SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL SUPPLIES,

DAILY PAPERS. MAGAZINES, ETC.

TORONTO INDUSTRIAL F

EXCURSION Return Tickets

or ney not later than Sept. 13th, 1906, will le points east of Moncton on An oth, Sept. 1st and 4th, at

and on August 31st and Sept. 30 rates, good for starting journey issue and to return not later than

Halifax.

Sydney, Mulgrave,

Truro, Amherst,

Moncton,

and from other principal states

Moncton, N. B., Aug 24, 1000

FIRST-CLASS ONE-WAVE

New Glasgow, -Pictou, via Truro, via Oxford Jct.

MRS. L. G. HARRINGTON'S, Main Street

MRS. L. G. HARRINGTON'S, Main Str. Notice of Assignment. INTERCOLONIAL RAIL

Notice is hereby given that Bert A. Pratt, of Antigomsh, in the County of Antigomsh. Watchmaker and Jeweller, has by Deed of Assignment, dated the 24th day of August, A. D. 1900, and made under the provisions of Chapter 11 of the Acts of Nova Scotia 1898 and Amendments thereto, assigned all his property to me in trust for his creditors.

MEETING OF CREDITORS. A meeting of the Creditors of the said Bert A. Pratt will be held at the Sheriff's office, in the Court House, at Antigonish, aforesaid, on

Saturday, the 8th day of September, A. D. 1900, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forence, for the giving of directions with reference to the disposal of the Estate of the said Assignor.

Creditors are requested to file their claims (proved by affidavit) with such vouchers as the nature of the case admits of, with said Official Assignee on or before the day of said meeting.

Dated at Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, this 28th day of August, A. D. 1900. DUNCAN D. CHISHOLM, Official Assigned

WANTED ONCE.

A smart young man about sixteen or seven. years of age to learn the harness and collar-making trade. A person with some experience preferred. Apply to Apply to
H. D. McEACHERN,
Main St., Antigonish

WANTED

The subscriber will pay cash for good butter in tubs, at T. J. Benner's old stand, Main Street, Antigonish, opposite Post Office.

ANDREW MCFARLANE.

Antigonish, Aug. 15, 1900.

INTERCOLONIAL RAIL

Tickets are good for continuous in either direction.

LABOR DAY EXCURSION

Excursion Return Tickets will be agents of this Rallway from Scot, 1900, inclusive, at FIRST-CLASS SINGLE FAIL

good for return journey commo

Tickets are not good for starting the date of issue, and are good for passage only in either direction. D. POTTIN

Moneton, Aug. 25, 1900.